

The Weather: Clearing.

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FRIDAY.

NEW YORK

MARCH 26, 1900.

Price One Cent.

### WOMAN KIDNAPPER IS DAUGHTER OF CHICAGO MAGNATE

Identified at Pittsburg as Annie McDermott—Hot Flight Will Be Waged to Change Venue.

PITTSBURG, March 26.—The mysterious woman in the Whittia kidnapping case, who says she is the wife of James H. Boyle, the chief kidnapper, has been identified as Annie McDermott, daughter of a wealthy Chicago business man.

Her mother's name is Catherine McDermott, but her father's name has not been divulged. She has a brother, William, in a Chicago bank, and has two sisters in Chicago. The family is prominent socially.

It was early to-day before the people here realized fully that the storm center of the kidnapping case had been transferred for the time at least to Pittsburg; that the Boyles were in the Pittsburg jail for safe keeping.

It is expected that a hard fight for change of venue in the trial will be started by the kidnappers. They admit that they fear trial in Mercer County, where Sharon, the seat of the kidnapping incident, is located, for the feeling is high against them.

After they had been locked up for the night the officers admitted that the reason they had been hurried to Pittsburg was partly because of Boyle's well known ability at jail breaking. He had already wormed his way out of the town lockup at Sharon, and had broken out of the Mercer County jail when there was but little at stake, and it was feared that the hars there would hold him now that there was so much at stake, and he was known to have so many friends on the outside.

Sorry He Wasn't Killed.  
On the way from Youngstown to Pittsburg Mrs. Boyle said in a bantering tone to her husband:

"I thought they had you that time they shot you," referring to the time the Cleveland officer had taken a shot at him.

"I wish they had got me," said Boyle somewhat gruffly.

Later the woman spoke a few words to the newspaper men on the train, saying:

"Please say that I do not get up on tables and dance, won't you? And say also that I never made the remark that I thought I was born in a burlesque actress, nor have I ever been on the stage, at all."

"Did you know any of the Whittia family or their relatives before you saw them in Cleveland?" she was asked.

"I never saw any of them except the boy before yesterday."

"I came from New York, No. 1, I don't think I care to say where I was born, I have lived in the West a good while and I met Mr. Boyle there. We were married about a year ago. I couldn't say exactly. Yes, I was educated in a convent and spent several years there."

"What convent?"

"Well, I think I'd rather not say. It might be embarrassing. I've been instructed not to say anything about my mother or father. Some of the papers have been simply terrible and I don't want to be mentioned."

"Not a Vulgar Person."  
"I wish you would make a correction and say that I am not the vulgar person some have made me out to be. You recognize our position here, it is bad enough without talking too much about it. No, I am not sorry, but I do not think I care to say anything more about myself."

SHARON, Pa., March 25.—Mercer County, Pa., and Cuyahoga County, Ohio, are engaged in a controversy over the right to try Mrs. Helen Boyle on a charge of kidnapping Willie Whittia. According to leading attorneys, Mrs. Boyle cannot be placed on trial in Pennsylvania for kidnapping. It is said that she committed no crime charge on which she can be held in contempt. She may be returned and tried in Ohio if not in Pennsylvania for kidnapping.

Guarded by several private detectives in plain clothes, James P. Whittia, father of the abducted boy, returned home, bringing the money which was recovered when Boyle and the woman were arrested. The package of bills, well marked as they were said to have been when paid to the abductors, were taken to the safety deposit department of the Sharon Savings and Trust Company, which kept its doors open until Mr. Whittia reached here. The money will remain there until it may be needed in the kidnapping trial.

OPERA SINGERS STRIKE.  
Wages Are Not Forthcoming, So the Stars Go Out.  
"Der Rastebinder," otherwise "The Mousstrap Pedler," was not sung last night at Hochstein's Concert Garden in Third avenue. Anna Gerold and Iona Thury, the principal female voices, went on a strike. When the other members of the company heard about it they all quit—there were twenty in the company.

When Anna Gerold and Iona Thury got to the hall early in the evening they asked if they were to get their wages. No one around the house could tell them, so they took their costumes and walked away.

MORE TROUBLE AT GATUN.  
COLON, March 26.—A section of the Panama Canal 200 feet long of the relocated Panama Railroad line at Gatun was again settled about thirty feet at the same spot where the movement occurred in November. This slide, however, was to the eastward, and not the westward, this time.

### MAN SHOT BY FRIEND WITNESS SAID IT WAS A JOKE—VICTIM WILL PROBABLY DIE.

John Hollander, who was shot through the head by a friend last night in a quarrel, is still alive at Bellevue Hospital, although he has not recovered consciousness. The man who shot him escaped and nothing has been seen of him since.

A witness of the shooting, John Ferenz, told the police that the quarrel was of a trivial nature. It grew out of an innocent joke, he said, and after Hollander had been shot the man with the revolver turned it on him, Ferenz, and he only escaped death by begging for his life for the sake of his wife and children.

According to Ferenz, all three men lived at 260 East 17th street, in the room on the top floor where Hollander was shot.

They were all Austrians, he said, but were not acquainted with each other until they came to New York and happened to fall in with each other. They became friends and decided to live together.

The third man, whose name Ferenz gave as John Krebs, seemed to think it was necessary to be armed and accordingly purchased a revolver. Ferenz and Hollander put their heads together and decided to hide the weapon.

The police were told that when John Krebs got home last night he went to get out the revolver. Finding that it was not there he flew into a rage and rushed from the room, shouting that he would fix them.

When an ambulance had been called and Hollander was carried to the hospital, it was said that there was little chance that he would live.

### MINERS' BOARD MEETS Coal Workers' Officials Discuss Situation—To Celebrate 8-Hour Day.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 26.—President Lewis, of the United Mine Workers, is hurrying hither from Scranton, and international board members from the three anthracite districts are coming from the anthracite fields. They will meet other members of the international executive board here to-day. Members of the board arrived last night and to-day from all of the bituminous districts of this country and Canada.

The board will discuss the anthracite situation and decide on the general policy.

President T. L. Lewis has issued an address asking miners to celebrate on April 1 the anniversary of the establishment of the eight-hour work day. The address says that the fact that the eight-hour day has not been established in all of the mining states is due to the failure of the mine workers to become thoroughly organized.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., March 26.—It is believed here that the big coal operators will again refuse to recognize the union when President Lewis and the committee present to them the modified demands that it is now assumed will be decided upon at the second conference.

None of the mine workers believe that the special committee will calmly agree to renew the existing agreement for three years more as it stands, because the President Lewis has made it plain that he will insist upon recognition of the union, and the operators have been equally plain in saying that they will not grant this demand.

NEW CONGRESS DIRECTORY.  
First Edition Out—Taft Gets Big Write-Up.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The first edition of the Congressional Directory for the Sixty-first Congress contains the biographies of President Taft and his Cabinet, the new Vice President, fourteen new Senators, seventy-four new Representatives and five others who previously served in Congress. There are also the biographies of the new President and seven new members of the Cabinet.

What will probably strike regular readers of the publication as the most notable thing in the present edition is the sketch of President Taft. It occupies about three times as much space as that of his predecessor.

ABOLITIONIST DEAD.  
David Franklin Thorpe, who in his youth was associated with Wendell Phillips and other famous abolitionists, and gave up his college course at Brown to work in the abolition cause, died yesterday after a long illness. He is survived by a wife and a son, Allison F. Thorpe.

HOLD THESE DATES:  
**April 3 to 11,**  
For the Grand Fair  
AT THE  
GRAND CENTRAL PALACE,  
452 St. and Lexington Ave.  
HELD BY THE  
EVENING CALL.

All organizations and individuals who hold money for the Call Fair are requested to send same to the treasurer, Miss Florence Margolies, 442 Pearl Street, New York City, without delay as we are short of funds. Bear in mind end act.

### SALORS' CHAPEL IS SCAB OFFICE

Rev. A. R. Mansfield Turns "Crimp" and Supplies Crews to Vessels at Non-Union Wages.

Supported by the Protestant Episcopal churches of this city, and managed and directed by capitalists with alleged philanthropic tendencies, the Seaman's Church Institute at 1 State street, New York city, has been converted by the Rev. Archibald R. Mansfield, its superintending chaplain, into a headquarters for scab labor. The funds hypocritically obtained for the purpose of assisting seamen who are strangers on these shores, are being used by the Institute to fight the Atlantic Seacoast Seamen's Union, the local of the International Seamen's Union of America.

Mansfield is the man behind the movement. With his power as a minister and chaplain of the Seaman's Institute, he has turned "crimp," and is supplying men to shipping companies and ship owners at rates much below the union scale.

What is known among seamen as a "crimp" is a shipping or boating master who agrees to supply crews for vessels. The matter of wages is never discussed by a crimp. He brings the men to a captain, receives his fee, and it is up to the men to get what they can.

This is what Mansfield is doing. There are always plenty of men without work at the Seaman's Institute. The majority of them are foreigners who have been in this country but a few days or weeks. They know nothing of the union, or the wages they could command as members of it.

Mansfield Supplies Men.  
Taking advantage of their ignorance, Mansfield supplies them to shipping companies, and the men adjust the matter of wages with the bosses.

A few weeks ago, a crew of men were delivered over to the Texas Oil Company, a subsidiary company of the Standard Oil Company. They were taken on at \$25 a month, the union price being \$30.

Immediate action was taken by G. H. Brown, business agent of the local. He telephoned Mansfield, and asked him who he meant by supplying sailors at scab wages. The reverend's reply was that he intended to run his own business to suit himself, and that if Mr. Brown had any grievance, he might take it up with the Texas Oil Company. That was all the minister would do about it.

Mr. Mansfield now announces that he supplies crews to the following lines: The Booth, Prince, Lamport, Union Castle, Barber, Houston, Hogan, Tyler and Texas Oil Company, all of which operate vessels on the Atlantic coast.

It is a significant fact that these shipping companies contribute generously to the Seaman's Institute to assist its splendid work of "spiritually uplifting the sailors." It is also believed that it pays the minister personally to conduct his business of supplying scabs.

At 19 Atlantic avenue, Brooklyn, there is a hotel for seamen known as the "Breakwater." This was started a few years ago in connection with the Institute, at a suggestion of Mansfield. Here a sailor can obtain lodging at 25 cents a night, or \$1.50 a week. He may pay more if he wishes better accommodations. His board will cost him \$5 a week, or more if he wants better food than the \$5 board.

The Breakwater will accommodate 150 men. Its occupants are, almost without exception, foreign seamen who have landed in New York and gone to the Seaman's Institute.

Enticing the Unwary.  
On a wall in the hotel is a wooden sign called a "shipping list." The sign lists the names of the various lines, street supplies crews to various lines. Then follows the list which has already been given.

At the bottom of the "shipping list," very prominently displayed, is the following statement: "Seamen stopping at the Breakwater will be given first choice."

A similar notice is hung just within the entrance of the State street establishment.

"Mansfield is a good business man. If a sailor goes to the Seaman's Institute, he is informed that the Breakwater is the place at which he should live. The "shipping list" informs him that "seamen stopping at the Breakwater will be given first choice."

The sailor knows nothing of the Atlantic Seacoast Seamen's Union, nor does he realize that he is being used as a pawn in a fight against his comrades of the high seas. From the Institute he goes to the Breakwater Hotel, and there he stays until Mansfield is ready to deliver him over to a shipping master at scab wages.

The Seaman's Church Institute boasts the following men on its board of officers: The Right Rev. David H. Greer, D. D., LL. D., bishop coadjutor of the Diocese of New York; Herbert I. Satterlee, son-in-law of J. Pierpont Morgan and Assistant Secretary of the Navy under Newberry; Henry Dexter, founder and ex-president of the American News Company, and Admiral A. T. Mahan, of the United States Navy.

Its lay managers, of which there are thirty-five, are lawyers, real estate speculators and Wall street brokers.

Tells of Union Struggle.  
When seen yesterday afternoon, G. H. Brown, the business agent of the Seaman's local, made the following statement to an Evening Call reporter: "For years we have been fighting the 'crimps.' Our international union now numbers 30,000 men. It has been a hard struggle, and just about now when we are getting our organization on a rock foundation, we have a new element to fight, a new 'crimp' in the field, who is backed up by a religious institution.

"We don't object to their helping

### HELD UP AND ROBBED Two Men Accost Real Estate Man—Get Watch and Chain.

Archibald C. Haynes, managing director of a realty concern at 1225 Broadway, was assaulted by two highwaymen shortly after 1 o'clock this morning and robbed of a gold watch and chain at 42d street and Sixth avenue in plain sight of a policeman who stood across the street.

One of the men escaped with the watch down 42d street, and the police are holding a cab driver on suspicion of being the other man. The cab driver indignantly denies the charge, and insists that he was acting the part of a good samaritan, trying to assist Mr. Haynes.

Mr. Haynes, who lives at 38 Locust avenue, New Rochelle, was kept late at the office, and was walking hastily up Sixth avenue. When he reached 42d street, he says, he was accosted by two men who solicited him to take a cab. He refused, and one of the men dealt him a smashing blow in the jaw, which knocked him off his feet.

Policeman Wildinauer, of the East 51st street station, who was standing a short distance across the street, saw the fight, and came on the run. One of the men, who was dressed in a dark suit, hastened to the west, and Wildinauer hastened to where Haynes and the cab driver were rolling and struggling about the sidewalk.

The cab driver put up a fight, but Wildinauer soon subdued him, and took him to the East 51st street station, where Mr. Haynes identified him as one of the men who had made the attack.

The police searched the cab driver but could find no watch or chain. The police held him, nevertheless. Mr. Haynes placed a value of \$150 on the watch and chain of which he had been robbed.

### POLE ON PLATEAU Shackleton's Party Say Extreme Southern Point Is on High Plateau.

CHRIST CHURCH, New Zealand, March 26.—The Nimrod, with Lieutenant Shackleton's exploring party aboard, has arrived. All are well.

The members of the South Pole expedition give some additional details to those already published.

When they were compelled to turn back their bodily strength was diminishing so rapidly that their temperature went down far below normal, in some cases reaching 93 degrees, and in others considerably lower than that.

They nearly died of starvation before finding one of the depots, and were always on very short rations.

Had this party been two days later in reaching the Nimrod she would have been frozen in ice another pole. They declare that any future explorer attempting to reach the pole must be provided with much larger supplies of food, because there is no doubt that the South Pole is situated on a high plateau, and that the cold and stormy weather in the world prevails there, there being 70 degrees of frost under the very mildest conditions.

OLD MAN TRIES TO DIE.  
The death was made more dramatic by occurring only a few hours after Mr. and Mrs. Lorillard had been the guests of Mrs. Richard Townsend, in Massachusetts avenue, at a dinner given in honor of Lary Paget. In fact, it is believed that as soon as Mrs. Lorillard arrived at her home, at 2930 Hillier place, shortly after midnight, she began to prepare for her death.

About 8:30 o'clock yesterday morning the butler in the Lorillard residence detected an odor of gas. Opening the door of the bathroom, just off of Mrs. Lorillard's suite, he was horrified to see the body of the mistress of the house stretched out lifeless on the floor.

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THROWN OUT OF AUTO.  
Moffet Enters Friend's Car and Is Pitched Out on Head.

John Schay, a taxicab chauffeur, was arrested this morning as a result, he said, of an act of kindness.

Schay said he had just taken a couple of passengers to their destination and was returning to the garage when he overtook Moffet at 47th street.

Shortly afterward the cab took a corner so abruptly that Moffet was pitched out on his head and lay in the street unconscious.

Policeman Johnson, of the West 47th street station, arrested the chauffeur, who was held until Moffet's condition could be ascertained. Moffet was taken to Roosevelt Hospital by Dr. Monroe, with a scalp wound, broken collar bone and a possible fracture of the skull.

MILITIA AS TAX GATHERERS.  
Kentucky Governor Will Make Counties Pay What State Demands.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 26.—On receipt of word from Tax Collector J. W. Peck that he has been prevented from collecting railroad taxes in the counties of Carter, Boyd and Elliott, Governor Wilson yesterday announced he would use the state militia to assist the official. He has sent word to the officials of the three counties to meet him here Saturday and show cause why he should not send soldiers to see that the Tax Collector is not molested in the performance of his duty.

### BRIDE ACID VICTIM DIES

Murder Theory Taken Up by Police—Looking for Young Girl, Late of Kentucky.

VINCENNES, Ind., March 26.—Jessie Culbertson, the bride of three weeks, who was found yesterday in a shed at the rear of her home horribly burned with carbolic acid, which she said a man and woman had tried to force down her throat, died early yesterday morning.

That a brutal murder was committed and that jealousy was in all probability the incentive the police admit, but beyond this they are at sea unless four letters received by Mrs. Culbertson, all written in a woman's hand and threatening her life, point to the murderers.

Mrs. Virgil Culbertson, one of the dead woman's closest companions, added some light to the case to-day and named the woman she believes to be responsible for the crime. She told her story to the police. When the suicide theory was suggested to her she said:

"How can you suggest that? If you could have seen her and been with her in the last week as I have been you would be as strong in your belief that it was murder as I am. If you will find the woman I accuse you will learn that it was murder and not suicide. This woman used to follow Mr. Culbertson everywhere he went and dogged his footsteps day after day."

"In my home the night before Jessie married Russell the woman I accuse swore in his presence that unless he married her she would kill him and then take poison herself. He received many letters from her and the writing corresponds to that of the letters Jessie received."

Mrs. J. R. Connel, who lives across the street from the Culbertsons, said this morning that she saw a man and woman in front of the house Sunday night and the time corresponds with the hour at which a letter was received by Mrs. Culbertson.

The police are searching for a young woman named in connection with the crime. The last heard of her was at Paris, Ky., but a telephone message says she is not there now.

### ENDS LIFE WITH GAS Mrs. Lorillard, Society Matron, Is Found Dead in Bathroom.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Mrs. Pierre Lorillard, Jr., aged forty-nine, wife of the tobacco magnate, committed suicide by asphyxiation at her home near the fashionable Dupont Circle in this city yesterday.

Her tragic death has shocked the first social circles of the capital as nothing else in years.

In spite of the Coroner's certificate of death by suicide, members of the family and the family physician declare that Mrs. Lorillard died of heart failure.

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The railroad taxes, which a number of counties in the state owe, are heavy, and have been unpaid for many years.

### 3 HURT IN COLLISION Fire Engine Crashes Into Southbound Sixth Avenue Car.

Three persons were injured in a collision between the engine of Fire Company No. 1 and a southbound Sixth avenue car at 23rd street last night. The engine was responding to an alarm of fire, and the gong and the whistle were being sounded as it approached Sixth avenue. The corner is known as a fire stop, and all cars are supposed to stop before making the crossing. Nevertheless, Patrick Rooney, motorman, kept right ahead, trying to cross the street before the engine.

As the engine turned the corner the rear truck struck the side of the car, shattering all the windows and causing a panic among the passengers. Patrick Fitzpatrick, the conductor; Mrs. Caroline Pibo and Mrs. Siffert, passengers, were injured so severely that they were taken to the New York Hospital.

The motorman was arrested after the accident.

### CZAR CONTINUES WORK His Supreme Court Hands Down Thirty-One Death Sentences.

LONDON, March 26.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg announces that in spite of the demonstration against capital punishment recently made by noted Russians, the Czar's government continues to kill on the slightest possible provocation. Twenty-two death sentences on political prisoners were confirmed yesterday by the Supreme Military Court.

Fifteen of these prisoners are to die because they attempted to escape from Irkutsk prison, when, in the confusion that followed, one guard was killed. The others are to die because they were implicated in a free for all fight at Irbit in which one policeman was killed.

At the trial when the case of the planned mutiny came up the court martial acquitted eight of the accused. Notwithstanding this, the Supreme Court ordered that all fifteen be hanged.

Death sentences also were imposed on two convicted persons at Kiev, two at Saratoff and one each at Kharoff, Ufa, Proskuroff, Ikatierinoslav and Moscow, making a total for the day of thirty-one.

### ACCIDENT DESTROYS MEMORY. Isabel McCarthy, who was struck by an automobile truck yesterday in Brooklyn, and on recovering consciousness aEUSness was found to have completely lost her memory.

Isabel McCarthy, who was struck by an automobile truck yesterday in Brooklyn, and on recovering consciousness aEUSness was found to have completely lost her memory. She was reported to be in a semi-comatose condition at the Swedish Hospital this morning. The doctors said that she would probably recover, but they could not say whether her memory would be affected permanently or not.

### ARREST ITALIAN SUSPECTS. Five Italians are held at Police Headquarters on suspicion of being responsible for the death of Antonio Canonic, a well-to-do real estate owner of 279 East 15th street, who was attacked by a gang of men on the night of March 21 at Morris avenue and 153d street. He died a few days later. The men were taken into custody last night.

### The Call To-Morrow. To-morrow's issue of The Evening Call will contain features of unusual and varied interest.

Braun Whitlock, Mayor of Toledo, and author of "The Turn of the Balance," the greatest novel of its sort ever written in America, contributes a powerful article on the impending execution of Mary Farmer. He combines the sentiment of a devoted lover of humanity with the knowledge of a lawyer and a practical man. His article, once read, will never be forgotten.

While the master bakers of New York treat with supreme contempt the state laws regulating sanitary conditions in their shops, they are at the same time attempting by a big lockout to break the union's power of resistance against the lengthening of hours and the reduction of wages. A reporter for The Evening Call has made a thorough investigation of the facts, and will tell a story to-morrow's paper which should stir the people to action on behalf of the men who bake their daily bread.

"Where Did You Get It?" is a pertinent question which the workers of America are learning to ask of the owners of America. The owners themselves dare not answer. Gustavus Myers is answering that question in masterly fashion in his series, "The History of the Great American Fortunes," published weekly in The Evening Call.

In to-morrow's paper he takes up the Goulds and tells the story of the man who said, "In a Republican state I am a Republican; in a Democratic state I am a Democrat, and I am for Erie all the time."

These three things alone will make The Evening Call the best daily paper published in New York to-morrow, and there will be much besides.

### ROOSEVELT AND ABBOTT EXPOSED BY ALLAN BENSON

"Square Deal" Editors Shown in Their True Light by Well Known Socialist and Journalist.

As the Roosevelt "square deal" as such a misnomer in the editorial office of the Outlook as it was in the White House in the last seven years has been strikingly illustrated by the refusal of Dr. Lyman Abbott, editor of that magazine, to print a letter of Allan Benson, the well known Socialist and journalist, calling attention to the "carelessness" of the Rough Rider in quoting Mr. Benson's book, "Socialism Made Plain," in his recent attack on Socialism.

Mr. Benson at first received the assurance of Dr. Abbott that he would print his letter. Instead the letter was returned with the comment that "it does not treat Mr. Roosevelt with respect. I therefore return it."

In a letter to The Evening Call, Mr. Benson incloses the correspondence interchanged, with interesting comment. Mr. Benson does not miss words. Both Roosevelt and Dr. Abbott are handed without gloves. The letter follows:

Mr. Benson's Letter.  
Editor of The Call:  
A few days ago while I was on my way to see Dr. Lyman Abbott on another matter I bought a copy of the Outlook and was somewhat surprised to find that Mr. Roosevelt, in his article on Socialism, had quoted from and criticized a rather unimportant book that I once wrote. When I saw Dr. Abbott's article, I was so angry that I wrote him a letter, which he would print a letter for my comment should treat the ex-President respectfully.

I wanted to get certain facts before the same persons who had read Mr. Roosevelt's article and was therefore particularly careful to frame my letter in such a manner that no one in the Outlook office would have an excuse to throw it out on the ground of its length. Having written the words "careless" in referring to the editor, I was "hasty" in order not to defeat my main purpose by arousing Dr. Abbott's displeasure. Here is the letter:

Editor of the Outlook:  
In the Outlook of March 20, Mr. Roosevelt in his article on "Socialism: Where We Cannot Work With Socialists," quoted the following paragraph from my book "Socialism Made Plain":

"Under the labor time-check medium of exchange proposed by Socialists, any laborer could exchange the wealth he produced in any given hour for an equal amount of the wealth produced by any other laborer in the same number of hours."

On this paragraph, Mr. Roosevelt commences as follows: "It is unnecessary to point out that the pleasing idea of these writers could be realized only if the state undertook the duty of taskmaster for, otherwise, it is no conceivable thing that the laborer whose work would be worth anything would work at all under such conditions."

If the ex-President had taken the trouble to read my book, he would have seen this paragraph: "It may as well be admitted at the start that while Socialists contend this rule would hold good in any country, it is not so in the United States. Its application would show the necessity of making a few exceptions. In other words, they would give extraordinary compensation for extraordinary service as a matter of gratitude, rather than as a strict obligation of justice."

The uncharitable might say that Mr. Roosevelt did read the second paragraph, but did not care to leave it plain that he believed in the rule. I do not share this opinion. I doubt if he spent five minutes on the whole book.

To my mind, his entire article bears evidence of haste. He desires to show that Socialists believe in equal compensation for all kinds of useful labor. He quotes what he declares to be European authorities and then turns to America. Any whom does he

THE CALL LIBRARY CONTEST

The Call Library Vote. Any Trade Union, Labor Organization, Social Club, Singing Society, Socialist Party Local, Fraternal Organization, Lodge, Athletic Club, etc., etc., can enter this contest.

The organizations receiving the largest number of votes will get the following prizes: First Prize—\$500 Library (or a handsome hand-made Emblem Banner).

USE THIS COUPON TO HAND IN YOUR VOTE. Please tie up coupons in bundles of 10.

Table listing various organizations and their vote counts for the Call Library Contest. Includes Turn Verein Vorwaerts, Bklyn., 16,237; Turn Verein Vorwaerts, N. Y., 3,580; etc.

CONTEST NOTES. It seems that the Republican clubs take more interest in the contest than many of the other organizations, as there are two Republican clubs in the contest that are making a hard fight.

Repeats Old Slanders. It is to be regretted that Mr. Roosevelt repeats the old slanders about "free love" and "founding asylums." And it is remarkable that he should quote a European writer and consider his charges proved.

Why cannot Mr. Roosevelt be more nearly just to us? He believes in "thorough-going" Socialists are "irreligious," "immoral," "revolting." We know he is wrong.

I told you that if your article treated Mr. R. with respect we would print it. It does not treat Mr. Roosevelt with respect. I therefore return it.

Something is wrong with Lyman Abbott. He knows what Socialism is. He knows it is not what Roosevelt says it is. He knows my letter did not treat Roosevelt disrespectfully.

PHILADELPHIA, March 26.—In the context of the will of William Johnson Binney, who left a large estate and \$5,000 to Dr. Matthew C. Baines, now before the register of wills, unusual testimony is being produced to prove that the deceased was mentally unbalanced.

SHANGHAI, March 26.—The British-American Tobacco Company has been fined in the British Court, here \$50 for selling Anicor cigarettes, manufactured in Shanghai, having been made in the United States.



Real Scotch Madras Curtains

We are one of the few houses in the city that is able to show these beautiful Scotch Madras Curtains, now so much in demand. They represent a direct importation and the assortment is both large and splendidly selected.

Prices Begin at 1.75 a pair.

DEMANDS LIVING WAGE FOR WORKING MEN

Dr. Devine Tells of Miseries—Thousands Permanently Disabled—Higher Incomes Will Improve Conditions. "Out of Health" was the subject yesterday afternoon in the Kennedy series in the United Way Building.

There is always the possibility that the offender may be only a jackass and many a man has become a jackass by living beyond his income. "A Mass of Rubbish."

"During 1905 251 persons were killed by accidents in factories, quarries, and tunnel construction in the State of New York; at least 1,662 were permanently injured, and 10,474 temporarily disabled."

"Furthermore," added the lecturer, "444 persons were killed in accidents in the steam, subway, elevated and surface roads subject to the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission of New York City, and, in addition, 2,147 were seriously injured and 32,469 other persons injured in a less degree. And on the railroads of the United States for the year ended June 30, 1907, 111,016 persons were injured and 11,829 persons were killed in consequence of railroad accidents."

ALBANY, March 26.—For the purpose of putting up a monument to the memory of Hiram Cronk, who at the time of his death, in 1905, was the last survivor of the War of 1812, and who in his old days had embraced the doctrine of Socialism, Assemblyman McElliot, of New York, introduced a bill yesterday appropriating \$10,000.

OTTAWA, March 26.—A preliminary surveyor's report to the Canadian Government states that the projected railway to Hudson Bay could easily be built either to Fort Churchill or Port Nelson at a cost, including equipment and labor work, of about \$17,500,000.

THE CALL FOR FOUR MONTHS AND THE APPEAL TO REASON FOR ONE YEAR BOTH FOR \$1.00 (VALUE, \$1.65) With Self-Filling Fountain Pen ALL FOR \$1.75 (VALUE, \$2.90)

SPECIAL NOTICE. Any person holding Donation Books will kindly send same to The Call office at once.

ACTORS DENOUNCE BOOKING OCTOPUS

Exploited State People Tell Legislative Committee How the Trust Holds Them Up.

ALBANY, March 26.—Representatives of the actors and actresses who say they are fleeced right and left by the Theatrical Trust made their first appeal for protection to the Legislature yesterday. It was a strong appeal, too. Few legislative hearings are as interesting as was that before the Assembly Committee on General Laws, when the stage people pleaded for a favorable report on the Voss bill, which is aimed at the iniquities of the booking system, though it is not asserted that it would cure more than a few of them.

The actors told of "black lists" and boycotts perpetrated by the managers, the exactions of the booking agencies and the fees that had to be paid to an army of middlemen, who in most cases were the employes of the managers in whose interest the actor and actress looking for work were mulcted in several commissions. The committee also learned of contracts which the actor and actress are compelled to sign, but which never bind the manager to anything that he cares to repudiate.

There was frequent reference to the United Booking Office, which was described as an octopus from whose tentacles the poor actor would try in vain to escape. The penalty of a refusal to submit to extortion, the committee was informed, was a place on the door of every theater controlled by the trust was closed to the man of woman who dared rebel.

George Fuller Golden, founder and first president of the White Rats of America, Timothy Cronin, president of the White Rats Political League, Louis Gold, president of the Hebrew Actors' Union; Frederick Watson, representing the Actors' Society of America; Harry De Veaux, of the Vaudeville Actors' Union; John A. Bogue, of the Actors' Political League; O'Brien, counsel to the White Rats; Harry Mountford and many others, testified to the present unfortunate condition of the actor, whether in vaudeville or "legitimate" drama, who find themselves in a predicament between the booking agency on the one hand and the manager on the other, these being the upper and nether millstone of the Theatrical Trust. The actors were not pleading the cause of the individual theater owner, but incidentally they showed how subject the theater owner is not less at the mercy of the trust than the actor. The United Booking Office, it was asserted, is the medium by which the trust brings both the actor and the manager together, and where Harry De Veaux told the committee how the actor seeking an engagement is referred by the manager to a personal representative, who first of all must get his commission. The personal representative then sends the actor to a booking agency, where another commission is demanded, and finally the United Booking Office, which controls practically all of the big theater employment work, gets its takeoff. From first to last, De Veaux said, these booking agencies control the actor's life, and he has little choice save to accept what is offered to him by way of salary.

There were on hand representatives of several labor organizations who advised by an actor's employment agency to 5 per cent. It also provides that the contract submitted to the actor shall be in a form approved by the Mayor or the Commissioner granting licenses to the employment agency, and that it shall be a valid instrument, which will hold the manager and the booking agent as well as the actor. Now, it was declared, an actor may be forced to pay as high as 25 and even 30 per cent. of his salary in commissions.

As a further precaution against irresponsible booking agents, the Voss bill provides for a bond of \$1,000, and makes provision for the revocation of the booking agent's license for repeated violation of the law.

ALBANY, March 26.—For the purpose of putting up a monument to the memory of Hiram Cronk, who at the time of his death, in 1905, was the last survivor of the War of 1812, and who in his old days had embraced the doctrine of Socialism, Assemblyman McElliot, of New York, introduced a bill yesterday appropriating \$10,000.

ALBANY, March 26.—The Sparks local of the Socialist party in Nevada has adopted resolutions condemning Judge Wright for his decision sentencing Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison to terms of imprisonment.

M. & A. KATZ, Department Store 831-833 3d Avenue, Near 51st Street. SPECIAL FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY. Black or White Long Silk Gloves, 39c per pair. Save Our Coupons. They are Equal to 4 per cent. Discount.

AT LAST The book that was needed long ago is now here. SOCIALISM In Theory and Practice. By MORRIS HILLQUIT. Cloth, 370 Pages, good type.

The Socialist Literature Co., 15 Spruce Street, N. Y. Offers this book at rock-bottom figures, \$1.35 PER COPY.

IF YOUR HAT IS AS GOOD AS McCANN'S IT COST MORE.

McCann's Hats 210 BOWERY, Opp. Rivington Street.

TO EXPLOIT GOVT.

Panama Railroad Directors Say Coal Barons Are Extortionate.

The directors of the Panama Railroad, believing that the big coal men had formed a ring to hold up the United States Government for extortionate prices for fuel, yesterday rejected the twenty-seven bids for the contract to supply 400,000 tons of coal to that road.

New advertisements have been issued, and whatever bills are received in response to those are to be opened in the offices of the company on March 30. In the meantime the men outside "the ring," who submitted the lowest quotations, have sent a formal protest to the road, and threaten all manner of dire results.

The following plans have been filed with the Buildings Department for new structures in Manhattan and Bronx: 40th st., 153 East, for one-story brick store, 26x24.8; M. L. Seifert, City Island, owner; K. F. J. Seifert, architect; cost, \$1,800.

121st st., 22 1/2 ft. e. of Broadway, for an eight-story brick apartment house, 100x55.11; Henessy Realty Co. of 230 Broadway, owner; Schwartz & Gross, architects; cost, \$200,000.

5th av., w. s. 15th and 15th sts., for six-story brick tenements, 37x77; Carmine Realty Co. of 203 Broadway, owners; Bernstein & Bernstein, architects; cost, \$240,000.

Moneyvalley, e. s. 14 1/2 ft. n. of Tremont av., for a four-story brick tenement, 50x48; Katonah Construction Co. (Stephen G. Still of 1446 Minford Place, President), owner; Frederick Hammond, architect; cost, \$20,000.

173d st., s. 20 ft. e. of Vyse av., for four-story brick dwellings, 24x55; 173d Street Building and Construction Co. (Carmine Cluff of 1118 Intervale av., president), owner; William T. La Velle, architect; cost, \$28,000.

Southern Boulevard, w. s. 443 ft. w. of Westchester av., for two-story brick stores and offices, 50x100; Williamson & Bryan of 2796 3d av., owners; C. S. Shumway, architect; cost, \$10,000.

Crotona Park North, n. s. 170 ft. w. of Westchester av., for a three-story brick dwelling, 22x75; P. S. Muhfeld of 70 East 115th st., owner; E. J. Broen, architect; cost, \$7,500.

184th st., n. w. corner of Jerome av., for five one-story brick stores and offices, 50x100; Williamson & Bryan of 2796 3d av., owners; C. S. Shumway, architect; cost, \$10,000.

Chambers st., 162, to a three-story brick store building and loft; M. Weinstein of 1968 Broadway, owner; Bernstein & Bernstein, architects; cost, \$10,000.

SUFFRAGE ADVOCATE EXPOSES ASSEMBLYMAN

Professor Dewey Reads Letter in Which Beverly Robinson Ridicules State Referendum.

College girls assembled in force at the Waldorf-Astoria last night to prove their loyalty to the cause of woman suffrage. The general topic of the meeting was "Methods of Work," and Prof. John Dewey of Columbia, who has always been considered sincere but conservative, somewhat astonished his audience by the rascal tone of his remarks. He told the girls that the cause wouldn't amount to a picnic until they did something to make it a live political issue.

He narrated his experience with one of the State Assemblymen, Beverly Robinson. He had written, explaining that he was one of the Assemblyman's constituents, and asked him to do what he could do have the woman suffrage amendment submitted to the people. He didn't put forward any arguments on the merits of the question, but simply declared that in a state which professed to be democratic so important a question should be submitted to the voters. He got this reply:

"The one fundamental objection to presenting a constitutional amendment to the people for action is that it is not discussed. Not one man in a hundred knows what he is voting on when he goes into the voting booth, and not five in a hundred, as a general rule, even know that a constitutional amendment comes before them for action. The records show that practically every amendment presented to and people has been adopted by a blind vote."

Professor Dewey said that the letter needed no comment. If anyone wanted to start a movement for the disenfranchisement of men and women, and Turkey quietly and secretly but with perfect organization. It didn't make very much difference, he said, whether they were continually being advertised. It was of much more importance to canvass the tenement houses than to hold public meetings.

Miss Caroline Loxlow, president of the Collegiate Equal Suffrage League of New York State; James H. Hickey and Charles C. Burlingame also spoke.

BECOMING MILITANT

Members of Equal Franchise Society to Start City Campaign.

A conspicuously militant atmosphere characterized the meeting of the Equal Franchise Society held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Clarence Mackey, 244 Madison avenue. The society may not intend to hoist the yellow banner at the street corners, but it evidently intends to be a formidable element in civic affairs.

At this meeting it voted to concentrate its efforts upon municipal suffrage, which, Mrs. Mackey said, would be a "splendid opening wedge." A bill will be introduced into the Legislature next Fall, and the Summer will be devoted to preparatory work. This motion was carried by only two dissenting votes. Mrs. Harriet Johnston Wood, voicing the objection of the minority by saying that it would be just as easy to get the whole as a part. To this Mrs. Mackey replied:

"There are a great many men and women who are not convinced that women are capable of exercising the full franchise, but who would help us in getting municipal suffrage." Among those who spoke were: Mrs.

The Book of the Hour Socialism in Theory and Practice BY MORRIS HILLQUIT. CONTENTS, PART I. The Socialist Philosophy and Movement. CHAPTER I. Introduction. CHAPTER II. Socialism and Individualism. The System of Individualism—The Individual and Society—Individualism in Industry—The Individual Under Socialism. CHAPTER III. Socialism and Ethics. The Essence and Scope of Ethics—The Evolution of the Moral Sense—Class Ethics—The Ethical Ideal and Socialist Morality. CHAPTER IV. Socialism and Law. The Law—The Feudal System of Law—The Modern System of Law—Social Legislation and Socialist Jurisprudence. CHAPTER V. Socialism and the State. Nature and Evolution of the State—The Transitional State—The Socialist State—Production and Distribution of Wealth Under Socialism—Incentive Under Socialism—The Political Structure of the Socialist State. CHAPTER VI. Socialism and Politics. Politics, Representative Government and Political Parties—Classes and Class Struggles in Modern Society—The Class Struggles in Politics—The Socialist Party in Politics—Electoral Tactics of the Socialist Party—Parliamentary Tactics of the Socialist Party—Political Achievements of Socialism. One copy sent free for \$5 for subscription cards to The Evening Call, as well as get this valuable book. PRICE, \$1.35. BY MAIL, \$1.50. ORDER AT ONCE FROM THE N. Y. Evening Call 442 PEARL ST. NEW YORK CITY.

TO MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN OF FASHION.

We advise you to buy your clothes at the Biggest ONE PRICE Store in the East Side, where you will find a large selection of up-to-date Fashionable.

WILDFEUER BROS. STRICTLY ONE PRICE 87-89 Ave. B, nr. 6th St. N.Y. Telephone, 2335 Orchard.

TRUST WILL CUT WAGES

Steel Magnates Determined to Reduce Pay of Their Slaves. A general reduction in wages in the steel industry is expected to follow another cut in steel products yesterday. Sales of steel bars were announced at \$1.10 per 100 pounds, which is \$2 a ton below the initial price announced several weeks ago. This is a decline of \$6 a ton from the prices prevailing before the general cut.

The fight between the United States Steel Corporation and the independent interests is acute and general demoralization prevails throughout the industry. It is reported in Wall Street that the United States Steel Corporation will announce a general cut in wages on April 15. Many of the independent interests have already reduced their scale.

AN APRIL FOOL "JOKE."

BETHLEHEM, Pa., March 26.—The Bethlehem Steel Company yesterday announced a 10 per cent. cut in the wages of furnacemen, to go into effect April 1. About 100 men are affected.

ARBITRATION IN ENGLAND.

U. S. Official Reports That Many Labor Troubles Are Settled Amicably. WASHINGTON, March 26.—Consul Frank W. Hahn reports from Nottingham that a threatened strike of London and Northwestern Railway employees, originating in 1907, has just been settled by arbitration, which method is anticipated in deciding many serious labor disputes in the United Kingdom. Most of the company's employees, numbering nearly 40,000 altogether, were interested. Both sides of the controversy appear satisfied with the arbitration, and the employees gained some of their demands, relating particularly to extra pay for overtime and Sunday labor and where a man does work for more than one day in a higher grade than his own. The arbitration is considered of far-reaching importance in the effect it may have on the interests of employes of other railway companies similarly situated.

MORE TRUSTS IN GERMANY.

BERLIN, March 26.—An official report just published, shows that the capital of new joint stock companies and companies with limited liability formed in Germany during the year 1908, amounted to about \$248,800,000. In the last calendar year Germany's importations aggregated \$2,075,000,000 in value, while the exportations amounted to \$1,619,000,000.

Harriet Stanton Blatch, Mrs. James W. Finch, Mrs. Ida Husted Harper and Mrs. Abrielle Mulliner.

SUFFRAGETTES GET READY.

Miss Mary Coleman Wants Code of Civil Procedure Amended. ALBANY, N. Y., March 26.—The suffragettes are preparing to treat the city of New York to some startling features at the general election next autumn. It all came to light here last night through a bill which Assemblyman James A. Foley, of New York, is preparing to introduce. He is championing the measure at the request of Miss Mary Coleman.

The bill is to amend the code of civil procedure in such a way that women may serve writs of habeas corpus. Miss Coleman said that this would not only be a step forward in the cause of woman suffrage, but that it would enable women to serve the writs of habeas corpus after expected arrests had been made next autumn as the result of demonstrations at the polling places.

INDEX. Historical Sketch of the Socialist Movement. Early History: Germany, France, Russia, Austria, England, Italy, Belgium, Holland, the Scandinavian Countries, United States, the New International. INDEX. description cards to The Evening Call, as well as get this valuable book. PRICE, \$1.35. BY MAIL, \$1.50.



ITALIAN OPERAS OLD AND MODERN LAST NIGHT'S ATTRACTION

Rossini's "Barber of Seville" and Mascagni's "Cavalleria Rusticana" Heard.

By HARRY CHAPIN PLUMMER. Another combination of the old and the new in Italian opera occupied the attention of a Metropolitan Opera House audience last night.



Photo Copyright by Mishkin, N. Y.

under the baton of Francesco Spertino and the other with Arturo Toscanini as chef d'orchestre. What a splendid contrast is afforded by these two wonderfully diverse examples of the composition of the Italian school!

It was a thoroughly vivacious and delightful production that was realized in last night's "Barber." Mme. de Pasquall, the Rosina, was most agreeable in the laughing, happy lyrics and she not only acted, but pictured, the part.



Gioacchino Rossini. -An early portrait.

Alessandro Bonci pleased his hearers right well in his portrayal of the Count of Almaviva, the music of which he sang with ease and constant theme. Adamo Didur, as Don Basilio, vocalized to entire satisfaction and accompanied many moments of decided humor in the last act.

Of the overture, a veritable classic of old-time operatic scoring—Maestro Spertino gave a brilliant delivery and he was applauded by a storm of applause upon its conclusion. The grace, the captivating merriment and the versatile suggestion of the orchestral support of the work was given a complete and satisfying exposition by his able reading. The incidental corde were sounded by the conductor upon a harpsichord at which he directed.

Destinn, "Grassi and Amato in Mascagni Drama." An admirable cast was heard in the Mascagni drama—Mme. Emmy Destinn as Santuzza, Rinaldo Grassi as Turiddu, Pasquale Amato as Alfio, Mme. Maria Gily as Lola, and Mlle. Marie Mattioli as Lucia.

M. Grassi again presented his masterful and perfectly comprehensive conception of the character of Turiddu, singing with exceptional quality of tone and fine elocution and acting, in movement, in facial expression, in every detail of stage deportment, not only competently, but with actual brilliance. In the part of Alfio, M. Amato qualified, vocally and histrionically, as always he does, and Mmes. Gay and Matfield were acceptable in their respective characterizations.

Maestro Toscanini repeated his soul-satisfying interpretation of the powerful orchestral score of the work. In both "The Barber" and "Cavalleria Rusticana," the chorus effected notable results in harmonic ensembles.



Litholin Collars at wholesale and retail headquarters.

Stageland

Stock Theater Men Combine. Managers of stock theaters met at the Hotel Astor last night to perfect their organization, the Stock Producing Managers' Association.

Richard Wagner will be represented by three of next week's offerings at the Metropolitan Opera House, his great drama of love, "Tristan and Isolde" in unabridged form, being scheduled for a special performance on Tuesday evening, beginning at 8:30 o'clock.

Mr. Williams described the aims of the new organization. At present there were only twenty-five members. These men, owning or controlling the theaters all over the United States devoted to stock productions, would put on plays before they had been worn out in regular production in New York and on the road.

Luchow to Control Theater. A. Luchow, the well known restaurateur, has signed a contract whereby he will control the Irving Place Theater for five years, after May 1. The lease held for many years by Heinrich Conried will expire on that date.

Bertha Galland, who is starring in "The Return of Eve" at the Herald Square Theater, will give a special matinee next Tuesday afternoon. To a limited extent this will be a professional matinee.

Charles Frohman's last American production in New York this season will be the new comedy in three acts by Clyde Fitch, "The Happy Marriage," which will come to the Gertrude Theater on Monday, April 12, with Miss Doria Keane and Edwin Arden in the chief parts.

FREE LECTURES TO-NIGHT

De Witt Clinton High School, Tenth avenue and 58th street: "Capital Employed in Manufactures," Professor James Walter Crook.

Public School 14, 225 East 27th street: "German Song," Miss Estelle Rose.

Public School 30, 224 East 85th street: "Leonardo Da Vinci," Mrs. Nettie L. Beeson.

Public School 38, Dominick and Clark streets: "Life in the Congo," William A. Raff.

Public School 40, 320 East 20th street: "The New Streets of Cairo," Dr. Lewis Gaston Leary.

Public School 52, Broadway, Inwood: "How to Know the Common Trees," Miss Julia E. Rogers.

Public School 30, 148th street and Eighth avenue: "The Philippines," Major Frank Keok.

Public School 157, St. Nicholas avenue and 127th street: "Lord Byron," Dr. Willis Boughton.

MELODY and HARMONY IN MANHATTAN

H. C. F. THREE WAGNER OPERAS FOR CLOSING WEEK AT METROPOLITAN

Richard Wagner will be represented by three of next week's offerings at the Metropolitan Opera House, his great drama of love, "Tristan and Isolde" in unabridged form, being scheduled for a special performance on Tuesday evening, beginning at 8:30 o'clock.

Tuesday Evening (special performance)—"Tristan and Isolde." Mmes. Galski, Homer, MM. Burrian, Sooner, Blass, Muhlmann, Reiss, Bayer, Conductor, Hertz.

Wednesday (special matinee)—"Friedrich Smetana's 'The Bartered Bride.'" Mmes. Destinn, L'Hullier, MM. Jörn, Didur, Reiss, Muhlmann, Witherspoon, Conductor, Hertz.

Thursday Evening—"Die Meistersinger." Mmes. Galski, Homer; MM. Jörn, Soomer, Goritz, Hinckley, Reiss, Muhlmann, Conductor, Hertz.

Professor Willy Hess arrived from Europe on Wednesday last and the famed "Manzoni Requiem" will be rendered at the Metropolitan Sunday evening by Mmes. Emmy Destinn and Louise Homer and MM. Martin and Hinckley, together with the Opera House chorus of two hundred voices and orchestra, under the direction of Arturo Toscanini.

WITH THE SUB. GETTERS.

By Albert E. Cull. How Do You Stand? Have you enlisted in the battle for subs?

We need you TO-DAY! There should be no work more important at this time than that of putting The Call on a paying basis. There is no better way to accomplish this purpose than by assisting us to obtain those ten thousand subscriptions.

Remember the slogan, Comrades: TEN THOUSAND NEW SUBSCRIPTIONS BEFORE MAY 30. About the Newsdealer. A comrade, to whom we had written asking that he endeavor to secure mail subscriptions, told us he could not work harder if he tried to.

He did not know that The Call receives practically no profit from papers sold from the news-stand. He was unacquainted with the tremendous cost of distribution and the low price which the news-dealer pays us.

Now take our word for it, Comrades. We have studied the situation carefully. We have considered YOUR side of the question thoroughly. But when we can deliver The Call to you by mail just as promptly, as we can deliver to the newsdealer, why not, for the sake of The Call, send us your subscription?

If you desire to patronize the newsdealer because he happens to be your friend, do so. We can have no objections. But for goodness sake, SEND US YOUR SUBSCRIPTION just the same. We need it. We must get money. Two a day for The Call—can you not afford it?

Hillquit's New Book. Very few books have met with such ready sale as has Comrade Hillquit's "Socialism in Theory and Practice." It is a book that YOU have wanted for many years. It contains the stuff that you need to convert others to Socialism. You will get this \$1.50 book free, FREE if you send us five dollars' worth of subscriptions, or if you purchase five dollars' worth of subscription cards.

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Wednesday Evening—Charles Gounod's "Faust." Mmes. Farrar, Fornia; MM. Martin, Didur, Amato, Conductor, Spertino.

Thursday Evening—"Die Meistersinger." Mmes. Galski, Homer; MM. Jörn, Soomer, Goritz, Hinckley, Reiss, Muhlmann, Conductor, Hertz.

Friday Evening—"Giuseppe Verdi's 'Aida.'" Mmes. Destinn, Gay; MM. Caruso, Amato, Conductor, Toscanini.

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CALL ADVERTISERS' DIRECTORY READ IT DAILY—BEFORE YOU SPEND YOUR MONEY.

- ATTORNEY AT LAW. S. John Block, 303 Broadway. BOOKS, STATIONERY, ETC. Progress Book Store, 233 E. 84th St. BOOTS AND SHOES. The Bates Shoe, 191 8th Ave. FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE. Meyer Davidson, 233 E. 105th St. FURNITURE, ETC. J. D. Flatus, 2364 8th Ave. GENTS' FURNISHINGS. Teich & Alter, 33-35 Ave. C. GROCERIES. F. C. Smith, 8491 8th Ave. HATS. Loyal Union Hats, 1004 2d Ave. HARDWARE AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS. S. Abrams & Son, 8322 8th Ave. HARDWARE, SPORTING GOODS AND PHOTOGRAPHS. Enterprise Hardware & Spig. Goods Co., 862 2d Ave. LAUNDRIES. The Globe Hand Dry, 239 W. 18th St. MEAT MARKET. Maurice Lion, 104 W. 26th St. MEN'S FURNISHERS. Shapiro & Tuman, 92 Clinton St. MERCHANT TAILOR & CLOTHIER. S. Batur, 40-42 Eldridge St. MILLINERY. Mme. A. Miller, 114 W. 104th St. MISCELLANEOUS. Debs' portrait, or yours, 16230, given to all customers, free, by the well known photographers, Paley & Co., 104 Livingston street. PAINTERS AND DECORATORS. Breditt & Gleason, 140 W. 37th St. PHOTOGRAPHY. Watch our display adv. in Sunday's issue. L. Borenszoff, 235 Grand St. RESTAURANTS. Manhattan Lunch, 2219 9th Ave. Harlem Private Restaurant, 124 E. 104th St. Rand School Restaurant, 112 E. 104th St. TEAS AND COFFEES. Standard Coffee Co., 44 Lewis St. Tea Co., 15 E. Good Coffee, 21 W. White Lily Tea Co., 193 Division St. TRUNKS AND BAGS. Thomas G. Hunt, 490 9th Ave. UNION MADE HATS AND TRIMMINGS. Joseph Sobel, 194 E. Houston St. SLIK and Opera Hats to Flow. WATCHES AND JEWELRY. Gustave Slight, 822 Columbus Ave.

BOROUGH OF THE BRONX.

- ATTORNEY AT LAW. Sam W. Eiges, 465 E. 174th St. BREAD AND CAKE BAKERY. F. Adolf Scheffer, 443 Washington Av. BOOTS AND SHOES. The Bates Shoe, 144 Saint Ann's Av. CIGARS AND STATIONERY. S. Mendelson, 1361 Boston rd. DRUGGISTS. Hand's Pharmacy, 738 Home St. Katsel's Drug Store, 174th St. THEO. A. M. Hartung, 174 E. 169th St. D. W. Shochat, 164th and Jackson Av. JEWELER. L. Gräuman, 362 Brook Ave. INSTRUCTION. The Bronx Preparatory School, 480 E. 172d St. LADIES' TAILOR & DRESSMAKER. Kramer Co., 1748 Washington St. MEAT MARKET. Edward Kell, 3710 84th St. RESTAURANTS. Louis Cozman, 5323 Third Ave.

BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN.

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DOLLARS which send me subscription cards for that amount and a FREE COPY OF HILLQUIT'S "SOCIALISM IN THEORY AND PRACTICE." one month; two months; four months; six months. Name. Address. \$230.00 Given Away. Thirty-three prizes will be given to the individuals or locals sending us the largest amounts in subscriptions from now to May 30—the anniversary of The Call. They will be divided as follows: \$75 to the person or local sending the largest amount; \$50 to the second largest; \$25 to the third largest; ten prizes of \$5 each to the next ten largest; twenty copies of Hillquit's "Socialism in Theory and Practice" to the next twenty largest. There are no restrictions. The only condition is HARD WORK! You can't lose. You must WIN—win by helping to sustain The Call, even though by not capturing the first prize. REMEMBER THE SLOGAN: TEN THOUSAND NEW SUBS. BEFORE MAY 30!!!

AMUSEMENTS.

HIPPODROME Twice Daily, at 2 & 5. Spectacles-Circus-Ballet. SULZER'S WESTCHESTER PARK is situated on the border of the beautiful Bronx Park, and is the largest strictly Union Park in New York. To get to the park, take the Subway to the Park, two blocks from the park, or the Third Avenue Train, 14th St., and transfer to Westchester train. All Bronx cars go direct to the park. Transfer at 177th St. and Tremont Av. WHERE TO DINE WELL. LITTLE HUNGARY 251 E. Houston St. Table d'Hôte Dinner. Hungarian Gypsy Band and Royal Hungarian Mandolinists and Singers. RESTAURANTS. VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT, 105 W. 11th St. NOONDAY LUNCH. PHYSICAL CULTURE FOOD. GRAY'S LUNCH ROOM, 122 PARK ROW. The Place That Delivers the Best.

DOINGS IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS

Scenes on Transcontinental Trip of the Veteran Pedestrian Weston



Edward Payson Weston, the veteran pedestrian, who started from New York March 16 to walk across the continent, is meeting with success in his daily task of completing from forty to forty-five miles. The veteran

manages to break the monotony by stopping to converse with an old acquaintance or to hook it up with a walking enthusiast. One of the lower pictures shows Weston shaking hands at early morn with the milkman. From Buffalo he will make a wide detour southward to Pittsburg. After

leaving Chicago he will go to St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Ogden and Salt Lake City, and then turn south to Los Angeles, then going up the Pacific coast road to San Francisco. His detailed trip beyond Chicago has not been definitely determined.

BROCKETT, LOANED TO MACON, HITS HOMER

MACON, Ga., March 26.—The Highlanders defeated the Macon South Atlantic team by a score of 3 to 1 in a seven-inning game yesterday. The Macon team is not yet complete, and Stallings loaned Brockett to play first base, Austin third, and Wilson to pitch part of the game.

Brockett made the only run for the Macon outfit. He landed a choice one right on the nose and sent it to the limits of the ball yard. Before the ball could be relayed to the plate Brockett had scored.

Owner Farrell is expected in camp almost any day, and the boys want to be able to put up a good front when he arrives. There is considerable trouble just now over Donovan. Stallings wants to place him with Macon as host for the grounds next spring, and the third-sacker does not want to stay. Donovan has taken the matter seriously to heart, and does not even put on a uniform now. He does not practice with the Yankees and won't with the Macon outfit.

What can I do to help The Call? This is a question we are asked daily, and we always answer: Buy of Call advertisers.

REGULARS AND COLTS BREAK EVEN IN GAME

DALLAS, Tex., March 26.—After a rest of three days the Giants had a mixup among themselves yesterday and the contest between the regulars and the colts proved to be the hottest season that McGraw and his men have yet enjoyed. At the end of the ninth inning the score was a tie, each team having three runs and Mattawson, who was umpiring, called the game on account of supper.

Ames started off pitching for the regulars and under instructions from the manager he cut loose. His speed was something terrific and his curve worked perfectly. The colts who faced him were absolutely dazed by his speed and control. He struck out the first six men that faced him and in three innings only one fair ball was hit.

GOTCH RETAINS HIS TITLE.

KANSAS CITY, March 26.—Frank Gotch last night successfully defended the championship by winning in straight falls from Raoul de Rouen, the French champion, at Convention Hall before one of the largest crowds that ever witnessed a wrestling match in America.

A reverse Nelson after 34 minutes and 34 seconds of extremely rough work gave Gotch the first fall. The famous toe hold was responsible for the second fall, which was gained in 13 minutes flat. More than eighteen thousand people witnessed the match.

YOUNG CORBETT AND BERT KEYES DRAW

Ten furious rounds of milling were handed to the members of the Whirlwind Athletic Club last night by Young Corbett and Bert Keyes. Bert had things all his own way in the early rounds, but the chubby one from Denver came back strong after the fifth and had Keyes on the run all through the remainder of the bout. In the ninth Corbett landed his famous left hook, the blow that twice laid Terrible Terry low. flush on Bert's jaw, but Keyes only shook his head and came back for more. Again in the tenth Corbett landed the same blow in the same place, and while it staggered Bert, he refused to drop. It was simply a case of condition, and Bert was in the best of shape, while Corbett still had some of the fat aboard. Both boys landed hard and often enough to put away ordinary fighters, but these two boys are glutted for punishment and can take all that is handed out. The fight may be summarized by saying Bert Keyes and gameness were a good match for Young Corbett and oxygen. In the semi-final Joe Seiger, another New York, in six rounds. It was Seiger's fight all the way. In the preliminaries, Young Ghetto beat Young Murphy in four rounds. Dodo Maher put over the sleep producer in the first round of a scheduled four-round bout with Young Mullen and Packy Hummy beat Maxie London in four rounds.

LOCAL DIAMOND STARS

Semi-professional infielder wants position on a fast team in city or vicinity. A. Bates, 436 East 141st street.

Encoma F. C. would like to arrange games with teams averaging nine to eleven years on home grounds. Herman Katz, 163 St. Ann's avenue.

The Melrose A. C., eight to ten years, would like to hear from a pitcher and fielder. Call or write to A. Flamborg, 53 West 112th street.

Among the players the Continental A. C. has signed for this season are Just, Hunt, Simon, Evans, Millier, Mauley, Tuohs, Jacobs, De Rosa, De Malo Hammerschlag, Mitchell and H. Mandel.

The New York Hippodrome B. B. C. is anxious to arrange games for week day mornings and Sundays with united teams. Edward W. Fuller, New York Hippodrome, 43d street and Sixth avenue.

Two all-round players would like to join a fast semi-professional team as catcher and pitcher. Had a tryout with the Roanoke Club, of the Virginia League. Frank Plantadoso, 210 West 104th street.

Equah A. C., formerly Comet Ball Club, would like to hear from good athletes to join its organization. The club is interested in all athletics, such as baseball, boxing, running, etc. All those wishing to apply for membership may address D. Hofberg, 46 West 117th street, or apply Wednesday night at 8 o'clock Harlem Federation, 210 East 105th street.

Manager Egan, of the Powhatan, is desirous of hearing from Orange Valley and all teams played last season, as he is rapidly filling his schedule, and some of the more prominent clubs may be forced off the list. In regard to Orange Valley, would like to play them on a winner-take-all basis; that is, let the guarantee stand as a side bet, to be covered by Orange Valley, and the winner draw down the entire amount. John J. Egan, 1325 Franklin avenue, New York City.

RICHES THREATEN SEBRING.

Jimmy Sebring, the Williamsport outfielder, now with the Brooklyn Dodgers, may share in a fortune of \$70,000,000 which is now held by the United States Treasury. It is a portion of the French spoliation claims of over a century ago, due to the depredations of French war vessels upon American commerce. An ancestor of Sebring was in the shipping business as a member of the firm of Clarkson & Sebring. The firm was an extensive shipper of flour and other products from New York. Many of the firm's vessels were captured on the seas, and the firm was forced out of business. Sebring and other members of his family are now trying to prove their claim. The books of the old firm are being sought.

NO PRACTICE FOR DODGERS.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 26.—One short session was the best Manager Lumley could do for his Superbas yesterday. The grounds were inches deep with mud. Yesterday's work consisted mainly of throwing and batting the ball with frequent jogs around the field. All the players are in fairly good condition for their journey North, which starts Sunday night.

BIG ENTRY LIST FOR YONKERS MARATHON

Over one hundred young men with great faith in the prowess of their limbs and their wind will take part in the Marathon race to-morrow, which starts from Getty Square in Yonkers, and finishes at American League Park. The effect of the great success of the Italian, Dorando, on his fellow countrymen in Gotham is seen in the number of Italians entered in this race. No less than thirty-five swarthy sons of Italy will undertake the journey, and although none of them have yet attained fame in athletics, several of them are being backed to win the contest.

Next to the Italians, men of Celtic extraction are the most numerous among the entries, and this insures a racial struggle that will be interesting. The real favorites for the race are such men as Bob Fowler, of Boston; Fred Lorz, Harry Jensen and Ed White, who have made good in Marathon contests. Several hundred athletics, many of them star performers, will take part in the track and field meet, which will be the first outdoor games of the season.

COLLINS EASY WINNER IN THREE-MILE RUN.

Tom Collins, the great Irish-American distance runner, never had to extend himself last night to win the three-mile run at St. Ann's games at the 69th Regiment.

He gave a field of eight liberal handicaps and won as he pleased. Before half the distance was covered he was in front and from then until two laps from the finish he toyed with Charlie Muller and little Joe Malone, of the Mohawks, his most dangerous opponents.

During the leisurely way he traveled Collins covered the distance in the fast time of 14 minutes 59.2-5 seconds.

BOXERS FINED IN BOSTON.

BOSTON, March 26.—A court proceeding which may presage the end of public boxing in Massachusetts, according to local sporting men, was the fining of seven pugilists \$10 each by Judge Fallon, in the Municipal Court, in South Boston yesterday, on charges of assault and battery. The boxers are all local men, except Kid Beebe, of Philadelphia, and they participated in bouts at the Faneuil Hall Athletic Club, South Boston, on March 15. All appealed and they were held in \$200 each for the Grand Jury.

JEFFRIES WILL NOT MEET HIM.

BOSTON, Mass., March 26.—When shown the dispatch from Chicago stating that Jack Johnson, the negro fighter, was coming to Boston for a conference which had been arranged with Jim Jeffries, the white champion, and that such a time as I make up my mind whether or not I will fight him I have nothing to do with him. I have no business to discuss with him, and certainly I would not receive him socially.

MEDALS FOR THE ASKING.

The Mercury Athletic Club has decided to award silver medals to all runners who reached the Empire City track in their Marathon on last Thanksgiving Day. All runners who reached the track are requested to mail their names and addresses at once to August P. Hilder, secretary, Mercury Athletic Club, who will forward medals at once.

KELLY AND HOEY TO BOX.

Emergency Kelly and George Hoey will be the star attraction to-morrow night at the Terminal Athletic Club, 65th street and Third avenue, Brooklyn. The two boys have been training hard for this battle, which is scheduled to go ten rounds, and the winner will be matched to meet some of the stars now fighting before the local clubs.

CROSS-COUNTRY MEET.

The dual cross-country meet between Morris Evening High School and the Harlem Evening High School will take place on Sunday, April 4, at 2:30 P. M., from the Morris Evening High Club House, 162d street and Grant avenue. The distance is 4 1/2 miles over the Morris course, the first five men to count.

ADOLF GREENFELD, BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS. 201 Avenue A, bet. 12th and 13th Sts., New York. Boots and Shoes to Order. Samples at Half Prices. Best \$2.00 and \$2.50 shoes to be had in town.

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A select stock of English, German, French and Russian books always on hand.

BARGAIN LIST NO. 14.

Peter Kropotkin—Russian Literature. A book indispensable to all who would understand the real greatness of Russian literature. Here the readers have an opportunity to get in touch with the real spirit of that powerful school of writing that has exerted almost the greatest literary influence of our time. The book starts with the very beginnings in mythology and folklore, but devotes most space to accounts of important writers of recent generations. Kropotkin, himself one of the foremost thinkers of to-day, was personally acquainted with many of the great authors of his own time. He has quoted extensively from many untranslated Russian masterpieces in prose and poetry, and thus the volume adds immensely to its value as a history by the unique opportunity it offers to be familiar, at first hand, with the best that Russian writers have produced. 240 pages, large octavo volume, indexed. Cloth, new, published at \$2.00 net, for 75c. postage 15c. extra.



MIKE DONLIN. Manager McGraw Has Given Up Hope of the Staggering Outfielder Playing Earlier Than Mid-Summer.

HAYES WELL LIKED FOR BIG MARATHON

Although Johnny Hayes has twice been defeated by Dorando since the plucky little American carried off the honors in the Marathon race at the Olympic games in London last summer it is a surprising thing, but nevertheless the fact, that he is going to be one of the first choices when he faces the starter in the \$10,000 Marathon Derby which will be run at the Polo Grounds on Saturday afternoon, April 3.

Experts at the game of long distance running attribute Hayes' two defeats at Madison Square Garden to the fact that he is not and never was a star at the indoor game and also that he never showed at his best in match races. When placed outdoors and in a field of runners where the pace makers were liable, nine times out of ten, to go out and kill themselves off, Hayes' excellent judgment of pace and gameness have stood him in good stead. The tickets for the reserved seats for the race were placed on sale this morning at twenty-five different spots throughout the city, including Madison Square Garden, McGraws billiard parlor, Spaulding's uptown and downtown stores, Hotel Metropole and every prominent hotel and sporting resort.

FLORIDA TORNADO KILLS THREE

TAMPA, Fla., March 26.—A tornado at Kathleen, a small town forty miles from Tampa, yesterday killed three persons, wounded many others and blew down fifteen buildings.

ROBBERS HOLD UP PULLMAN.

DENVER, Col., March 26.—Two highwaymen entered a sleeping car in the Denver Rio Grande yards at West Denver yesterday, "held up" six of the seven passengers, the conductor and porter and got away with about \$400 in cash. The only woman passenger, Mrs. N. R. Hussey, of Booth Bay Harbor, Me., was not molested.

Don't think for a moment that you cannot do anything for The Call. There is work for all.

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Tel. 1728 Orchard. I. KRAUS. Banners, Badges and Regalia. All goods strictly Union Made. 125 CLINTON ST., NEW YORK. Branch: 2306 Third Ave., bet. 180th and 181st Sts., Tel. 2471 Harlem.

HUXLEY'S LECTURES AND ESSAYS. On Genesis, Darwin's "Origin of Species," Evidence as to Man's Place in Nature, The Study of Zoology, Coral Reefs, The Circulation of the Blood, etc. A beautiful imported edition, all lavishly illustrated with many fine plates. No discount to bookstores on this book. CHARLES W. KEEFE & COMPANY, 135 East 42nd Street, Chicago.

BROOKLYN ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHAS. GOMER'S SONS ESTABLISHED 1850. CLOTHIERS, MERCHANT TAILORS. 661-663 BROADWAY.

SOUTH BROOKLYN ADVERTISEMENTS. A FULL LINE OF SPRING STYLES IN HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS AT MAX LEIBOWITZ, 1653 Pitkin Ave., bet. Chester & Bristol, Brownsville.

United States Shoe & Leather Co. Men's Shoes. Advance Sale of Low Cut Shoes—all the new Spring styles and leathers, Special March Prices. \$5.00 values, \$2.95. \$4.00 values, \$2.65. On sale in all our stores: Corner Sixth ave. and 12th st., 1933 Broadway, between 64th and 65th sts., Manhattan; 243 and 245 Washington st., Brooklyn, between Concord and Tillary sts.

Workingmen's Co-Operative Publishing Association, Publishers "THE NEW YORK EVENING CALL." An adjourned meeting of the Workingmen's Co-Operative Publishing Association will be held on FRIDAY, MARCH 26, 8 P. M. at Pearl Hall, 475 Pearl St., Manhattan to transact the business left unfinished from the last regular meeting of the Association. As the business is of considerable importance, every member is requested to attend. Members are further requested to do all they can for the Fair. Collect prizes, sell tickets and volunteer on committees at the Fair. By order of the Board of Management. W. W. PASSAGE, President. J. GERBER, Secretary.

Grand Carnival, Exposition and Fair. ARRANGED BY THE NEW YORK AND BROOKLYN CALL CONFERENCES. FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CALL A NEWSPAPER FOR THE WORKERS. BEGINNING ON Saturday, April 3d, 3 P. M., until Sunday, April 11th, AT GRAND CENTRAL PALACE, Lexington Avenue, between 43d and 44th Streets. There will be booths loaded down with articles for all, with a thousand dainty things, the handwork of femininity. The Russian Tea Booth, Candy, Soda Water, Ice Cream, and the Restaurant. The Museum and Freak Show, A-Ge-Sea, the mechanical chess player, Art and Picture Exhibition, Lincoln's Cabin, Mrs. Wiggs' Cabbage Patch, Literature Booth, besides the regular business exhibition. VAUDEVILLE SHOW every evening and Saturday afternoon, under the personal supervision of Mr. Leighton Baker, Theatrical Manager. TICKETS, 15 CENTS EACH

BOARD OF EDUCATION OPPOSES PROPOSED CITY CHARTER REVISION

The Board of Education met Wednesday and expressed its opinion concerning the proposed amendments to the city charter that would reduce the number of the board from forty-six to fifteen.

BRITISH RULE IN INDIA.

When the history of the governing classes of our country comes to be impartially written, a few generations hence, we firmly believe the judgment of posterity will be that a viler set of ruffians never degraded the records of mankind.

NEW USE FOR OIL.

Another use for oil, practically an entirely new method of the employment of oil, is the use made of it by stock raisers.

POSTAL RATES.

You can now send a package weighing eleven pounds or less by mail from Utica to any postoffice in France, Japan, Sweden or Denmark at a postage rate of 12 cents a pound.

CREMATON IN ENGLAND.

Consul General Robert J. Wynne, of London, states that the Cremation Society of England reports the number of cremations in Great Britain during 1920 aggregated 725 and exceeded the record of any previous year.

BALAAH'S TRUSTY SWORD.

A young student, showing the message of Oxford to a party, produced a rusty sword, which he assured them was the identical sword with which Balaam was about to kill his ass.

GEMS FROM ROBERT A. INGERSOLL.

Baptism with plenty of soap is a good thing. Honor cannot be received as alms—it must be earned. It is the brow that makes the wreath of glory green.

burned me at the stake. Liberty is making a tour of the world. The superior man is one who uses his superiority in bettering the condition of the inferior.

In the world of fact science is legal tender. Assertions and miracles are base and spurious coin. We have a right to refuse even the justice of a god.

I believe in the religion of the body—of physical development in the physical exercises—the beauty, the cheerfulness, good health, good food, good clothes, comradeship, generosity, and above all, in happiness.

Find what a man enjoys—what he laughs at—what he calls diversion, and you know what he is. Think of a man who calls himself civilized, who is in raptures at a bull fight—

FOREIGN JOTTINGS.

Important oil developments have occurred in the remote parts of Athabasca and Peace River, Canada. The latest search has been made by men from the oil fields of West Virginia.

In February for the first time in many months the Canadian customs receipts showed increase. The total was \$4,112,645, a gain of \$24,000. For the eleven months ended February the decrease was \$10,899,955.

The Canadian government has decided to raise the French steamship subsidy from \$75,000 to \$200,000 a year.

On January 1 Canada was sheltering 23,258 Orientals, including 12,239 Chinese, 15,484 Japanese and 5,171 Indians. Canada has made British subjects of 7,442 Orientals.

The labor unions and unemployed of New Zealand are protesting against assisted immigration. Yokohama's foreign population at the end of 1920 was 6,400, including 3,789 Chinese, 1,221 British, 347 Americans, 291 Germans and 100 French.

There is said to be a shortage of school teachers in the Canadian provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan. Each will want 150 more after midsummer.

For railway extensions the Portuguese government has borrowed \$4,500,000 from bankers in Lisbon. Diamonds have recently been discovered in German Southwest Africa. Treasure seekers are rushing there.

London has 98,926 outstanding licenses for drivers of motor cars and motorcycles. During the coming financial year (July 1 to June 30) London will expend \$19,890,825 for elementary and \$4,729,610 for higher education, a total of \$24,720,435.

In the last eleven years, according to official returns, the city of Leeds, England, has received a profit of \$5,505,000 from its municipally owned tramways, waterworks, gas works and electric light plant.

The Japanese Diet has fixed five years as the period during which shipping subsidies shall be effective. The routes to be subsidized are those to Europe, North and South America and Australia.

Shipping in Rotterdam decreased 1,200,000 tons last year, in Hamburg 364,000 tons and in Antwerp 427,000 tons.

STRAUSS AN ACADEMICIAN.

When the Reichsanzeiger announced recently the fact that Richard Strauss, composer of "Salome" and "Elektra," had been elected a member of the academy, a neighboring journal's only comment was: "Endlich!" ("At last!")

A CURIOUS OATH.

What is regarded as the quaintest oath still in use is that taken by the High Court Judges in the Isle of Man, the terms of which are as follows: "By this book and the contents thereof, and by the wonderful works that God hath miraculously wrought in the heaven above and the earth beneath in six days and six nights, I do swear that I will, without respect of favor or friendship, loss or gain, consanguinity or affinity, envy or malice, execute the laws of this Isle, between party and party as indifferently as the herring backbone doth lie in the midst of the fish. So help me God and the contents of this book."

GOOD FOR LAND OR WATER.

The Providence Police Department has added to its equipment a lifeboat with wheels and runners, so that, winter or summer, it can be rolled to the police station where it is housed, hitched to the rear of a patrol wagon and quickly drawn to a place of launching.

ROLLER SKATING VS. BOOZE.

London, where roller skating has for months been a craze, may not know it, but the sport is an aid to temperance. This is the testimony of the chief of police of Wausau, Wis., who declares that gliding about in rollers has developed into an effective anti-alcohol campaign.

CREMATON IN GERMANY.

In 1908 the total number of bodies disposed of by cremation in Germany was, the British Medical Journal says, 4,050, as against 2,977 in 1907, showing an increase of 1,073, or 36 per cent. Among those whose bodies were cremated were 1,474 women. The classification according to religious creeds gives some interesting results.

WASN'T TAKING CHANCES.

Advertisement for Pearlless Optical Co., featuring an illustration of a man and a woman, and text describing eye examinations and contact lenses.

CALL FAIR NEWS

All organizations and individuals who hold tickets for the Call Fair are requested to send moneys to the treasurer, Miss Florence Margolies, 442 Pearl street.

The Grand Central Palace is hungry for more presents from the wives and sisters and daughters of the members of the movement, from sympathizers, and from the proletarian workingwomen themselves.

In Brooklyn we have established the following depots to bring your presents to: Mrs. George Marr, 842 Madison avenue; Dr. Rolwick, 18 Varet street; Mrs. Emma Schier, 769 Hart street; Mrs. Margaret Grombach, 1116 Hancock street; Mrs. G. Nauman, 294 Harmon street; B. C. Hammond, 1199 Flatbush avenue; Henry Weiss, 133 Starr street; I. Muller, 19 15th street; Louis Schmid, 112 George street, Evergreen; A. Urban, room 12, Labor Lyceum.

At last night's meeting of the New York Call Conference about 150 delegates were present, Jacob Hillquit acting as chairman. The minutes of the last meeting were found correct and several new delegates seated. A new set of by-laws to govern the conference were accepted temporarily, to be voted upon after the Fair, but the permanent officers for the next three months were elected: For president and vice-president, Silas M. White and Arthur English, respectively, both of the Stereotypers' Union, No. 1; for secretary, William Rohn, of Upholsters' Union No. 44, and for treasurer, Miss Florence Margolies.

There will be no meeting of the Brooklyn Call Conference this week, in order to give everybody a good week's chance to turn out and bring in more presents. The next meeting will be held Friday, April 2, at the Labor Lyceum.

The next meeting of the New York Conference will be held Wednesday, March 31, at the Labor Temple.

All comrades desiring to be of assistance at the Fair will please attend the meetings of the New York and Brooklyn Conferences, or report during the Fair at the manager's office in Grand Central Palace.

Fair Manager's Office, 442 Pearl Street.

A LUCKY FARMER, HE.

Of all the farms in the world perhaps the most remarkable is in Alaska on a small branch of the Tanana River only 126 miles south of the Arctic circle. It is owned and operated by a man named Karshner.

A few years ago Mr. Karshner was engaged in hunting gold when he came across a little stream of hot water. He traced the stream to a spring, which was likewise hot, and presently it became obvious that a considerable area was underlaid by such springs.

Promptly deciding that this was a discovery more valuable than a gold mine, Mr. Karshner gave up prospecting, obtained a quantity of vegetable seeds of various kinds and started in to raise garden truck, reports the Milwaukee Sentinel.

The natural system of hot water heating, free of cost, was just the thing for truck gardening near the Arctic circle, where potatoes have a market value of 25 cents and other vegetables bring prices in proportion.

This hot water farmer has seventy hens and six pigs. He claims that his crop of potatoes this year will average over 300 bushels to the acre.

MORE LAND THAN WATER ON MARS.

Mountainless Mars has inspired the pen of Prof. Percival Lowell, who declares that a Martian landscape would seem to us remarkably tame, says John A. Howland in Worker's Magazine, and that the scenery would be chiefly notable for the lack of everything that with us goes to make it up.

That which relates Mars to the earth in one sense is the distribution of land and sea; but while our earth has more sea than land, Mars, on the contrary, shows more land than sea. Originally possessing its own share of water, the fluid constituents have been so far absorbed, and this fact indicates another point of great importance, that is, Mars has proceeded further inward in that pathway of planetary evolution, which, beginning in a nebulous mass, ends in a dead moon.

Cooling down to become the abode of life. Prof. Lowell decides firmly on the presence on Mars of vegetable life, and, because Mars possesses water and an atmosphere, we find it provided with two of the essential conditions for the development and maintenance of vitality.

The mind naturally turns further afield to the question of the existence on Mars of animal life, and, moreover, to that of the possible development on the planet of intelligent beings. Dr. Lowell argues that if the polar ice caps of Mars have to be tapped to revivify its arid wastes such action must postulate intelligence with the primal motive of self-preservation for an incentive. This view hinges naturally on the assumption that the Martian canals are the work of intelligent beings, who constructed them to save the planet from desiccation.

A part of the money you spend with Call advertisers goes back to your paper in payment for advertising.

Advertisement for E. SACHS, featuring an illustration of a man and a woman, and text describing clothing on credit and special notices.

Advertisement for S. N. Wood & Co. Men's Clothing, Sold Direct to the Wearer at Wholesale Prices, 84 to 90 Fifth Avenue, Corner 14th St.

Advertisement for Buy Your Suit of the Manufacturer and save from \$5 to \$15 on every Suit.

Advertisement for MARCUS BROTHERS SILKS, DRESS GOODS, TRIMMINGS AND ROBES, E. HOUSTON STREET, Cor. Ridge, FIFTH AVENUE, Cor. 112th St.

Advertisement for THE DARK ROOM IS PASSING, No change is more noticeable in photographic methods of late years than the passing of the dark room.

Advertisement for WILSHIRE BOOK CO., 200 William St., New York.

Advertisement for Oh! That Pain in My Chest, This saying is familiar to us at the time of the year. It is due to the fact that the mucous membrane of the chest and lungs is much inflamed and swollen.

Advertisement for BOSTON ADVERTISEMENTS, ATKINS' UNION HATS, 4 TREMONT ST., near Scollay Sq.

Advertisement for MEETING HALLS, LABOR TEMPLE, 242-247 E. 24th St., New York.

Advertisement for A. R. LOPEZ & BROS., Manufacturer of Advertising Novelties, Badges, Souvenirs and Celluloid Buttons, 3 School St., Boston, Mass.

Advertisement for CLINTON HALL, 161-163 Clinton Street, Large and small meeting rooms from May 1st.



**THE CAUSE OF HARD TIMES.**

The working class of the United States cannot expect any remedy for its wrongs from the present ruling class or from the dominant parties. So long as a small number of individuals are permitted to control the sources of the nation's wealth for their private profit in competition with each other and for the exploitation of their fellowmen, industrial depressions are bound to occur at certain intervals. —From the Socialist Platform.

**THE NEW YORK EVENING CALL**  
A NEWSPAPER FOR THE WORKERS

**THE SOCIALIST PARTY.**

National Secretary, J. Mahlon Barnes, 180 Washington street, Chicago. New York State Secretary, U. Solomon, 239 East 8th street, New York.  
You who have voted the Socialist ticket, the next thing you do is to join the Socialist party organization. Every Socialist should be a member of the party and do his full share the year round to carry on its work and direct its policy.

FRIDAY, MARCH 26, 1909.

**THE CALL**  
A NEWSPAPER FOR THE WORKERS

This newspaper is owned and published by the Workingmen's Co-operative Publishing Association, a New York corporation. Published daily except Sunday. Office and place of business, 442 Pearl street, New York. W. W. Passare, president; Frank M. Hill, treasurer; Julius Gerber, secretary.

All complaints in regard to the editorial or business management of The Call should be addressed to the Board of Management, Workingmen's Co-operative Publishing Association, J. Gerber, Secretary, 442 Pearl street.

Office of Publication, 442 Pearl street, New York.  
Telephone 2271 Worth.

Boston Office: 239 Washington street.

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ONE YEAR.....\$3.00 THREE MONTHS.....\$ .75  
SIX MONTHS.....1.50 ONE MONTH......25  
Make all remittances payable to The Evening Call.

Entered at the New York Post Office as second-class mail matter.

**WHAT 7,677,544 VOTED FOR.**

Hardly a day has passed since Mr. Taft's inauguration as President without bringing word of a wage reduction for some considerable body of workmen. During these three weeks many thousands, especially in the iron and steel trades, have suffered cuts of from five to fifteen per cent., and there is every reason to expect the paring-down process to go on for yet other thousands.

Meanwhile, the army of the unemployed is not reduced. In every trade and industry, and in every part of the country, large numbers of men are being forced by positive want to beg for employment at any wage that will enable them barely to keep body and soul together.

This is what the Republican party of great capitalism, dominant at Washington, stands for. And the Democratic party—the party of small capitalists, Southern planters and Northern corruptionists—with its minority in the Senate and the House, has not a word to say nor an action to suggest for the relief of the working class.

**A SMALL REQUEST.**

It is surely a modest request that the Subscription Manager of The Evening Call makes, when he asks the readers and friends of the paper outside of New York County to assure us ten thousand new subscribers between now and the end of May, when the paper will celebrate its first birthday. With the number of readers we already have, and the satisfaction they express with what the paper has already achieved and the hope they cherish for its still greater achievements in the future; with the thousands of organized party members in these Eastern states, hundreds of thousands of Socialist voters and sympathizers who are not yet members of the party organization—with these forces to do the hustling, and with the vast number of working people and thinking people to be canvassed, the request for ten thousand additional subscriptions to be brought in within ten weeks would seem almost ridiculously small.

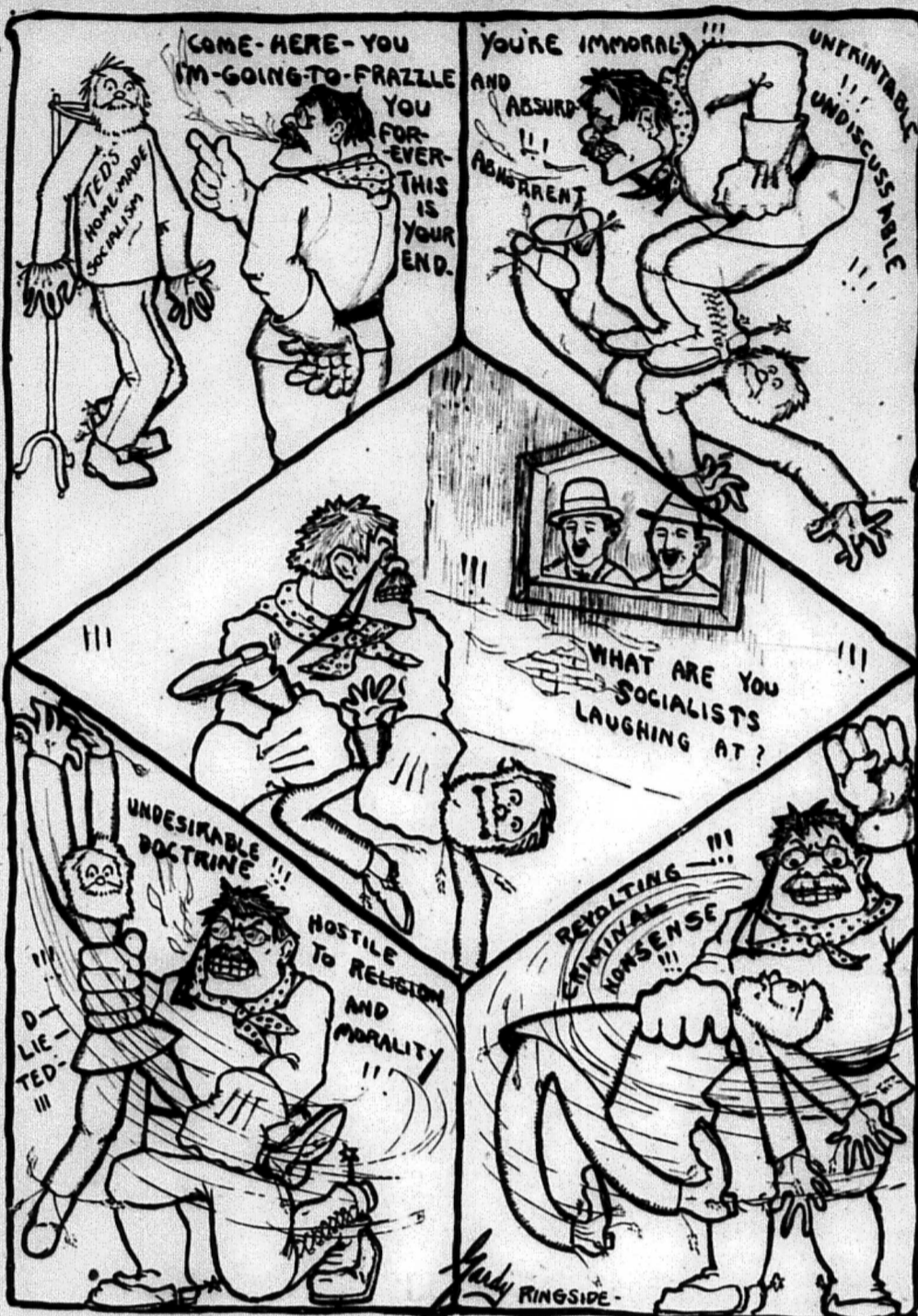
And yet, let it be well understood, the accomplishment of even that modest proposal would mean practically the solution of the financial difficulties which have engrossed the attention of the business office and handicapped the paper in all directions from the beginning. Ten thousand more regular subscriptions would, by themselves, furnish an additional income which would reduce the weekly deficit to a figure which could very easily be covered. But they would do more than that. Ten thousand additional out-of-town readers would give the paper a basis for a general advertising patronage at prices which would cover the remaining deficit. The business office and the editorial office would then be in a position where they could devote their energies to still further building up the circulation, local and general; to enlarging the paper; to adding new features which would make it of more general interest and greater usefulness to its readers, and in every way to improving it and extending its field of service, instead of having to grapple every week and every day with getting the paper out with insufficient means and gathering up enough money to pay pressing bills and make it possible for the paper to come out for another week.

The publication of a newspaper, and especially the publication of an honest workingman's newspaper, is one of those things which can more easily be done on a large scale than on a small one. The expenses do not increase in proportion to the size of the paper, nor in proportion to the size of its circulation. The larger and better the paper and the more extensive its circulation, the more does its income grow in proportion to its cost of publication. With the present size of The Call and its present circulation, it is barely possible for it to struggle on from day to day and from week to week. With even the addition of ten thousand to its present mail circulation, and the steady though slow growth of its local circulation, and with the improvement of the paper in size and quality, which cannot be effected without that larger circulation, but which will inevitably follow the increase of its circulation income, but which cannot possibly be effected without such an increase, The Call will not have to struggle for mere existence every week, but will be assured of continued life and growing success.

Readers and friends of The Call outside these boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx, will you not see to it that the Subscription Manager's modest request is granted, and more than granted? Will you not add those ten thousand to the subscription list, not by the end of May, but even before the beginning of the twelfth month of the paper's life? Every one of you can do something to this end. Every dollar sent in for a four months' subscription to The Call is just as good in this office as a dollar donated outright, and it will carry the paper for more than a hundred days to a household where the paper is needed. Roll in the subscriptions, so that appeals for the Sustaining Fund may soon become a thing of the past.

The coal miners' naive hope that a commission appointed by President Taft will satisfactorily "arbitrate" the questions at issue between them and the mine owners reminds us of the story of the couple who disagreed as to whether the parlor should be furnished in red or in blue. He wanted red and she wanted blue. According to his own report, they "compromised on blue."

Governor Hughes has come to the conclusion, after much prayerful deliberation, that District Attorney Jerome has not been proved guilty of gross and willful neglect to perform the most important duties of his office. This decision will save Mr. Jerome from removal. But it will hardly restore the confidence of the men who took him at his word seven years ago when he talked of "following the trail" even if it led into the private offices of the Metropolitan.



**IT IS TO LAUGH.**

**STILL WE WELCOME REBELS.**

The decision of the Department of State that Christian Rudowitz shall not be returned to Russia in a triumph for a body of selfish lovers of liberty who are entitled to the thanks of the entire nation for their fine devotion to the ideals on which the nation is founded.

Jan Pouden and Christian Rudowitz are Russian peasants who enlisted in the revolutionary movement in their province a few years ago, and when it failed escaped to the United States. They were obscure until the Russian government, having crushed the rebellion by shocking cruelties, stretched across the sea the long arm of its secret police, located the men and asked us to send them back as criminals.

It is claimed that they were guilty of arson, burglary and murder. They may have burned buildings, broken into rooms and assisted in killing their enemies. Carl Schurz, Louis Kossuth, Robert E. Lee, Garibaldi and George Washington, while engaged in rebellions against their governments, may have done, personally or by command, the same things. Probably they did.

But this country is founded on the divine right of rebellion. It has always refused to return to their governments men guilty of political crimes only. It has sheltered refugees from Germany, Poland, Italy, Hungary, Ireland and every South American nation from which rebels have fled to us. To have departed from this rule in the case of these Lettish fugitives would have been a national disgrace.

But this great wrong was about to be perpetrated. Jan Pouden, whose case is still pending, but who will in all probability be set free under the same rule that liberated Rudowitz, was already sentenced to extradition by the commissioner in New York before he was tried, when friends of liberty carried his case to the President and a new hearing was ordered. We cannot afford to shelter criminals, nor protect malefactors. The horrors of Russia's torture system have doubtless made a situation where a burden of proof is strongly on her when she asks for extradition; but to all nations we should offer the aid in protecting society from crime which we ask from them. To the credit of the Administration at Washington and the Political Refugees' Defense Associations of New York, Chicago and elsewhere, we still say unto the oppressed of all the world: "Take up arms against tyranny if you will; and when the other doors are closed to you, that of the great republic of the West stands wide open, as in the time of Kosciuszko, Sigel and Schurz." —L. Follette's Magazine.

**LETTERS TO THE EDITOR**

**"REFERENDUM A"**

The letter by William E. White as printed in Tuesday's Call favoring the adoption of "Referendum A" is too dangerous to be passed without further comment. It might influence some votes. But "Referendum A" must be defeated.

The sum of Comrade White's argument seems to be that the executive committee is too inefficient to perform the duties now assigned to it and therefore we should give it some more duties. The Socialist party is a loose association of individuals who are under no constraint, except possible expulsion, to carry out the advice and instruction of the leaders. Its purpose is to conduct a campaign of serious and difficult education in a field where the very suggestion of education is scoffed at—in a field where men and women struggling fiercely for a bare subsistence, have no time to think. Such an association should have thoroughly experienced and educated leaders, men who have passed years in studying and thinking and who, clearly seeing things as they are and point out the remedies and best methods of propaganda.

If such men are not found, we shall fail. If such men are found, and I believe this to be the case, their time is extremely valuable. They should be given every opportunity to think, write and work. To ask them to do the clerical work in the national office is utterly absurd. Whether or not a man is a typewriter I cannot say, but any organization that asks such men as Victor Berger, Robert Hunter and the other members of the executive committee to operate the typewriters, wash the ink-wells, file the papers, run messages, etc., would make a fine exhibit for the freak museum of The Call Fair.

There always seems to be a tendency to vote favorably on any measure that would institute a radical change. This is an ever present danger to any free democracy and especially to our party, a party of radicals. We must get busy and show the defects, the awful defects, in this proposed amendment. Comrades, if we are to maintain our dignity as an organization of rational men and women—"Referendum A" must be defeated.

R. B. STRINGHAM.  
New York, March 23.

**APPROACHING COMPETITION.**

Jacob Klein, in his pamphlet, "The Situation at Present" (page 22), points out that the workmen of this country may have to come down to the conditions of the workmen in countries where labor can be got cheapest, such as Russia and China. This seems like a wild flight of fancy, until one sees the following in the Newark Sunday Call of March 21 (part 3, page 11), in an article on Japan, copyrighted by Frank G. Carpenter. He says: "Altogether, since its organization, the Kawasaki Company has built more than three hundred vessels of different kinds. Its works have had in their employ during the last year, on the average, between nine thousand and ten thousand men. The company has a capital of \$5,000,000, and it pays dividends of 12 per cent. The 10,000 employees are paid from 12 cents to \$1.25 a day, the average wage being about 40 cents, or not more than

**QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS**

J. B. and W. F. K.—The vote of the Socialist party in the presidential election of 1908 was 423,696.

J. A.—The total vote of the Socialist Labor party in 1904 was 33,460; in 1908 it was 14,021.

G. B. L. A.—Arthur Brisbane is a son of Albert Brisbane, who was the great exponent of Fourierism in this country.

Joseph R.—Counting from one, two, three, etc., at the rate of one hundred a minute, and for nine hours per day, it would take a person about fifty years to count one billion.

Louis S.—The best books for you to read on force, matter, cause and effect, or the laws of nature are: Karl Pearson's "Grammar of Science" and Herbert Spencer's "First Principles." You will find Mrs. Buckley's "Short History of Natural Science" a very good introduction to the subject.

**RALLYING SONG.**

By JOYCE KILMER.

(Tune: "Bonnie Dundee.")  
There's a break in the clouds, there's a fair crimson gleam  
That's waking the poor from their doleful dream  
Ye blood-stained slave-holders, our masters, beware!  
It's time ye be scurrying home to your lair!

Chorus—  
Come, hurry them out! come, on with the chase!  
Come, leave to the tyrants no loitering place!  
The red flag is flying, and after the strife  
Come peace and contentment and leisure and life!

Now, comrades, the Day we have longed for is near;  
Come out from your hovels and join in the cheer;  
Let each man stand firm for the cause of us all.  
The flag of the Workingman never shall fall.

Chorus—  
Come, hurry them out! come, on with the chase!  
Come, leave to the tyrants no loitering place!  
The red flag is flying, and after the strife  
Come peace and contentment and leisure and life!

one-sixth that of our men. For these wages the Japanese mechanics are doing all the work that you will see done in such shipyards as Cramp's, or in our big naval gun factory in Washington.

Low wages and high dividends attract capital. If ships can be built and sold cheaper in Japan than in other countries, can shipbuilding plants in other countries long maintain their present wage scales? If shipbuilding is successful in Japan, is it the only industry which will be successful there?  
Maybe Mr. Klein's flights of fancy are not so wild as some people imagine.  
G. M. HOYT.  
South Orange, N. J., March 22.

**THE MENACE OF MILITARISM**

By William Salisbury.

AUTHOR OF "THE CAREER OF A JOURNALIST."

Is it not time that something was said about the menace of militarism? We may soon expect a bill in Congress increasing the standing army, since President Taft devoted so large a space in his inaugural address to a plea for a greater army and a greater navy. The seemingly casual references to the possibility of a war with Japan that are occasionally heard in high places will help along the cause.

The strongest opposition should be aroused and pressure brought to bear on Congress from every direction. William the Fat should be made at least to scratch his bald spot in perplexity before his military schemes get far along. The new President bald? Yes, although his photographs don't show it. He has a good fringe of hair in front. But as I sat in the Senate press gallery and looked down upon him at his inauguration I saw on the crown of his head a space large enough for a sign painter to inscribe on it in fairly big letters, "God knows."

Increased salaries for army and navy officers, to make a military career more attractive to young men of "good families," are a part of the general plan of militarism. The glittering pageantry that was seen on inauguration day will probably be repeated on official occasions whenever seemly, that the country's martial spirit may be aroused. There was a greater military display that day than ever before marked the incoming of an American President, and regular army soldiers and marines from the around-the-world battle fleet led all the rest.

Many state troops were there, too, and perhaps more Governors and their staffs than had attended any previous inauguration. Most of these gubernatorial staff officers, however, will probably have little to do with bringing on a reign of militarism. They are too funny. Astride fiery chargers, which in everyday life are

world's greatest authority on law and government, who composed a standing army with a slave system. As slaves do not care whether other people have liberty while they themselves must remain in bonds, so regular soldiers, who are a kind of army rebel when ordered to repress riots of free men.

Arguing along the same line, writers for trust-controlled publications, such as Mr. Morgan's Sun and Harper's Weekly, Mr. Ryan's Times, Mr. Perkins' Evening Mail, and I know not whose Globe and Evening Post, are employed in a species of serfdom, and are therefore not so much concerned about the consequences to others of the work they do. Since they themselves have no liberty of conscience, they probably care little as to whether anybody else enjoys such a boon.

I have been both a volunteer soldier and a writer for trust-controlled newspapers, and I know that both capacities I was in a kind of slavery. Though not a regular soldier, I could appreciate from my own a year's experiences what a regular soldier's life must be. The fact that just before the Spanish war ended, when I had become a sergeant, I received a letter from Governor Stephens, of Missouri, telling me that



WILLIAM THE FAT.  
On the crown of his head a space large enough for a sign.

intended to commission me a lieutenant does not make me think that I was mustered out. I was one of the whole scheme of war, just as any lover of real liberty, with a man worth having, must sicken of militarism and all its trappings when he reads half as much about it as I do.

The people should be taught not only the horrors of war and the blessings of peace, but to know what kind of men and deeds are most worthy of admiration. They should be taught that the really great men are often found not in the field of battle, nor even in a legislative hall, but in the laboratory, the study and the studio. They should learn what Buckle and well-to-do teachers, that all great political reforms have their beginning in the brains of thinkers rather than among legislators, who, as a rule, simply have to yield to pressure from an aroused public conscience in making needed laws. A Field, an Edison, a Marconi, a Darwin, a Newton or a Poe, an Emerson, a Dickens, a Hugo, or a Raphael, a Millet, Corot, or Rubens has each done far more to advance the human race than all the noisy statesmen of the past 2,000 years.

**MAN'S KINSHIP TO NATURE.**

Man is Nature's last and most perfect work, but, however high his development or great his achievements, he is yet a child of the earth and the rude forces that have formed all the life that exists thereon. He cannot separate himself from the environment that gave him birth, and a thousand ties of nature bind him back to the long forgotten past and prove his kinship to all the lower forms of life that have sprung from the great universal mother, Earth.—Clarence Darrow.

**HOT OFF THE BAT.**

Spring!  
Not yet, but soon.  
Get in line for The Call Fair.

If Darkest Africa doesn't get enlightened now, its case is hopeless.  
Smoking in the subway has been stopped, and you can now inhale disease bacilli free from that disagreeable odor of cabbage.

The French strike has ended and both sides are doubtless pleased that it was no longer. Now that it is over it is hard to see what the strikers gained by losing a week's pay.—New York World.

One thing they gained was an illuminating idea of how the capitalist press loves the cause of labor. A kick ought to be as good as a hint, even over here in the land of the free.

With the social leaders of the Four Hundred making open war on the Suffragists and Roosevelt tackling the Socialists, it begins to look as though the hydrophobia season has arrived ahead of time.

The law of the state regarding murder makes no distinctions between the sexes. The law should be impartially enforced.—Governor Hughes.

Which simply shows that the state would rather murder a woman than give her a vote.



THE SPIRIT OF MILITARISM.

worn-out hack horses, they with difficulty maintained their seats. Afoot, they could hardly walk half a block without tangling their legs up in their own swords.

Military training is the last thing thought of in the appointment of staff officers by Governors. Such appointments are but petty bubbles handed out to men with small minds and large pocketbooks. Thus are paid political debts that the more important party workers would scorn to take. Commercial persons with low brow and high social aims, partisan newspaper owners who have excused graft in high places, and the lesser aids generally of machine politics are rewarded in this way.

But real militarism has begun to show its teeth. The navy has been doubled in a decade. And we now have a standing army of 66,000, where we had but 25,000 before the Spanish war. As the law stands, this force cannot be increased beyond 100,000. Where should the limit be placed, if this is not enough? Great Britain's peace footing, with her widely scattered colonies to govern, and with the constant danger of attacks from nearby foes, is but 235,000. We are not menaced by enemies of any comparative strength on the north or on the south. On the east and west our shores are washed by the greatest of oceans.

At the height of Rome's power some thirty legions, or about 360,000 men, kept the whole world in subjection. Great Britain lay supreme under Cromwell with 50,000 men at his command. Generations passed away, and the country's spirit of conquest had been aroused by many foreign wars before the British Parliament would again permit a standing army nearly as large as that. And these are the days of machine guns, and rapid-fire, self-loading rifles, when fewer and fewer soldiers are needed to keep larger and larger numbers of undisciplined foes in control. It was Blackstone, probably the