HE SOCIALIST PARTY

OFFICIAL BULLETIN

Issued Monthly by the National Committee at the National Headquarters, 269 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

Volume III

CHICAGO, JANUARY, 1907

Number 1

NANCIAL REPORT FOR MONTH OF JAN-**UARY, 1907**

National Headquarters Socialist Party. Chicago, Ill., Jan. 31, 1907. RECEIPTS.

Nationa	1	d	u	e	s	f	r	0	n	1	5	51	a	ıt	e	C	ì)1	mr	ni	ttees:
Alabama							*	*										•	.\$		5.00
Arizona												•									15.00
Arkansas			¥						٠				•								15.00
California																					90.00
Colorado													•								24.00

Alkandas	13.0
California'	90.0
Colorado	24.0
Connecticut	20.0
Idaho	16.0
Illinois	149.0
Indiana	40.0
Iowa	25.0
Kansas	35.0
Kentucky	8.0
Louisiana	5.0
Maine	20.0
Massachusetts	73.0

Kansas	35.0
Kentucky	8.00
Louisiana	5.00
Maine	20.0
Massachusetts	73.0
Michigan	38.4
Minnesota	43.7
Missouri	80.00
Montana	31.3
New Hampshire	5.0
New York	150.00
Ohio	107.0
Oklahoma	75.0
Oregon	50.0
Pennsylvania	153.6. 7.0
Rhode Island	10.0
Tennessee	5.0
Tevas	396

west virginia				10.0
Wisconsin				100.4
Wyoming				15.0
			\$1	,529.1
Unorganized States	:			
Washington, D. C			.\$	6.0
Georgia				5.0
Maryland				4.7
Mississippi				2.1
Nevada				31.0
New Mexico				6.2
North Carolina				3.0
Virginia				1.1
Members at large				3.7

	AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.
Total for dues	\$1.591.95
Supplies	\$ 91.00
Literature	
Buttons,	18.87
W. F. Miners' Defense Fund	
National Campaign Fund	
Russian S. D. L. P. Fund	
One-Day Wage Fund	
Miscellaneous	
Total receipts	\$5,943.49
EXPENDITURES.	

Total receipts	,,,,,,,,,
EXPENDITURES.	
Exchange\$	2.6
General expense	2.0
Express and freight	18.9
Postage	107.2
Telegrams	6.2

Wages—	
J. Mahlon Barnes\$	
W. W. Rihl	72.00
Chas. Drees	36.00
F. H. Slick	72.00
E. L. Baldwin	56.00
M. Flaherty	
Wm. Wilen	36.00
	\$ 454.9
Printing Bulletin on accou	1210

M. Flaherty 44.00 Wm. Wilen 36.00	
Printing Bulletin on account\$ Printing literature and supplies Literature	454.90 131.00 250.00 132.12
Speakers-	

Speakers-	
May Beals\$50.00	
J. H. Brower 8.00	
J. M. Coldwell 25.00	
A. H. Floaten 13.40	
W. R. Gaylord 14.19	
C. H. King, Jr 69.75	
Guy E. Miller 69.13	
Jos. Wanhope 15.00	
M. W. Wilkins 47.62	
J. F. Williams 32.40	
	344.49
Lighting\$	15.00
Party buttons	71.20
Mimeograph supplies	42.80
Press clippings	16.00
Rent-December and January.	140.00
Stationery	9.68
Stationery	7.50

Typewriter suppl W. F. Miners' D	lies		
Russian S. D. L			
Total avner	dituras	\$5 022 76	

Total	expenditures	\$5,922.76	5
			1

\$ 117.58
5,943.49
\$6,061.07
5,922.76

Bal. on hand Feb. 1, 1907 .. \$ 138.31 Fraternally submitted. J. MAHLON BARNES. National Secretary.

MEMBERSHIP IN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

National Headquarters, Socialist Party, Chicago, Ill., Jan. 3, 1907. To the National Committee and State Secretaries:

retaries:

Comrades—The following report of the representation to which each organized state or territory is entitled on the national committee is submitted in accordance with Section 1, Acticle IV., of the National Constitution.

Section 2, Article IV., of the National Constitution provides:

"The members of this committee shall be elected by referendum vote of and from the membership of the states or territories which they respectively represent. Their term of office shall not be more than two years. The members of the national committee shall be subject to removal by referendum vote of their respective states."

0	their respective	states."		
0			Av. Mem-	
0	State	Pd. 1906	bership	Com
0	Alabama\$	60.00	100	aremoe
888	Arizona	145.00	242	
0	Arkansas	180.00	300	
0	California	945.00	1.575	
108	Colorado	396.60	661	
0	Connecticut	305.00	508	
0	Florida	65.50	109	
	Idaho	209.00	348	
0		1,502.00	2,503	
0	Indiana	373.00	621 516	
5	Iowa	335.00	558	
0	Kansas Kentucky	90.00	150	
5	Louisiana	62.00	103	
	Maine	125.00	208	
0	Massachusetts	886.50	1.477	
0	Michigan	417.50	696	
0	Minnesota	675.00	1,125	
0	Missouri	547.50	913	
ŏ	Montana	276.80	461	
	Nebraska	130.00	217	
0	New H'pshire	64.25	107	
5	New Jersey New York	750.00 1.450.00	1,250 2,417	
0	N. Dakota	33.40	56	
0	Ohio	866.95	1.445	
ŏ	Oklahoma	618.35	1,031	
	Oregon	310.00	516	
0	Pennsylvania	1.075.00	1.791	
0	Rhode Island.	71.00	118	
0	S. Dakota	153.25	255	
5	Tennessee	54.20	155	
ŏ	Texas	356.85	595	
	Utah	65.00	108	
5	Vermont	31.00	995	
0	Washington .	596.98 97.50	163	
	W. Virginia	906.20	1,510	
5	Wyoming	120.00	200	
		120.00		

Wyoming ... 120.00 200 1

Tennessee began to pay dues as an organized state in the month of June. The amounts credited to each state are for remittances received for actual dues, and do not include payments on indebtedness from previous years.

Ohlo at the present time has three accredited members of the national committee. Under the present apportionment Ohlo is entitled to but two. This subject has been referred to the state committee to determine which members shall serve.

The following states are entitled to sincreased representation: Colorado had one, is entitled to two: Connecticut had one, is entitled to two: Illinois had three, is entitled to four: Kansas had one, is entitled to two: Oregon had one, is entitled to two: Pennsylvania had two, is entitled to three; Texas had one, is entitled to two: The membership of the national committee is therefore increased from fity-eight last year, to sixty-five for the ensuing year.

Fraternally submitted,
J. MAHLON BARNES,
National Secretary.
National Headquarters,
Socialist Party.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE WESTERN FEDERATION OF MINERS' DEFENSE FUND DURING DECEMBER

New York Moyer-Haywood Protest Conference\$	100.00
Protest Conference\$ Ben E. Ship, Corpus Christi, Texas J. D. Jackson, Corpus Christi,	1.00
J. D. Jackson, Corpus Christi, Texas	.50
Texas Texas	.50
, , , ,	102.00

Previously	reported		4,039.79
			\$4,141.79
CONTRI	RITTION	S TO T	HE ONE

WAGE FUND DURING DECEMBER. New Jersey State Committee..\$ 18.13 Joseph Pingitzer, Circle City,

Alaska	5.00
	\$ 23.13 1,904.81

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE NATIONAL AGITATION FUND DURING DECEMBER.

Chas. H. Kerr, C Previously reporte	hicago, III	\$ 9.00 1,795.59
Total during	1906	\$1,804.59

ONLY MEN MAY VOTE, BUT

"Songs of Socialism

With Music Enlarged Edition—112 Pages.
Single copy, unit Mg. five copies \$1.8e; per doz. \$2.5.
ORDER TO-DAY. The best time is NOW.

NATIONAL SECRETARY'S FI- ANNUAL APPORTIONMENT OF Report of Action of National Committee on Motions Nos. 17, 18 and 19, 1906. and Motion No. 1, 1907 - Motion No. 2 Submitted

National Headquarters Socialist Party,
Chicago, Ill., Jan. 9, 1907.
To the National Committee.
Comrades:—Herewith is submitted report of referendum No. 13, motion No. 17, by E. L. Rodgers, and motion No. 18, by James Oneal.

MOTION NO. 17.

MOTION NO. 17.

"I move that the national office place at least one organizer in the field (with privilege of increasing the number, as found advisable), on or before March 1, 1907, whose duties shall be as follows:

"He or they shall be assigned to certain compact sections, where there are already some Socialists, and remain there until a local shall have been organized in each city or town and placed in good working order.

"He shall instruct the locals how to conduct the regular business of a local; how to arrange and advertise agitation meetings; how to work their local newspapers for publicity of their work, etc., etc."

VOTING YES.

VOTING YES. Arisona—Barnette.
Arkansas—Lowry.
California—Edmiston.
Colorado—Woodside.
Florida—Pettigrew.
Illinois—Stedman.
Idaho—Rigg.
Iowa—Work.
Minnesota—Holman.
Missouri—Behrens.
Montana—McHugh.
Ohio—Rodgers.
Pennsylvania—Schwartz.
Tennessee—Voss.
Texas—Mills. -Barnette. Tennessee—Voas.
Texas—Mills.
Washington—Wagenknecht.
Washington—Herman.
Wyoming—Hastings.
Total—18.
VOTING NO.

VOTING NO. Alabama—LaRue.
Illinois—Berlyn.
Illinois—Simons.
Indiana—Hart.
Indiana—Oneal.
Iowa—Gifford.
Maine—Fox.
Michigan—Menton Iowa—Ginord.
Maine—Fox.
Michigan—Menton.
Missouri—Hoehn.
Nebraska—Blackford.
New York—Hillquit.
Ohlo—Bandlow.
Oklaboma—Hagel.
West Virginia—Gillespie.
Total—14.

NOT VOTING.

California—Lewis, L. M.
California—Holloway.
Connecticut—Krieger.
Kansas—Crum.
Kentucky—Miller.
Louisiana—Smith.
Massachusetts—Wentworth.
Massachusetts—Carey.
Minnesota—Peach.
New Hampshire—Little.
New Hampshire—Little.
New Jersey—Reilly.
New York—Lee.
New York—Jackson.
North Dakota—Lampman.
Ohlo—Prevey.
Oklahoma—Bentley.
Oregon—Holt.
Pennsylvania—Adams.
Rhode Island—Carpenter.
South Dakota—Cochran.
Vermont—Sullivan.
Wisconsin—Thompson.
Wisconsin—Heath.
Total—25.
The motion is therefore adopted.
COMMENT ON MOTION NO. 1 NOT VOTING.

COMMENT ON MOTION NO. 17.

(FLORIDA) PETTIGREW: "Enclosed I send affirmative vote on No. 17, and 'no' on No. 18. I have always favored 'protracted meetings'. They are effective and will result in gaining more members for less expense than one or two lectures at each place. The practice of religious denominations proves this, also it is very important that each local formed should know how to make their meetings so interesting that the members will like to attend any local whose meetings are so uninteresting that the members don't like to attend is almost sure to go down and become 'dormant'. I vote no on No. 18 because I don't understand that we have an executive committee to do work that the National Committee can do."

(IDAHO) RIGG: "In voting for motion

cause I don't understand that we have an executive committee to do work that the National Committee can do."

(IDAHO) RIGG: "In voting for motion No. 17. and against No. 18, I do not wish the National Committee to assume work that belongs to the Executive Committee, but I believe the idea good and should be adopted regardless of where it originated. "National lecturers are necessary and have a useful work to perform, but we do not want all our national organizers to change into national lecturers as soon as they get into the field.

"Our own State Organizer Judd has done more organizing in this state the past year than all the national organizers have in the history of the movement in this state, and he don't pretend to speak. I do not think the organizer should not be a speaker, but something more is needed. Our organizer must find a half dozen or so who are already Socialists, else he would be unable to form an organization. The organizer that can go into a community where there are no Socialists and effect an organization is a cracker-jack.

"A criticism I heard today, from a young dentist, I believe to be pertinent. He said he had attended the Socialist meetings last fall to learn Socialism, but what he heard was a harangue of the old parties. Our lecturers should devote more time to teaching first principles.

"In order to comply with Comrade Oneal's motion. I will make a suggestion to the Executive Committee, instead of a motion. That should motion No. 17 carry, the organizer be furnished good pamphlets for beginners, to be distributed free, in communities where Socialism has no foothold, provided the recipient will promise to read it. Great care should be exercised in their selection, so that they fit the community. I have found, in places where I could not sell pamphlets, I could give them away on those terms."

(INDIANA) HART: "While I vote no on motion No. 17. it is not that I am. not

those terms."

(INDIANA) HART: "While I vote no on motion No. 17. It is not that I am not in sympathy with the purpose of the motion, but because I believe that the work as outlined in motion No. 17 should be left to the National Executive Committee.

"I have for some time favored a plan of organizing similar to that proposed in Comrade Rodgers' motion. The method pur-

the purview of the N. E. C., hence I shall wote for the adoption of both motion and amendment."

(WASHINGTON) WAGENKNECHT: "I vote yes on both Comrade Rodgers' and Comrade Oneal's motions. First, because I believe in motion No. 17, and second, because the N. E. C. seems just a little slow, too much 'C' without enough 'E', and, therefore, probably needs instructions from the N. C. Motion No. 18 gives them something to do. They will at least be able to discuss it, even if it is aiready law. Recognize the fact, though, that motion No. 17 is N. E. C. business."

(WASHINGTON) HERMAN: "I consider Comrade Bodgers' motion, to put organizers in the field, not only timely, but imperative, if we would have efficiency in our party organization. To my mind, the time is not far distant when we will witness the greatest industrial crists this country has ever experienced. When that time comes the working class will look to the S. P. for direction. It is therefore up to us to perfect our organization by putting competent organizers in the field to organize locals, wherever it is possible to do so, and to encourage and assist locals that already exist in training, drilling, disciplining and preparing their membership for the conquest of the powers of government. Our present method of routing speakers has accomplished useful and necessary work. I. e., in creating sentiment for our movement, but is very defective for organization purposes.

"Let us, therefore, get down to active in the conduction of the conduction of

"Let us, therefore, get down to active work by adopting Comrade Rodgers' motion, and crystallize this Socialist sentiment into a militant and compact organization."

zation."

(WEST VIRGINIA) GILLESPIE: "In view of the fact that Comrade Rodgers' motion would so tie the hands of the Executive Committee, and that funds are hard to raise in some of the localities, and that sunch a subject should be considered with great care in order that we may not make any false steps. I shall vote for the subsidiary motion by Comrade Oneal, to refer the matter to the National Executive Committee."

MOTION NO. 18.

MOTION NO. 18.

"That Comrade Rodgers' motion (17) be referred to the incoming National Executive Committee for action, together with all similar suggestions."

VOTING YES.

Alabama—La Rue.
California—Holloway.
California—Edmiston.
Illinois—Berlyn.
Indiana—Hart.
Indiana—Oneal.
Iowa—Work.
Iowa—Gifford.
Maine—Fox.
Massachusetts—Went Maine—Fox.
Massachusetts—Wentworth.
Massachusetts—Carey.
Michigan—Menton.
Minnesota—Holman.
Missouri—Behrens.
New Jersey—Ulfert. Missouri—Behrens.
New Jagsey—Ufert.
New York—Lee.
New York—Hillquit.
Ohio—Bandlow.
Oklahoma—Hagel.
Rhode Island—Carpenter.
Texas—Mills.
Washington—Wagenknecht.
West Virginia—Gillespie.
Total—24.

VOTING NO.

Arizona—Barnette.
Arkansas—Lowry.
Colorado—Woodside
Florida—Pettigrew. Florina—Petingrew.
Illinois—Stedman.
Illinois—Stedman.
Illinois—Simons.
Idaho—Rigg.
Montana—McHugh.
Nebraska—Blackford.
Ohio—Rodgers.
Pennsylvania—Schwartz.
Tannesgae—Voss. Wyoming — Hastings. Total—13.

NOT VOTING. NOT VOTING

California—Lewis, L. M.
Connecticut—Krieger.
Kansas—Crum.
Kentucky—Miller.
Louislana—Smith.
Minnesota—Peach.
New Hampshire—Little.
New Jersey—Reilly.
New York—Jackson.
North Dakota—Lampman.
Ohio—Prevey.
Oklahoma—Bentley.
Oregon—Holt.

sued in the past has never produced the results that the time and money, expended "While I favor the plan as suggested in motion No. 17, I believe that there are many things that are necessary to be interested in the past has never produced the results of no helleve that all the necessary details can be arranged by referendum of the incoming National Executive Committee, action no. 18, to refer motion No. 17, together with all similar suggestions, to the incoming National Executive Committee and it is now that the production of its merits, as well as the financial question of the No. 17, reference and the incoming National Executive Committee action can then be taken by the latter body countries does not find the approval of the National Committee, action can then be taken by the latter body can be taken by the latter body countries does not find the approval of the National Committee, action can then be taken by the latter body can be taken by the latter body to granizers whose efforts are provided to the factor that counts for results. It is from the organization that come the videous complished by organizers whose efforts are complished to the country is ready for cryatalisation in party the factor that counts for results. It is from the organization that come the videous complished by organizers and continued to the factor that counts for results. It is from the factor that counts for results. It is from the factor that counts for results. It is from the organization that come the videous complished by the country is a consideration of the country in a consideration of the country is a consideration of the country is a consider

"I move that January 22, 1907, be made the day by the National Committee on which the Socialist Party locals of the United States be requested to commemorate the massacre of our Russian comrades, and that the same day be used to make a united protest against the kidnapping of our comrades, Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone."

VOTING YES.

Alabama—LaRue, Arizona—Barnette, California—Holloway, Colorado—Woodside, Connecticut—Krieger, Illinois—Berlyn, Illinois—Simons, Indiana—Hart, Indiana—Oneal, Indiana—Oneal.
Massachusetts—Carey.
Iowa—Work.
Kansas—Crum.
Maine—Fox.
Michigan—Menton.
Minnesota—Peach.
Missouri—Behrens.
Montana—McHugh.
New Jersey—Ufert.
New York—Lee.
Ohlo—Bandlow.
Pennsylvania—Schwartz.
Rhode Island—Carpenter.
Tennessed—Voss. Tennessee—Voss.
Texas—Mills.
Vermont—Sullivan.
Washington—Wagenknecht.
West Virginia—Gillespie.
Wyoming—Hastings.
Total—28.

VOTING NO.
Arkansas—LeFevre.
Missouri—Hoehn.
Total—2.

NOT VOTING.

NOT VOTING.

California—Edmiston.
California—Lewis.
Florida—Pettigrew.
Illinois—Stedman.
Idaho—Rigg.
Iowa—Gifford.
Kentucky—Miller.
Louisiana—Smith.
Massachusetts—Wentworth.
Minnesota—Holman.
Nebraska—Blackford.
New Hampshire—Little.
New Jersey—Rellly.
New York—Hillquit.
New York—Hillquit.
New York—Hillquit.
New York—Hackson.
North Dakota—Lampman.
Ohlo—Rodgers.
Ohlo—Prevey.
Oklahoma—Hentley.
Oklahoma—Hentley.
Oklahoma—Hagel.
Oregon—Holt.
Pennsylvania—Adams.
South Dakota—Cochran.
Washington—Herman.
Wisconsin—Thompson.
Wisconsin—Thompson.
Wisconsin—Heath.
Total—27.
The motion is therefore adopted.

(MISSOURI) HOEHN: "I vote 'no' because I consider the 'talkfests' and protests at this time entirely out of place. In the case of the Russian comrades, it is money which is needed now, and in the (Continued on last page)

Nev., 18 members; Winnemucca, Nev., 10 members; Fairview, Nev., 11 members; Wonder, Nev., 8 members; Charlotte, N. C., 6 members; Gallup, N. M., 13 members; Portales, N. M., 10 members; Fucumcarrin, N. M., 14 members; Farmington, N. M., 5 members; Greenville, S. C., 7 members; Spartanburg, S. C., 8 members; Rockwood, Teng., 10 members; Fogal, Tenn., 10 members; Newport News, Va., 13 members. Newport News, Va., 13 members.

Tennessee organized and was granted a state charter. Thirty-nine state or territorial organizations with more than 1,900 locals are now affiliated with the

National Party.

The method of computing the membership is based upon the number of stamps sold and the number accredited includes only those who paid dues for the entire year. On this basis there are 492 members in the unorganized states and 26,292 in the organized states. To-

In addition to the above the reports of state secretaries show nearly an equal number on the roll owing one or more

months' dues.

The paid-to-date members for the respective years are as follows: ...15,975

190420,76323,327 .26,784

The amendment to the constitution which provides for the election of the members of the National Executive Committee and the National Secretary by the popular voting system places all members on an equal footing in this regard and extends the franchise to mem-

bers in unorganized states.

A comparison of the nominations under the old and new laws shows the

following results:

For the election of officers for the year 1906, only members of the National Committee (54 in number) were privi-leged to nominate, twenty availed themselves of the opportunity, and 21 candidates for members of the National Executive Committee, and 3 candidates for National Secretary appeared upon the

For the pending election of officers for the pending election of others for the year 1907 each local of the party (more than 1,900 locals) was accorded the same right regarding nominations. Less than 400 availed themselves of the opportunity, and 127 candidates for members of the National Executive Committee, and 6 candidates for National

Secretary appear on the present ballot.
The National Executive Committee
held sessions in March and December. the former by vote of the committee, the latter by call of the National Secretary, to give special consideration to the Moyer-Haywood-Pettibone subject. The minutes of these meetings have been widely published, and of the action taken the members have common knowledge

National Party Referendums

wo National Party reference submitted during the year. Referendum "C" 1905 was submitted under date of Jan. 23, 1906. Referen-

Referendum "C"

Referendum "C"

1. Resolved: That a special National Convention be held during the year 1908, and that we cheerfully pledge ourselves to contribute our share to defray the transportation expenses of the delegates.

Amrmative, 2,920: negative, 4,408.

2. Resolved. That the National Committee be instructed to call upon the various state and territorial organizations to elect their quota of delegates and otherwise to take such steps as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this resolution.

Affirmative, 2,927: negative, 4,312.

3. Resolved. That instead of a National Committee meeting, a special National Convention be held in 1906, between the 1st day of May and the 15th day of July, for the purpose of issuing a statement, setting forth the party's position on the recent exposures of highly developed capitalism and warn the working class of the frenzled efforts of the "bell wethers" of capitalism to sweep them off their feet, thus better preparing the minds of the working class to grapple with the many fake issues which will be presented to them at the next presidential campaign: also for the purpose of revising the National Constitution: making such preparations for the general advancement and strengthening of the party in view of the developing political situation throughout the country, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before such a convention.

Affirmative, 2,992; negative, 4,252.

The state and municipal program after

The state and municipal program after reference to the National Committee, as provided for by the National Convention. May, 1904, and as amended by the National Committee, was submitted under date of Feb. 20 as National Reference "A" 1906.

endum "A" 1906.

This document contains 34 propositions, subdivided into 98 sections. It has thereon appeared in detail in the April issue of the Official Monthly Bulletin. Each proposition was adopted by the relative vote of 4,000 to 200.

Eight indorsements.

March 24—Local Lake Washington,
Wash., to reduce the salary of the National Secretary from \$125 per month
to \$100. Two indorsements.

March 24—Local Schenectady, New
York, for the unification of the forces
of the Socialist party the Socialist La-

of the Socialist party, the Socialist La-bor party, and the Independent Socialist organizations, and providing for a unity

convention. Six indorsements.
July 21—Local New Orleans, La., to indorse the Industrial Workers of the World, and pledge aid and support as

long as it remains true to the principles of Socialism. Nine indorsements.

Sept. 15—Local New Orleans, La., for the election of a committee of 25 to meet a like committee of the Socialist Labor party in conference, said conference to be known as the Socialist Unity Conference. Eight indorsements. Nov. 24—Local Sinclair County, Illinois, that the Socialist party establish an official National party paper to be issued

official National party paper to be issued weekly, and as soon as practicable thereafter to issue a daily paper. Three in-

National Committee Referendums Fourteen referendums covering nine teen motions were submitted during the year. The following motions were acted

upon: MOTION NO. 43.
BY NATIONAL COMMITTEEMAN MORRIS HILLQUIT OF NEW YORK.

RIS HILLQUIT OF NEW YORK.

"As soon as a situation shall be presented which, openly or secretly, may give rise to an apprehension of a conflict between two or more governments, and render a war between them possible or probable, the Socialist parties of the countries concerned should at once and upon the invitation of the International Socialist Bureau, enter into direct communications with a view to determine upon a concerted mode of action, on the part of the socialists and workingmen of the interested countries in order to prevent the war.

MOTION NO. 1. BY NATIONAL COMMITTEEMAN KEN-NEDY, OF WASHINGTON.

"Resolved, That in case of a general strike being declared by the United Mine Workers, either in the anthracite or soft coal mining districts, that the National Secretary, under the direction of the N. E. C., direct all of the National Organizers that are then in the field, to proceed as soon as possible to the different states where the strike of coal miners has taken place, and that they be placed under the direction of the different state committees, the number of organizers assigned for each state to be left in the hands of the National Secretary until such time as the strike is settled, any deficit in wages or expenses to be paid by the national office."

Motion adopted March 20.

MOTION NO. 2

IOTION NO. NATIONAL COMMITTEEMAN SCHWARTZ, OF PENNSYLVANIA.

"I move that the National Secretary be instructed to have the resignation of Joseph M. Patterson as Commissioner of Public Works of Chicago, printed in leaflet form, and that same be sold to state committees and locals at cost."

Motion adopted April 10th.

Voting yes 21

Voting no 16

Not voting 18

MOTION NO. 3.

BY NATIONAL COMMITTEEMAN ZIM-MERMAN, OF WEST VIRGINIA.
"I move that the National Secretary be and hereby is empowered to pay a sum not to exceed one hundred dollars each month as follows:

The articles to be clearly Socialist

MOTION NO. 4.

been printed several times, and the vote thereon appeared in detail in the April issue of the Official Monthly Bulletin. Each proposition was adopted by the relative vote of 4,000 to 200.

For the purpose of initiating a National Party referendum, a proposition must receive the indorsement of twenty

Annual Report of the National Secretary of the Socialist Party

From January 1, 1906, to December 31, 1906.

From January 1, 1906, to December 31, 1906.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 15, 1907.
To the National Committee:

Comrades: Herewith is submitted my report as National Secretary covering the period of the calendar year 1906.

Local charters were granted direct from the National Office as follows:

Valdosta, Ga., 10 members; Rangusta, Ga., 17 members; Vales Summit, Md., 6 members; Carlos, Md., 17 members; Carlos, Md., 17 members; Salisbury, Md., 7 members; Pocomoke City, Md., 6 members; Franklinville, Md., 6 members; Elkhart Mines, Md., 5 members; Salisbury, Md., 7 members; Pocomoke City, Md., 6 members; Franklinville, Md., 6 members; Elkhart Mines, Md., 5 members; Silver Springs, Md., 17 members; Carlos, Md., 17 members; Carlos, Md., 17 members; Carlos, Md., 17 members; Elkhart Mines, Md., 5 members; Franklinville, Md., 6 members; Elkhart Mines, Md., 5 members; Manhattan, Nev., 12 members; Manhattan, Nev., 12 members; Manhattan, Nev., 12 members; Manhattan, Nev., 12 members; Manhattan, Nev., 18 members; Winnemucca, Nev., 10 members; Fairview, Nev., 11 members; Wonder, Nev., 21 members; Carlos, Md., 6 members; Carlos, Md., 6 members; Manhattan, Nev., 18 members; Winnemucca, Nev., 10 members; Winnemucca, Nev., 10 members; Wonder, Nev., 8 members; Charlos, March 24—Local Lake Washington, Wash, to reduce the salary of the National Secretary from \$125 per month to \$100. Two indorsements.

Batty, Nev., 12 members; Charlos, March 24—Local Lake Washington, Wash, to reduce the salary of the National Secretary from \$125 per month to \$100. Two indorsements.

Batty, Nev., 12 members; Charlos, March 24—Local Lake Washington, Wash, to reduce the salary of the National Secretary from \$125 per month to \$100. Two indorsements.

By Benyley to the wes

try.
"4. To assign the National Organizers "4. To assign the National Organizers and Lecturers to such places where they can do the most good for the success of the campaign, and to employ as many additional organizers as the means at the command of the Committee will permit.

"5. To furnish information of the aims, methods and progress of our campaign to the daily press, and to endeavor to secure as wide a publication of it as possible.

"6. To issue suspecial appeal to the members of the party and organizations and individuals in sympathy with our movement, for contributions to our campaign fund.

"7. For the purpose of carrying out the

MOTION NO. 8. TEE MEMBER FROM ILLINOIS.

JOHN A. C. MENTON, NATIONAL COMMITTEE MEMBER FROM MICHIGAN.

MICHIGAN.

"I move, as the trial of Comrades Moyer. Haywood and Petithone has been continued until December, with a possible purpose of allowing the incarceration of our comrades to die in the minds of the working class, therefore, be it ordered that the National Secretary get out a special semi-monthly Bulletin of all obtainable news pertaining to our comrades, and same to be sent to all state secretaries and territorial organizations, urging for continued protest meetings in the various states and territorial organizations, urging for continued protest meetings in the various states and territories until the time of trial."

Motion adopted July 24.
Voting yes 25
Voting no 13

MOCION NO 10

MOTION NO. 10.
BY JAMES M. REILLY. NATIONAL COM-MITTEE MEMBER OF NEW JERSEY.

"I move that the National Secretary be directed to place as many of the National Organizers and lecturers as can be spared, at the disposal of the Socialist Party of Colorado; the National office if need be, to guarantee payment of expense involved in sending them through the State during the campaign."

Motion adopted August 21.

Yoting yes. 32

MOTION NO. 11

BY B. BERLYN, NATIONAL COMMITTEE
MEMBER OF ILLINOIS.

"I move that the National Ex. place four
speakers at the disposal of the State Com-

mittee of Colorado, for the months of September and October, the National office to bear expense."

Motion adopted August 28.

Voting yes 32

Voting no 5

Not voting 11

cals, newspapers or others desiring same, at cost.

"2. That this Plate Matter Committee shall be subject to the authority and under the direction of the National Committee of the Socialist Party.

"3. That this committee shall be elected for a period of one year: provided, however, that the National Committee may remove any member or members at its pleasure, in accordance with the constitution and by-laws of the Socialist Party.

"4. That it shall be the duty of the chairman of this committee to make not later than the first day of each month a report to the National Secretary, showing all moneys expended and results accomplished during the preceding month, which report shall be transmitted in substance by the National Secretary to the National Committee:

"5. That this committee shall incur no

report shall be transmitted in substance by the National Secretary to the National Committee:

"5. That this committee shall incur no obligation on the part of the Socialist Party for the setting of type, making of plates or for preparation on behalf of the Socialist Party, except of the character and within the sum provided in this resolution.

"6. That for the payment of postage and other expense incident to carrying out the provisions of this resolution the sum of fifteen dollars (\$15.00) per month, or such portion thereof as may be necessary, be hereby appropriated from the National Trensury of the Party.

"7. That all locals, officers and members of the Socialist Party are urged to co-operate with this Plate Matter Committee to the end of a wider dissemination of our propaganda and the more rapid growth of the Socialist Movement."

Motion adopted September 11.

Voting yes.

MOTION NO. 13.

MOTION NO. 13.

BY ALF. WAGENKNECHT. NATIONAL COMMITTEE MEMBER OF WASHINGTON.

"I move that the National Committeemen, the National Executive Committeemen, the State Committees, the Eocals in Unorganized States and the National Secretary suggest amendments to the National Constitution and file them in the National Office; that the National Executive Committee elect a committee on constitution, this committee to draft a constitution for the S. P. of United States, taking into consideration all amendments and suggestions received from

MOTION NO. 14.
BY CARL D. THOMPSON. NATIONAL COMMITTEE MEMBER OF WISCONSIN,

"I move that the Committee on 'National Party Platform' be increased from three to seven members, and that the seven nom-inees receiving the greatest number of votes, in their order, in the pending ballot shall be declared elected and constitute said com-mittee." Motion withdrawn.

BY JOHN A. C. MENTON, NATIONAL COMMITTEE MEMBER OF MICHIGAN.

Voting no

Not voting

Assets January 1, 1907 Cash on hand......\$ 117.58 Accounts outstanding against states and locals for dues, sup-Party buttons Office furniture, type-writers and fixtures...\$907.85 Less 25 per cent wear and tear 226.96

official supplies, stationery, books for locals and mimeo-graph supplies Total assets\$4,246.89

Organizers\$1,291,90 Kerwin Bros 956.47 Lipshitz Press
Judson Emblem Co.....
H. G. Adair Printing Co.
Galbraith Press
Chas. H. Kerr & Co....
Wilshire Book Co...

Liabilities January 1, 1907

Wilshire Book Co...
Standard Pub. Co...
Milwaukee Soc. Dem. Pub. Co...
Whitehead & Hoag Co...
A. B. Dick Co...
U. S. Press clippings...
M. Fry & Co...
P. F. Pettibone & Co...
H. B. Peabody... H. B. Peabody—rent....... Wm. Mailly, Washington trip...

Total liabilities\$2,877.67 Balance net resources...... 1,369.22

70.00

\$4,246.89

Itemized financial reports have been supplied each month to the National Executive Committee, National Committee, State Secretaries, locals in unorganized states, the Socialist Press, and printed in the Official Monthly Bulletin.

The total receipts of the National Of-The total receipts of the National Office from all sources, including a cash balance of \$53.03, Jan. 1, 1906, were \$31,708.96. The total expenditures were \$31,591.38, leaving a cash balance of \$117.58. The entire financial transactions for the year, arranged under proper heads, will be found in Tables "A," "B" and "C" accompanying this report. port.

The principal expenses noted in table "A," under the head of miscellaneous, "A," under the head of miscellaneous, are: Press clippings, \$50; dues, International Socialist Bureau, \$195; Colorado Campaign Fund, \$463, and dele-

gates to the convention of the Italian Socialist Federation, \$47.30.

The sum of \$2,667.68 was collected for and transmitted to the Russian revolutionary movement, and \$4,141.79 for the defense fund of the Western Federation of Miners. These sums represent but a small percentage of the total subscribed. or Alliers. These sums represent but a small percentage of the total subscribed by party members. Many locals remuted direct to the respective organizations, or to agencies other than the national

office.

This course, in some instances only, added rapid transit to the good purposes of the contribution, but it also prevented permanent record being made of the real

The One-Day Wage Fund provided for by action of the National Executive Committee did not measure up to expectations. Several of the larger states failed to co-operate on the ground that the plan would interfere with state list the plan would interfere with state list. in circulation at the same time. However, the total receipts for agitational purposes amounted to \$3,771.53, as against \$891.13 received during 1905.

National organizers and lecturers were afield 3,536 days. While the dates were distributed among 39 persons, it was equivalent to having eleven speakers permanently employed throughout

the year.
The National Literature Bureau has received some encouraging attention, as shown by comparative receipts, of \$506,80 in 1905, and \$2,261.82, the present year.

The gratifying progress made by every The gratifying progress made by every division of the party and its increased efficiency is duly attested by the ease with which the heretofore staggering task of properly placing political candidates was accomplished.

A Socialist state ticket appeared in every state where a state election was held, and this was done in many places.

held, and this was done in many places, in spite of new barriers under the primary laws designed purposely to obstruct. Candidates for congress appeared in 275 out of the 386 districts in

The Official Monthly Bulletin

The quantity and method of distributing "The Official Monthly Bulletin" against the expense of which justifiable objections were raised, has undergone a considerable change, effected as a matter

of administration.

Originally the edition was 30,000 copies. The distribution, if it might be called such, was effected through the offices of the State Secretaries. By agreement with the secretaries of the various states the Bulletine of the various states, the Bulletins are now shipped direct to locals from the National Office. The edition was reduced from month to month. The July edition being 13,000 copies. The expense of publication is reduced. The cost of transportation is reduced more than onehalf, and the cost of reshipment from the offices of the state secretaries has

been entirely eliminated.

Since July the demands from locals

Since July the demands from locals for more copies have constantly increased, and to meet the same an edition of 15,000 is now being printed.

The ready response by locals to calls for special funds, special meetings, or the distribution of literature for a special purpose is in strong contrast with their failure to supply essential information via monthly reports to state secretaries. Most of the state secretaries have taries. Most of the state secretaries have put forth earnest efforts to this end thout commensur

Probably the present monthly report blank is considered too complicated, and a new one requiring only primary data such as number of members, number of stamps sold, number of meetings, etc., would meet the requirements.

This subject is of such fundamental value as to warrant the repetition of a previous expression.

"The value to the general movement of a monthly report from each local cannot be overestimated. To know by record the sure and certain rise of the organization, the preparations being made to take over the affairs of government and the application of degree and the applications of the sure and the applications of the sure and the applications of the sure and the sure of the sure and the sure of the ment and the capability of doing so, is of supreme importance. This knowledge will strengthen, encourage and build up the movement, and, indeed, it is the justification to our class for the existence of the Socialist party.

A brief mention of the more notable events of the year is sufficient for the purposes of this report.

A resolution emanating from the International Socialist Bureau and sub-mitted by Comrade Hillquit provided that in the event of war being imminent, the Socialist parties of the nations con-cerned should enter into direct communication. That representatives of the party of all countries shall participate in a meeting of the International Socialist Bureau, and devise the most appropriate measures to be taken by the working class of the world to prevent the war.

The resolution was adopted Jan. 16 by a unanimous vote of the National Committee, and was indorsed by the Socialist party of every country which maintains a national organization. This action lifts the International Socialist movement to the position of the greatest factor now operating for international

The observance of "Bloody Sunday."
Jan. 22, 1906, commemorating the St.
Petersburg massacres of even date the

Report of Comrade Hillquist, Representative of the Socialist Party on the International Socialist Bureau

To the National Committee of the Socialist

To the National Committee of the Socialist Party:

"The last meeting of the International Socialist Bureau, held on November 10th, 1906, perfected arrangements for the coming International Congress to be held in Stuttgart, Germany. The Congress will be opened on the 25th day of August, 1907, and will last until August 31st, 1907. The Bureau requests the representatives of all affiliated Socialist parties to submit reports on the developments of the Socialist and labor movements in their respective countries since the date of the late Amsterdam Congress. These reports will be properly compiled, and published in German, French and English. The compilation will be a very important and instructive contribution to the modern history of the International Socialist Movement, and will afford a comprehensive view of the present strength and condition of the movement the world over. The reports are to be submitted on or before February 15th, 1907, and I expect to draft the report of the Socialist Party and to submit it to the National Executive Committee for approval, before the date mentioned.

The conditions of admission of delegates to the International Congress remain un-

to submit it to the National Executive Committee for approval, before the date mentioned.

The conditions of admission of delegates to the International Congress remain unchanged, but a radical innovation is to be introduced in the mode of voting at the Congress. Heretofore, when a vote was taken by nationalities, the Socialist parties of each nationality had two votes regardless of the strength and standing of such patities. The Stuttgart Congress will for the first time make an effort to introduce the principle of proportional representation. The Socialist and labor organizations of each nationality will collectively dispose of a number of votes ranging from two to twenty, according to the importance of the nationality, the number of dues-paying members of the Socialist parties, the strength of the trade union and co-operative movements, and the political strength of the Socialist movement of any country will be represented by two or more parties, the votes will be apportioned among such parties in proportion to their respective importance. The voting list will be adjusted by the International Socialist Bureau.

The order of business of the International Congress will be as follows:

1. Submission of the various resolutions adopted by the International Bureau.

2. By-laws of the Bureau and the International Conflicts.

3. Militarism and Prevention of International Conflicts.

5. The Colonial Question.

5. Emergation and Immigration

4. The relations of Political Parties and Trade Unions.
5. The Colonial Question.
6. Emigration and Immigration.
The affiliated parties may submit motions or resolutions on the various subjects to be discussed, as well as resolutions on additional topics, but all such proposed resolutions must be in the hands of the International Secretary on or before April 1st, 1907

intions must be in the hands of the International Secretary on or before April 1st, 1907.

It will be seen at a glance that as far as our party is concerned, at least two of the subjects to be discussed by the International Congress, are of vital importance: the relation of political parties and trade unions and the subject of emigration and immigration.

With perhaps the sole exception of England, the trade unions play a more important part in the general labor movement in the United States than in any other country of the world. The American Socialists are, therefore, in a better position to study the nature, tendencies and influence of the trade union movement than their comrades abroad, and, on the other hand, it is no exaggeration to say that the progress of the Socialist movement here very largely depends upon the correct solution of the question of our relations to the trade union movement and upon the establishment of a sane and rational policy of dealing with the two or three million of American workingmen organized in trade unions.

Our delegates will be expected to contribute substantial information and to submit definite propositions on that subject, and I would suggest that the National Executive Committee take immediate steps to draft proper resolutions on the subject to be submitted to the National Committee for approval, and, on such approval, to be sent to the Secretary of the International Bureau.

In connection with this I herewith submit the trade union resolution adonted by

two resolutions came up for discussion, they found our delegation divided. The amendment was signed by Comrades Lee, Schlucter and Hillquit, but was opposed by the other members of the American delegation. The committee resolution and the proposed amendments are as follows:

Committee Resolution

(Translated from the official French version.)

"The congress declares that the workingman emigrant is the victim of the capitalist
regime, which often forces him into expatriation in order to secure a bare existence and liberty;

"That the immigrated workingmen frequently have in view to supplant strikers
which sometimes results in sanguinary conflicts between workingmen of different nationalities.

"The congress condemns all legislative
measures having for their object to prevent emigration.

"The congress condemns all legislative measures having for their object to prevent emigration.

"It deciares it to be absolutely necessary to inaugurate an agitation tending to enlighten the emigrants artificially attracted by capitalist promoters, and to counteract the talse information.

"It is convinced that under the influence of Socialist propaganua and working class organization, the immigrants win after some time range themselves with the organized workingmen of the country of their adoption, and will demand a fair-wage.

"The congress declares, among others, that it is desirable that the Socialist representatives in parliaments demand that the governments should by a strict and efficacious supervision combat the numerous abuses to which the immigration gives rise, and that they should adopt legislative measures which would enable workingmen immigrants to acquire as soon as possible full civil and political rights in the new country, and that they should resume their former rights as soon as they return to their native country, or that the different countries assure to immigrants the same rights by reciprocal treaties.

"The congress enjoins upon the Socialist."

to immigrants the same rights by reciprocal treaties.

"The congress enjoins upon the Socialist parties and trade organizations to make larger efforts than heretofore to extend among the immigrated workingmen the propaganda of labor organization and international solidarity."

"Proposed Amendment

"The congress, recognizing the dangers to the working class which arise from the immigration or foreign workers for the reason that these may bring about a lowering of wages, a ready supply of strike-breakers, and sometimes bloody conflicts,

"Declares, that under the influence of aglitation on the part of Socialist organizations and trade unions, the immigrant workingmen will after a time join the organizations of the native workingmen and demand the same rate of wages as the latter.

"The congress, therefore, denounces all laws which tend to exclude foreign workingmen who have been forced to emigrate througa oppressive conditions in their respective countries.

"The congress, considering, furthermore, that workers of backward races (such as Asiatic and African coolies) are frequently imported by capitalists in order to keep down native labor by means of cheap competition, and that such imported workingmen, who very readily submit to exploitation, frequently live in a condition of thinly disguised slavery, the Social Democracy
"Declares, that it will combat with all means at its command the application of this method to destroy labor organizations and lower the standard of living of the working class, whereby the progress and the ultimate realization of Socialism would be retarded."

It will be noticed that the issue raised between the original resolution and the pro-

try of the world. The American Socialists are, therefore, in a better position to did the nature, tendenset than their comrades a the nature, tendenset than their comrades abroad, and, on the other hand, it is no exageration to say that the progress of the Socialist movement has their comrades abroad, and, on the other hand, it is no exageration to say that the progress of the Socialist movement and upon the establishment of a same and rational policy of dealing with the two or three million of American work. Our delegates will be expected to contribute substantial information and to submit definite propositions on that subject to submit definite propositions on that subject to establishment to submit definite propositions on that subject to establishment to submit definite propositions on that subject to establishment to submit definite propositions on that subject to establishment to submit definite propositions on that subject to the submitted to the National Committee take immediate a test part to draft proper resolutions on the subject to the submitted to the National Committee face immediate a test part to draft proper resolutions on the subject to the submitted to the National Committee transportation. The present of the international Concress on the subject. (I translate from the official Germa report.)

The trade unions no living wage committed the superior power of capital and thus to improve their present conditions. White the trade union on the subject to be submitted to the National Committee the superior power of capital and thus to improve their present conditions. White the trade unions make the condition of the working class can only be terminated if notice to carry out such as the subject to be submitted to the facility of the working class. What the working class is incomplete and inadequate if it is only a subject to the submitted to the defailing political power only in a measure and the subject to the working class, and convertible and indicated the conditions of the working class, and con

tive committee to meet every three months has already saved the party several hundred dollars.

The one providing for amendments passed by a convention to be submitted to the membership has anchored the principle of democracy in the party.

The two providing that the executive committee and the national secretary shall be elected by the membership are defective, not in principle, but in detail. The way to remedy the defect is, not to discard the principle, but to provide, as certain trades unions do, that only a certain number of those receiving the highest number of nom inations shall go on the ballot. This will remove the unnecessary portion of the cumbrousness. It was not contemplated that the new method would be as little cumbersome as the old. Democracy always comes high, but it is worth more than it costs.

As for conflicting authority, that is pretty much of a bogic man. It has existed, however, under the old system. Several members of the executive committee of 1905, seriously considered resigning in a body because they thought the national committee was usurping their functions. The constitution can define the provinces of the two committees and the national secretary, so that there will not be a conflict. Or, if that can not be done, some other way must be found instead of electing the executive committee and the national secretary at second hand. The mere fact that we have been pretty lucky with our second-hand elections so far does not count. An executive committee and a national secretary far responsible to the membership feel less responsible to the membership, for the same reasons that a United States senator or a indee of the Supreme court is less susceptible to popular influence than a confirmation.

Hew would it do to shoulsh the national constitutes.

order that it might first be weighed and then acted upon.

Another national campaign has been waged by the Socialist party. Now that it is concluded, no doubt comrades will come forward with suggestions as to methods that were employed in certain phases of our work. As an instance, the article in the November issue of the International Socialist Review on "Organization" may be pointed out.

National Executive Committee

Correspondence During

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 2, 1907.

To the National Executive Committee:

Dear Comrades—Herewith is submitted a

Experience within the party organization has convinced me that we are apt to go about some detail work in a most hap-hazard fashion. One very important detail of our work within the Socialist party organization. I consider the collection of campaign funds, funds that we must necessarily have in our possession in order to successfully carry on our agitation.

The Socialist party is a national organization. It maintains a national office, state organizations. Iocals and branches, these latter having other designations, such as assembly districts in New York, and cluss in Massachusetts. We have, therefore, four general divisions in the organization. The funds have been raised by these various divisions without regard for one another, as it was deemed best within that division of the organization.

Let me cite the national One-Day Wage fund, divided in equal parts among the national office, the state organizations and the locals. There has been no consideration given the branches, and they would, when making collections on these lists, be left without any funds for their own use. The result has been that branches would collect for their special purposes what moneys they could obtain, and the One-Day Wage fund lists are returned blank. On the other hand, we find that locals do not agree to the plan of securing but one-third of moneys collected in their localities, and they have declined to handle the One-Day Wage lists. Lists circulated by them do not make allowance for the existence of either a state or national organization. State organizations have acted likewise.

Would it not seem to you that a better method, a method that would consider the necessity of supplying in a larger measure to the needs of localities and that would still be a source of satisfactory revenue to the state and national movement than that hitherto in use, could be introduced?

We have collected in Hudson county, New Jersey, during this last campaign, funds for the four divisions of the Socialist party organizations, and have circulated the

ing masses that we had some ability and method for united action. If we can have a National Speakers' and Lecturers' bureau, a national system of dues paying with the four divisions taken into consideration, I fall to see why there cannot be an improvement made in the method of collecting campaign funds.

Let us have an organized effort to raise our funds and have the very same lists in all parts of the country to bring home the fact that a well-organized national organization and not a few disgruntled individuals, as is generally believed in distinct localities, make up the Socialist party.

Let the comrades give this proposition their earnest consideration without being bound by a motion, let the rank and file through their respective state committees suggest the inauguration of such a plan as the one outlined here to the national committee, and we can be assured that it will succeed. Let us by all means have some system and not the chaos of present times.

Letter of Comrade James O'Weal, Wa-tional Committeeman of Indiana

Comrades:—Your report on my inquiry of November 8, regarding the reported en-dorsement by the state secretary of Utah of a candidate on the American ticket, is at hand.

dorsement by the state secretary of Utah of a candidate on the American ticket, is at hand.

The reply of Comrade Burt contains two things: First, an admission that he did endorse the candidate mentioned, and, second, that the writer was prompted by pure cussedness in asking for information.

The admission of Comrade Burt Indicates that the national constitution was violated, and it seems to me that the responsibility for such violation now reats with the state organization of Utah.

His intemperate remarks are unworthy of a Socialist. Had I made charges against him or the organization in Utah there might have been some justification for them. I merely asked for information, and Comrade Burt supplies it with vindictive statements that no words of mine justified, and which reflect no credit on him. It would be much better for him and for the honor of the Socialist movement to frarkly admit that a mistake was made, than to question the motives of those who seek information.

In this connection, it is not out of place to recall the frank and manly statement of Comrade Frank H. Merrick, editor of the "Social Rebel" of Parkersburg, W. Va., who, in his mistaken seel, did the same thing as that done by Comrade Burt. There was no charge of malice made by him against the New Jersey comrades who called attention to his mistake, but a manly admission of it and the assurance that it would not be repeated. I commend this attitude to the consideration of comrade Burt as one more worthy of emulation than the one he has seen fit to take.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 2, 1907.
To the National Executive Committee:
Dear Comrades—Herewith is submitted a
motion by Comrade A. H. Floaten;

MOTION

"I move that as soon as the new national executive committe is elected, that the national secretary call it together to formulate an expression on the questions to come before the international Socialist congress to be held at Stuttgart, Germany, in August, according to suggestions of Comrade Hillquit, our representative, and that the present members of the national executive committee send in their views for consideration by the committee."

COMMENT

"I make this motion because I want the new national executive committee to act on this, as it comes within their term. But because it will be February I, before the committee is elected, and these expressions should be submitted to the national committee for approval after they are framed by the national executive committee, and then they must be transmitted to the international secretary before April 1, the time is short, and action on these questions should not be hasty, but deliberate."

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 7, 1907.

Dear Comrades—Herewith is transmitted a letter of Comrade Hiliquit, representative of the Socialist party on the international Socialist Bureau.

New York, Jan. 4, 1907.

Dear Comrade Barnes—I am in receipt of a letter from Comrade Camille Huysmans, secretary of the International Socialist Bureau, which reads as follows:

"At the last session of the bureau it was decided to publish in French, German and English the reports of the secretaries of all national sections or affiliated parties. Belgium and France will attend to the French edition, Germany and Austria to the German edition, and Great Britain, Australia and the United States should attend to the publication of the English edition. I called the attention of the secretary of the British section to this resolution, and received from him the following response:

tary of the British section to this resolution, and received from him the following response:

"It seems to me that you should communicate direct with the American partie. Although they speak our language, they are under a different government, and I think they will expect to hear from the bureau and not from the British section. I will write to Australia."

"It is, therefore, necessary that you advise me immediately of the decision of your party on the matter:

"1. Do you expect to publish at your expense an English edition for the United States?

"2. Would you prefer to co-operate with the British section in the publication of the English edition?

"3. Upon what terms could such co-operation be established, in your opinion?

"The Bureau will furnish the French text as well as the English text of those reports that will be transmitted to it in that language.

"A word in immediate response will be very agreeable to our English comrades. You may write to them direct, if you wish, but in that case I would wish to be advised by you. Fraternally yours,

"CAMILLE HUYSMANS."

The reports prepared by the various Socialist parties for the Amsterdam congress were published in French only. They compose a volume of over 300 pages and contain much interesting and instructive matter on the recent history and present conditions of the Socialist movement in Europe and America. The reports to the coming Stuttgart convention will probably be still more voluminous, but also more valuable.

Personally I can see no reason why we

about by active propaganda. Furthermore, it is known that the locals have always come to the rescue in cases of great urgency.

The very insignificant result of the One Day Wage fund collections is positive proof that this method of raising funds has not bership. I repeat, that it was caused by the rather unfavorable distribution of the proceeds. That but one-third of the moneys collected should be sufficient for local campaign work and that other bodies should have the use of the balance, bodies far from the territory of those having collected the money, does not seem quite just. We may well assume that the campaign funds raised through all sources during the past campaign were far in excess of \$100.000, although there is no official statement to that effect. This would have given at least \$10,000 to the national office in place of the pittance that did reach there.

Not alone that, we would know throughout the country at a glance the amount that had been collected for the propaganda of Socialism, and we could prove to the doubting masses that we had some ability and method for united action. If we can have a National Speakers' and Lecturers' bureau, a national system of dues paying with the succession of the publication, to my baloud undertake the publication, to my mind, would entail an altogether unnecessary expense. I would advise, instead that we co-operate with the British and Australian parties in getting out the English edition, on the basis of ordering a certain number of copies, and paying the proportionate part of the cost of the entire edition. Perhaps, also, it may be advisable to confer with one of our Socialist book publishing firms with a view of having such that every over part of the cost of the entire edition. Perhaps, also, it may be advisable to confer with one of our Socialist book publishing firms with a view of having such that the sale of the work, and agree with our

etc.
I believe that the above correspondence
and suggestions should be submitted to the
national executive committee for action,
without delay. Fraternally yours,
(Signed) MORRIS HILLQUIT.

Chicago, Jan. 14, 1907.

Comrades—Herewith is submitted a report of the consideration given to the motion of Comrade A. H. Floaten, submitted under date of January 2, 1907, and a motion by Comrade Work, and observations by Comrades Bandlow and Kerr, resulting from the submission of Comrade Hillquit's letter under date of January 7, relating to the publication in English of the reports of the secretaries of all national sections or affiliated parties with the international Socialist bureau:

No expressions were received from Comrades Bandlow, Mailly, Towner and Simons. Comrades Floaten and Kerr voted in the affirmative. Comrade Work voted in the negative, and bis letter is herewith submitted:

LETTER OF COMRADE WORK. DATED Chicago, Jan. 14, 1907.

LETTER OF COMRADE WORK, DATED

"Please record me as voting no, on the Floaten motion. Leaving out of consideration the question as to whether a meeting should be called, I do not think we have any power to require our successors to meet." No action has therefore resulted on the

Relating to the letter of Comrade Hill-quit, the following motion was submitted by Comrade Work:

MOTION

"I move that we co-operate with Great Britain and Australia in publishing in the English language the reports of the various Socialist parties to the coming Interna-tional Socialist Congress, and that the de-tails of such co-operation be referred to the national secretary and the secretary of the International Socialist Bureau."

LETTER OF COMRADE BANDLOW, DAT-ED JANUARY 8

ED JANUARY 8

"in reply to your favor re letter of Comrade Hiliquit regarding report of International Socialist Bureau, I favor the idea of co-operating with British sections, and suggest that you immediately correspond in behalf of the American section, with the British comrades, to ascertain their sentiment, should a majority of the national executive committee express themselves favorable to co-operating. Conditions can be agreed upon later if the proposition is mutually accepted."

LETTER OF COMRADE KERR, DATED JANUARY 8

"One important point neems to have been overlooked by Comrade Hiliquit in his suggestion that we co-operate with England in

getting out the English edition of the reports of the Stuttgart congress. It is that the tariff on books in the English language imported into the United States would add greatly to the cost of publication if the printing is done in England, while there is no duty to pay on books shipped from the United States to England."

In the line of Comrade Hillquit's other suggestion, I desire to say that the Socialist co-operative publishing house, of which I am manager, would, if the party desires it, bring out the English edition of the reports at our own risk, fixing the price at as low a figure as can safely be made.

My suggestion would be that the English comrades be asked to state the approximate number of copies they could use, in cloth and in paper binding, and that as soon as the approximate number of words in the reports are known, the national secretary obtain propositions from printers or publishers for the work.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 30, 1907.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 30, 1907.
Comrades:—Herewith is submitted a report of the consideration given to the motion of Comrade Work, which was submitted under date of January 14, 1907.
Comrades Floaten and Work each voted in the affirmative. Other members were not heard from.

in the affirmative. Other it to be stated heard from.

Comrade Mailly desires it to be stated that his affirmative vote on Comrade Floaten's motion, reported upon January 14, was received too late to be counted.

Fraternally submitted,

J. MAHLON BARNES,

National Secretary.

NATIONAL SECRETARY'S FI-NANCIAL REPORT FOR THE MONTH OF DE-

CEMBER, 1906. National Headquarters Socialist Party. Chicago, Ill., Dec. 31, 1906.

· Receipts.	
National dues from State Com	
Arizona	.\$ 15.00
Arkansas	. 15.00
California	. 80.00
Colorado	. 20.00
Connecticut	. 20.00
Idaho	. 10.00
Illinois	. 131.00
Iowa	. 15.00
Kansas	. 20.00
Kentucky	. 5.00
Louisiana	. 3.00
Maine	10.00
Massachusetts	. 60.00
Michigan	. 40.00
Minnesota	40.00
Missouri	
New Hampshire	
New Jersey	50.00
New York	150.00
Ohio	78.70
Oklahoma	70.00
Oregon	
Pennsylvania	
Rhode Island	7.00
South Dakota	12.50
Tennessee	5.00
Texas	31.05
Utah	
Washington	
West Virginia	
Wisconsin	. 51.00
Wyoming	. 20.00
Total	
Total	.\$1,206.00
Unorganized states:	

wyoming		20.00
Total	.\$1	,206.0
Washington, D. C	\$	6.00 15.50
Mississippi		1.9
New Mexico		.50 .60 1.20
Members at large	:_	4.40
Total for Dues	.\$1	,246.60
Literature		616.17
W. F. Miners' Defense Fund. Agitation Fund		102.00
One Day Wage Fund		23.13 9.37
Total Receipts Expenditures.		
	anari Rees	

General Expense	5.14
Express and Freight	9.91
Postage	173.02
Telegrams and Telephone	18.02
Wages—	
J. Mahlon Barnes \$110.00	
W. W. Rihl, 5 weeks 90.00	
Chas Drees, 5 weeks 90.00	
F. H. Slick, 5 weeks 90.00	
E. L. Baldwin, 5 weeks 71.00	
M. Flaherty, 5 weeks 55.00	
L. Solomon, 5 weeks 24.00	
	\$530.00

5.14 9.91

Printing literature and st	ipplies.	
Literature		
Speakers-		
Cameron H. King, Jr	\$ 25.00	
Arthur M. Lewis	284.01	
Lena M. Lewis		
A. M. Stirton		
M. W. Wilkins		
		\$

Nat. Executive Com. Meeting-Chas. H. Kerr. \$ 9.00

Chas. H. Kerr. \$ 9.00

Chas. H. Kerr. \$ 94.80

Wm. Mailly 64.05

Chas. G. Towner 41.50

John M. Work. 35.30 \$244.65

Mimeograph supplies......\$ Frederic Heath, P. M. Com., 9.05 15.00

8.65 102.00

Total expenditures.....\$2,113.82 Summary. Balance on hand Dec. 1..... \$ 122.23

Receipts for month...... 2,109.17 \$2,231.40 Expenditures for month...... 2,113.82

Bal. on hand Jan. 1, 1907. .\$ 117.58 Fraternally submitted,
J. MAHLON BARNES,
National Secretary.

[SUPPLEMENT]

THE SOCIALIST PARTY OFFICIAL BULLETIN

ANNUAL ELECTION, SOCIALIST PARTY

Report of the Election of the National Executive Committee and National Secretary

FOR NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE	Arisona	Arkanssa.	Colorado.	Connecticut	Idebo	Illbolk	Indian	lows.				Maryland	Masschusetts	Michigan	Minnesott.	Mississippi.	Missouri.		Nebrasia	New Jersey.	New Mexico.	New York	Oklahome	Pennsylvania	Shode Island.	South Dakota.	Tennessee.	Tome	Vermont	Washington, D. C.	West Virginia.	Members at large.	
O. Ameringer, Columbus, O Claude Andrews, Bellevue, Ky. R. Baker, Portland, Ore Marion Banks, Winterset, Ia Robt, Bandlow, Cleveland, O May Beals, Marysville, Tenn 2 E. T. Behrens, Bedalia, Mo G. F. Bentley, Duncan, J. T V. L. Berger, Milwaukee, Wis.	5 4 3i :	2 3 8 8 72 6 5		8 1 21 2 3 7 1 1 27 9	3 8 9 18 1 2	14 2 23 50 46 31 4	53 7	3 18 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	3 2 3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 5 14	20	 	8 2 3 9 51 27 6		7 5 3 8 8 36 78 5 8 281		3 2 4 1 3 87 89 4 30 . 7 .	2 . 1 . 6 . 1 . 9 . 1 .		1 2 1 10 3 3 2 3 88 8 26 1 10 4 4 6 204	 ii 4	4 34 23	. 16 2 4 9 13 2 210 5 16 2 63 9 115	12 3 56 121 9 18 191	. i	2 2 2 29 9 3 30	25 45	5 5 5 6 70 1 12 59	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1	32	2 1	9 1,482 . 387 . 148 7 4,197
Barney Berlyn, Chicago, Ill C. A. Berry, Joplin, Mo O. H. Blase, Wichita, Kan H. E. Boen, Fergus Falls, Minn Chas. Bonsall, Salem, O W. E. Brandon, Linton, Ind G. D. Brewer, Girard, Kan J. H. Brower, Eigin, Ill Wm. Brown, Sheridan, Wyo E. E. Carr, Chicago, Ill		15 2 8 3	3 3 1 3 16	12 4	1 3 2 11	34 171 5	1 8 10 8 15 2	13 28 2 11 2 17 2 1 1 12 20 3 18 3			12 2 1 1 2 1 7 7	3	43 1 1 1 3 8 2 2 15	70 3 1 2 2 1 26 4 2 22	80 2 4 59 1 2 15 5 1 78	:: :: :: ::	87 1 74 8 . 6 1 2 . 88 2 1 1 12	1 1	6	41 2 1 1 3 1 9 1 13	::_	1 3 . 4 1 3 28 2	2 145 8 85 2 2	2 4 3 15 19 2 5	15 2 1 1 5 1	19	:: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: ::	17 4 2 27 43 2	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	2 20 1	8 2 2 1 1 1 5 11 27		. 1,339 5 175 . 109 . 115 . 63 . 64 6 748 . 503 . 94 2 713
W. W. Cassaday, Winterset, Ia. J.E.Chenoweth, Shelbyville, Ind. John Collins, Chicago, Ill J. M. Coldwell, Brockton, Mass. F. Cooper, Cheswick, Pa Isaac Cowen, Cleveland, O W. H. Crawford, Pleas't City, O. Chas. Dobbs, Louisville, Ky. J. H. Dunbar, N. Hartland, Vt.	i i i	is 1 1 2 6	1 1 29 6 :	2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 1 1 	3 395 10 4 39 1 18 2	10.15	2	3 2 1 .	8		 	32 49 1	2 24 1 4 46 3 5	5 1 32 3 53 1 3 4	:: :: :: :: :: ::	27 5 27 5 17 3 39 .	i . 8 i 1 . 3 . 1 .	6	24 2 1 14	 i 2 i	3 8 44 3 21 2 48 23 1 1 17 2	1 8 2 1 0 38 5 24 	6 10 68 25 52 27 12	3 12 2 3	4i 10 10	11 4 19 6	29 29 2 1 4	 iš	2 (1 4 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 2 3 2		. 77 . 72 1 1,296 5 266 1 73 . 667 . 45 . 271 0 95
Chas. Escher, Chicago, Ill W. M. Evans, Hazleton, Pa B. Felgenbaum, Brooklyn, N.Y. C. F. Foley, Pottsville, Pa W. R. Gaylord, Milwaukee, Wis. A. F. Germer, Mt. Olive, Ill L. Gilges, Stillwater, Okla L. Goazlou, Charlerol, Pa G. G. Hall, Dorchester, Mass. A. Halonen, Fitchburg, Mass.	2 7 .3 2	9 1 6 1 11 2	11 35 1 1 3 1 2	3 ···	5 1 3	10 5 13	12 1 1 1	1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3	1	i :	5 6 8 8 8	15 2 4 2 	3 47 1 55 4 86 35	i 2 100	1 11 135		2 2 1 48 10 1 2	5 .	5 10 6 1	2 1 46 1 1 1 24	 4 5	7 1	8 8 9 3 2 6 46 7 8 66 2	32 91 161 33 4 13 77	12 8 2 4 14 10	7	11 24 	12 24 3 1		3 844 	6 2 2 2 1 1	i :	. 130 2 617 . 216 2 1,779 . 146 . 141 6 201 2 146 1 496
*Ben Hanford, Brooklyn, N. Y. F. Heath, Milwaukee, Wis W. H. Henry, Ind'napolis, Ind. J. T. Hill, Brooklyn, N. Y W. B. Hilton, Wheeling, W. Va. *M. Hillquit, New York, N. Y G. A. Hoehn, St. Louis, Mo A. B. Hollenbaugh, Fostoria, O. S. M. Holman, Min'an'ila, Minn.	 7 i	1 1 34 10	34	 5 70 .5	3 2 16	50 6 3 335 104 6	74 16 7 89 1 1 30 10 4 2	5 1 6	9 3 6 3 .	1 2 6 19 5	3 41 10	35 1 	36 1 7 1 202 40 	1 8 1 113 	49 10 6	:: .	2 1 . 94 5	1 . 4 . 6 2	i . 6 i .	1 296 48 1 1	2 	3 3 16 30 35 4 4 4	1 8 7 2 117 8 17	105 155 7 3 4	39	ii ii 1	48 2	4 3 47 8 1 1 3	:: iò ::	2 10 2 10 17 100 554 483	1 2 39 30 	6 4	. 1,155 . 94 . 145 . 200 0 3,395 2 1,201 . 120 2 741 . 131
S. A. Knopfnagel, Chicago, Ill.	i i6 3 1 5 32 2 8	2	5 5 73 2	05 3 1 2 34 1 33 4 2	'i 'i 8 1 18	7 1 26 5 5 221 23	10 85 2 59	3 i	2			1	1 2 27 27 133 11 12		5 1 3 1 2 106 4 244 8	:: :: :: 22 :2	102 22 22 4 3 4 4 8 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 . 2 . 3 . 4 . 7 1 .	6 1	3 100 6 1 37 1 5 6	 iż 2 1	13 4 3 1 806 11 840 8	2 15 6 1 10 3 10 3 9 8 109 9 22	8 3 5 2 34 117 35 197	1 4 1 3 6 17	::				4 5	1 1 3 1 23 2 5 5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	167
John Kolu, Hibbing, Minn M. J. Konikow, Rozbury, Mass. L. R. Krehbell, Coffeyville, Kas. Jas. Larsen, Marinette, Wis. A. M. Lewis, Chicago, Ili W. N. Lodge, Morton, Pa A. S. Loudermilk, ElReno, Okls. Il. Louka, Duluth, Minn L. W. Lowry, Little Hock, Ark.	i i	2 1 1 2 3 6 .	2 10 11 12 .5	i :: i :: i :: i :: i :	2 1 2 2 1	12 19 9 3 139	19 1	6 96 5 1 3 1 4 3 2 2 7	5 2 1 3	9 1	10 3 3 3 1 15 1	8 1	23 4 3 58 36 1 1	1 6 2 10 2 1 43 3	82 9 5 1 8 1 81 57	 2 	1 25 2 17 5 10 2	i :	6	1 27 1 1 1 18 3 39 20 20 3 1 1	:: :: :: :: ::	78 21 9 5 90 1 2 .	8 3 7 71 1 1 4 2 4 11 1 118 9 1 7 18	17 8 2 20 21 28 2 9	33 2 6 8 1	:: :: :: ::	1 1	67 	'i '	3 10 2 1 1 26 3 21 10	3 3 2 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11	5 295 . 405 2 98 9 122 . 658 . 168 . 249 . 165 . 192
J. Macki, Hibbing, Minn J. H. Maurer, Reading, Pa J. A. C. Menton, Flint, Mich W. J. Millard, Cincinnati, O W. H. Mills, Dallas, Tex Ed. Moore, Philadelphia, Pa J. T. McDill, Nashville, Tenn. B. C. McDonald, Ft. Wayne, Ind. W. H. McFall, Concord, N. H. H. B. McMaster, Dowagiac, Mich. G. W. O'Dam, Flat River, Mo.	1	23 : 1 : 2 : 2 :	1 1 2 32 5 2 3 5	 i :. i :i i :i	:: :: 'i 8 :: 'à	4 2 9 13 22 18 5 3 10	1 i3 9 1 2 11	2 1 18 1 3 ·	3	3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	1 1 8 2 2 25 25 2	1 55 5 2 18 3 117	3 1 6 8 1 4 2 1 1		1 14 1 1 8 2 7	1 2	8 .	1 30 1 2 1 72 1 2 1 2 1 9 1 3	i i	ii 17 16 43 7 1 12 1 18 6 2	7 1 7 1 5 118 4 6 8 4 1 8 2 1 8 7 3 2	1 2 29 382 4 7 3 3 4	2 3 1 1 2 1 2	`i 'i 'i 'i	1 1 31 31	43	i		5 3 2 2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 443 . 81 . 249 . 441 . 572 . 141 . 110 2 135 . 172 . 56
T. E. Palmer, Kan. City, Mo *J. M. Patterson, Chicago, Ill. F. Paulitsch, New York, N. Y. G. F. Peterson, Hibbing, Minn. L. G. Pope, St. Louis, Mo B. F. Ramp, Salem, Ore J. M. Ray. Murfreesboro, Tenn. S.M.Reynolds, Terre Haute, Ind. R. B. Ringler, Reading, Pa E. L. Rodgers, Dayton, O	7 25 2 1 	9 43 1 3 1 13 2 1	7 04 .5 8 .3 2 1	15 14 15 14 15 12 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	12 '7 '7 '2 3 '2	25 333 6 15 43 4 13 46 1	3 51 2 12 1 2 2 28 106 1	1 0 85 13 5 .	9 3	9 i	8 50 8 12	23 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	155 15 2 15 2 2 9 7 1	94 1 3 1 4 3 2	84 6 108 1 2 2 6 2 3	16 :	139 2 3 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	9 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	i	7 169 . 87 . 9 1 4 . 10 1 3 8 24 . 2	CHERIZATION DISC	157 20 210 1 13 8 3 34 2 8 7 19 8 .	1 173 1 17 7 15 1 2 1 1 1 17 3 25 1 2 4 14 . 5	. 9	33 4 1 1 1 5 1	29 3 5 1	50 2 30 2 	83	9	12 17	2 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3	2 2 1 1	3 3,103 1 361 1 262 233 40 198 412 247 262 120
J. P. Roe, Omaha, Neb,	23 27 1 1 24 2 1 5	11	2 13 2 3 42 3 29	1	i i i 25 i i 25 i i 2 i i 2 i i 2 i i i 2 i i i i	133 5 27 560 5 88 11	6 5 5 2 91 1 10 14 2	1 5 8 1 14 11 14 11	4	i 1 i :	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	7 39	1 18 3 4 145 2 18	10 4 81 100 2 6	3 6 3 5 140 1 1 1 12 7	28 28	6 10 8 8 129 1 5	3 3 17 2 1 1	35	1 86 1 5 1 68 8 146 2 1 2 20 5 1	15 15 10	10 43 8 16 1 56 12 27 13 66 8	7 6 2 5 2 8 4 7 180 2 3 3 10 1 22 3 12 5 2	5	13 7 1 20 3	11 40 14 11	3 1 1 23 8 3 3	89 2 12 	7	6 140	1 2 8 3 20 10 18	8 1 2	. 134 8 454 . 883 2 183 6 3,409 8 92 . 606 . 40 . 156 . 66
T. Smith, Omaha, Neb	2 1 1 2 3 21 1 2 3 2 3	2 3 5 7 1 15 2	1 26 4 13 37 4	2 1 1 66 5 3	1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	358 2 102 118 6 12 4 39	19 8 3 57 26 	20 i 1 41 i 51 13	1 . 4	i :	i ;	5 2 2 3 3 3 4 5 6	1 51 5 155 155 6 1	15 2 23 69 26 36 1 1	1 36 2 3 40 2 17 4 77	:: :: is ::	55 3 135 25 14	2 1 1 6	i . i . i . i .	1 2 1 33 1 8 162 1 1 2 6 17	 8 1	1 44 6 16 3 9 16 194 18		2 5	2 6 2 5 24 2 1	;; ;; ;; ;;	1 20 12 1	5 1 40 2	;; ; ; ;	1 746 6 52 26	28 0 6 2 1 1 1 2 19 1 3 3 1 38 3 1	4 8	52 57 2 1,617 163 766 8 2,194 82 2 131 77 1 315 78
W. B. Thompson, S. Haven, Mich B. F. Tiller, Asheville, N. C., H. F. Titus, Seattle, Wash., *E. Untermann, Orlando, Fla. J. E. Voss, Jackson, Tenn J. E. Walker, Muskegon, Mich. J. H. Walker, Danville, Ill L. F. Welss, Worcester, Mass. W. Wilen, Negaunee, Mich J. F. Williams, W. Plains, Mo.	3 14 2 14 25 34 . 1	1 17 53 1 	1 62 3 4 8 17	iò (1) (23 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	8 43 142 3 18 94 7 35	25 59 1 1 8	8 12 1 63 8 1 5 .	1	7 20 2 1	2 110 21	2 1 .4 3 .22 1 1	5 11 91 1 2 39 45 2	20 19 59 80 8 1 155	1 21 84 2 18 8 5 155	 8 82 	1 25 85 2 5 	3	i : i : i :	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	5 2	48 6 259 18 5 4 10 19 1 5 1	5 1 1 6 9 134 2 2 5 1 9 23 1 6 6 4 1	1 44 186 6 7 4 6 7 2	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	i6 i	6 37 58 21 	1 9 94 2 	6 :: 13	5 55	1 4 4 21 6 6 2 13 9 1 1 2 1 1	1 · 5 · 4 2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 47 1 551 3 2,351 - 56 - 147 - 197 3 131 - 582 - 106 - 85
	7 19 12 13 12 13 12 13 11 12 13	5 62 52 12	9 82 1 3 11 54 8	14 101 14 101	i 3 25 i 1 421 6	23 228 23 1 9	51 1 1 1 3	10 2 96 8 2 1 1 69 207	3 2 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	i : 26 1	8 1 0 5:	8 1 3 1 2 9 6	2 41 1 2 6 2487	12 46 2 2 2173	101 101 2 1 5 3329	2	101 101 100 100 570 130	2 3 5	28 1 15 1 7 16 26	. 38 1 1 4	171 67	1 34 217 15 19 3 25 782 454	2 5 2 12 9 5	104 40 11	14 . 3 . 1 490	8 23 432	39 .: .: 695 1	18 35 7 232	 5 174 1	6 2 5 86 1 1 2 6 46 6611	28 10 4 581	8 10 	. 23 . 389 0 2,253 1 235 . 78 . 160 0 64,201
A. H. Floaten, Ft. Collins, Col. W. C. Hall, New Orleans, La. I. C. Hazlett, Helena, Mont. N. Klein, Cincinnati, O H. M. Parks, Superior, Wis.	3 16 5 3 1 7 1 1 34 65 1	44 1 11 3 2 21 1	47 1 19 1 86 1		18 1 13 1 	137 6 86 14 2 942 2	77 1 12 10 1 1 144 2	0.00	3 1 6 7 1 1 4 7	2 1 2 3 . 4 4		BOS BOS BOS BOS	888 388				10 8 7 36 1	6 8 8 86	1 :	2 20 . 1 . 2 6 417	23 1	42 5 28 20 8 959 69	1 83 6 2 3 1	85 27 15 737	The .		e tha		27	habba	47 4 1 93	11 50	7 9,209

Local Winnemucca, Nevada, reports having suspended from membership D. J. Biggins, for voting a capitalist ticket at the recent election, and endeavoring to induce other voters to do the same.

By a recent referendum in Pennsylvania the following were elected members of the National Committee: James A. Maurer, 1516 N. Tenth st., Reading; Ed. Moore, 3462 N. Water st., Philadelphia, and Fred L. Schwartz, 526 Federal st., Allegheny.

Comrade V. S. Holmsten, manager of Tyomies (Famish party paper), published at Hancock, Mich., died Jan. 5th. His loss is greatly felt by the Finnish comrades, as in a large measure the success of Tyomies is due to his untiring energy and ability.

Under date of January 10th, S. M. Holman, National Committeeman of Minnesota.

reports having filed his resignation with State Secretary J. E. Nash, the same to take effect as soon as a successor can be chosen.

By a recent referendum in Connecticut, Ernest DeWitt Hull, at Naugatuck, and Samuel Ely Beardsley, of Shelton, were elected members of the National Committee.

True to the exhortation of Marx—"Workingmen of all countries, unite!" or whether they are to encourage contention and division on the ground of race prejudice?

Fraternally yours,

(Signed) KIICHI KANEKO.

T. SAKAI, K. NICHIKAWA, Care Heiminsha, Shintomicho, Kiobashi, Tokio, Japan.

(Signed) KIICHI KANEKO.

THE JAPANESE EXPULSION QUESTION.

A letter from Japanese Socialists to their comrades in the United States:

Comrades:—We believe that the expulsion question of the Japanese laborers in California is much due to racial prejudice. The Japanese Socialist Party, therefore, hopes that the American Socialist Party will endeavor to bring the question to a satisfactory issue, according to the spirit of international unity among workingmen. We also ask the American Socialist Party to acquaint us with its opinions as to this question.

At the recent session of the National Executive Committee, a letter was presented from Local Seattle, Wash., containing a proposal for the establishment of a lecture circuit covering the larger cities of the West and Northwest. Said letter, by direction of the National Executive Committee a letter was presented from Local Seattle, Wash., containing a proposal for the establishment of a lecture circuit covering the larger cities of the West and Northwest. Said letter, by direction of the National Executive Committee, was presented from Local Seattle, Wash., containing a proposal for the establishment of a lecture circuit covering the larger cities of the West and Northwest. Said letter, by direction of the National Executive Committee a letter was presented from Local Seattle, Wash., containing a proposal for the establishment of a lecture circuit covering the larger cities of the West and Northwest. Said letter, by direction of the National Executive Committee a letter was presented from Local Seattle, Wash., containing a proposal for the establishment of a lecture circuit covering the larger cities of the West and Northwest. Said letter, by direction of the National Executive Committee a letter was presented from Local Seattle, Wash., containing a proposal for the establishment of a lecture circuit covering the larger cities of the National Secretary in the Official Monthly Bulletin for December, together with the request that the locals not the Monthly Bulletin

established. Locals are again called upon to give this a consideration.

W. E. Farmer, member of the National Committee for Texas during 1905, died Jan. 7th. Comrade Farmer was an ardent and effective worker for the cause.

The posters on the Moyer, Haywood, Petti-bone outrage are ready for shipment; size 18x24 inches. They should be hung in a conspicuous place in all meeting halls. Or-ders for the number that will be judi-ciously used should be placed with the Na-tioual Office, and they will be supplied free of charge.

THE SOCIALIST PARTY OFFICIAL BULLETIN

previous year, resulted in unity of action participated in by a more widely separated number of people, both as to distance and races, responsive to the initiative taken by the working class, than the record of time hitherto reveals.

The plea of the peaceful petitioners who were shot down on Nevsky Prospect, in St. Petersburg, Jan. 22, 1905, has been heard in every land. The revolutionary foes of the czar and his class have been increased by legions.

It is gratifying to note that the inception of this world-wide demonstration originated with our California comrades, and was indorsed by the International Socialist Bureau.

The outrageous kidnaping (Feb. 17), at the instance of the Western Mine Owners', association, of Comrades Møyer, Haywood and others, as officers or members of the Western Federation of Miners, and the contempt shown for law by the capitalists was a revelation, and has possibly accomplished more for the solidarity of the working class than any other single exhibition of class hatred in this country.

The conspiracy readily found sympathy and support in capitalist, political and economic circles, and finally justification in the highest court of the land; the Supreme Court of the United States. The Dred Scott decision against the wage slaves has been promulgated.

That the conspiracy has thus far filed the supreme court of the United States. The Dred Scott decision against the wage slaves has been promulgated.

against the wage slaves has been promulgated.

That the conspiracy has thus far failed in its bloody purpose is due to the alarm first sounded by the Socialist party, and the ready response and support of nearly all the economic organizations of the workers. But the battle lines are clear, one of the victims, William D. Haywood, was the Socialist candidate for governor of Colorado.

Experiments are passed. The American division of the International Socialist movement is permanently established.

In supplementing economic with po-

In supplementing economic with po-litical action, the working class crossed the Rubicon, nor can it turn back after declaring, without conditions, its right to rule.

The day of victory awaits but the awakened conscience of our class. The near duty of every comrade is to enlist his neighbor. Forward to the war. The goal is peace.

Fraternally submitted,

makloritames. National Secretary.

	TABLE A—RECEIPTS—1906														
	. Dues	Supplies	Literature.	·Buttons.	National Agitation Fund.	One-Day Wage Fund	Perpetual Campaign Coupons.	Russian S. D. L. P. and Bloody Sunday Fund.	W. F. Miners' Defense Fund.	San Francisco Relief Fund	Miscellaneous,	Totals.			
February	153.60 348.65 394.90 172.65 409.45 282.35 372.05 434.73 603.00 707.90 226.35 246.60 352.23	\$ 94.05 51.22 97.27 70.75 86.86 115.40 104.17 120.25 87.87 114.96 96.68 63.65 \$1,103.13	\$ 56.15 30.15 53.37 77.80 132.29 241.40 68.95 117.15 149.45 129.22 589.72 616.17 \$2,261.82	\$ 40.10 41.82 61.21 75.36 49.81 71.99 60.58 50.08 74.90 76.82 77.22 39.25 \$719.14	\$ 37.50 60.88 48.45 311.00 67.06 165.10 134.90 108.00 743.10 90.60 29.00 9.00 \$1,804.59	28.10 596.43 824.13 308.47 147.68 23.13 \$1,927.94	5.00 19.50 13.00 1.50 \$39.00	\$1,190.08 916.56 141.77 23.25 50.50 41.20 39.25 60.07 202.00 3.00	406.97 1,915.75 827.02 404.82 266.68 83.00 53.05 26.25 56.25 102.00 \$4,141.79	171.85 197.50 35.50 129.35	\$ 5.08 1.12 .84 3.92 1.10 2.43 16.10 56.10 7.10 1.25 9.37 \$104.41	\$53.03 \$ 2,576.56 2,450.40 2,209.78 3,822.33 2,771.09 2,667.06 2,227.91 2,577.99 3,653.17 2,663.32 2,227.15 2,109.17 - \$31,708.96			

\$31,708.96

EXPENSES, 1906																			
	Exchange	General	Express and Freight	Postage	Telegrams and Telephone	Office Rent	Literature Supplies and Buttons	· Printing of Bulletins	Printing Literature and Supplies	Lighting	Office Equipment	Executive Committee Meetings	Wages	Speakers	Russian S. D. L. P. "Bloody Sunday" Funds	W. F. Miners Defense Fund	San Francisco Relief Fund	Miscellaneous	Totals
February March April May June July August September October	\$4.02 5.30 .10 9.97 1.00 5.70 2.70 4.15 3.65 3.15	\$7.76 8.21 8.46 8.20 9.14 2.41 6.85 10.55 12.18 8.14 4.85 5.14	\$30.51 52.93 15.18 11.47 22.56 19.05 18.35 14.40 13.21 88.58 25.63 9.91	\$90.30 154.34 162.58 156.30 176.25 171.89 185.71 169.04 158.92 149.94 134.96 173.02	\$8.39 7.20 14.27 16.82 13.54 23.21 7.44 16.89 15.76 27.48 8.30 18.02	\$90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 70.00 70.00 70.00 70.00 70.00	53.50 50.00 134.00 94.10 192.63 196.28 126.50 264.54 242.71 205.78 112.00 107.72	\$104.25 150.00 100.00 127.00 77.00 130.00 25.00 250.00 239.25 50.00 142.75	\$111.00 150.00 125.00 100.00 109.35 300.00 100.00 106.25 350.00 171.61 100.00 225.00	\$21.60 9.99 13.05 14.68 13.32 14.87 10.47 12.69 12.28 28.31	11.05 6.50 13.00 5.00 74.78 77.75 9.00	143.30 37.00 244.65	\$420.38 479.43 435.35 501.00 472.00 404.00 541.00 555.00 431.00 444.00 530.00	\$345.00 358.58 290.00 550.00 563.77 527.92 465.83 924.85 1,231.46 1,141.40 974.03 600.36	91.70 39.25 60.07 202.00 3.00	406.97 1,915.75 827.02 404.82 266.68 83.00 53.05 26.25 56.25 102.00	171.85 197.50 35.50 129.35	\$30.70 48.79 154.21 7.00 25.98 18.00 31.73 26.50 243.16 425.70 81.09 95.50	\$2,507,49 2,471,34 2,242,23 3,839,26 2,805,42 2,327,10 2,158,49 2,587,64 3,340,11 3,013,31 2,185,17 2,113,82
Totals\$ Cash balance on hand	42.24 I Janua	\$91.89 ry 1, 190	\$321.78	1,883.25	\$177.32	\$940.00	\$1,779.76	1,395.25	\$1,948.21	\$151.26	\$197.08	\$424.95	\$5,733.16	\$7,973.20	\$2,667.68	\$4,141.79	\$534.20	1,188.36	\$31,591.38 117.58

					TABLE	B-LE	CTURE	RS A	ND OR	GANIZE	RS						·1
		REC	EIPTS		EXPENSES												1
	Lectures.	Donations and Collections.	National Office.	Total [Salary.	Hotel.	R. R. Fare.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Due Organizer.	Paid Balance of 1905.	States Visited.	Days Out.	Towns Visited.	Meetings Held. 0	Locals Organized.	Miles Traveled
May Beals Barney Berlyn Charles Beranek Geo. E. Bigelow James H. Brower James F. Carey E. E. Carr Joseph M. Coldwell John Collins Isaac Cowen A. H. Floaten Winfield R. Gaylord George H. Goebel Alex. Halonen Ben Hanford Gertrude B. Hunt W. A. Jacobs Cameron H. King, Jr. Arthur M. Lewis Lena M. Lewis Lena M. Lewis Lena M. Lewis John W. Slayton A. M. Stirton Anton Sturm Hermon F. Titus M. W. Wilkins John W. Slayton A. M. Wilkins John F. Williams John Wolski John M. Work Joseph Wanhope Wm. A. Toole Sol. Fieldman J. B. Osborne Teofilo Petriella J. I. Fitts Wm. Boman	25.00 331.00 33.00 47.50 675.94 57.00 120.00 73.50 257.30 110.60 154.75 352.62 176.10 34.28	54.37 79.11 18.36 230.20 357.18	129.00 133.64 3.74 104.82 368.86 43.86 6170.79 40.00 385.00 466.70 10.00 208.22 254.00 230.34 180.00 849.35 361.35 214.02 412.16 72.98 129.62 258.80 66.10 288.00 390.71 90.00 353.66 90.00 353.66 90.00 353.66 90.00 353.66	208.37 212.75 22.10 335.02 726.04 374.86 590.96 219.62 863.45 888.76 84.50 315.86 1,241.41 906.28 237.00 616.76 280.14 381.25 1,245.00 649.90 214.02 885.27 202.84 157.61 614.67 224.65 155.15 313.40 1,173.89 47.80 95.75 849.48 237.95 64.90 231.50 264.83 355.32 355.32 30.00	261.00 84.00 15.00 228.00 468.00 147.00 330.00 216.00 531.00 561.00 198.00 462.00 261.00 153.00 657.00 306.00 123.00 666.00 77.00 108.00 300.00 132.00 63.00 1,002.00 63.00 1,002.00 63.00 120.00 123.00 1,002.00 63.00 120	40.60 46.50 30.35 83.30 89.00 98.40 40.60 118.15 186.80 13.05 53.60 260.25 276.00 30.80 110.85 63.25 21.70 83.35 21.190 110.85 53.50 211.90 110.85 53.50 211.90 110.85 53.50 21.75 83.75 10.95 23.00 58.25 172.50 21.00 39.25 69.65 35.85 39.25 69.65 35.85	54.98 82.25 7.10 75.52 164.55 137.86 139.51 62.53 224.31 220.57 50.05 66.68 325.19 191.28 26.44 106.26 40.89 237.50 338.80 224.45 17.15 252.75 61.84 22.57 216.47 68.66 75.45 89.40 200.28 17.20 87.10 270.38 79.05 51.28 131.12 84.54 30.00	12.30 1.15 14.69 1.00 23.05 2.50 40.25 25.02 80 11.77 70.89 10.00 92.76 35.36 7.00 17.30 8.60 7.21 	368.88 212.75 22.10 335.02 730.54 374.86 590.63 321.63 913.71 993.39 97.90 330.05 1,313.33 906.28 237.00 619.92 322.79 451.00 1,245.00 649.90 214.02 1,042.40 202.84 157.61 614.67 260.76 155.15 313.40 1,420.72 80.20 111.50 999.48 252.95 64.90 231.50 264.83 355.32 355.32	160.51 4.50 	25.02 9.80 61.63 44.80 319.85 59.84 28.62	2 1 1 5 7 4 6 4 9 7 3 1 11 10 3 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 3 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 1	87 28 5 76 156 49 110 72 177 187 30 66 219 143 29 154 87 51 219 102 41 222 23 72 100 62 18 44 33 44 34 21 28 145 40 166 40 172 177 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187	43 13 3 58 101 34 78 66 92 112 20 54 169 51 10 70 38 38 78 65 4 166 16 30 52 44 4 26 139 66 8 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 1	58 22 4 78 129 37 106 68 150 144 22 49 180 125 10 144 90 35 163 74 5 175 175 17 49 81 60 6 6 6 7 17 12 12 12 12 13 14 14 14 14 14 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	1	1,948 2,577 236 3,152 6,427 5,970 5,109 2,471 7,282 7,634 2,696 2,034 10,826 6,288 881 4,361 1,517 3,302 10,966 6,504 6,504 7,88,25 1,523 793 6,319 3,055 2,772 2,417 8,743 7,933 8,261 1,883 8,19 1,698 4,441 3,435

(Continued from page 1)

ae of the Colorado-Idaho conspiracy vicmas, a little less empty protesting and
ore determined action will help Comrades
over, Haywood and Pettibone much more
factively."

effectively."

(OHIO) BANDLOW: "Commemorating the two incidents that above all others are a blot on civilization, and the result of modern capitalism, may be the means of awakening the great mass of tollers and arousing them to activity, if they desire to lay claim to being human."

The vote of Comrade Holt, of Oregon, was received too late to be counted.

Emission and Report of Action on Wational Committee Motion No. 1.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 2, 1907.
Comrades:—Herewith is submitted referedum No. 1, motion No. 1: BY FERDINAND UFERT, NATIONAL COMMITTEE MEMBER OF NEW JERSEY.

MOTION NO. 1.

"Whereas, it has been brought to our attention that three companies of United States troops have been requested by the President of the United States to testify, under threat of dishonorable discharge from service, against their comrades in the case of a rlot occurring in the city of Brownsville, Texas, and,
"Whereas, this threat is conveyed to and affects men wholly innocent of and wholly ignorant of the disturbance in question, and,
"Whereas, this dishonorable discharge of these men would forever debar them from re-entry to service or to secure any manner of employment under the government, and,
"Whereas, the threat is used in lieu of a court martial, to which under the Constitution the men are justly entitled, and,
"Whereas, the threat has been consummated and the men dismissed ignominiously from the service, and a great injustice thereby been done to members of our class, therefore, be it
"Resolved, That we, the Socialist Party of the United States, being in complete accord with the International organization, that justice be meted out to all regardless of color, creed or condition, denounce the action of President Roosevelt as grossly and unwarrantly unjust and that we place the Socialist Party of the United States on record as being fully up to its demand for full justice to all."

COMMENT BY COMMADE LARUE, NA-

COMMENT BY COMRADE LARUE, NATIONAL COMMITTEE MEMBER OF ALABAMA.

TIONAL COMMITTEE MEMBER OF

ALABAMA.

"The motion of Comrade Ufert to protest against the action of President Roosevelt in discharging some negro soldiers in Texas, I regard as particularly unfortunate. It is an attempt to inject the negro question into the Socialist Party, where it does not belong at this time, and thereby add an additional burden to the already heavy load we have to carry in our fight for the emancipation of the workers. The comrade refers in his comment to these soldiers as 'members of our class'. On the other hand, I insist that there is nothing in common between the interests of a man engaged in useful, productive occupations and those engaged in the killing business exclusively. It matters not from what class or from what strata of society soldiers may be recruited, when they become soldiers they belong to the 'killing' class, rather than to the working or producing class. I think there is no question that the President's action had the entire approval of the Southern Socialists, and it must be admitted in all fairness that we know the negro character better than do our Northern and Western comrades.

"Southern Socialists are already sufficiently criticised because we demand for the negro economic justice. The adoption of this resolution by this body would be selzed upon by every capitalist paper in the South, with the inevitable result of handicapping and retarding the Southern branch of the Socialist movement for a good while to come."

Vote will close January 23, 1907.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 24, 1907.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 24, 1907. Comrades:—Herewith is submitted report of action taken on motion No. 1: VOTING YES.

VOTING YI Illinois—Stedman. New Hampshire—Little. New Jersey—Ufert. Vermont—Sullivan. Total—4.

VOTING NO. Alabama—LaRue.
Arizona—Barnette.
Arizona—Barnette.
Arkansas—LeFevre.
California—Holloway.
Colorado—Woodside.
Connecticut—Krieger.
Florida—Pettigrew.
Hilmois—Bimons.
Lidaho—Ring. Florida—Pettigrew.
Hillinois—Simons.
Idaho—Rigg.
Indiana—Oneal.
Iowa—Work.
Louislana—Smith.
Massachusetts—Carey.
Minnesota—Peach.
Minnesota—Holman.
Missouri—Behrens.
Missouri—Behrens.
Morth Dakota—Lamon. Wyoming—Hastings Ohio—Rodgers. Ohio—Bandlow.

Nouth Dakota—Knowles. Tennessee—Vosse Washington—Wagenknecht. Washington—Herman. Wisconsin—Berger. Total—28. NOT VOTING. California—Lewis, L. M.
California—Edmiston.
Illinois—Berlyn.
Indiana—Hart.
Iowa—Gifford.
Kansas—Crum.
Kentucky—Miller.

THE SOCIALIST

PARTY OFFICIAL BUILLEY!

GRAND PETTORIES.—"Recognition of the second plant and the second plant and

of their representative.

"'And great injustice has been done the members of our class.' 'Our class'!

velt made every one of them dig their graves and then shot them into the graves. I would not have been in the least disturbed.

Kansas—Crum.
Kentucky—Miller.
Maine—Fox.
Mansachusetts—Wentworth.
Michigan—Menton.
Montana—McHugh.
Nebraska—Blackford.
New York—Lee.
New Yor

Chicago, III., Jan. 22, 1907. Comrades:—Herewith is submitted referendum No. 2, motion No. 2:

"It should be clear that these beasts are not members of our class. Justice and injustice are relative propositions and any act that does not concern the working class is neither just or unjust from a working-class point of view.

"This difference was between the capitalist and one of its allies, and had Roosevelt made every one of them dig their graves and then shot them into the graves. I would not have been in the least disturbed.

"Perhaps some one will example the capitalist and one of the mint the graves. I would not have been in the least disturbed.

"Perhaps some one will example the capitalist and the shot them into the graves. I would not have been in the least disturbed.

"Perhaps some one will example the capitalist and the shot them into the graves. I would not have been in the least disturbed.

"Perhaps some one will example the capitalist and one of the mint of the graves. I would not have been in the least disturbed.

"Perhaps some one will example the capitalist and one of the mint of the graves. I would not have been in the least disturbed.

"Perhaps some one will example the capitalist and one of the mint of the graves. I would not have been in the least disturbed.

"Perhaps some one will example the capitalist and one of the mint of the graves. I would not have been in the least disturbed.

tional Executive Committee Member

Dear Comrade:—I desire to say something on the subject that Comrade Ufert of New Jersey wrote. He anticipated my thought. While I thought, he acted. I have the same objection that Comrade Ufert has—the same fault Socialists have with capitalism—the matter of division and distribution of the campaign fund.

I find that many prefer to throw into a local fund, but take very little interest in a national list.

At present I am helping to frame a new state constitution, and I have contemplated a state campaign or propaganda stamp for our own use, until some better national system could be adopted.

I not only object to the division, but I object to the manner in which we have raised our funds. The national office will bear me out when I say that many of the lists were not even returned, and so many desmand if a very variance trant matter. In the contemplated with such clearness that the dull-set mind can grasp them: while the

pasted into the membership card without covering the other stamps, so they could be seen by lifting the One Day Wage stamp. This will give everyone a record and receipt for his contribution and no chance for fraud.

I would send these stamps on credit to the state, and the state to the locals, and each holding the other responsible for them as strictly as due stamps. The locals would have their workers dispose of them and turn in the money. The proceeds might be divided as follows: The national, one-eighth; the state, one-eighth or more; the rest to go to the locals—one-half of which should be at the disposal of the county committee for political campaigns. This would give us a safe system of raising funds and would induce many comrades to give because they would have the evidence with them in the future that they have contributed, and will be a recommendation, in a sense, of their devotion, though of course not an infallible guide, but better than the other valuntary.

Unless I can see some good objections I will essbody my plan in a motion for the executive committee to consider.

Letter of Word E. Mills, of Texas

The sort of action H. B. Burt confesses to, if condoned, would speedlly disrupt the organized Socialist movement. For a man prominent in the Socialist party to advise the membership to vote for a capitalist party politician not only violates the letter and spirit of the national constitution of the Socialist party, but misleads and demoralises the rank and file not thoroughly grounded in the principles of Socialism. The widespread publicity and subsequent party action in the case of Victor Berger, of Wisconsin, for a similar offense, and of which Burt must have been cognizant, should have been sufficient admonition. But Burt defantly declares he did it, and "has no apology to offer." He further resents any possible action by the party organization, as if Utah were the hub of the Socialist movement, and he its manipulator. However "good" the intentions of any man may be, giving aid and comfort to the enemy in whatever guise is none the less treachery to the organization whose mission is the capture of the political powers for the purpose of doing away with the wages system and its corollary profit in any form. No class-conscious workingman will vote for a man not committed to the Socialist program and under the discipline of its political expression.

Report of Delegates to the Italian So cialist Federation Convention.

To the National Executive Committee, So-

cialist Party.
Comrades:—We, your delegates to the convention of the Italian Socialist Federation, respectfully submit the following re-

Comrades:—We, your delegates to the convention of the Italian Socialist Federation, respectfully submit the following report:

The convention was called to order at 10 o'clock Thursday, November 29, at 144 North street, Boston, Mass. Forty-three delegates were present, representing 42 branches and a membership of 1,084 in good standing. The secretary of the Federation reported 40 branches which are carried on the roll of the Association that were not represented by delegates, the membership of the Federation being about 2,300.

The first question discussed was the financial report of the Federation, and the question of maintenance of the official organ, "II Proletario". The first day's session closed at 7 p. m.

The second day's session was called to order at 9 a. m., and the discussion continued on the subjects aforenamed.

The third day's session, the convention discussed at length the economic organisation. The Industrial Workers of the World was recognized by the convention as the proper form of economic organization.

The question of affiliation was discussed at length at the fourth day's session, and those favorable to join the S. L. P. predominated over the number favoring affiliation with the Socialist Party, but the larger portion held to the opinion that as an organization they should remain neutral, as heretofore, and the vote registering this decision resulted in 567 votes against affiliation and 464 favorable to affiliation.

It was decided to move the publication office of "III Proletario" from Philadelphia to the city of Chicago. Beginning the 1st of May it will be published bi-weekly.

The next convention will be held in 1908. The impression we gathered was that had the Federation decided to affiliation.

It was decided to move the publication office of "III Proletario" from Philadelphia to the city of Chicago. Beginning the 1st of May it will be published bi-weekly.

The next convention will be held in 1908. The impression we gathered was that had the Federation decided to undertions and seriou

Comrades:—Herewith is submitted referent and which is submitted referent with the constitution of the National Secretary has acted under more than the National Committee in the usual manner."

COMMENT.

COMMENT.

COMMENT.

COMMENT.

Committee many detended by Astonal Committee and that the National Secretary be instructed to submit the said motion to the National Committee in the usual manner."

Comment.

Comment

Socialist Party held at Chicago, May, 1904. Only one published. Issued only by the National Committee of the Socialist Party and reported by the official stenographers employed by the National Committee. Well printed with clear type on good paper. All speeches on important subjects given in full. The book contains also list of delegates, Naitonal Committee, State Secretaries, Socialist papers, with addresses, Socialist vote in all the States and all the countries, portraits and biographies of Debs and Hanford. The whole fully indexed, making in all a valuable handbook which every Socialist should have in his or her library.

CONFESSIONS OF A DRONE

MARSHALL FIELD'S WILL THE SOCIALIST MACHINE

By JOSEPH M. PATTERSON

PUBLISHED IN ONE PAMPHLET

- 1. A most striking indictment of the capitalist system. 2. Binds the children of the workers, in service, to the
- children of the idlers, to the third and fourth 3. A popular exposition of the party organization.

Price, One Dollar Per Hundred, Prepaid