DEBS' PRISON STATEMENT

"I enter the prison door a flaming revolutionist, my head unbent, my spirit untamedand my soul unconquerable."

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Five years in prison! Ten years in prison!!

Twenty years in prison!!! No man who knew from personal experience what those few, brief words meant to those upon whom the sentences were imposed would utter them. A judge who had himself been in them would know that there is no crime that is not fully expiated by six months in the hell holes we call prisons. The writer of this article has been suddenly wakened in the middle of the night to hear a freedom of speech or of the press.' voice crying out from a neighboring steel cage, "This God damn, God damned place!" The profanity in the cry involuntarily wrung from some wakeful, tortured prisoner, was lost in the suffering and anguish that was in the

voice that uttered the words. Most men and women who are not sodden with crime understood. and drink would rather die than serve five years in prison, And it is men and women of keener sensibilities, who have accustomed themselves to take something more from life society on the basis of these principles and ideals. For law * * abridging the freedom of speech or of the press." than the mere satisfaction of their physical needs, that | many long years they had publicly expressed their views. suffer most. To them prisoners do not mean merely

every prison.

Rose Stokes, Hitchcock and scores of others are in prison effect said that any one who differed from the president's serving their sentences or awaiting the final decision that official view of the cause of the war and the purpose for will send them to prison for five, ten and twenty years!

What have these men and women done that they years.

have been so savagely dealt with? What is the crime that justifies their being placed behind prison bars to suffer all the refined cruelties, which to them will mean this democracy was the free public discussion of all probsuffering as great as anything the Spanish Inquisition lems coming before the people and the government. But could inflict upon them.

provision reading:

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

"Congress shall make no law *

Explicit and definite, is it not? It was the desire of the men who wrote the first amendment to the constitution to guarantee to the people of the United States the right to freely voice and publish their opinions and they said it in words that cannot be otherwise interpreted or

Debs, Haywood and the others believed in certain principles and ideals, and advocated the reorganization of main point they raised, that "Congress shall make no The war came. Among the principles which these

physical confinement, but tortured souls, because of the men and women accepted and to which they had publicly degradation of humanity that is part of the routine of expressed their adherence for a decade or more, was one explaining the fundamental cause of modern wars. The president of the United States gave his officiel view of Eugene V. Debs is behind prison bars, to remain the cause of the war and what the war was being fought for. The congress of the United States, with the approval Kate Richards O'Hare has begun her five-year sen- of the president, in defiance of the constitutional provision, "Congress shall nake no law * * * abridging the free-dom of speech or of the press," passed a law which in which it was being fought, and publicly express that view, should be put in prison for no more than twenty

The apologists of the present form of political democracy have frequently argued that the first principle of

pain of twenty years in prison!

The men and women who are in prisons or threatened with prison sentences because of violation of the Espionage law, continued to express their views of the war; they continued to express those ideals and principles which they had upheld for many years before the war.

While most of them did not have much faith in conof the ruling class, they were ready to go to prison for out, so far as it can be wiped out? their ideals, and they put bourgeois democracy to the test-and went to prison or will go to prison.

Thus far, however, the supreme court of the United States has not dared to say that the law, under which grown bitter and brutal because the masters of society they have been sent to prison is not a violation of the feel power slipping from their hands. constitution. By some legal juggling the sentences have been affirmed, but no decision has been rendered on the

But Debs is in prison! Kate O'Hare is in prison! Many others convicted under this law are or soon will be

in prison! Five years, ten years, twenty years, thus have the sentences run. Thus has the ruling class savagely wreaked its vengeance on those who had the temerity to refuse to accept the ruling class interpretation of the war and its cause.

Shall Eugene V. Debs suffer the torture of ten years in prison after his thirty years of service to the American workers? Shall he serve, what will be, a death sen-

Shall Kate Richard O'Hare be separated from her children by stone walls and iron bars for five years to

Shall Germer, Berger, Kruse, Tucker, Engdahl, Haywood, rot behind prison doors for the next twenty years? Shall all the others, thousands of them, who have

In the constitution of the United States there is a but the official view of war, formulated by one man, on ous length imposed upon them, for having stood firm in the hour of trial?

The swelling chorus of the voices of the workers an-

swers with a thunderous "NO!" How then shall we open the prison doors?

Shall we go to the president and say, "Please, Mr. Wilson, issue an amnesty declaration and let these men and women go free?" Shall we cringe and crawl and beg stitutional provisions which run counter to the interests that the outrage against these men and women be wiped

The time for "Please, Mr. Wilson," for begging and petitioning is over?

We are in the midst of the class war—the class war

As yet they have the power—and are using it. The workers' power must be organized.

Let us open the prison doors, not through begging and petitioning, but as the workers of Italy and France and England are opening the prison doors-through the threat of their power.

Let us hold great mass meetings and demand freedom for our comrades. Let us join in great mass demonstrations and demand freedom for our comrades. Let us, above all, organize our power, and demand freedom for

our comrades. If we measure up to our opportunity, if through aggressive and intensified propaganda we arouse the workers of this country not to beg, but to growl, the

prison doors will open. That is our task in the struggle for the freedom of our comrades whom capitalism is torturing and mistreat-

ing because they stood firmly by their ideals. Let us begin that task on Labor's International Holiday. Let us make May Day this year memorable as the first manifestation of the determination of the workers of

this country not to lag behind in the struggle for freedom. Let us take up our task of organizing the workers'

upheld their ideals, pay the price in anguish and suffering power to open the prison doors and to abolish capitalism, here we have a law which prohibits the expression of all that the ruling class is exacting in the sentences of vari- and never shrink nor falter until our goal is won.

Was Debs Spirited Away for Fear of Worker's Wrath?

Why the Mad Chase Through the Streets of Cleveland?—Why the Round-About Trip to Moundsville?—Many Pertinent Questions Asked About Rough Methods Used in Taking Debs to Penitentiary.

rish Eugene V. Debs to Moundsville and place him "safely" behind practically, and the turns were so penitentiary bars. The first scene in numerous that in many instances the this drama took place at the Union car containing Debs was a block ahead depot, Cleveland, Sunday morning, nearly lost in the midst of dozens of April 13. Debs was met at the sta- other automobiles going in the same tion by a daily paper reporter and sev- direction. eral comrades. He was escorted to the Gillsy Hotel. While Debs and street, bringing him back again to the comrades were eating breakfast, the Plain Dealer reporter, loyal to the masters' interests, reported the masters' interests, bringing interest again to the comrades were eating breakfast, E. 55th St., and rushing him south on that street, the chase finally terminated at the Erie depot on E. 55th the masters' interests, reported the arrival of Debs to the federal author-

Only a few minutes after breakfast ing. Marguarite Prevey, who was present, objected to this. She mainthat his lawyers be first notified that the U.S. supreme court mandate had arrived, that his lawyers then notify his bondsmen to surrender him to the authorities. One of the deputies left the room to telephone to the Federal building. Whether he did or not will remain a mystery. He returned saying that he had orders to take Debs to the Federal building. To this Debs replied: "All right, I am ready to go and the last man who would stand on formalities of any kind."

Debs was escorted to the Federal building by about fifty comrades, who had gathered in front of the hotel. Many of them had automobiles. Ar-Prevey, who was one of Debs' bonds-men, attempted to get into the elevator with Debs and the deputies to go with him to the marshal's office. She was pushed aside and told that no The comrades waited on the main of which had been given him by the floor of the building for Debs to return. The number of comrades who came to see Debs off was increasing in this, for immediately a rumor was circulated that Debs had already left comrades, believing this rumor, rushed to the depot, only to be disappointed.
MAD CHASE BEGINS.

In about half an hour Debs re-A rumor from police headquarters indimost pushed into a waiting automobile, which we feel sure was the property of or engaged by the Plain Dealer. It was not the property of the
federal authorities nor engaged by
them so far as we know. No attention was paid to Debs' baggage, his
grips and valise. Mr. Baur, Debs'
brother-in-law, who had come with
Debs all the way from Terre Haute,
was not permitted to enter the authem so far as we know with
Debs all the way from Terre Haute,
was not permitted to enter the authem so far as we know. No attengrips and valise. Mr. Baur, Debs'
Moundsville.

At Wheeling the deputies hurried
to talk or to give his usual smille of
allowed for refreshments or a meal
allowed to refreshments or a meal
allowed for refreshments or a meal
allowed for refreshments or a meal
allowed for refreshments or a meal
at the quick service lunch counter.
We braved their displeasure, sat
be be down at a table and had him
The strain told on Debs and we
order a satisfying meal. We were
order a satisfying meal. We were
pould see that with more and more
refreshments or a meal
at the quick service lunch counter.
We braved their displeasure,
be braved their displeasure,
at the quick service lunch counter.
We braved their displeasure,
bravel the quick service lunch counter.
We braved their displeasure,
at the quick service lunch counter.
We bravel the quick service lunch counter.
We brave ing at the eastern entrance. He was was not permitted to enter the automobile with Debs. Mr. Baur, Mrs. CHANGE CARS SEVEN TIMES. Deibel, J. Louis Engdahl of the So-

Fear was written in every action keeping up with the pace set by the by the authorities in their attempt car containing Debs and the deputies. Corners

So. The automobile containing the Socialist press reporters drove into the depot driveway about ten feet several deputy marshals called at behind the car containing Debs. Sev-Debs' room and requested that he accompany them to the Federal build-ing. Marguarite Prevey, who was present, objected to this. She maintained that the regular proceedure be followed in imprisoning Debs, namely, with Debs, and it not being in their power to keep us off of the same train Debs was to be taken on, became pleasant, glad no doubt that they had evaded most of the Socialists who had come from many surrounding cities to see Debs off.

TRIP LONG AND TIRESOME

The first of seven laps of a long, tiresome journey was then begun. Youngstown was the first stop. There a weary half hour was spent in waiting for the trolley to Leetonia. It was about noon, and the deputies re-lieved each other to take a bite at a cheap restaurant near the Youngstown depot. There was no opportunity to sit down at a table to enjoy rived at the Federal building, Mrs. a satisfying meal. Debs refused to eat, not wishing to bolt a meal and probably disdaining the panicky condition of his body guard. He kept his seat in the depot, making a few memorandums in his note book and one could accompany Debs up stairs. reviewing the May 1 speeches, a copy comrades with him representing the National Office of the Socialist Party.

At Youngstown the comrades ac-companying Debs first learned that every minute. One of the secret companying Debs first learned that service men must have smelled danger the trip to Moundsville was to be made by short stages on trolley cars, through the hills of Ohio and West the building for the depot. Many Virginia, in most round-about routes comrades, believing this rumor, so as to avoid demonstrations in favor of Debs on the way. Before leaving Cleveland several rumors were current that the reason Debs was rushed out of that city was to get him away turned from the marshel's office and before the monster demonstration ad between two deputies, left the build- vertised for the afternoon was held. A rumor from police headquarters in-

CHANGE CARS SEVEN TIMES.

As we stated, we left Cleveland for Youngstown, waited half an hour for backyard dumbs, littered with tin cans order for whatever else he desired to cialist press service, David Karsner of the New York Call, and A. Wagen-knecht of the National Office, Socialist Party, hastily jumped into the automobile of Comrade Fried, which was pool of Steubenville, from Steuben-tomobile to Comrade Fried, which was pool of Steubenville, from Wellshurg to and barefooted for the want of shoes, and we arose and fol-

The International Arise, ye prisoners of starvation!
Arise, ye wretched of the earth!
For justice thunders condemnation. A better world's in birth.
No more tradition's chains shall bind us. Arise ye slaves! No more The earth shall rise on new founda-tions. We have been naught, we shall be all. We want no condescending saviors, to rule us from a judgment hall. We workers ask not for their labors. Let us consult for all.

To make the chief disgorge his booty. to free the spirit from its cell, We must ourselves decide our duty, we must decide and do it well. Toilers from shop and field united, the party we of all who work; The earth belongs to us, the people, no room here for the shirk. How many on our flesh have fattened! But if the noisome birds of-prey Shall vanish from the sky some morning, the blessed sunlight still will stay. CHORUS: 'Tis the final conflict. Let each stand in his place.
The Internationale shall be the human Tis the final conflict. Let each stand The Internationale shall be the human race.

standing close by and the chase through Cleveland streets began.

Luckily Fried's car was a high powered machine, for other comrades with automobiles were soon left far behind while Fried had difficulty in him while Fried had difficulty in him while Fried had difficulty in standard poor of Steubenville, from Steuben-to tumble down; children half naked and the chase to tumble down; children half naked and the chase to tumble down; children half naked and barefooted for the want of shoes.

And among all this misery nature as lowed them to a street carner where we mounted the trolley for the last lap of the journey. Moundsville was hours after leaving Cleveland. It was the pink blossims of the peach trees. a body-racking trip, tiresome in the DEPUTIES TOO PANICKY TO EAT

MAY DAY, 1919

mediately upon his return to his of-Debs for a few minutes before we left. We were glad of the opportunity. We entered the turn table were swung around to the cell block entrance. The warden expected to find Debs seated in the guards office, but instead Debs had requested to be locked up at once so that he could repose his aching body and find much needed rest in sleep.

Continued on page four

Kate O'Hare Begins Her Prison Sentence

Enters St. Josephs Penententiary To Serve Five Year Sentence

St. Louis.-Convict 21669.

That is the number that now takes the place of the name of Kate Rich-O'Hare's daughter. ards O'Hare, former international secretary of the Socialist Party of autocratic attempt of the mayor and

America. herself to the United States Marshal at Fargo, N. D., and at midnight, in the custody of Chief Deputy Wattles,

They deman speak herself. She rose from the custody of Chief Deputy Wattles,

departed for Jefferson City.
She was accompanied by Mrs. Watwhere she was "dressed in" and assigned to the overall and suspender factory of the Missouri state penitentles and reached the prison April 14,

At the same moment that Eugene V. Debs was entering the penitentiary at Moundsville, Mrs. O'Hare was entering the penitentiary at Jefferson City. Both were indicted, tried and City. Both were indicted, tried and convicted under the espionage act. She was sentenced to five years' imprison—Husband's Hurried Farewell.

The events leading to the incarceration of Mrs. O'Hare have been veiled in mystery. None of the western papers carried accounts of it. The capitalist papers of the northwest raised the most violent hue and are appealing to the worst elements of human nature just before she surren-

She was billed to speak in the audi-

her speak. More than 5,000 people crowded into the auditorium the night that she was to speak.

But the mayor and city council rose in their dignity and refused to let

Little Daughter Spoke.
It was Kathleen O'Hare, Mrs.

the council to strangle free sp At noon, April 12, she surrendered free assemblage. erself to the United States Marshal They demanded that Mrs. O'Hare

She rose from her seat in a box and said:
"The mayor and council have made

my argument for me. If you are my friends, you will permit this to con-

this outcome. They endeavored to institute a reign of terror. But the public and the returned soldiers failed to fall for the appeals to the "good

or be able to say good bye to her. Citizens of St. Louis had contemplated a special car to Jefferson City She ended her farewell tour in St. to greet her with flowers, but the aul. when she would leave Fargo.

plan for the tribute had to be abandoned. After several hours of determined effort, her husband was granted an interview of a few short minutes with her in the prison, and then was shown the door, with the information that Standing alone on the great stage, he could not see his wife oftener than an 11-year-old girl gave an address. once a month.

Call for American Freedom Convention to be held in Chicago, July 3-4-5

(Special Correspondence)

Chicago.—Twenty-four thousand years in prison is about the aggregate of the sentences of persons already convicted, is one of the facts set forth in the call for the "American Freedom Convention" planned for July 3-5, by the National League for the Release of Political Prisoners to be held in Chicago.

The program and call for the convention is being sent out by the immediate action committee, which has established offices at Room 414, Mid-City Bank Bldg., Chicago. It will go to 30,000 local organizations of the labor movement of the nation, to the local secretaries, state secretaries and national executive committeemen of the Socialist Party, labor and radical publications, and to the officials of all radical and religious organizations that can be interested in the struggle for the release of war prisoners. . PROGRAM.

1. THE RE-ESTABLISHMENT AND MAINTENANCE OF AMERICAN POLITICAL AND CIVIL RIGHTS-FREE SPEECH,

FREE PRESS AND FREE ASSEMBLAGE. 2. THE IMMEDIATE RELEASE OF ALL PERSONS PROS-ECUTED OR IN PRISON FOR POLITICAL OPINIONS, INDUS-

TRIAL ACTIVITIES OR RELIGIOUS BELIEFS. "The great American demand is that all those statutes necessary, or thought to be necessary, for the period of the war, in so far as they affect the rights of our democratic people to meet together and to express themselves in any way that they see fit, be repealed at once."-Frank P. Walsh.

Continued on page four

THE RUSSIAN QUESTION

Republic of Russia that many persons who would scorn, ordinarily, to lie, it in its entirey. If it had been published by a Socialist or Radical paper, a keep repeating lies that they believe to be truths. Of course, this is just prejudiced public would discount its statements. Coming from the quarter it what the world Junkers, who have menaged this lying campaign, have aimed lying literature coming from groups and bureaus interested in restoring the to accomplish. There has come to our hands a bulletin, issued by the Metho- right to rob the Russian people through the capitalist system, abolished in dist Federation for Spscial Service. In this is an article, "The Russian Ques- Russia by the people)."

(There have been so many lies printed and uttered about the Soviet tion." It covers this matter so thoroughly and dispassionately that we print

Upon so disputed an issue, it is very difficult to secure impartial information. Reports entirely conflicting, according to degree of contact of ob-servers with actual working of revolution and again according to sympathies of eye-witnesses. It is assumed that readers are familiar with the case against bolshevism as it is constantly presented in the daily press and in propaganda of its opponents; therefore, and because of lack of space, that material is not summarized here. Available first-hand sources of information are: Documents issued by Soviet government, reports of competent observers, books by Trotzky, such messages from Lenine as censorship has permitted to The Soviet Government.

centers, made appearance of Soviets plexion of majority Soviets. Only natural in revolution against monar-

chy, March, 1917. How Is It Organized? Local So-How Is It Organized? Local Soviet in every community. In rural Democratic moderates, called also sections, rural Soviet or Volost, rep-Minimalists. Also thoroughgoing Soviet resents group of villages, composed cialists.
Social of representatives chosen by occupa-tion. Soviet autonomous in local affairs. All political parties repre- and Marie Spiridonova of radicals, sented, strongest group electing dele- whose following is now with and now gates to next higher Soviet. Total against the Bolsheviki. system consists of local, county, pro-Socialist Federated Soviet Republic," consists of All-Russian Congress of The Bolsheviki Rule. Soviets, supreme legislative body Leaders—Lenine; pen-name of meeting four times or more annually; Vladimir Ulianoff; belongs to noble

Extent? Controls central Russia. broken system and established Omsk ber of wealthy Moscow family, but government, which is now in control refused father's money, hence always Archangel region similarly alienated. czar's reign; opposed signing of Ukraine has Soviet form of govern-Brest-Litovsk treaty, but overruled ment and may re-enter federation. An by Lenine. Author "The Bolsheviki American traveler found Soviet in and World Peace" and "Our Revolutional Content of the same as that in Peace" and "Our Revolutional Content of the same as that in Peace and "Our Revolutional Content of the same as that in Peace" and "Our Revolutional Content of the same as that in Peace and "Our Revolutional Content of the same as that in Peace" and "Our Revolutional Content of the same as that in Peace and "Our Revolutional Content of the same as that in Peace" and "Our Revolutional Content of the same as that in Peace "Reputational Content of the Social Content of the So

American traveler found Soviet in Vladivostok the same as that in Petrograd, 7,000 miles away.

General Character? Like American revolution; it is an experiment in a new form of government, this time based upon occupational groups, rather than upon geographical divisions; units vote according to occupations; peasant delegates represent peasant Soviets in next higher body; workers in factories vote as industrial and World Peace" and "Our Revolution." both published in this country. "The present cabinet is probably the most cultured cabinet in the history of the world. All are experts upon a great many questions. Several have written books of philosophy and religion." (A. R. Williams, formerly pastor of East Maverick Congregational church, Boston, author of posterior in the Claws of the German Eagle.") workers in factories vote as industrial workers in factories vote as industrial unions; craft-unions also represented; soldier delegates represent Soldiers'

There is provision for recall and replacement of representatives at any discases of occupation, from employ-time, making political machinery ment at too early an age, and, in case quickly responsive to will of people. or wemen and young people, from un-It is, therefore, an attempt to establish direct democracy, both in the control of industry and government. To take over all grain supplies held by speculators, or for illicit manufacture of alcohol. To socialize national assembly, which western democracy finances, natural resources and the naturally understands and favors. land (pensioning present holders suf-Every g at social change is brought ficiently for their support). To make about by events of the moment, which are of only temporary significance, of free tuition in primary and secand this was no exception. Why did ordary institutions, access by public the Bolsheviki dissolve the constitution all libraries of over 500 volumes, ent assembly, an act universarry critium whether owned by individuals or incised in this country? First, assem- stitutions, and by printing and cirbly no longer represented popular culating under government auspices, will; only a small proportion of popu-either at cost of entirely free, copies lation interested in political reform; of Russian classics. To free courts peasants demanded land and said to parties who wanted assembly, "We've tional abuses and make them function with a side of the committee of Russian classics. To free courts regime in Siberia, which allied forces support, is manufacturing volka from izations—Y. W. C. A. Under Bolsheparties who wanted assembly, "We've tional abuses and make them function would without intervention would with opened and kept running clubs shall endeavor to supply it to our

nomic rather than political reform; penalties to false reports. To estabsecond, assembly, which met in Janu-ary, elected the previous November imperialistic ambitions. or radical wing, but reactionaries predominated in assembly. Bolshevists perfection of Soviet government. first tried to put through program; Overwhelming majority supported failing, bolted, carrying people with them. Assembly passed the radical of power to which they were entitled, land measure, declared for immediate because Bolsheviki settled land quesviets, which had been gradually developing, now proved more responsive to the will of both peasants and in- "A vote for every one who works." oping, now proved more responsive to the will of both peasants and in-

effective sovereign power since March.

of peasant delegates. In cities, various districts have Soviets composed of representatives chosen by occupaGrandmother of the Revolution"). Kerensky and Tchernov of moderates and Marie Spiridonova of radicals.

Cadets, Constitutional Democrats, a vincial and regional Soviets and the All-Russian Congress of Soviets, National Organization: New government officially known as the "Russian to Miliukov, and having part in Kerensky coalition regime, middle "Red army." Reaffirmed czar's despectation of the company of the company of the company of the company of the coality of the company of the coality of the coal class in sympathies.

Central Executive Committee of 250, family; had brother executed for virtually a continuous parliament, revolutionary activity in czarist rechief law-making body; Ceuncil of gime; active in revolutionary efforts People's Commissars, the cabinet or for 20 years; fomenting revolt in ministry, consisting of 17 elected from Austria when war broke out. Author Central Executive Committee, each "The Development of Capitalism in heading a department or commis-Russia," "Agrarian Problem in Rus-

iat. Sa." and other works. Trotzky: Pen-name of Bronstein, Siberia allied intervention has Commissar of Foreign Affairs; memof a monarchist group under Kolchak. poor; exiled and imprisoned under

Politics—(Indicated by official de crees). General aim: To make labor tion. Specific aims: To guard industrial workers from overwork, from suitable occupations and night work.

Our concern with this question is because the Soviet government is an attempt to organize a new social order.

Sources and Character of Information.

Line See Thomas Amount unknown.

Line See Thomas Amount unknown.

Line See Sources and Character of Information.

Line See Thomas Amount unknown.

Line See Thomas Amount unknown. organized condition of the country dren. To free public from misrepre-forced leaders to promises of eco- sentations of press by attaching

on basis of lists prepared before Bolshevist revolution. Party lines had changed, sentiment had shifted to left workers' control of industry, all pow-Program-Election platform: "Impeace, and then died of inanition. So-tion as peasants desired, namely:

dustrials; Bolsheviki, therefore, did Individuals living on rent and inter-The Soviet Government.

What is a Soviet? A local unit of government. Had its beginning on agricultural side, in the "mir," oldest lar to New England town meeting. In cities, developed in revolution of 1905, when Working Men's Councils grew up semi-clandestinely. Years of grew up semi-clandestinely. Years of grew up semi-clandestinely. Years of graining control of Soviets in Nogration of economic theories in these grains of ment to suit their own purposes, but to vote; franchise obtainable by gowers and criminal elements. For examples, ing to work. In progress of democracy franchise has been limited by property owning and literacy qualifications. Soviet government and Bolsheviki require a new test, making sevice to the common life basis of citizenship. "The Dictatorship of the by gaining control of Soviets in No-business and organizes the government and Bolsheviki require a new test, making sevice to the common life basis of citizenship. "The Dictatorship of the by gaining control of Soviets in No-business of democracy franchise obtainable by go-making to work. In progress of democracy franchise obtainable by go-making to work. In progress of democracy franchise obtainable by go-making to work. In progress of democracy franchise obtainable by go-making to work. In progress of democracy franchise obtainable by go-making to work. In progress of democracy franchise obtainable by go-making to work. In progress of democracy franchise observed than the opposition of making programs."

In adversarial elements. For examples, on standing transported to work and criminal elements. For ernment becomes a high-sounding phrase for "rule of majority." Deter-mining question for both Soviets and our political democracy is whether in practice either results in control of minority. Russia's population is 84 per cent. peasant, 9 per cent. industrial, 7 per cent. (until the war) bourgeois (owners and managers-of this 7 per cent., 1 per cent. had nearly 100 per cent. of industrial management).
Working the Program—Formulated

sources, ordered compulsory insurance for ogricultural workers at state expense, also for homesteads against fire, drought, epidemic among cattle, etc. Schools organized and opened where none previously existed. Installed extensive hospital facilities, reorganized factories and made them more productive. (In one establishment employing 6,000 men. 18 cars a day were turned out under Kerensky regime. Soviet reorganized, cut force to 1,800 and turned out 12 cars a day by methods mostly introduced by working men, an increase of more repudiation would occasion revolution in those countries. Later offered to protect small French investors, and have since offered to arrange entire year. Has won support of Menshe-

group of monarchist adventures. He, with other Mensheviki and disinterested foreign observers, prefer Bolsheviki. All agree that intervention has strengthened Bolsheviki. Kolchak regime in Siberia which allied forms in Siberia which allied forms and articles especially designed for religious services given for free use of corresponding religious societies.

government. Number apparently cially useful labor the requirement for high, but no reliable figures available. citizenship. Evidently increased by encouragement

ing neutral powers heard of crushing of Sinn Feiners in Dublin, of White Terror in Finland, of mass murder of working men and seek the rest of the Christian ideal? Are its methods destructive of that ideal? Decision must await more evidence and further development peace slogan, "No annexations, no indemnities," which greatly influenced allied war aims. Published secret treaties showing imperialistic barused only in holy cause of liberation used only in holy cause of liberation of the people." From letter of Lenine to American working men: "Have English forgotten their 1649, the French their 1793? Terror was just and justified when it was employed "Red army." Reaffirmed czar's decision to banish vodka. Redistributed land, nationalized all national reductional reductions of the control o poses against feudal domination. But terror becomes criminal when working men and poverty-stricken peasants dare to use it against bourgeoisie. Terror was just and justified when it Terror was just and justified when it was used to put exploiting minority in place of another. But terror becomes horrible and criminal when used to abolish all exploiting minorities, when employed in cause of actual majority,

employed in cause of actual majority, in cause of proletariat and semi-prohetariat; of working class and poor peasantry. The bourgeoisie of inter-national imperialism has succeeded in slaughtering ten million in crippling our war, the war of the oppressed than our own "law and order." Apsende causing the immediate release and exploited against oppressors and parently the degree of violence and order." Apsende causing the immediate release of all our brothers in prison, Mother to go free; for it is for us that he ated foreign debt. Moderate Socialists wanted, after due warning from liberals, to repudiate that part loaned to czar to repress revolution. Bolshetiki repudiated all because against capitalism; also because read in French and German economists that repudiation would occasion revolution. Support of original decree on The Senate Inquiry.

to establish advantage or privilege on withstood all attacks for more than a ground of religious affiliation. Citiyear. Has won support of Mensheviki and leaders among intellectuals, notably Groky, one of Russia's greatest writers. Has maintained itself despite substantial help given internal enemies by allied governments, and also despite natural attempt of employers to cripple new program by taking away books and dismantling machinery.

Information as to how far whole zens may profess any religion or none. Information as to how far whole lations governing other private assoprogram has been carried is inade-ciations, and may not enjoy privileges or subsidies from state. Compulsory The Present Choice-Professor Lo- collection of payments and assessmonosoff, a moderate Socialist, says ments for church or religious socie-choice is now beaten Bolsheviki and ties forbidden. All properties of ex-

got the land; if it gets into politics, tion as instruments of justice to all go to feed central Russia. Has de- for women and girls in Petrograd and readers.

been killed.
The Red Terror—Amount unknown.
New Statesman, London, anti-Bolsheviki in policy, says of all executions in Moscow since Bolsheviki came into first revolution, Soviets quickly rallied to make must have investigations, though using an interpreter opposed to Bolsheviki. Y. M. C. A. under czar had little co-operation moscow since Bolsheviki came into in Moscow since Bolsheviki came into power, 60 per cent. were of corrupt to support of association. Moscow Soviet officials. Relation of fact to report seen in "Sa. Bartholomew incident": American newspaper reported that on November 10, Bolsheviki would carry out general massacre of all opponents. What actually happened: Soviet council of Petrograd adopted resolution giving amnesty to support of association. Moscow Soviet gave buildings and full permission to work. When Bolsheviki came into power, Lunacharsky, Commissar of Education, warmly appreciated work, asked that it be enlarged, reaffirmed all permissions of Kerensky regime. When difficult to get money, Bolshevik authorities gave permission all hostages and persons alleged to be all hostages and persons alleged to be involved in plots against Soviets, except those whose detention was deemed copt those whose detention was deemed rural work along Volga, gave large necessary for safety of Bolshevists in enemy hands. Kinds: (1) Massacres and murders of hated officers and definanced alterations on boat, though feated opponents in early days. (2) this particular enterprise had Russian not impose a new form of government to suit their own purposes, but were put into power by a system which had long been developing.

The latest and interpose and items, not allowed by gower by a system which had long been developing.

The latest and interpose and items, not allowed by gower by a system which had long been developing.

The latest and interpose and items, not allowed by discharged soldiers priests and men opposed to Bolsheviki and criminal elements. For examples, on staff. Permitted to ship goods on mineral elements. For examples, in this particular enterprise flat Russian priests and men opposed to Bolsheviki and criminal elements. For examples, on staff, Permitted to ship goods on mineral elements. For examples, in this particular enterprise flat Russian priests and men opposed to Bolsheviki and criminal elements. For examples, on staff, Permitted to ship goods on mineral elements. For examples, in this particular enterprise flat Russian priests and men opposed to Bolsheviki and criminal elements. For examples, on staff, Permitted to ship goods on mineral elements. For examples, in this particular enterprise flat Russian priests and men opposed to Bolsheviki and criminal elements. For examples, on staff, Permitted to ship goods on mineral elements. For examples, in this particular enterprise flat Russian priests and men opposed to Bolsheviki and criminal elements. For examples, on staff, Permitted to ship goods on mineral elements. For examples, and criminal elements are elements. For e

and even delinquency. Capital punishment at first abolished, but reintroduced for punishment of traitors to revolution within and without the resolution of the Russian Socialist Federated Soviet Management of the Russian Socialist Federated Soviet Republic is to establish a state composed of producers and to make so-

How is this related to a similar eleof counter-revolutionists by allies.

Their Attitude—From reply of Tschitscherin, Commissar of War, to the counter-revolutionists of War, to the counter-revolutionists by allies.

Their Attitude—From reply of the Christian ideal of society? Does this movement apprehend and seek the rest of the Christian ideal of the Christian ideal of society? ciety? Does this movement appre-

There is sharp divergence of evidence concerning the relation of acts and rules of local Soviets to national decree. It must be remembered, however, that nothing which may be proved against the Bolsheviki can di-minish the value of the ideal of a demccratic order composed of co-operating producers.

2. It is evident that acts abhorrent to humanity have occurred under Bolshevist regime. To what extent are they due to the policy of that reness are strangely mixed?

On this question of responsibility for, as well as extent of, criminal acts there is sharp contradiction of testimony; also as to whether methods of suppressing rebels are more ruthless disorder varies in different sections The Senate Inquiry.

Since the above material was pre- miners. Since the above material was prepared, the senate inquiry has commenced. Most of the information at present made public by the committee present made public by the committee has been considered in making this summary. It has been compared not only with the testimony of observers who are sympathetic with the Soviet principle, but also with the evidence of neutral witnesses. The committee has been asked to hear ten represent-ative American religious and social workers who are neither Bolshevists nor Socialists.

The first week the newspapers failed to print testimony relating to the constructive activities of the So-The next week testimony was blocked regarding Siberia because the Bolshevists are not in power there now. Yet there the Soviets accomplished constructive results before allied intervention drove them from

If the newspapers continue

A TELEGRAM FROM DEBS' **BROTHER**

Terre Haute, Ind., April 14, 1919.

Eugene V. Debs, Federal Prison,

Moundsville, West Virginia.

They have your body behind prison walls but your unconquerable spirit, radiant as a sunburst, soars humanity's luminous heights a million miles beyond the foul touch of filthy hypocrites and their prostituted mercenaries. Your unwavering fidelity to principle, your unfaltering love and devotion to the cause of the crushed and oppressed will be an unceasing inspiration. I was never so proud of you. My arms are about you, old pal, and will be through time and eternity.

Your loving brother,

THEODORE DEBS.

-For dear love's sake

-And I, for liberty's.

Perfumed petals of rose:

Your sweetness

O! so may I!

Suffuse your fragrance through the

Will be a sign of beauty in this bitter

—H. Austin Simons. (Conscientious objector, serving eight-year sentence at Fort Leavenworth).

SINGING IN JAIL

I hear the poets singing in the jail,

Never do their songs of courage fail.

Songs of human aspiration ring— Though the scaffolds rise, the poets

Prison Poems

VISIONS, GO NOT FROM ME! Visions, go not from me! In my softest hour, Pierce through and fashion me

Though I be falling In sloth or in sleep, Reach up your voices Out of the deep.

After your power.

Visions, go not from me!
If I be content, Spur me to thirst again Ere life be spent. -Charles Ashleigh.

I. W. W. serving ten-year sentence in federal penitentiary at Leaven-worth, Kan.)

A ROSE.

Pink petals of rose: Bloom. You will share this prison-cell with You in your tincup of water in the I in my narrow cot. You were sent rather unwillingly—

And so was I-

Standing with their backs against the While guns crackle, while their com-

rades fall. Strong in courage-never do they Singing songs of freedom in the jail!

-Mary O'Reilly. From The Liberator.

What Debs Did For Imprisoned Miners

Minden, W. Va., March 17, 1919. Mooney, O'Hare, Haywood and others, Comrades: During the Paint Creek but we must destroy the thing that Jones and John Brown were in prison illegally and some of our men in the penitentiary at Moundsville, sent there by the governor, unlawfully; and soldiers and company guards were in our midst, the National Executive Committee of the Socialist Party met and elected E. V. Debs to draft a resolution to be presented. draft a resolution to be presented to The very least that I could do as

cations are that government is restoring law and order with a strong hand. More evidence is needed before Christ, says he must serve ten years by their appreciation of the labors of in Moundsville-in the very prison the great chief of rebels, the crownthat Debs made open and give up our ing glory of the social revolution in

of gratitude more than to any other and hellish insults that will be his

strike in this state, when we miners denies us our right of free speech, were almost defeated, and Mother and achieve for ourselves the things Jones and John Brown were in prison for which Debs fought and for which

the United States senate calling for a an individual in recognition of the senatorial investigation of the Paint services Debs has rendered my class Creek strike and which was presented would be to ask of the court that I through Senator Kern and passed the be permitted to serve the sentence in Jones included.

Now a federal judge who is not worthy to shine Comrade Debs' shoes,

of gratitude more than to any single individual in America?

It is not enough that we make the the coal companies of this state!

FRANK GRAHAM. in Moundsville under the hirelings of

State Convention of Ohio Socialists to be Held in Cincinnati

Cincinnati Socialists are already hard at work arranging for the state picnic, which will take place Sunday, June 29. Particulars about location Sec. 10. Only those who have been of the picnic grounds, program of speakers and other details will be made public in the Ohio Socialist in an early edition.

The State Office will compute the average membership of the locals in Ohio for the twelve months beginning May 1, 1918, and ending April 30, 1919, at once and each local will be notified how many delegates it is en-

In the meantime, every local and branch of the party is requested to study the constitutional provisions as printed below. Note especially the section which disqualifies locals from representation and the section which provides that unless a delegate de-posits his credentials before 3 o'clock of the first day of the convention, he will not be entitled mileage.

All good standing locals in the state hould be represented at this convention. It will be the most important in the party's history because of the socialism which have transpired lately. And remember the state picnic, June 29. Attend.

Here are the constitutional provisions covering state conventions. Read them at the next meeting of the local. ARTICLE VIII Conventions.

Section 1. State conventions shall be held annually, time and place to be decided by the Party State Execuive Committee.

Sec. 4. The basis of representation in any State Convention shall be by Locals, each Local being entitled to at least one delegate. Locals embracing more than one hundred members in good standing shall be entitled to one additional delegate for every one hundred members, provided, that where subdivisions exist the Local may allow such subdivision to elect its delegate

Sec. 5. When any subdivision of a Local has not a sufficient number of members to allow it a representative, two or more subdivisions numbering tion thereof, may jointly elect a delegate so long as the Local remains within the limits of its quota. Sec. 6. Representation shall be based upon the average number of due stamps purchased from the State Office by each Local during the year

The State Executive Committee of up to within two months of the time the Socialist Party of Ohio named Cincinnati as the convention city and set June 27, 28 and 29 as the dates for the 1919 party convention.

The Charles Backet Back tioning delegates to the state conven-

> Sec. 10. Only those who have been members of the party for one year or more shall be eligible as delegates to the state convention, unless the local to be represented shall have been in existence a shorter length of time; in which case the delegates must be charter members of the local.

Sec. 11. Delegates to the state convention failing to present their credentials to the Credential Committee by 3 o'clock of the first day of the convention will not be entitled to

NOTICE, THE NEXT STATE PICNIC

The state convention publicity committee of the Socialist Party of the state of Ohio, hereby notifies different locals or branches of the Socialist Party, that the state convention of Ohio, for the year 1919, will be held important occurrences in the field of at Cincinnati, U., June 27 and 28. The state picnic will be held at Coney Island, June 29, 1919. It should be every revolutionary Socialists' duty to be present at the state picnic, no matter if from central, northern or southern parts of the state. Let's get together, rally around the reds, and have a good and jolly time.

The committee also wishes to state that tickets, which will be forwarded to each and every local or branch in the state, can be had of comrades for 25c a piece, while at the boat wharf same will cost you 35c a piece, and therefore we ask you to buy as many tickets as possible.

Furthermore we beg to state that the "country store" will be held at the local headquarters during the convention, at 1314 Vine St., and as usual does the committee ask comrades, friends and sympathizers for dona-

Kindly forward donations to the treasurer of the committee, Comrade Lotta Burke, 1314 Vine St., or the secretary, Otto F. Hoefer, 1315 Vine

Comrades and friends, remember, under NO circumstances miss the state picnic.

Convention Publicity Committee.

OTTO F. HOEFER, 1315 Vine St., Cincinnati, O.

American "Democracy" As Seen By Workers of Europe

European Workers Protest Imprisonment of Debs and Other Class War Prisoners

Italy.-Avanti, the Italian Social- out a call for nation-wide protest ist daily, in a recent issue published meetings. three columns reviewing the Ameri can political persecutions, while the national executive committee of ethe Italian party, has cabled its sympathy to the American party in its hour of States. Nikolai Lenine, in interviews

Italian chamber of deputies absented themselves, as a protest against the imprisonment of American Socialists, when President Wilson appeared before Italy's parliament at Rome, in January, 1919.

Great Britain.—The Labor Leader, official organ of the British Independent Labor Party, after giving considerable space to the prosecution and ican Socialist Party. In a special edimprisonment of American Socialists, iterial article, Jean Longuet, grandpublished an editorial denouncing "these legal outrages."

The Call, official organ of the British Socialist Party, published the entire contents of the leaflet issued by the National Office of the American Socialist Party, entitled "Restore Our Rights."

Sweden.—The Socialists of Sweden, after having been prevented by the california. California. "He give about conditions in the United States, inovement," finally received information regarding the persecution of the American Socialists from persons returning to several meetings where he spoke when spoke when spoke when from the United States. The laws over in the states, and the more "The news of this latest outrage phrases attuned to the "14 points." he has been condemned. Socialist Party of Sweden then sent I heard him, the more I marvelled at against justice and freedom," declares agency and had already expressed our (Signed)

Russia.—The Russian Soviet Republic has always manifested a keen interest about conditions in the United with American newspaper correspondents, has made special requests for The 50 Socialist members of the information concerning the fate of political and industrial war prisoners in this country. He is reported as having offered to make an exchange of prisoners to secure the release of

> lished in Paris, have closely followed the governmental attack on the Amerson of Karl Marx, denounces especially the sentence meted out to Debs.

"We Europeans have no comrade like your 'Gene Debs," said Mrs. Dora "We Europeans ...

like your 'Gene Debs," said Mrs. Dora Montefiore, as we sat in the reception room of the Woman's Lyceum Club, in London, some years ago, narrates Lena Morrow Lewis, in the "Special Debs Number" of the New Justice, just issued at Los Angeles, California.

That the Socialists Conviction of the five Socialists, Victor L. Berger, Adolph Germer, J. Louis V. Engdahl, Irwin St. John Tucker and William F. Kruse, is putting it lightly.

We have just received a copy of the "Lebor Leader," the organ of the In-

"He gives a human touch to the movement," explained Mrs. Monte-fiore, "and radiates a spirit of love that is irresistible. I followed him in years. It received its news of the the end?"

"Labor Leader," the organ of the International that is the end?"

Evidently the czaristic tactics of American "justice" do not harmonize that is irresistible. I followed him in years. It received its news of the very well, to the ears of European Wilson will let our comrade, Debs, fully the company of the its distinguished president to which the end?"

Evidently the czaristic tactics of American "justice" do not harmonize that is irresistible. I followed him in years. It received its news of the very well, to the ears of European Wilson will let our comrade, Debs, fully the company of the its distinguished president has given the ears of European Wilson will let our comrade, Debs, fully the company of the its distinguished president has given the ears of European Wilson will let our comrade, Debs, fully the company of the its distinguished president has given the ears of European Wilson will let our comrade, Debs, fully the company of the its distinguished president has given the ears of European Wilson will let our comrade, Debs, fully the company of the its distinguished president has given the ears of European Wilson will let our comrade, Debs, fully the company of the its distinguished president has given the company of the its distinguished president has given the company of the its distinguished president has given the company of the its distinguished president has given the company of the its distinguished president has given the company of the its distinguished president has given the company of the its distinguished president has given the company of the its distinguished president has given the company of the co

to be congratulated on having such a worker."

SWEDISH TOILERS IN PROTEST FOR AMERICAN POLIIT-ICAL PRISONERS

Politiken, the chief organ of the Swedish left wing Socialists, published a half page manifesto calling on the party membership throughout the land to organize protest meetings against America's treatment of political and industrial prisoners. Through its underground channels Politiken has procured a mass of details of specific cases of imprisonment of American workers, according to a cabled article by Bassett Digby in the the "Labor Leader," "bears out only condemned to six months' imprison-

BRITISH SOCIALISTS HEAR OF PERSE-CUTION HERE

that we have no one in all the European movement who may be compared to him. My American comrades are Of Debs' Sentence

United States:
"Chicago, March 13.—The Supreme Court of the United States has confirmed the decision of the lower courts in the case of Debs. Debs will therefore spend ten years in prison.—Ger-

The Populaire has already given out

trations of present and future plans vote of more than a million.

The conviction of such a man, uni-

(From Le Populaire, the Socialist emotion at such a verdict. We won't, Daily of Paris, Edited by Jean however, repeat this here, because, Longuet, Dated March 16, 1919). In truth, Socialists can never remain in truth, Socialists can never remain I have received the following cable indifferent or inactive when, in any from Comrade Germer, National Secplace on the globe, the rights of their retary of the Socialist Party in the comrades are violated by the power comrades are violated by the power of bourgeois magistrates. We know what a glorious part our

comrade, Eugene Victor Debs, who is called the American Lasalle, has played for a quarter of a century in the Socialist movement across the Atlantic. At first fighting for the unions, as secretary of the Railway this news as a dispatch from our unions, he directed the great Pullman strike of Chicago, in 1894, and was Debs.

Chicago Daily News.

The Swedish left Socialists are exhere two French Socialist dailies, published in Paris have closely followed ors:

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Chicago Daily News.

The Swedish left Socialists are exhere two French Socialists dailies, published in Paris have closely followed. 'war mania' that would seem to be with wonderful energy and marvelous still prevailing in the United States. spirit, he carried the Socialist mes-"To this is now added capitalist sage from the Atlantic to the Pacific, panic against bolshevism, a panic from the Great Lakes of Canada to which in large measure is born of a the boundaries of Mexico, as candiguilty conscience and fear of the hardate for the presidency of the repubvest of past oppressions or the frus- lic. He rolled up thus a Socialist

"Labor unrest is working all the new world of the west as well as in the war tortured plains of Europe. The news from South Amer's the conviction of such a man, uniaccording to its quota of membership, the total not to exceed the total number allowed the Local.

Sec. 5. When any subdivision of a wind sympatrizers for donations from such "country store," which will be gladly and with many thanks received. Europe. The news from South Amer- he has been condemned, for the simple ica suggests efforts at revolution and ruthless suppressions, followed by fresh outbreaks. Who can foretell the great American republic to which

JEAN LONGUET.

THE OHIO SOCIALIST

Official Organ of The Socialist Party of Ohio and Kentucky, Virginia, W. Virginia and New Mexico.

One Year \$1.00

BUNDLE RATES 50c Per Hundred Six Months

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EDITORS Elmer T. Allison Alfred Wagenknecht

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side' Cheer Class War Prisoners

our hearts than you can imagine. It masses. surely makes one feel good to know that the people think of us and are doing all they can to get us out of this hole. We are all in pretty good health and the best of spirits, but it gets awfully monotonous to stay in one place behind big walls and iron bars. A day or a few days in prison does not seem so hard, but when these days grow into months, years, then one learns the feeling of being tied to one spot. The monotony, the sameness, is what wears. That is why letters from the outside cheer one so and help to break the monotny of prison

life. Note what you say regarding the many big meetings the Socialists are having and that the working class are with the Bolsheviki. It is high time the workers learned who their friends are. What gets my goat is the severe criticisms of the union strikes. People naturally believe that when labor ing men receive pretty large wages they ought to be content. That argument is all right as far as it goes. When the government began to pay its shipbuilders \$6 to \$10 a day, the merchants and institutions which supplied these laborers the necessities of life raised prices which upon investigation, proved to be from 150 to 3,000 per cent., so that the workers could hardly purchase enough to live on. It seems that everybody ought to know that this is the cause of the strikes. The Swift Co. admits increased dividends of \$42,000,000 over last year. The Anaconda Mining Co., with \$51,000,000 surplus in its treasury. Yet we find men and women defending these robbers and condemning the la-

Every day we see big headlines in the papers about deportation of I. W. , Bolshevists and Socialists and then we read that other countries are also deporting them to the U. S. That's getting rid of them, isn't it? Now I believe all these daily press lies have but one purpose—to keep us in prison and to exterminate all radical movements. But the dawn of a brighter day is breaking. We shall yet see

justice triumph.

The Ohio Socialist has found its way into my cell and, believe me, it sure is a welcome visitor every week. I-like it because it strikes straight at the roots of the rotten system.

Yours for the cause, ARTHUR BOOSE.

By EDWIN MYLER.

Local Tiffin held a very enthusiastic meeting in the high school auditorium, April 12. Speakers for the

talk on bolshevism and its origin and gave to his hearers one of the most highly defined definitions of socialism and its fruits that has so far been presented in Tiffin. When Comrade Martin was intro-

duced she didn't realize that she was going to speak to more than the work- with power, and who have jurisdiction ers of this vicinity, but in the well over the fate of these thousands of filled auditorium were many profes- political prisoners of war, immediately sional men and politicians of the old set in motion the necessary govern any nearly past regime.

Letters From 'Out- solidarity and the most powerful of all weapons "reason" she was applied

all weapons "reason" she was applauded by all within hearing.

After the meeting, when about to adjourn, a doctor and an old time politician went forward to congratulate Compade Martin on her address

ally large considering the number present who were not red.

Local Tiffin will be out in front on

Debs' protest day, having plans to placard the entire county with protest signs and to get the signature of every voter in this district on a protest portcard.

At our last regular meeting we had as our guest Comrade Daniel Rosenberg of New York city, a traveling salesman, who gave a very lengthy talk on the many locals and branches in New York demonstrating the many n New York, demonstrating the many different social factions, but when he came to Ohio he stated that he found only one, that being completely Bol-sheviki, and no moderate or conservative element.

When about to leave he was handed a few copies of the O. S. and the O. S. received another new one-year sub. In Tiffin we draw no line in our drive for new members and as for subs we try everybody, and by our growing sub list you can tell the re-

Political Prisoners Must be Released

War is ruthless and brutal. It is a negation of democracy. War knows no sympathy for its victims, and for its success the most unjust and extreme punishment is meted out to those whose conscience and principles are not in harmony with it.

Thousands of men and women have been imprisoned, both by court-martial and by civil courts—men and women whose only crime was disagreement with the world war. sentences given these thousands of political and military war prisoners were unjust was proven at hearings before the senate investigating committee.

The war is over. Society is returning to a more or less normal state. Hate of workers by each other is being replaced by love and vengeance by kindness. Working men and women in all parts of the United States are beginning to realize that the thou-sands of war prisoners rotting in jails bands to furnish revolutionary music for the entertainment of the crowds. though a venal press may have divided the workers upon this question of at 8 p.m. war, neither the capitalist press nor Tiffin Runs To Red any other agency of the ruling class can much longer divide the workers upon the question of identity of inter-

All political prisoners of war are of our blood and our class. We demand evening were Comrade Lilith Martheir release. We shall not rest until the dungeon door opens for the last Comrade McClury made a short of the political and military war pris-We shall agitate and propagate for their release until the workers of the entire country, en masse,

join in this just and humane demand. We demand that the United States congress, the president, the secretary of war and others at present clothed mental machinery for the release of When our comrade remarked on the all men and women now in prison be"convict" strike at "our capitol." Ft. cause of opposition to the war or inLeavenworth as proof of the coming fractions of its autocratic regulations.

DECLARATION REGARDING THE NATIONAL

EXECUTIVE ELECTION ADOPTED

BY LOCAL CUYAHOGA COUNTY As a result of the war, which has brought in its wake the social revolution in action, a strong movement has developed in every Socialist Party of the world for more radical and revolutionary tactics. This is a logical development to those who view socialism, not as a scheme or a plan devised by some great mind, but as a social movement, having its roots deep in the existing social conditions, which must change and adjust itself as the social and economic conditions develop and change.

While the need for new orientation is clearly apparent, there is an element within the party which is either unwilling or unable to adjust itself to the new world conditions and the new tactics required by these conditions. Unfortunately this element has controlled the party National Executive Committee and the party machinery, with the consequence that the national organization, in place of furnishing the leadership and urging the locals forward to take advantage of the present world crisis in building up the proletarian movement, has conspicuously lagged behind.

In view of these conditions we believe that it is essential that the party membership act intelligently in voting for candidates for National Executive Committee. In the past it has too often happened that because members of the party have not been acquainted with the position nor capabilities of candidates, that they have been obliged to vote blindly, or have voted for those whose names are best known to them as writers or speakers, without knowing their position in regard to party policies.

Local Cuyahoga County, by practically unanimous vote of its membership, has endorsed the Left Wing position in the party. While among the candidates for this district there are a number who support the Left Wing position, we believe that it is essential that those who favor this position agree upon certain candidates.

Resolved, By the County Central Committee of Local Cuyahoga County, that we endorse C. E. Ruthenberg of Cleveland, Marquerite Prevey of Akron and Fred Harwood of Newark, N. J., and urge all members who wish to support the Left Wing position to vote for these candidates for National Executive Committeemen; that we endorse C. E. Ruthenberg, Louis C. Fraina, John Reed and Isaac E. Ferguson for the International Delegates; that we urge the members to vote "NO" for both candidates for International Secretary, as they do not represent the Left Wing of the party. Be

Resolved, That this declaration be published in the Socialist News, the Ohio Socialist, and that it be sent to all other Socialist papers in this district for publication.

KENTUCKY

Official Organization News

H. Tinsley, M. A. L. Dues.....\$ 1.00

1.00

A. W. Calhoun, M. A. L. Dues. W. H. Kiser, M. A. L. Dues. D. W. Vandever, M. A. L. Dues

Ohio Socialist sub.....

State Sec. salary....

FRED E. STEVENS.

W. C. GOODMAN.

Regular Meeting of the Executive

Committee.

Respectfully submitted, E. B. AUSTIN, JR. State Secretary.

POLICE BECOME LAW

BREAKERS

The comrades of Farrell, Pa., were

Wm. J. Dodge of Buffalo attempted to speak for Local 225, W. I. I. C. About 500 people had assembled at

the hall when about 50 police, soldiers,

detectives and the fire department, appeared at the door. The fire hose was run into the building and turned

upon the audience. Seizing the

flow, but it won't all be from the work-

ANOTHER VICTIM

the hum in your office. Keep it up.
Fraternally,
W. P. CALKINS.

ist booster. We await word of the outcome of his trial.—Ed.

ONE BIG ORDER

Local Toledo does things in a big way. That's because it does big things,

or perhaps it does big things because

ing the police department out of a

VOTE TO STRIKE MAY 1.

If the decision of the six important unions in France is adhered to, May 1

will be observed by a general absten-

railroad workers, mines, dock work-

ers, metal workers, sailors and gen-

decided to unite in efforts to obtain

WHY?

The delegates of these unions—the

Follow the lead of Toledo.

to be present.

tion from work.

State Secretary. Meeting adjiurned.

"beat it."

E. B. AUSTIN, Asst. State Sec. 231 Broadway, Louisville, xy.

Louisville, Ky., March 27, 1919. | Financial Report for March, 1919. | Special Meeting of the Executive | RECEIPTS

Committee.
Present: J. L. Stark, F. E. Stevens, R. M. Rasmussen and J. J. Bossemer.
Absent: W. C. Goodman.
J. J. Bossemer elected chairman. following resolution was

dopted: Whereas, Our Comrade J. L. Stark nas been selected general organizer for the Expressmen and was selected because of his many years' experience

in the Socialist party, and Whereas, He has organized the Ex-(Printed by Permission of the Recipients, Comrades W. E. and Laura Reynolds).

Dear Friends: Letters from outside these walls bring more cheer into our hearts than you can imposize It masses.

Itate Comrade Martin on her address. The politician was approached on the subject of their present national leader and he laughingly stated that such was a thing of the past, he would, from now on, follow the masses.

Itate Comrade Martin on her address. The politician was approached on the subject of their present national leader and he laughingly stated that such was a thing of the past, he would, from now on, follow the masses. pressmen on a larger scale than has The receipts from the collection was taken by a secret service man to and sale of literature was exceptionally large considering the number charges of bolshevism and I. W. W. ism, and

Whereas, All of these charges were scheme to prejudice the workmen against him because of his political iews, and

Whereas, the railroad employes central body, representing eleven railway unions (5,000 members) have unanitaken up his defense and demanded that he be exonerated of these

vicious charges.

Therefore be it resolved, That we the State Executive Committee of the Socialist Party of Kentucky, in special session, March 27, 1919, do hereby urge the membership of said party to give their support to the defense of Comrade J. L. Stark, to the end that he may defeat his enemies and continue his usefulness in the labor movement.

Meeting adjourned.
Respectfully submitted, E. B. AUSTIN, JR. Assistant State Secretary.

A PROTEST THAT PROTESTS

An order for supplies to the extent of \$41.40 is the way Local Ashtabula protests against the imprisonment of Comrade Debs. Making Socialists is the best possible protest against this latest crime of the master class.

CELEBRATION AT YOUNGSTOWN

A monster protest meeting will be held in Youngstown, May 1. The seven branches of the Socialist Party, together with a number of locals from near by cities, will take part. All labor organizations are also invited to help make this meeting one of the greatest demonstrations ever witnessed in Youngstown. Ten speakers in a number of languages will furnish the oratory for the occasion.

are of their class and not of the class for the entertainment of the crowds. that plunders—the profiteers. Al- C. E. Ruthenberg of Cleveland will

CARRMONTE BRANCH ACTIVE

Local Carrmonte is on the active list. The comrades have routed the germs of sloth and are now up in arms against the social disease-capitalism. The comrades are building up an organization composed of real reds, as they have learned they are the only kind to be relied upon. Literature sales are being rushed by this ive little local.

LOCAL CINCINNATI SUBMITS CONSTITU-TIONAL CHANGES

The following proposed constituamendments are offered by Cincinnati for the considera-Local

tion of the comrades.
Article 1, Section 2. The aims and objects of the Socialist Party of Ohio is to organize the working class on the political and industrial field, for the purpose of securing the unconditional surrender of the capitalist class, and by destroying the present capitalist system and establishing industrial democracy.

Sec. 3, New Article. To further this effort to overthrow the present capitalist system and the securing of he unconditional surrender of the capitalist system and the securing of the unconditional surrender of the capitalist class, we obligate ourselves to the adoption of the Soviet form of government.
Article 18, Section 1. To insert the

words, "all other political parties and non-partisan groups."
Resolution

That the press stamps be marked with the month of the year, corresponding in size with the dues stamp and issued quarterly.

HUBBARD LECTURE COURSE

The comrades of Hubbard have engaged four speakers for four consecutive Sunday meetings.

The lectures will be in the follow-

ing order:
May 2—C. E. Ruthenberg.
May 9—Thurber Lewis. May 16-Tom Lewis.

May 23-Chas. Baker. Every comrade in Hubbard is urged to get out and hustle for the success of these meetings, which promise to be the greatest held there for a long time. Take your families with you comrades, and your neighbors

HENNACY BEGINS 2nd TERM Comrade A. A. Hennacy of Columbus who has been serving nearly two years at the Atlanta penitentiary, has been released from that institution. He has now been sentenced to nine months at Delaware, O., for failing to nounced that we had discontinued the register.

NOTICE sale of all revolvers except for police In a recent letter to the State Of-fice, Comrade Hennacy states that he is in the best of health and spirits, of the factories making such fireis in the best of health and spirits, of the factories making such fire- O., sends in two subscriptions and but longs to get into the real fight arms and for this reason we do not promises at least \$10 worth in the list revolvers in this catalog.

Debs' Message To You

During the last lap of his journey to prison Debs turned to us for a moment, with just the flicker of a tired feeling in his eyes. Yet he was smiling the old familiar smile as he

"If I were to engage in satire would say how strange it is that I have been organizing labor for half a century, and now I am being taken to prison by organized workers, most of them wearing the button of their craft in their hats."

It was literally true. The conductors, the brakemen, the firemen, the engineers, the motormen, all union men, helped take Debs to prison.

As we ascended the incline that leads up to the sleepy hamlet of Moundsville, and to the state prison, Debs gave us his last words to his comrades everywhere. He said:

"As L am about to enter the prison doors I wish to send to the Socialists Total\$35.25 who have so loyally stood by me since my first arrest, this little message of love and cheer. These are pregnant days and promising ones. We are all on the threshold of tre-National dues\$17.00 mendous changes. The workers of the world are awakening and bestir-Revolutionary Age 1.60 ring themselves as never before. All the forces that are playing upon the modern world are making for the overthrow of despotism in all its forms and for the emancipation of the masses of mankind. I shall be in Balance on hand......\$ 2.00 Approved by auditing committee: prison in the days to come, but my revolutionary spirit will be abroad and I shall not be inactive. Let us all in this supreme hour measure up to our full stature and work together for the great cause that means emancipation for us all. Love to my com-

rades and hail to the revolution!" As Debs' body was locked away in West Virginia's bastile, his mind did not concern itself with the question of any presidential pardon that might

Present: W. C. Goodman, J. L. Stark and F. E. Stevens. Absent: R. M. Rasmussen and J. J. Bossemer. come offering him release.
"Suppose," we asked him, before he Reading of the minutes of the previous meeting dispensed with. was separated from us, "suppose President Wilson should cable a par-Financial report read and approved. Comrade F. E. Stevens' resignation don for you without any strings atas State Secretary accepted. Comrade E. B. Austin, Jr., elected tached to it, an unconditional pardon, what would you do, what would be your attitude?" to serve out the unexpired term of

Debs' answer came without a mo-

ment's hesitation.
"I shall refuse to accept it unless the same pardon is extended to every man and woman in prison under the Espionage Law. They must let them all out—I. W. W.'s and all—or I won't come out. I do not want any special dispensation of justice in my case. It is perfectly clear. I have always taken that position, and I cannot too treated to a dastardly example of the lawlessness of the capitalist tools of that city on April 14, when Comrade strongly assert it now.' The reply must come from Amer

ica's toiling millions. Get them all out through your organized power and

WORDS OF

APPRECIATION

speaker, masked men carried him to Sharon by auto. When between Sharon and Youngstown, O., they Beloved Comrade: Were I a prayng man I would spend some time on turned him loose, firing volleys of pis-tol shots after him as he was told to my knees wrestling for more power for your good right arm.

The first copy of your most excel-The workers were treated roughly lent paper, shown me by a comrade, made for itself a large place in my heart and mind. I became a subwhen they refused to flee before the representatives of disorder and anarchy who wore the livery of the U.S. government. The streets were crowded and many small the cations oc scriber at once after reading it and am now plugging religiously to strengthen the influence of the Ohio curred between the peaceful citizens and the assassins of the people's liber-

and the common sense of socialism in Michigan and Indiana, in both of other evidence of the regard for the laws which the capitalists have. Some fine day the workers will resent such

interference and a lot of blood will concluded that Ohio must be backward in social revolution, perhaps natural enough during the war period.
Since, however, that splendid Ohio
Socialist fell into my hands I take off Dear Comrades: On way from Weed, New Mexico, to Santa Fe, to stand trial for alleged violation of esand will do all I can to boost its cirionage act.
It keeps historians humping to re-

With profoundest regards for every reader (because they know a good thing when they see it) and wishing cord mankinds' progress these days. Away here in New Mexico I can hear the best of success to all who are connected with the paper, I am Yours for an early victory of Comrade Calkins is an Ohio Social-

humanity, R. A. DUDERSTADT. Cincinnati, O.

Words And Deeds

I am here to get all the subs for the Ohio Socialist I can.—W. R. Tompit used big methods. Any way, Local Toledo gets results. Aside from scarkins, Dalton, O.

state of somnambulism, the local did Comrade Frank Centliver of Troy another big thing last week. It orsends in such a big list that he must write some of them on the back of dered \$450 worth of Ohio Socialist subscription cards. Not only were the sub blank, 15 in all. He says: "Spring is here and fishing is fairly these cards ordered but they are being sold, as returns prove. Local Toledo has learned one of the great This net isn't quite large 2.00d secrets of success. And that is to plan big things and then to see big larger one." To which we add that Comrade Centliver proves himself a methods in betting the desired results. good fisherman by landing such a big catch in so small a net. MAYORALTY CANDIDATE SPEAKS IN COLUMBUS J. L. Bachman, Socialist Party can-

"Enclosed is one dollar for a year's subscription to the greatest weekly for the workers in the world."—Geo. didate for mayor, will speak at a meeting at 501-2 West Gay St., J. Christman, Springfield, O. April 27, at 2:30 p. m. The public is invited and all Socialists are urged

"The Ohio Socialist is doing good work. That terrible disease the Russion working people have seems to be very contageous at present. I believe if the workers all over the world were to become afflicted with it, it would cure more of our ills."—D. B. Dale, Wise, Va.

Comrale Auckerman of Kalamazoo sends in a list of six and adds: "Here eral transport workers—at a meeting are a few more that are getting tired of the lies in the capitalist press." recognition of the demands of the

workers, especially an eight hour day and increased wages. "This is my reply to the persecution of one of the best men in the world, Eugene V. Debs."—D. D. Harper, Huntington, W. Va. Comrade Harper sends in 12 yearly subscriptions. Now that the war is over, may we ask why the following, taken from Montgomery and Ward's buyers' guide No. 90? How many readers of this catalog will give a thought to the meaning of this notice?

NOTICE

NOTICE

He every comrade would do half as well or a quarter as well on May 1, Comrade Debs and all other class war prisoners would walk out of the capitalist jails within one month. Will you do your share?

Some more coming, says Comrade Wm. Wissman of Hamilton, O., who sends in three yearlies.

Comrade E. J. Hewit of Ashtabula, next three weeks.

Your Local-Where and When it Meets

Your Local's Advertisement Will be Inserted Under This Heading at the Rate of \$2.50 for One Year.

Socialist Party of Ohio Meets Every Friday Evening at 50 South Howard St.

LOCAL CINCINNATI.
Meets Every Thursday, 8 P.M.
Lectures Every Sunday, 8 P.M.
SOCIALIST HALL,
1314 Vine St.

LOCAL WARREN Meets Every Thursday at 7:30 P. M., Labor Organization Hall, E. Market St., Near Second Nat'l Bank, Warren, Ohio

Local Kenmore SOCIALIST PARTY OF OHIO Meets Every Friday, 7:30 P. M. BITTIKOFFERS HALL, Cor. 15th St. and Boulevard Kenmore, Ohio.

Socialist Party of Ohio Meets First and Third Wednesday, Each Month, 7:30 P. M. FUCHS HALL

LOCAL SANDUSKY

Cor. Monroe and Fulton Sts.

LOCAL TOLEDO Meets every Tuesday evening, except the first Tuesday after the first Sunday. General party meeting first Sunday of each month, 3 p. m., 213 Michigan St. LOCAL COLUMBUS.
Socialist Party of Ohio
Meets Every Thursday, 8 P. M. Lectures every 2d and 4th Sunday of the month, 2:30 p. m. Hall, 50½ W. Gay Street.

SOCIALIST PARTY OF AM-ERICA, YOUNGSTOWN, O., Meets every Friday, 8:00 P. M., at Bushnell Hall, 127 West

Federal St., Third floor.

LOCAL HAMILTON Meets Every Friday Evening, 8 P. M.

SOCIALIST HALL, 38 High St., Third Floor. Local Canton of the

SOCIALIST PARTY Meets Every Thursday at 7:30 P. M., at Socialist Headquarters, 328 Tuscarawas St., E.

LOCAL NILES
Socialist Party of Ohio
Meets every 2d and 4th Sunday
of the month, 2:30 p. m. Study Class every Sunday, 10 a. m. Debate and social every Sunday, 7:30 p. m.

MASONIC HALL,

164 N. Chestnut St.

Branch Meets TIFFIN Every Wednesday, 8 P. M. No. 93 3-4 Washington St. **********

Virginia Bulletin

Official Organization News

B. M. DUTTON, State Secretary.

Chairman State Committee, J. W. Cassell, 622 14th Ave. S. W., Roanoke, Va. State Secretary, B. W. Dutton, Abingdon, Va.

About thirty cents of getting what he

Virginia Comrades: Another month got before. has roller around and finds us that All toget has roller around and finds us that much nearer our doom—being devoured alive by the dreadful Bolsheviki. Our Mr. Wilson went to Europe to demolish the thing there, and thus save us in free America from the dread and new way may be here. All together now comrades, for the liveliest demonstration ever made in liveliest demonstration ever made

which states I am well known.

Coming here about 18 months ago I was quite lost without the touch of my former comrades and naturally would be compelled to go to work on gonelyded that Ohio my see there would be compelled to go to work on is now on and is still rising; if we concluded that Ohio my see there would be compelled to go to work on is now on and is still rising; if we

longer lots of poor, half-starved poor seductive airs for him, had as well sit white trash and niggers, compelled by their need and helplessness to wait Debs said: "I could get \$150,000—

cago pournalistic red-light district that the I. W. W.'s, the Socialists and It is being announced from the Chia few other dependable anarchists are to meet in that city sometime the first of May and lease the United States out to the Bolsheviki for a million years. I bet the Chicago police make it lively for them before that lease is finally signed.

When Jesus was here the last time he said something about "he that hath no sword, let him sell his garment and Wonder what he meant? buv one.' Anyway the expression does not synchronize with modern improvement in the art of slaughter. Modernized it would read: "He that hath no Colt automatic, let him sell his Liberty Bond and buy one.' If Jesus were here now and should say that, he would be considered a

All together now comrades, for the

the dread and uneasiness of it. But alas, he has failed, and now we may look out. He is coming back to quarantine against it here, but he may fail again, so you had better be prepared for the worst. Shut yourself up in your homes, pull down the blinds and pray.

And you better pray pretty darned the favor of the masters and live am now plugging religiously to strengthen the influence of the Ohio state organ.

I have spent many years (30) in disseminating the beauty, the justness and the common sense of socialism in the common sense of socialism in the masses that the favor of the masters and live the favor of the favor of the masters and live the favor of the masters and live the favor of the f roughneck persons. These roughnecks would demand shorter hours of labor icals alone, but to the whole nation.

the same terms with the roughnecks These fool roughnecks would cut out waste, duplication and graft so that tide is beating, the screech of the pretty soon there would be abundance for all, and lots of leisure for pleasthe chirp of a cricket in a cyclone my hat to the movement in this state ure and cultural improvement, so that and it is. The world does not move by and by these roughneck persons would become cultured and self-respecting gentlemen and ladies AND BE AS GOOD AS ANYBODY. Now BE AS GOOD AS AN IBODY. Now this would not ruin a country I'd there is a rupture, an upheaval, and like to know what in blazes would? Take it from me Bo, any country a different plan. All new things are in which the roughneck persons melt born in travail. There must be birthup together with the good society that they are all on the same economic and cultural level, so that there is no security while the band plays soft,

> on us for the bare necessities of ex- I could sell out your cause for that istence, black our boots, cook our easily." Debs is not for sale—the meals and do all the labor of our upkeep while we joy-ride, guzzle the
> best brands and enjoy life generally,
> leaders" have not money enough to buy
> leaders have not money enough to buy
> leaders have cost that are not with us any more.

The movement in Virginia for the smoldering fires will burst into flame pretty soon—in time to make a big red glow on May Day. Financial Statement for March, 1919. INCOME.

March 21, T. R. McBrayer \$1,00 Total\$3.00 EXPENSES. March 15, Literature\$1.00 Maria 3.82 Total Loss for Month......\$.82
B. M. DUTTON, State Sec.

No Compromise Says Herman

(Comrade Emil Herman, State Secretary of Socialist Party of Washington, is imprisoned in McNeil's Island penitentiary, Washington). Lately the papers are announcing a commutation of sentences in Espion-

age Act cases.-That is a compromise which is not, and cannot be, satisfactory to intelligent, thinking and liberty-loving Americans. The autocratic politicians of the Democratic party are beginning to hear from the people, -They want to mollify public opinion, and they want to "save their face," they want the convictions to stand, and the inference left that the Espionage Act is constitutional and that the convictions obtained under it were justified. The facts are that the law is in contravention to the United States constitution; and that many, perhaps, MOST, of the convictions were secured by an appeal to prejudice and fear, rather than on proof of violation of the

Accept no compromise! Demand full justice.

EMIL HERMAN.

ORDERS

EXTRA BUNDLE We are printing extra orders of this issue in anticipation of a heavy

demand. Order quickly so you will not be disappointed.

> 50c PER HUNDRED ORDER NOW

NEWS AND VIEWS-A WEEKLY SURVEY

Edited by C. E. Ruthenberg

Austria Joins the Soviets

The news from Vienna that the Workers and Soldiers' Council has taken over the power of government in Austria, adds another country committed to the idea of Soviet rule—and adds another country lost to capitalist democracy.

Although the capitalist newspaper dispatches tell us little of what is happening in Roumania, Bulgaria and Czecho-Slovakia, it is certain that in all these countries, in fact in all the territory east of the Rhine, the same contest that has just resulted in another victory for the Soviet idea, is being waged. We know that the struggle is on in Germany-and how long can the Ebert-Scheidemann regime hang on with a Soviet Republic established in Austria, Hungary and Russia?

It is not mere chance that in country after country the workers establish their control through the Soviets. It is because the councils of workers, rising out of the industries, are the logical expression of working class power that the Soviet movement moves forward from victory to victory.

It is not only among the war-torn nations of central and eastern Europe that the Soviet movement is making headway. It is manifesting itself in England very strongly. The English capitalists, always quick to compromise when they see their power threatened, are trying to fix up a compromise with the nascent Soviets of Great Britain, by organizing shop committees, industrial councils and national councils, in which both the workers and the capitalists will have representation, thus robbing these institutions of their characteristics as instruments of the workers in the struggle for their emancipation. They may succeed—temporarily. But for how long?

The Soviet government has come to stay. New Soviet governments will arise as the months go by and it will not be long until the eastern boundary of Soviet Europe is the Rhine. Can capitalism stop the Soviet movement there? It is not likely. The Soviet movement will sweep forward and onward until the Soviet Republic of the World comes into being.

Uncle Sam

The telephone operators strike in the New England states has been temporarily ended, while a commission endeavors to adjust the grievances of the workers. It is interesting to note, however, that after the strike had been under way for a number

of days, the government, the meployer in this instance, followed the usual custom of employers and brought in imported strikebreakers to help whip the strikers into submission.

The history of Mr. Burleson's dealings with the employers of the Postoffice Department and more recently, of the telegraph and telephone systems, shows conclusively that the government may be, and usually is, a more arbitrary oppressor and exploiter of the workers when it becomes their employer, than private capitalists.

The recent erperience of government employes of the two departments referred to, emphasizes the fact that the workers' road to freedom is not through government ownership. Government ownership substitutes the power of the combined capitalist class for the power of the individual capitalists, while continuing the oppression and exploitation of the

The struggle of the workers must have as its goal the creation of industrial democracy from belowthrough organization of the workers in the industries to take control.

Dollar Patriotism

The National Security League was one of the great patriotic institutions of the country during the war. It was relentless in its pursuit of all those that did not measure up to its standard of patriotism, among its victims being even some congressmen who did not always fote exactly as this league would have liked them to vote—that is they did not always vote to protect and conserve the financial interests of the members of the league.

The league, however, over did the patriotic business. It urged the defeat of certain members of congress, who although they did not quite measure up to the league's standard of patriotism as above defined, were good, honest supporters of capitalism and what it stands for. When the league attacked these congressmen it put its foot into it, for there is a strong feeling of sympathy between the members of congress, for none of them know where the next

attack will strike and so they usually stand together. The result of the tactical error of the National Security League was that congress authorized an investigation of that body. The report of the committee which conducted the investigation has just been published. This is what it has to say about the origin of this great, patriotic organization:

It will be impracticable in a report of the length to which, of necessity, this must be confined, to take up all of the "foreign entanglements" of the originators of the National Security League. However, sight must not be lost of the fact that it was conceived in London by an attorney represent-ing sugar, steel and other large interests both in this country and abroad; and that at its very inception in New York others representing like interests are found among thoes who became the most active in its organization; and, next, when the organization had thrown aside its pretense of being engaged only in "preparedness' 'and had reached the real purpose of its undertaking Mr. Charles D. Orth was selected to take charge of its real activities, which unquestionably were political in nature, as it will

be shown later in this report.

The testimony shows that Mr. Orth is a member of a New York firm dealing in sisal, from which the farmer's binder twine is made, and who, according to his own statement before a senate investigating committee, had been engaged in trying to form a combination to increase the price of his

In other words the National Security League consisted of a bunch of capitalists bent upon furthering their own interests through building up a great army and navy in this country, which might later be used in the struggle to win economic advantages for its members.

How such an organization controls the government is told in one of the closing paragraphs of the report:

The National Security League and like organizations in their political activities constitute a serious menace to representa-tive government. Ordinarily their purpose is concealed and their appeal is made to the public on some principle in harmony with dominant sentiment. Usually, as in this instance, they have access to almost unlimited wealth, and borrow respectability by the use, in honorary positions, of the names of men of national prominence. If

their real purpose were apparent, the danger would be relieved. Men in public life are given by them to understand that they must be subservient to the demands of such institutions, and, upon their failure to do so, they will be held up to public scorn and humiliation by false accusations. Under such circumstances the best intentioned candidate for office realizes that he has one of two alternatives: He must be either subservient to the demands of these camouflaged organ-izations, or be put on the defensive by false

charges. Such activities on the part of the National Security League have a tendency to compel obedience to the wishes of spe-cial interests, rather than obedience to a real concern for the welfare of the people. This condition is not at all fanciful, since its baneful activities of the National Security

That is a confirmation of what Socialists have said about bourgeois democracy from the supporters of that "democracy." What the report plainly tells us in the above paragraphs is that while we have the form of democracy in this country, in reality the capitalists, through such organizations as the National Security League, and other means through which they exercise the power which control of the wealth of the country gives them, actually dominate the government. While we may have democratic institutions in form, in practice we get a government by the capitalist class.

What Mr. Wilson achieved in Paris, told by Oswald Garrison Villard, editor of the Nation, in the following statement, issued upon his return to New

Mr. Wilson surrendered at the first blow, as many of us who have followed him closely knew that he would. When he calmly abandoned his principle of "open covenants of peace, openly orrived at," we kniw that others of the 14 points would be sacrificed

for a partial league of peace.

The whole conference was tremendously undemocratic, and so false was the note struck from the beginning that I, for one, found myself entirely without a thrill at the historic opening session. For it at once appeared that it was all to be done behind closed doors, in the same old way, and the number of men "putting it over on the world rapidly diminished to the quartet who reminded one of nothing so much as the little group of professional politicians who steer our party conventions, where they still exist, from a back

In England more than 1,000,000 persons are drawing unemployment benefits from the government. The British workers have organized their power to such an extent at least that the capitalists dare not close the factories and send them out on the streets to starve as is still the case in the United

The most striking development so far as modern parliamentary governments are concerned is the passing of power from these bodies to other organizations. In England the parliament is theoretically still supreme, but it is the organized workers that really have the power. The following statement, clipped from a news story on current events in England, shows what is happening in this respect:

Another resolution passed by the miners today should warn a government whose majority in parliament is an entirely artificial one, that it will not be easy to rule a country that is really not represented by a House of Commons consisting mainly of employers. Last night's attempt—unsuccessful, of course—on the part of labor and liberal minorities in the commons to exclude conscription from the new army bill has been followed today by the miners warning that, unless the government with-draws the conscription bill now before parliament, the conference will take steps, in conjunction with the other labor parties

in the country, to compel it to do so.

The full significance of this courageous resolution can be scarcely exaggerated.

Leave it to the capitalist to turn everything that comes along to their financial advantage. Here's a New York moving picture producing company, for instance, which has produced a new photo play called "Bolshevism on Trial," suggesting to moving picture theater managers that one way to advertise the play is to have big red flags put up in different sections of the city and then to hire soldiers to tear them down. Of course, the Socialists would be blamed for putting up the flags and some people might get hurt when they were torn down, but that's all part of the game of making profits.

"The internal conditions in Russia do not justify a gigantic military enterprise. I would rather leave Russia to the Bolsheviki, until I see a way out, than to have Britain bankrupt. It is my earnest conviction that intervention was the greatest act of stupidity." So said Lloyd George in the British parliament the other day. The ethics of the capitalist statesmen are clear in this statement. Intervention was wrong, not because it was a violation of the right of self-determination of which both Lloyd George and Mr. Wilson are supposed to be adherents, but because it didn't pay. * * * *

Bolshevism is on the wane in Russia, we are assured, and the Bolsheviki capture Sebastopol is the next headline.

The Day of the People

Written Especially for the Ohio Socialist by W. E. Reynolds.

Once again the glint is on the grasses, and the sap is in the trees. Mother Nature in response to the amorous kisses of the spring time sun recarpets the earth with a coverlet of green, embroidered here with the gold of the dandelion and the marsh marigold and there the many colored crocuses. The trees take on new life and burst into bud and bloom pregnant with promise of future fruit. While we may know in our own mind that Nature is planless and purposeless, it requires but a small amount of imagination to conceive of nature trying by all the arts of wizardry of leaf and blade and bloom to hide the hideous disfiguring of a commercialism which has ravished her fair beauty.

Spring time is growing time; youth time, joy time, and historically speaking, the first of May, from almost time immemorial was the day set apart as a gala day dedicated to merry making and celebration of the return of spring and hope and the growing sun.

Originally a pagan holiday given over to sun worship, later a holiday of fun and merry making under the feudal barons, tinged with a touch of religious ceremonial, out of which has grown the present Christian Easter, changed again, under the rule of a blighting capitalism into a day of advertising and market day and finally seized by the interlational proletariat of the world as Labor Day; such, in brief, is the history of May Day.

Here in America, the first Monday in September is set aside by law as Labor Day. That is the Labor Day GIVEN by the master class. May 1 is a Labor Day TAKEN by the working class. On the September Labor Day, given by the masters, we meet and listen to the strains of jazz music by a rag-time band. On May Day we meet and are inspired by the singing of the International, rising full throated and pregnant with meaning, from throats that mean it. With the jazz music we are told that the interests of capital and labor are identical but under the International we know, without having to be told, that the interests of capital and labor are not identical but opposed. On the September day the boss takes heart as he watches his paid lackeys at their task of herding his fawning dupes. On May Day the master gets a direct warning that his days are numbered and not for long will he be allowed to live a life of fattened ease at the expense of the toil and sweat and blood of his disfranchised slaves.

May Day as Labor Day was created by the workers themselves in defiance of the capitalists of the world. In establishing that holiday much rich, red blood has been spilled, but now we know it was not spilled in vain. The streets of Paris, Berlin, Vienna, Petrograd and Peking, Moscow and scores of other cities have run red with blood, spilled by the hirelings of a robber class in the vain hope of stopping by force and violence the mighty onrush of a new idea, but ideas can not be stopped by bullets, nor barred by nation receiving the full social value of their labor power and the workers of boundary lines or prison bars.

As we meet again this May Day to celebrate the growing solidarity of labor, we are full of the hope and joyousness of labor's spring time. We know and realize that never before in all the history of May Day celebrations of Labor have we had so much to be joyous over or so great an assurance of the fulfillment of our fondest hopes, in the past year, packed as it has been with the persecutions and prosecutions of our class with the constitutional guarantees of a free press and free assemblage, only so many tattered and torn scraps of paper beneath the feet of an arrogant oligarchy; with the most of our press barred from the second class mailing privileges, and many of our comrades slain, yet we know that never before in all the hundred years made. While we are organizing and educating in order to make the coming since the birth of Marx, has as much been done toward establishing the change without the needless spilling of blood, we are serene with the condictatorship of the proletariat, and enforcing a work or starve order upon the lazy members of the bourgeoisie, as has been witnessed since last we gathered to celebrate the May Day festival.

Our press has not been destroyed, it has been inconvenienced, forced to abandon its old attempt to capture the political state by playing the capitalist game and to a realization of the truths of Marx and Engels, who said, "the working class can not simply lay hold of the ready made state machinery and wield it for its own purpose." Every paper we pick up today, regardless of whether it is a time serving, lying, cringing, crawling capitalist sheet, a rebellious Socialist paper or a defiant I. W. W. paper, all ring with the have seen our class subjected to all the various forms of slavery and all the government, the strong United States same story, revolt and revolutions everywhere. To the revolutionist, it is as the soothing strains of sweet music to an ear accustomed to hearing only could devise, but in spite of it all we have watched the inevitable changes the discordant notes of the Industrial Moloch; cheering him as water does a brought about by economic evolution and seen the banner of the clasped hands weary traveler in a desert land. The same reports are to the capitalists as of international comradeship making its triumphal progress, abolishing ex-*the mournful notes of a funeral dirge.

Truly spoke our martyred Comrade Liebknecht, when he said, "The day of the people has arrived." We CAN be joyful. We can be glad, for out of the east cometh the light, and out of the east cometh the reports of the day of the people having arrived, and by the same token the day of the exploiter is drawing rapidly to the twilight of its close,

A Debs was jailed because he defied a court's injunction. It made a fighting Socialist of him, and now after a life time of effort well spent in spreading the Socialist message the prison doors have again been locked, imprisoning the body but not the spirit of Debs. The days when a Joshua could command the sun to halt and stand still for a while are gone. The capitalists cannot stop the sun to prolong their dest. They think that by imprisoning a Debs they can stop the march of progress. Poor, blind, deluded victims of their own dope! They ought to know by this time that Debs in jail not to worry about him and bid us is a thousand times more active than an old man nearing the three score good night. is a thousand times more active than an old man nearing the three score years and ten, out of jail, could be! To stop the onward rush of progress, And now begins the demand of the thousands are rotting in the hell holes of capitalist prisons, but for every one workers for his release. May this deof the first crop jailed, there will be a hundred of the second crop, and should the capitalist class attempt to jail the second crop, the third crop will be large enough to tear their damn jails down. Bastiles have fallen before and

It was Joe Hill, a martyred Industrial Worker, whose name will be remembered and reverenced for centuries after the name of the judge who sentenced him has been forgotten, who said, "Don't mourn, Organize." We pause to give grateful remembrance to all our comrades who have been slain and imprisoned, yet we will not mourn, nor petition, nor beg. We will organize and teach and strike and fight, learning to do by doing and learning to fight by fighting.

Heretofore when we spoke of the coming emancipation of the hosts who toil, we spoke from a knowledge of the abstract truths of social science as taught by Marx and Engels and their co-workers of a half century ago, but today, we do not have to deal in abstractions.

We can point to an accomplished reality. Russia has done her part in the revolution. There the dictatorship of the proletariat is not a high-sounding phrase on the lips of a parlor Socialist, but a grim reality as many an expropriated Russian bourgeoisie can testify. The revolution is not confined to Russia alone, already it has spread to Hungary, Bavaria, Germany and so many other places that one must need be up to the minute in geography to keep track of all of its ramifications. The revolution, sneered at by the capitalists just two short years ago as "mere rhetoric" has become a grim reality. All Europe is trembling in the balance. This May Day may remake again the map of Europe. The red terror is a terror to the bourgeoisie of the world, but to the rebel there are few joys so great as watching the spread of the red, and on this gala day we have ample cause to be

The American bourgeoisie think they can keep the red from America but they might as well attempt to hold back the ocean tide with one of the celebrated fourteen points. Capitalism can not exist without its foreign markets and with one-half of the world "gone Bolshevist" can the other half hope to escape? Can two nations exist side by side with the workers in one the other nation receiving only one-fifth as much? Will the workers of one nation tolerate parasitism when the workers of the other nation have abolished it? Especially in these days of easy and rapid international communication? The parasite here may well shudder and ponder over his, to him, a Plain Dealer car to spirit Debs out of Cleveland? Why did the deputies uncertain future. To the revolutionist, the future is certain; "The day of the people has arrived."

We of the Socialist movement may thus well be glad. Glad with the joyousness of springtime, the lustiness of healthy youth. We are educating our class and organizing as rapidly as we can, to the end that we may control the coming great change and make it as bloodless as it can possibly be sciou knowledge of power. We know that the years are numbered and their numbers are few until the day when we can say to our exploiters, "Will you peacefully get off our backs or shall we be put to the necessity of forcibly throwing you from our backs? We do not intend to harm you, but by all the blood that you have needlessly shed in the centuries you have ruled, we are going to arrange it so you can no longer harm us or exploit us!"

We have mastered nature and made her the willing slave of men. We started in the quickmud and the slime, but we have climbed, onward and upward until today we can grasp the thin golden fingers of the stars. We insults that the perverted intellect of a class of paid intellectual prostitutes brought about by economic evolution and seen the banner of the clasped hands of international comradeship making its triumphal progress, abolishing exploitation and slavery even as the bright rays of the spring time sun melteth away the blackened slush and ice of the by ways.

FOR DEBS' AGE.

Why was not more regard shown for Debs' age? Let President Wilson and his underlings answer. Why was not the marshal. Why was not the placed Debs behind prison bars it added oil to the fire which is even now sweeping away a foul system of robbery and human despoilation.

Demands for Debs' liberation. away the blackened slush and ice of the by ways.

The day of the exploiter is passing. The day of the people has arrived. Long live May Day in the minds of men. Long live the day of the people.

WHY WAS DEBS SPIRITED AWAY?

Continued from page one DEBS IN CELL 51.

We were taken to cell 51, second tier, and there we found our comrade, partially undressed, about ready to retire to a three-feet by five and a half feet steel bunk. Whether or not he truly rested comfortably that night will probably remain a secret. Comrade Debs claims he did, but how his large frame could find comfortable re-post upon a "bed" so small will remain a problem.

He stretched his long arm and large hand through the steel bars, shook us each warmly by the hand, asked us

mand come quick and come in such valume that those who now hold Debs in prison will have only one thing to do and will have to do that quick.

Already they fear the mighty work ing class. If they do not, why did they spirit Debs out of Cleveland and why did they avoid demonstrations? Why did not the government order out several regiments of troops to es-cort Debs to jail if it felt that demonstrations by workers of Cleveland and other cities, which Debs would have passed through had he not been taken to the penitentiary in such a round about way, would interfere with the safe conduct of Debs to prison?

Only a few days before Debs received a long distance telephone call supposedly from Federal Prosecuting Attorney Wertz, he was sick in bed, hardly able to walk. The telephone message came. Was it the prosecutor who telephoned? And who was the Mrs. Prevey to inquire about Debs? Was Debs fooled into coming to Cleveland? Why did not his lawyers advise him to stay in Terre Haute until they were notified that the supreme court mandate had arrived? Since we started to write this we have learned that the automobile which met Debs at the depot in Cleveand and took him later upon that tearing trip through Cleveland streets, eventually landed him at the Erie depot, was hired by the Plain Dealer reporter at the Waite Auto Livery. Why did the Plain Dealer reported give Debs to understand that he was connected with the federal authorities? Why did the Plain Dealer re porter make it his business to wake up the secret service in order to tell them that Debs was in town? Why did United States Marshal Lapp use permit the Plain Dealer reported to accompany Debs in the mad ride through Cleveland streets and deny that right to one of Debs' family? These are questions which we ask and which hundreds of thousands of Debs' riends want to know about.

Debs, just out of bed and still sufering with lumbago, after making a hight trip to Cleveland from Terre federal court in which he was convict- drawn up before the building and all Haute, during which trip he only secured about an hour's sleep, was taken would be allowed him in Cleveland to "Release Debs," "Hurrah for the Gengovernment.

NO REGARD SHOWN

CALL FOR AMERICAN FREEDOM CONVENTION

Continued from page one

YOU ARE CONCERNED WITH THESE FACTS:

A grand army of Americans is now marching into federal

Federal judges have acquired the habit of saying ten years, twenty years, thirty years and more—in many instances dealing out what are practically life sentences.

TWENTY-FOUR THOUSAND YEARS IN PRISON, is about the aggregate of the sentences of persons already convicted.

These men and women are not criminals, but are victims of war hysteria and the espionage (spy) law, upon which the supreme court has repeatedly sidestepped a decision.

Nearly every other country has freed its war time political and industrial prisoners.

Speakers are jailed, public meetings are prohibited or broken up, Postmaster General Burleson, like a czar, still imposes his dictates upon the nation's press and rifles personal letters. Religious beliefs are passed upon by a military commission. Ministers occupy cells because of their interpretation of Biblical teachings. Political grudges are settled and labor-hating employers impale labor organizers, all under this comprehensive SPY law-THE LAW UN-DER WHICH NO SPY WAS EVER BROUGHT TO COURT.

You are needed. Your decision will help to make our fellow citizens Free Men and Free Women in a Free America.

A nation-wide committee, representative of organizations that despise autocracy, has been formed under the name of NATIONAL LEAGUE FOR THE RELEASE OF POLITICAL PRISONERS. and hereby issues a call to all economic, political and other organizations for an

AMERICAN FREEDOM CONVENTION

to be held in the city of Chicago, beginning July 3, 1919. Representation will be accorded to all organizations that endorse, by vote, the vital purposes of the convention as stated in the two points of the program.

Reactionary and un-American policies, imposed by a small group which is in control of the mighty federal powers, cannot be successfully opposed by any local or sectional body. There must be erected a national organization of organizations with power to fight until we win.

Therefore we call upon all societies and organizations to join in this common cause FOR THE RESTORATION OF AMERICAN LIBERTIES AND FOR THE RESCUE OF ALL THOSE WHO SUFFER FOR POLITICAL OPINIONS, INDUSTRIAL ACTIVI-TIES OR RELIGIOUS BELIEFS.

We invite the active assistance of every liberty loving citizen. We invite the co-operation of all the relatives of such persons as are being persecuted or are now prisoners.

The committee believes the vast majority of citizens favor this move and we are prepared to canvass the homes of the country. The committee further believes that neither arrogant usurpers of power nor "a few willful men" can misrule this nation when legislation, in effect, is made in the workshops and at the firesides of

America. Join forces for Freedom for ALL. The call is accompanied with a blank endorsement to be filled out and returned by organizations approving of the program and

aims of the league. Each organization affiliated with the league is entitled to one delegate to the convention, and one additional delegate for every 300 members. All correspondence should be addressed to the Immediate Action Committee, American Freedom Convention, Room 414, Mid-City Bank Building, Chicago, Illinois.

against the will of his bondsmen, who had not been notified to surrender other business. Instead, he was talism" filled the air. The parade dragged about, his 64 years of age the mandate arrives from the supreme Debs. seeming to make no difference at all court, the marshal notifies the atto those who were representing the torneys of the defendant, the attor- great and powerful in prison as out

him, and hurried to Moundsville. No rushed out of the city for the peniten- then retraced its steps a block and anchance was given him to eat until 9 tiary almost the minute he entered other monster meeting was held right o'clock in the evening. He was rushed it, being given only time enough for under the windows of the court room from one trolley to another, almost a hasty breakfast. As a rule, when where Judge Westenhaver sentenced court, the marshal notifies the at- Debs is in prison. He is twice as

neys notify the bondsmen to give up of it. This the capitalist class will the defendant and then the bonds- very soon learn. When capitalism men take the defendant to the Fed- placed Debs behind prison bars it

The same Sunday upon which Debs growing daily in volume and in forcerange his business affairs? Let President Wilson and his underlings anworkers met at Market Square, CleveSocialist parties will leave nothing swer. Debs came to Cleveland, believing no doubt that all that was wanted of him immediately was that he place of him immediately was that he place of him immediately was that he place of the workers has ever been most conscientious and of him immediately was that he place raded three miles to the Federal has ever been most conscient himself within the jurisdiction of the building. An army of policemen were full of love and veneration.