

NEW LEADER

With Which
Is Combined

THE AMERICAN APPEAL

Founded by
Eugene V. Debs

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New York City Edition

Price Five Cents

Hoan Fights for City Housing Project

By Andrew J. Biemiller

MILWAUKEE, Wis. — Non-partisan aldermen are trying to block efforts of the Socialists to proceed with a municipal housing project.

A commission appointed by Mayor Hoan has made a report urging that the city tear out certain slum areas and build modern apartments to rent for five and six dollars per room monthly. Mayor Hoan after a trip to Washington has been assured that federal funds are available for the project.

But when Socialist aldermen last week introduced a measure to appropriate \$2,500 to finance the cost of architects' sketches and a thorough investigation of available sites it fell three votes short of the two-thirds vote required. Three non-partisans voted with the twelve Socialist aldermen, but twelve non-partisans lined up solidly against the measure.

Hoan issued a scorching statement on the council's action and promises that he has not dropped the fight. He said: "The same council majority has cheerfully voted \$8,000 for the care of stray dogs.

"But when a committee of public-spirited citizens makes a study and proves that a bad housing condition exists in various districts of the city, that this condition is responsible for a large percentage of our cases of juvenile delinquency, disease, vice and crime, and that this condition can be corrected by the development of modern, sanitary and wholesome housing facilities at low cost to be financed by federal loans without any expense to the general taxpayers, then the non-partisan aldermen balk at the expenditure of \$2,500 to get this project under way.

"If there is money in the treasury for stray dogs, there should be enough money to facilitate the erection of good homes for the proper upbringing of our children in a clean and wholesome environment."

Coal and Steel Areas Continue Disturbed

Various areas of the coal fields continue to be affected by strikes and in the southern Indiana field last week the Governor ordered martial law, established a curfew at 10 p. m., and closed all public places.

In western Kentucky the miners have been fighting company unionism and last week mining companies were summoned to meet with Senator Wagner and all but one refused. This week they consented to a vote by the miners as to whether they preferred a company union or the United Mine Workers.

In Pennsylvania NRA Administrator Johnson is backing the steel corporation's idea of a "voluntary" check-off of dues as against the union system of the miners.

The long steel strike at Weirton, W. Va., was settled Monday. From 5,000 to 10,000 workers have been holding out against company unionism. The workers will elect representatives next December under the supervision of the National Labor

War Dogs Tug at Leash as Nazi Germany Orders Election Farce

Hitler Will Rally Voters to Polls Or the Morgue

WITHDRAWAL of Germany from the League of Nations and the disarmament conference brings a near-crisis to Europe and the world. Not that the League or the conference had accomplished much, but because ruling class forces are dividing into warring camps with the threat of another blood bath for the working class. The first reaction was one of alarm; the second that an arms parley recess will provide a breathing spell for restraining the dogs of war.

Within eighteen hours billboards were ablaze in Germany calling on voters to vote yes or no on these decisions and to elect a new Reichstag. The latter is a farce. Only Nazi candidates will appear on the ballots; the voters will be permitted to vote only for them and those who refuse will forfeit their vote! "I am convinced that the entire nation will rally" to the support of Hitler, that worthy declares. So are we. Those who do

not rally will be carried to the morgue.

France has asked the Spanish Government for permission to bring African troops through Spain if necessary and that Hitler plans to rearm is evident. France and England are also coming closer together. A Nazi professor, a government employee and holding the chair of military science, has published a book revealing methods of preparing cannon fodder. Inside and outside of schools youngsters are constantly reminded that they are soldiers. "Their weekly newspaper keeps war constantly before their eyes with pictures and articles on fighting, essays on tactics, diagrammed instructions in the use of machine guns," writes the Berlin correspondent of the New York Times.

The Nazi professor glorifies gas and tank, plague and bombs, hunger and poverty, the spread of typhus and other diseases by rats and poisoning of streams. "The dying warrior dies more easily," he writes, "when he knows that his blood is ebbing for the national God." In his radio broadcast last Saturday Hitler declared that Nazi Germany "knows no aim but with peaceful labor and civilized culture

Deadly Poison Gas and Plague Ready For Next War

assist in the reconstruction of a world which today could hardly be called happy." Here the holy mission of the messianic nut finds expression.

All this should not imply that the capitalist powers opposed to Nazi Germany are innocents. Their chemists and other specialists have their secrets of terrible destruction and a war would reveal that they are no less revolting than Germany's. They sweated the German masses through the post-war period and helped to create the wild Fascism which now disturbs them day and night.

As we go to press there are hints from Berlin that Germany will return to the League and the Disarmament conference after the November election. This has tended to ease the tension, but the causes of international conflict remain and they will remain till the old capitalist order is everywhere succeeded by Socialist democracy.

New York Campaign to Close At Madison Square Garden Rally

ONE of the most exciting Mayoralty campaigns ever waged by the Socialists of New York will be brought to a close at a monster mass meeting in Madison Square Garden, one of the largest halls in the world, on the afternoon of Nov. 5.

With Charles Solomon, brilliant and devoted Socialist orator, as candidate for Mayor and leader of the struggle, and with Frank R. Crosswaith and Harry W. Laidler, equally noted Socialist thinkers and orators, as his running mates, the New York Socialists are putting up a plucky battle, the results of which are expected to surprise the country.

The New York Socialists faced important difficulties at the start of the campaign. Their experiences are offered to Socialists in other states who may face similar difficulties.

There is a revolt against the corrupt rule of Tammany Hall and its allies. For the first time, also,

Board. Chairman Weir of the corporation declared that the corporation would continue the open shop and also comply with the steel code.

The strikers were represented by William J. Long, president of the Weir Cove Lodge of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, and other officials of that union. They testified that they were striking against "the company union as forced on them" and produced four suitcases filled with signed union pledge cards, which they said represented a majority of the 13,000 Weirton workers.

the Republican-Fusion candidate seeking to overthrow Tammany is a serious contender. At the same time the Roosevelt section of the Democratic party, still bitter at Tammany's opposition last year, is unwilling to permit the Republican party to gain the benefit of the anti-Tammany revolt, and is therefore sponsoring Joseph V. McKee as an anti-Tammany Democratic candidate to build up a "new" Tammany.

Until this week the Socialist Party received little publicity in

SWISS WORKERS REJECT REACTIONARY PLANS

GENEVA.—The reactionaries of the city have been defeated in an attempt to abrogate some of the most cherished democratic rights of the workers.

In a referendum, the results of which have just been made known, two vicious proposals were rejected solely by the efforts of the Socialists.

Following the tragedy of a year ago, when Geneva's streets ran red with blood of workers, as a result of which Socialist Deputy Leon Nicole was sent to prison, the reactionaries proposed two laws, one abrogating the right of holding demonstrations, the other prohibiting "political strikes."

Both were earnestly supported by the combined forces of the reactionaries and employers, aided by the Fascists.

The first was rejected by a vote of 14,474 to 14,019; the second by 14,665 to 13,832.

the capitalist press. In spite of this meetings have been larger and more enthusiastic than ever. The hand-to-hand propaganda, and the word-of-mouth agitation has been effective.

When the great Garden was hired for the closing rally the Sunday before election the campaign managers faced a serious situation; there was no money to pay the deposit on the arena, and there was practically no publicity in the daily newspapers to help in promoting the meeting.

The difficulty was met by raising a considerable fund by ten dollar loans. More than \$900 was raised in that way, with a pledge to return the money. Many of the comrades, however, are declining to accept the return of their loans and are accepting instead 40 tickets each for the reserved section, to be sold at 25 cents each.

The result is that a large army of men and women are selling tickets. The 22,000-odd people who will fill the Garden, therefore, will constitute a measure of the strength of the party organization. At the same time there is a truck with a loudspeaker out every day announcing the rally, and WEVD announces it daily.

Many people far from New York are sending in for tickets. A closing rally in New York is an important event; in addition to the candidates the speakers will be Norman Thomas, Mayor Dan Hoan of Milwaukee and Representative Lilith M. Wilson of Pennsylvania.

Those who want tickets should write at once to 7 East 15th St., New York, addressing Harry Kritzer, who has charge of the meeting.

Heavy Gains Are Scored in Norway

A NOTHER nation meets the Fascist challenge to democracy, world peace and human liberty with a heavy Socialist gain.

At Monday's elections in Norway the Labor (Socialist) party showed a heavy increase and elected 70 out of 150 members of the Storting. While failing to gain a clear majority, the Socialists hold by far the largest bloc of seats and are in a splendid position to force action upon their principal demands.

The budding Fascist movement, organized by Major Quisling in sympathy with the German Nazis, suffered a crushing defeat. Only three seats were won by two new parties, including the Nazis. The Norwegians, the only real, unadulterated and undefiled Nordics in the world, will have nothing to do with the Hitler "Nordic" idiocies.

The line-up of parties, with seats in the last Storting in parentheses, follows: Labor 70 (47); Conservatives 29 (44); Liberals 25 (34); Agrarians 23 (25); scattering, including Nazis, 3. The Socialists are therefore seen to have made sensational gains from every party, and it is difficult to see how any government can be formed other than a Socialist minority ministry, such as exists in Denmark and Sweden. However, since the Storting will not meet until January, Premier Mowinckel will not resign until then.

If the Socialists are called upon to form a government it will be their second chance at rule. The history and development of Norwegian Socialism constitute a stirring story, which will be told here when full details of the election are available.

Nazis Are Placed on Defensive in Fire Trial

Attempts to link Marinus van der Lubbe with the Reichstag fire in the trial at Leipzig have failed and the Dutch boy insists that he alone fired the building. A police lieutenant dealt a blow to the Nazis' case by testifying that he found no vast amount of fire material as charged although a thorough search was made. President von Hindenburg signed the emergency decree that abrogated the constitution when the Nazi authorities asserted that this material had been found. The police officer dealt another blow when he swore that the Reichstag building could have been saved.

The tunnel connecting the Reichstag with Prussian Premier Göring's residence was also established by an employee of the Reichstag who swore that the subway had no safety lock and could be opened easily. The Supreme Court has called Göring, Goebbels and other Nazi chiefs as witnesses at the request of Karl Werner, chief prosecutor, with the view of refuting the charges in the "Brown Book of the Hitler Terror" that the Nazis plotted the Reichstag fire.

The appearance of accused Nazis in court is an admission that they are on trial, that they stand accused all over the world of a crime that brought them into power.

NEW LEADER

A Weekly Newspaper Devoted to the Interests of the Socialist and Labor Movement.

JAMES ONEAL, Editor
Wm. M. FEIGENBAUM, Associate

Signed contributions do not necessarily represent the policy of The New Leader. On the other hand it welcomes a variety of opinions consistent with its declared purpose.



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His Oil Highness

CROWN PRINCE JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, Jr., contributes a foreword to a volume on the liquor traffic which will be published next week. In that foreword His Highness declares that "only as the profit motive is eliminated is there any hope of controlling the liquor traffic in the interest of a decent society."

We have always snubbed the Crown Prince, being careful of the company we keep, but in this case we agree. In fact, we favor extension of his idea, believing that "only as the profit motive is eliminated" from all industries is there any hope of a "decent society."

We do not think John D. Jr. will accept this logic. Assume that the reigning family did. Some morning we would read: "Emperor John D. Abdicates! Heir Apparent Renounces His Claim to Throne! Demands Princes of the Realm Follow His Example. Barons of Steel Protest; Dukes of Railroad Principality in Revolt; Knights of the Golden Hoard Summon Serfs to Holy War; Emperor and Crown Prince Branded Traitors to Prerogatives Derived from Invested Capital."

Keep away from that idea of eliminating profits, John. It's ours and its logical application will eliminate you and all other princely owners of the means of production and distribution. Moreover, papa may order you spanked for such indiscretion.

Tammany Palace Revolt

THE Tammany nobility faces a palace revolution in New York City. District chiefs for a year or two have been unable to provide voting serfs with food baskets and shoes. In the baronies of Bronx and Brooklyn there is also rebellion and a new Noble House is rising under the command of Joe McKee to displace the rule of Curry. Curry's Mayor, O'Brien, uses the axe on the rebel leaders and LaGuardia cries that he is entitled to O'Brien's office.

Economic decay and the drift of the city to bankruptcy brings decay of the Tammany machine. McKee is embarrassed by the number of yeggs who rush to his standard, while LaGuardia plays the old role of Fusion and "clean government." Charles Solomon, the Socialist candidate, summons the working class to rush the old fortress, to block the building of a new one and to take power for themselves.

POWER FOR THE WORKERS is the Socialist slogan, and no other is worth while.

Chiseling

FARMERS in the West are now said to be chiseling the recovery program, being hostile to production control, and are planting wheat "for their own advantage." Well, that's better than planting it for the advantage of elevator companies, railroad magnates and speculators. It would be quite a novel thing if John Farmer got anything but unrewarded sweat, huge mortgages and usury out of the soil that he tills.

At the same time it is a nutty civilization that asks him to plow under wheat while millions need bread in China, and to kill pigs and sows while workers at home lack pork chops. We were once told that Socialism would destroy incentive, but we

were never told that capitalism would find a reason for destroying foodstuffs needed by jobless workers. That is a form of chiseling that was unthinkable in any other age.

Shsh! Friday the 13th!

KHAKI SHIRTS OF AMERICA, Inc., Art Smith, commander-in-chief, headquarters at Philadelphia, is flat, its members are flat, the treasury is flat, and Commander Smith is fat and satisfied. It's a sad story. Smith recruited the Khaki Shirts and sold shirts to recruits at so much per. Through this and other sources Smith collected from \$20,000 to \$25,000—to save the republic from Socialists and to establish a Fascist dictatorship!

Of course, the march on Rome must be imitated. Columbus Day, October 12, was to be the great day for a march on Washington. The day dawned, the hours pass, Khaki Shirts assemble. Art has disappeared, so has the funds. The march begins—and ends by wrecking the Fascist headquarters!

Friday the 13th. Twenty-five Khaki Shirts in the jug, police have two bushels of Fascist guns, knives and clubs, Fascists tear buttons from their shirts, and Art is still at large with the swag! The only thing lacking is a chorus singing, "I Got Mine, Boys, I Got Mine."

Prices Under the NRA

THE NRA is sagging under the weight of the capitalism it seeks to save. At the close of last week wheat had declined from \$1.25 in July to 80 cents. Corn was down to 40 cents, and cattle was \$6 per hundredweight compared with \$8.50 a year ago. Farmers are again murmuring as they watch prices descend.

At the same time living costs of workers in the cities ascend and have been rising for five months. In May men and women's clothing showed an upward price trend, "jumped in July and went far up in August and still further in September," notes the United States News. Sundries of the household show a similar trend. "Meats are up, eggs have jumped in price, flour and cornmeal and other farm products are among many that are higher in cost to the consumer."

A downward trend for what the farmer sells and an upward trend for what the workers buy! Trust the brain trust? Nay. The working class must think its way out of the depression hell.

A Balanced Budget

DURING the first twenty months of its existence the Reconstruction Finance Corporation loaned three or more billion dollars to banks, insurance companies, railroads, mortgage companies, relief projects, farmers, and so on. Repayment of these loans shows an average of 28 cents on the dollar, railroads paying as low as thirteen cents!

The funds for the corporation were borrowed from the treasury, added to the public debt, and what is not recovered must come out of taxes and general revenues. What of the budget that was balanced? Another problem to harass the Best Minds dosing the capitalist system in the hope of reviving it.

Fireworks for the NRA

COLOSSAL victory for the NRA! Administrator Johnson stripped two shops in New Rochelle, N. Y., of their Blue Eagle for violation of the act. One was the Crystal Beauty Shop and the other the Shop-Town Market, both little enterprises, one employing two workers. The violations were "flagrant."

Doctor Sherman's Anti-Trust Act was passed in 1890 to curb the giants of capitalist enterprise, but it is the trade unions that have felt the weight of the act. Throughout the nation many big giants chisel and sabotage when suddenly the NRA swoops down upon a pygmy Beauty Shop. Steel, coal and automobiles should celebrate the event with fireworks.

Another Lynching Orgy

MARYLAND, widely known as the "Free State," is the scene of one of the most shocking lynchings in American history. It is alleged that the victim, of course a Negro, confessed to an attack on an aged woman. Battering into the jail, some 5,000 whites seized their victim, dragged him through the streets, swung him from a tree and set fire to the body after a member of the mob cut an ear from the Negro's head as a souvenir of the hideous orgy.

If it is said that this is a southern mob, let it not be forgotten that in Chicago, East St. Louis and even in Springfield, Ill., where Lincoln reposes in his tomb, Negroes have been hunted as wild animals. Let those who participate in such savage carnivals denounce Hitler and his Brown Shirts for lynching of Socialists, Communists and Jews—if they can.

Top o' The Leader Tower With Readers 'n' Boosters

By the Editor

NEXT WEEK

IN a previous issue we promised to run the minority resolution presented by four of the six American delegates to the Paris conference of the Labor and Socialist International on the problems facing the working class with the rise of Fascism and the defeat of the working class in Germany. We shall be glad to run this statement next week.

Bay State Approves

The State Executive Committee of the Socialist Party of Massachusetts at its monthly meeting in Boston, October 15th, passed a motion endorsing the national edition of The New Leader and urged all its branches and members to help in getting subscriptions and aiding the Leader in every way possible. Thanks, comrades.

The Poor Fish

The last Bray of the Week carried by The New Leader was sent in by about twenty readers, but we have had only one suggestion offered for the Poor Fish. A statement attributed to this creation of Art Young must be original. Why not try it? A choice of the same booklets that we offer for a selection for the Bray of the Week will go to the winner.

That Heisler Guy

Martin B. Heisler up near Buffalo stirs up the office when an envelope of his arrives. The last one contained 15 yearly subs and he complains that he did not have enough sub blanks! Having sent in this batch he set out for the Windy City to take in the Century of Progress Fair and casually mentions his intention of trying to pick up some subs there. "Every party member ought to read The New Leader," he writes, "and if he does he will be a booster and help to spread the light."

The Bundle Brigade

Another thousand Leaders go to the Paterson Socialists this week and the editor follows them up Saturday for a lecture at the party headquarters, 66 Washington St.

Stamford, Conn., takes a bundle of 50 and Elizabeth, N. J., takes the same number.

Three bundle orders came from California last week, San Francisco with 200, Fresno 100, and Mill Valley 100. Cleveland, Ohio, also ordered 200. Last week was the Hillquit number and the entire edition was sold out, leaving just enough for our files.

The Booster Army

It becomes more and more difficult for us to report the workers in the field who are sending from one to ten or more subs. The office girl complains of cramped fingers in making so many entries.

August Claessen, who will make an agitation and New Leader tour, did a fine job in Elizabeth, N. J., last week for the party, the Rand School and The New Leader. He sold scads of party pamphlets and brought back nine subscriptions.

There is a rubber kingdom in Ohio with the capital in Akron, where in the pre-war years we had a fine Socialist movement, the active spirit being Marguerite Prevey, who died some years ago. H. C. Leiter of that burg gets on the job and his first installment consists of six subs.

Detroit has, since the beginning of the bank holiday, been a difficult place to find dollars, but despite this W. F. Peeler managed to pick up four subs.

Jack Hoban, secretary of Local Lansdale, Pa., writes that "Another Pennsylvania town wishes to be recognized as a New Leader town," and we are glad to extend that recognition. He sends two subs and adds that more will follow.

Otto L. Endres of Local Utica, N. Y., reports that Theodore Kawitz has been chosen New Leader agent, and Otto sends in three subs with the announcement.

John C. Cooper of Olean, who is making a fine campaign as the Socialist candidate for Mayor, gets three more subs to us and he aims to fill out the remaining blanks in his book. We plan to help the campaign there by getting The New Leader into the hands of a large list of voters.

Memphis, down in Tennessee, is not an easy place to get subs for a party paper, but J. F. Brown decided to try it and he landed three. We expect to hear from him again.

Comrade Goodhue of Taylorsville, Calif., gets under the wire with two and reports that he is going after more Stella Garrison of Seattle sends in two, has two more in sight, and a Yipsel comrade, Henry Cohen, will try out a bundle.

Well, if we tried to report for all the boosters we would have no space for it. We asked Sol Levitas about the singles. His eyes turned glassy, he threw up his hands, turned pages of the record, and then fainted. We'll be more careful next time.

A Hillquit Memorial By Adolph Warshaw

Morris Hillquit's devotion to the cause of the toiling masses of the world, his remarkable genius and leadership, as also his genuine sympathy for the exploited and oppressed, place him among the world's greatest humanitarians.

To those of us who had the good fortune of being his intimate friends, and his associates and co-workers in the struggle for human emancipation who so well knew the nobility of his soul and the purity of his purposes, there is a duty to immortalize his name to the future generations of America.

A movement to erect an appropriate statue to his memory must be started at once. A name so glorious, a life so beautiful and a soul so sublime must not, and should not, be forgotten.

I want to have the privilege of being the first one to subscribe to such movement. My check for \$25 is herewith enclosed.

There is some discussion among party members of some such memorial and it will undoubtedly come up for action in the party.

FROM MRS. HILLQUIT

I AM deeply grateful to the Committee on Arrangements, to all the comrades, to the members of the Young People's Socialist League and of the Woman's Committee of the Rand School who took such pains in paying tribute of love and devotion to my husband.

You helped me all greatly by your friendship and comradeship.

I will always remember and cherish it.

Most thankfully,
VERA HILLQUIT.

THE NEW LEADER, a Socialist Party publication, supports the struggles of the organized working class. Signed contributions do not necessarily represent the policy of The New Leader. On the other hand it welcomes a variety of opinions consistent with its declared purpose. Contributors are requested not to write on both sides of the paper and not to use lead pencil or red ink. Manuscripts that cannot be used will not be returned unless return postage is enclosed.

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Garden Rally to Surpass All Records

No, He Didn't Slander the Jews; He Only Maligned London and Socialism

SO Holy Joe McKee says he wasn't taking a crack at the Jews when he wrote his puerile article eighteen years ago, and that ought to settle that.

The injection of religion, and especially the issue of anti-Semitism, in the municipal campaign is what the city needed just about as much as it needs an earthquake or the bubonic plague. And from now on, by the action of the "liberal" Fiorello H. LaGuardia, the campaign is going to be about as dirty as the campaign of the period when the Ku Klux madness was at its height.

Holy Joe says it wasn't the Jews he was taking a crack at in the long-forgotten article of 1915, and to prove it he permits the article, and a follow-up article printed shortly thereafter, to be reproduced in the course of municipal campaign in 1933. That is what is called scussing the issues. (LaGuardia says there are no economic issues.)

It wasn't Jews as such he was worrying about. It was the "menace" of Socialism that was getting him excited.

In 1915, two years before the passage of the Espionage Act, five years before the notorious Sweet ouster, the Lusk laws and the criminal raids of A. Mitchell Palmer, Joseph McKee was endeavoring to raise up hysteria against Socialists; to add to his offense, he was linking up the "crime" of "radicalism" with the race issue.

"Some of My Best Friends"

Like all bigots and silly reactionaries, he drew a line between "good" Jews—those whose religious devotion to Judaism was satisfactory to him—and "bad" Jews—those who embraced ideals he disapproved of. And he sought to stir up hysteria against the "bad" Jews—that is, those who espoused Socialism.

Holy Joe indignantly denies that he was slurring the Jews when he wrote this: "In oral discussions [in his high school classes] on such topics as 'Is lying justifiable?' or 'Is it wrong to cheat?' their words consistently show that they recognize no code of morals, and are governed by no motives higher than those originating from fear of detection and consequent loss of money."

The then De Witt Clinton High School Teacher McKee was not referring to ALL Jews when he wrote that in the Catholic World; he meant, he takes pains to point out, "only" the Socialists!

In the article Instructor McKee deplores the fact that in his school of 5,000 boys "hardly 10 per cent are Christians, and it is a rare thing even to hear an Irish Catholic name! Surely such a condition warrants immediate attention," although he fails to indicate just what.

"These boys," he adds, "so few of whom belong to us [just who are US, Joe?] will be the lawyers, the doctors, the educators, the professional men of the coming generation." (Do we hear echoes of this in Berlin today?)

But wait till you read this: **Shocking!**

"Now, can we expect much from these boys who are so eager to receive knowledge?" And he answers his own question: "After the election last November [1914] a com-

position entitled 'Why I liked the election' was given to five classes totaling about 150 boys. On examining the papers the writer [that is, Teacher Joe himself] found that over 90 per cent of these students rejoiced particularly in one thing—the election to Con-

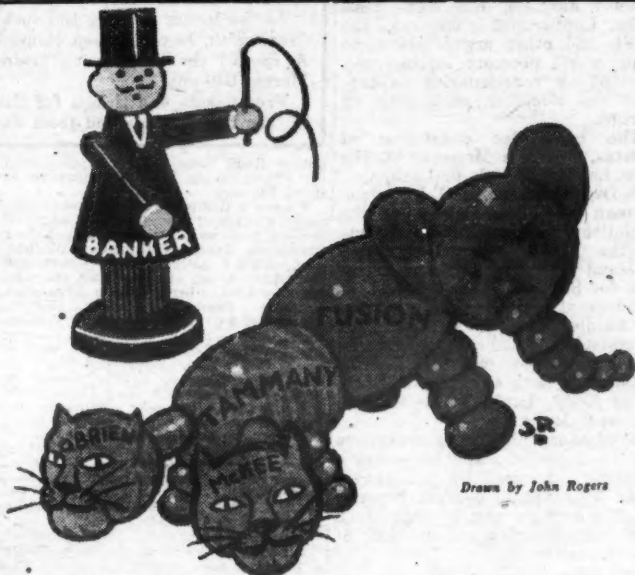
the furtherance of Socialistic dogma."

He then deplored the loss of belief in Zionism and orthodox Judaism, and added the crack about the boys who defended lying and cheating.

Shortly afterward Joe followed up this state paper by another, in which he denied that he had slurred ALL Jews, and insisted that he was only attacking Socialists; he calls upon his church to make a religious issue of Socialism and fight it in the name of his Faith.

So that's that. He wasn't impugning all Jews but only those

WHAT A CIRCUS!



Drawn by John Rogers

gress of the Socialist Meyer London. . . In overwhelming numbers these students are Socialists, or Socialists in the making, whose gospel is contained in the New York Call, and whose ambition is

bad Jews who were glad that Meyer London had been elected to Congress over the representative of Tammany villainess who had so long befouled the seat from the East Side district. That will make

Party Members Responding To Appeal for Ticket Sales

THE great Madison Square Garden rally, with which the mayoralty campaign will close on November 5, the Sunday afternoon before election, gives signs of becoming the greatest political rally ever staged by the Socialist Party.

From present indications, Harry Kritzer who has charge of the arrangements for the meeting says, the rally will far surpass the Garden rally last year with which the Presidential campaign was brought to a conclusion. Charles Solomon, our Mayoralty candidate, is enthusiastic about the prospects of the meeting as well as the election.

Many people are sending in for tickets for the rally, and more have supplied themselves with the reserved seats which are being sold throughout the whole eastern section of the country.

a hit with the people who revere the memory of the saintly London, as well as with those to whom Socialism is a noble and glorious ideal, of whom there are more than Joe suspects.

And if Fiorello H. LaGuardia thinks he is without sin in this whole business, he is the most mistaken aspirant after office in the Metropolis.

For consider these facts: Meyer London was in Congress in 1918, one of the most respected and honored members of the House. Morris Hillquit, having been defeated for Congress in a Harlem district in 1916 by a slender margin (with the aid of Republican arithmetic), it was confi-

The major portion of the Garden will be open to holders of the free tickets. There will be several thousand seats in the reserved section, however, and the sale of those tickets is counted upon to make the expenses of the meeting.

Hundreds of party members come to the party office at 7 East 15th Street every day demanding their quota of reserved tickets for selling to the public. Hundreds more are mailing in their remittances for tickets disposed of to their friends and fellow-workers.

The meeting, all party workers agree, will be a test of genuine Socialist sentiment in the city. And it will be a tribute to the memory of the never-to-be-forgotten Morris Hillquit; it will be the first important meeting in many years from which he will be physically missing, but his spirit and his shining inspiration will be everywhere present there.

Where to Get Tickets

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN tickets can be obtained at all Socialist headquarters: Socialist Party, 7 E. 15th St., N. Y. Rand School, 7 East 15th St., N. Y. Jewish Daily Forward, 175 East Broadway. Finnish headquarters, 2056—5th Ave., N. Y. Brownsville Labor Lyceum, 219 Sackman St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Bellamy Club, 904 Prospect Ave., Bronx, N. Y. Socialist Party, Local Bronx, 9 West 170th St., N. Y.

This Is No Time for Retrenchment

By William M. Feigenbaum

THIS is as good a time as any to have a word or two about the schools of New York, what they cost us and what we ought to do about them.

There's a demand for economy, and these days that demand awakens a responsive chord in millions of people. The schools cost over \$125,000,000 a year—and a lot of people think that's too much.

Ever since the city faced imminent financial collapse in the last year of the late Mayor Walker all improvements have been suspended. No new buildings have been built. The project for a building for Brooklyn College has been laid over and the students of that institution continue to pursue their studies in numerous annexes. The great new \$5,500,000 building of Brooklyn Technical High School stood for a long time wholly unoccupied because the city, having completed the building, was "economizing" and did not buy equipment; now the building is only one-fourth occupied, the remainder being still empty.

Teachers' Salaries

Teachers' salaries have been slashed, and there are thousands of young teachers, educated and trained at the expense of the city, waiting for appointment, or devoting their talents and higher education to the task of selling goods in department stores.

Schools are overcrowded, but no new buildings are built, no appointments of teachers are made, no

new equipment is being installed.

The city, having been brought to the verge of bankruptcy, is "economizing." There is no retrenchment in the style of living to which the exploiters of labor, the bankers and the political plunderers have been accustomed, but there must be economy in the schools. And so 5,000 highly educated, well-trained young teachers are waiting, or getting jobs in some other line of endeavor while overcrowded classrooms are crying aloud for teachers and more teachers.

"That it is possible," says a recent bulletin of the National Educational Association—the most important educational body in the United States—"especially in large schools and cities, to spend less money by increasing class size has been demonstrated."

Too Much Economy

The bulletin, however, goes on to say, "THAT SUCH RETRENCHMENTS ARE REAL ECONOMIES IS OPEN TO SERIOUS QUESTION."

"Carried to an extreme," the document, expressing the best educational thought in the country, says, "they may weaken or destroy the most important values of education."

"THE TIME FOR TEACHERS' SALARY CUTS HAS GONE," it adds.

In New York City there are 4,000 classes of 50 pupils or more. In our great Metropolis there are 9,000 classes of 40 pupils or more.

And yet it is recognized by all educators that classes of more than

25 or 30 are unwieldy, and impose too great a strain on the teachers.

New York needs thousands more classes; New York needs thousands of new teachers, more AND SMALLER SCHOOLS; more and better (and smaller) buildings, more and better equipment.

The time for retrenchment has passed.

But have we the prospect of improved educational work in the next few years?

The future looks rather dark. There is one ray of light and one alone. That is the Socialist educational program based upon the Socialist platform, philosophy and ideals.

Jobs and Plunder

Tammany looks upon the schools as a source of patronage, just as that benevolent organization looks upon everything in which public money is expended. Tammany and its allies and satellites cash in on school sites, consider important educational positions as just as many jobs.

They look upon the schools as a means of rewarding faithful political service at the expense of the city and of our children.

The bankers, brokers, real estate speculators and other gentry of that class who make up the backbone of the Fusion forces and of the army of Holy Joe McKee have one ideal in government AND ONE ONLY.

That is to save money; to save money for the city AND TO SAVE MONEY FOR THEMSELVES.

They are willing to cripple or

destroy the most important values of education to serve their own pockets. What do they care? Generally speaking, they send their children to expensive private schools where there are no false economies, where classes are small, equipment is adequate and teaching is performed under the most favorable conditions.

When they save money (for their own pockets, mind you) THEY ROB OUR CHILDREN OF THE ADEQUATE EDUCATION THEY ARE ENTITLED TO. When they retrench on educational expenses (for their own benefit, the poor dears) THEY ARE LOADING INTOLERABLE BURDENS ON THE BACKS OF OVERWORKED TEACHERS AND ARE DEPRIVING THOUSANDS MORE TEACHERS OF THE OPPORTUNITY TO SERVE AND TO EARN A LIVING.

By all means drive out the spoilsmen and grafters; by all means cut out the school site graft and grafts in contracts, in school books and equipment.

BUT DON'T LET THE REACTIONARIES RUN AWAY WITH OUR SCHOOLS.

DON'T LET THEM USE THE SPECIOUS PLEA OF "ECONOMY."

We want an extended, enlarged, IMPROVED educational system IN THE INTEREST OF THE WHOLE CITY.

We want to put an end to part time and overcrowded classrooms, to employ unemployed teachers, to build for the future, NO MATTER HOW MUCH THE BANKERS AND BROKERS AND REAL ESTATE SPECULATORS SQUAWK! The city for the workers!

ROLL UP A COLOSSAL VOTE FOR THE STRAIGHT SOCIALIST TICKET!

VOTE EVERY TORCH!

Socialist Campaign Rouses City

BRANCHES IN CONTEST TO WIN SOCIALIST BANNER

WHO will win the Socialist banner?

When plans were announced for the great Madison Square Garden rally with which the campaign will close it was announced that a beautiful red banner would be presented to the Branch selling the largest number of tickets for the reserved section of the Garden.

The contest was begun only one week ago, but already the response has assumed large proportions. The Upper West Side branch has sold over 300 tickets, the 4-14 A.D. branch of Brooklyn has sold 400

tickets and the 16 A.D. branch of Brooklyn has sold 300 tickets.

Although these branches are now in the lead, it is still possible for the other branches to take advantage of the remaining two weeks before the Garden meeting and to beat them out.

Tickets may be secured from the party office, 7 East 15th Street.

It is of the utmost importance that branches and individual comrades make every effort to sell Garden tickets: as a stirring climax to the municipal campaign and as a fitting memorial to Morris Hill-

DEFEND RED VIENNA MEETING SATURDAY

THE Socialist heart of Europe, Red Vienna, is in danger! Under the pretext of protecting Vienna from Hitlerism, Chancellor Dollfuss has attempted to destroy the Austrian Socialist Party.

Secret orders have been issued by the Socialist Party for a general strike if Dollfuss should attempt to occupy the City Hall, or outlaw the party, or disband the Socialist unions or establish a Fascist constitution.

Socialist world opinion is being mobilized to defend Red Vienna. A committee has been set up in New York by the Socialist Party, the League for Industrial Democracy, the Workmen's Circle, the League against Fascism, the New York State Continental Congress, the YPSL and other organizations to bring world pressure against any attempt by reactionaries to capture the Socialist metropolis of Europe.

The committee consisting of Levitas, Business Manager of The New Leader, Joseph P. Lash, College Organizer for the L.L.D., Jack Altman and Abe Belsky of the Socialist Party, and Mike Arcone of the YPSL, has called for a "Defend Red Vienna" demonstration for Saturday, October 28th, at 1 o'clock, at Columbus Circle. Harry W. Laidler, Socialist candidate for Comptroller, will be chairman. Other speakers will be Charles Solomon, Frank Crosswaith, Sherwood Eddy, Louis Waldman, and Edward Levinson.

Wednesday night representatives of the Socialist Party attended a meeting organized by the Jewish War Veterans to combat Fascism in this country and to organize a counter-demonstration to that of the American Nazis.

Rand School Women To Honor Solomon

The Women's Committee of the Rand School will formerly open its season with a reception and tea to our candidate, Charles Solomon, Tuesday afternoon, October 24, at 3, in the studio of the school.

Comrade Solomon will speak on the campaign. All women are invited, both friends and members of the Socialist Party. Come and make this a rousing reception to Comrade Solomon.

TWO PARADES

Bronx County is running an automobile and foot parade Saturday, Oct. 28th, starting 8 p.m. from the Bellamy Club, 904 Prospect Ave., to advertise the Hunts Point Palace meeting which takes place the following day. All comrades with cars will please report to Jack Altman, 7 East 15th St.

The following Saturday, Nov. 4th, a city-wide automobile parade will take place to advertise the Madison Square Garden meeting throughout the city.

Crosswaith Banquet

On Tuesday evening at 8 p.m. a banquet will be given in honor of Frank Crosswaith, candidate for President of Board of Aldermen, in the headquarters of his home district branch, 2005-7th Avenue, Manhattan. William Pickens will be toastmaster and among the speakers will be Charles Solomon, Harry W. Laidler and William Karlin.

Party Progress

New York City

Fred Henderson Coming to New York City.—Fred Henderson is on tour in the middle west. New York has been assigned eight dates, December 4 to 11. Branches and organizations desiring a date should get in touch at once with Organizer Claessens as to details, fee, etc. Only a few open dates left.

City Executive Committee.—Wednesday, Oct. 25, 8:30, in city office. Comrades with Automobiles urged to notify city office of their willingness (Continued on page 6A)

BRONX AND BROOKLYN RALLIES

TWO great Socialist campaign rallies will be held by the Socialist party prior to the great Madison Square Garden meeting.

The Socialists of Brooklyn and the Bronx will bring their borough and county campaigns to a fitting climax at mass meetings at the Brooklyn Academy of Music and at Hunts Point Palace.

The Brooklyn meeting will be in the evening of Thursday, October 26th.

The Bronx meeting will be in the afternoon of October 29th. Both meetings will be in the nature of memorials to the memory of Morris Hillquit.

At the Thursday meeting in Brooklyn the speakers will be Charles Solomon, Frank R. Crosswaith, and Harry W. Laidler, city candidates; B. C. Vladeck, candidate for Borough President; Miss Tracy D. Mygatt, candidate for Register; David M. Cory and Bradford Young, and Louis Waldman, Chairman.

Admission is by ticket. Free tickets are obtainable at all party headquarters and at all meetings; reserved seats at 25 cents can be secured at The New Leader, and at all party headquarters.

At the Bronx meeting the speakers will be Solomon, Laidler and Crosswaith, Jacob Panken, Samuel Orr, Henry Fruchter and others. A special chorus is being trained to sing songs in memory of Morris Hillquit.

Free tickets and tickets for the reserved section can be obtained at The New Leader and from Jack Altman at 7 East 15th Street.

STUDENT OUTLOOK

The first fall issue of "The Student Outlook", Intercollegiate Socialist Review, published by the League for Industrial Democracy, 112 E. 19th St., N. Y., appeared Tuesday, Oct. 17. Contents include Norman Thomas' analysis of what the New Deal means to Socialists; an estimation by Robert Morris Lovett of what literary classics can be utilized in a revolutionary tradition; an article by A. Fenner Brockway of the mechanics of the armaments industry; "Umbrella over City College" by a New York undergraduate and other student articles.

Vanguardsmen, Attention!

Attention, Socialist Vanguard!

1. Meeting of all captains Saturday, Oct. 21, at 5.
2. Final report on shirts.
3. First rehearsal of uniformed chorus for the Hunts Point Palace and Madison Square Garden meetings, Saturday, Oct. 21, at 2:30, 7 East 15th St. All who can hold a tune must come.

4. Bronx election parade with red torches and band, Sat., Oct. 28, at 8 from the Bellamy Club, 904 Prospect Ave. We need everyone from all over the city.

5. All Brooklyn Guardsmen must report at Brownsville Labor Lyceum, 219 Sackman St., Friday, Oct. 20, at 8:30 for special work.

HALL MEETINGS

Saturday, October 21

8:30, P. S. 20, Heberton Ave., Port Richmond, S. I.—Charles Solomon, Wm. E. Bohn, Walter Dearing.
8:30, Y.M.H.A., 159th St. and St. Nicholas Ave.—Harry W. Laidler, Frank Crosswaith, Wm. Karlin, Amicus Most, Max Delson.

8:30, Banquet, 22nd A. D. Branch, Brownsville Labor Lyceum, 219 Sackman St., B'lyn.—L. P. Goldberg, Wm. M. Feigenbaum, Theodore Shapiro.

Sunday, October 22

7, St. Paul's Church, 157 St. Paul's Place.—Harry W. Laidler.
8:30, 1581 Washington Ave., Bronx.—Samuel A. DeWitt, M. Levenstein.

9, 1851 Mott Ave., Far Rockaway, L. I.—Frank Crosswaith.
4, Y.W.C.A., 179 West 137th St.—Frank Crosswaith.

9:30, Young America Institute, Steinway Hall, 113 West 57th St.—Charles Solomon.

Monday, October 23

3, Women's Conference, Society for Ethical Culture, 2 West 64th St.—Harry W. Laidler.
8:30, National Council of Jewish Women, Temple Gates of Prayer, 143-51 Roosevelt Ave., Flushing, L. I.—Charles Solomon.

4, Conference room, Barnard College, 115th St. and B'way.—Harry W. Laidler.
8:30, P. S. 5, Grand Ave. and Academy St., Astoria, L. I.—Charles Solomon, Frank Crosswaith, Harry W. Laidler, James Oneal, A. C. Weinfeld, J. D. Sayers.

Tuesday, October 24

12, New York University, Washington Square.—Charles Solomon.
3, Rand School, Women's Committee, 7 East 15th St.—Charles Solomon.
6:30, Municipal Club of B'lyn, 131 Remsen St.—Chas. Solomon.

8:30, Church of All Nations, 9 2nd Ave.—Frank Crosswaith.
8:30, Franklin Manor, 836 Franklin Ave., B'lyn.—Charles Solomon, Harry Laidler, B. C. Vladeck, Max Frankle, others.

8:30, Banquet to Frank Crosswaith, 2005 7th Ave.—Charles Solomon, Harry W. Laidler, Frank Crosswaith, Wm. Karlin.
8:30, Beth Shalom, Peoples Temple, Bay P'way and Benson

Ave., B'lyn.—B. C. Vladeck, Alexander Kahn.

8:30, New York League of Women Voters, St. Michaels Parish House, 225 W. 99th St.—Morris Gisnet.

Wednesday, October 25

11:30 a.m., New York University, 180th St. and University Ave., Bronx.—Charles Solomon.

8:30, P. S. 67, Mohegan Ave. and 178th St., Bronx.—Harry W. Laidler, Frank Crosswaith, Samuel Orr, Edward Cassidy, Herman Woskow, others.

8:30, Men's Club, East Midwood Jewish Center, 1625 Ocean Ave., B'lyn.—Charles Solomon.

8:30, Settlement House, 84 First St.—David Kaplan.

Thursday, October 26

8:30, Brooklyn Academy of Music, Lafayette and Flatbush Aves., B'lyn.—Charles Solomon, Harry W. Laidler, Frank Crosswaith, B. C. Vladeck, Louis Waldman.

8, WEVD.—Frank Crosswaith.

8:30, Columbia University, Students' Meeting, MacMillan Theatre, 116th St. and B'way.—Harry W. Laidler.

8:30, Congregation B'nai Jeshurun, Men's Club, 270 West 89th St.—William Karlin.

Friday, October 27

8:30, Grand Paradise Ball Rooms, 318 Grand St., B'lyn.—Charles Solomon, Louis Waldman, Jacob Panken.

8:30, Casa D'Amor, Mermaid Ave. and West 31st St., Coney Island.—Charles Solomon, Harry W. Laidler, B. C. Vladeck, Alex Kahn, Harold Siegel.

8:30, Elmsmere Hall, Morris Ave. and 170th St., Bronx.—Frank Crosswaith, Edward Cassidy, Samuel Orr, Henry Rosner, Matthew Levy, Henry Fruchter.

8:30, Commerce High School, 155 West 65th St.—Wm. Karlin.

8:30, Y.W.C.A., 341 East 17th St.—E. Michael White.

8:30, Church of All Nations, Current Events Club, 9 Second Ave.—David Kaplan.

Saturday, October 28

8:30, P. S. 115, 177th St. and St. Nicholas Ave.—Charles Solomon, Frank Crosswaith, Wm. Karlin, Morris Gisnet, Ed. Koppel.

8:30, Thomas Jefferson High School, Pennsylvania and Sutter Aves., B'lyn.—Charles Solomon, Harry W. Laidler, Louis Waldman, Jacob Panken, B. C. Vladeck.

McKee's Slander

(Continued from Page 2A)

dently expected that he would be easily elected in 1918. In two other East Side Congressional districts the Socialists were creeping up on the Democrats and had far outstripped the Republicans. There were ten Socialist assemblymen running for re-election, and many Socialist senatorial candidates.

A Raw Deal

There was an outcry among the political racketeers and reactionaries; the Socialists had to be kept out of office! No more Londons, Hillquits, Shiplacoffs, Waldmans and Lees to pollute the fair political atmosphere created by those two political archangels, Murphy and Koenig.

A bi-partisan deal was negotiated. The offices were parceled out among Democrats and Republicans, each saintly party supporting the candidates of the other.

In the 14th Congressional District the candidate selected to defeat the courageous, scholarly and high-minded Scott Nearing was a Republican with Tammany support

named Fiorello H. LaGuardia. It was not a spontaneous outburst of enthusiasm for the man in one district; it was a city-wide deal, the main purpose of which was to keep men of the type of Hillquit and London out of Congress.

To that deal LaGuardia lent himself and from it benefitted.

If he thinks, with that record, he can gain any comfort from McKee's attack upon Meyer London he is welcome to it!

Now that this matter is disposed of—we hope permanently—decent and self-respecting people will address themselves to the main business on hand.

It is to wage war upon the bankers and exploiters, no less than upon the grafters and plunderers.

To that task the Socialists are giving their whole energies, to the campaign for the Solomon-Crosswaith-Laidler ticket. To the only cause that matters:

THE CITY FOR THE WORKERS!

Industrial Unionism Gains in A F of L

Brewers Are Defeated 2-1, but Idea Is Also Gaining

BY a vote of a little over 2 to 1 the A. F. of L. convention voted against the Brewery Workers' Union on an issue of industrial unionism. This union was once out of the A. F. of L. on this issue and was later re-admitted. What is significant of the vote is that it shows big progress in the views of delegates on this issue.

Later a debate on the issue in general was avoided by referring a resolution in favor of industrial unionism to the Executive Council and the heads of the national and international unions. The resolutions committee itself was divided on the issue, whereas, as a rule in past conventions, it has been unanimous in favor of the old type of organization, and what opposition there was came from the floor.

What is to happen in the meantime with the 500 or more federal unions chartered direct by the Federation remains to be seen. In the committee Matthew Woll contended that organization of federal unions is a temporary matter; John P. Frey insisted that immediate action be taken to prevent inclusion in federal unions of any worker which the established unions claim, and Charles P. Howard proposed that the exact procedure to be followed in organizing the mass production industries be defined.

The division of opinion in the committee, the big vote cast for the industrial form of organization, and the reference of the matter to a national conference of the executive and the union chiefs reveals indecision, uncertainty and yet the farthest advance yet made in opinion in favor of industrial organization. Should the national conference adopt a policy providing for the shifting of members of the federals to the national unions, leaving only a handful of the unskilled and unclassified within the federals, it will be a backward step and again bring a halt to effective organization in the mass production industries. It will repeat the failures in the steel strike of 1919 and the attempt to organize automobiles several years ago.

An important decision was the defeat by a vote of 2 to 1 of a resolution of Lewis of the Miners to enlarge the membership of the Executive Council from 11 to 28, but he accepted an amendment of Berry of the Pressmen to make the number 18. The debate provoked a

THE PAINTERS MOURN

The death of Morris Hillquit, Socialist leader and attorney for many important labor unions, brought a glowing tribute from Philip Zausner, secretary of District Council 9, Brotherhood of Painters, who declared that to a "trade union like the Painters' Union, Morris Hillquit's lifework was a bulwark of strength. His friendship, intelligence and devotion was an ever-present assurance that in our hours of difficulty there was somebody we could turn to who understood our problems and know how to fight for us. Regardless of the political opinions of our members, and we have men of all political stripes, the entire membership of District Council 9 of the Brotherhood of Painters mourns the loss of a great leader and defender of the rights of labor."

Hillquit was counsel for District Council 9 during many critical periods of its history.

bitter clash between Lewis and Tobin of the Teamsters.

Lacking one vote of making it unanimous, the convention voted to boycott nations denying the right of workers to organize, emphasizing the Hitler terror but including Italy, Russia and China in the boycott. President Green, however, declared that the resolution applied only to Germany and effort will be concentrated on that nation.

The Federation faces the most important issue in its history when the national conference meets to make a final decision regarding organization of the mass production industries and the fate of the federal unions.

60,000 Silk Workers Hold Their Ranks Gallantly

OVER 60,000 silk workers, facing hunger and cold and a desperate attempt to wear them down, are holding their lines fast in a magnificent strike that has tied up the silk making and dyeing plants of the entire Atlantic seaboard for close to nine weeks.

Refusing to be disheartened by the delaying tactics of the employers, who are subjecting them to a war of attrition, and standing firm against the attempt to split them up from within, the majority of the strikers, affiliated with the American Federation of Silk Workers, with a few thousands belonging to independent unions, are holding out and are determined to fight until their demands are granted.

What has made the situation confusing to the general public is the fact that statement after statement has appeared from employers' and from NRA headquarters giving the impression that the strike was settled or was near settlement. Conferences lasting sometimes as long as fourteen hours at a stretch have been held, notably with Senator Wagner as head of the National Labor Board, but all that has emerged from these negotiations has been the reaffirmation by the employers of a refusal to pay a living wage, and the reiteration by the strikers of their determination to fight for decent standards and for their union.

Meanwhile the suffering among the strikers grows more severe, and hunger is beginning to take its toll. A relief kitchen has been opened in Paterson, where 30,000 are on strike, and there is a complete tie-up in the dye shops and

the jacquard, weaving and throwing mills, but it is woefully inadequate to feed and clothe all those in need. A relief committee has been working energetically, visiting New York City and other centers and appealing to working class organizations of every sort for money and other aid. The responses have been magnificent—considering the problems which these bodies have themselves to face; but more money is needed for the merest necessities of life in the strike communities.

For a while it looked as though the workers in the jacquard division of the industry would return under an agreement, but the terms offered by the manufacturers proved unsatisfactory, especially in view of the fact that the provision to return to work took no account of the men and women still out in the other sections of the trade. The workers are resolved that the settlement is to be a general one for the entire industry and for all classifications of workers.

Weavers and dyers, throwers and jacquard workers, have stood together in the conduct of the strike and in the peace negotiations. The only rift has been with the Communist National Textile Workers' Union, which has claimed jurisdiction over large numbers of workers and over some small local independent unions. The American Federation of Silk Workers, affiliated with the A. F. of L., has the vast majority of workers out, and its general strike committee includes a great many unaffiliated workers and a large number of independent unions.

The negotiations have been

Headgear Workers and United Hatters Merge

FINAL action in the merger of the Headgear Workers' Union and the United Hatters of North America pending for several months was brought close to conclusion at separate sessions of the two unions, holding conventions in New York this week.

It is expected that the merger will be finally effected before the close of the week.

The Headgear Workers met in their convention at the Headgear Workers' Lyceum (Beethoven Hall) while at the same time the United Hatters were meeting at the Broadway Central Hotel.

There is the greatest enthusiasm among the members of these two splendid unions for the step they are about to take. The United Hatters is one of the oldest labor organizations in the country, with a long and honorable career in struggle for the welfare of the masses. The Headgear Workers, formerly the Capmakers, likewise have a long career and they have always maintained the closest and most fraternal relations with the Socialist Party.

The Headgear Workers have adopted the tentative constitution for the merged union, drawn up by a joint committee, and the United Hatters will debate its terms shortly.

The conventions were both opened Monday, and on Tuesday President Zaritzky of the Headgear Workers addressed the Hatters, and a committee of the Hatters addressed the Headgear Workers. There was great enthusiasm among the members of each convention at the visit of the representatives of the other.

The Headgear Workers, as one of the last actions of their separate existence, voted \$5,000 for a monument to the memory of Max Zuckerman, for many years sec-

marked by vicious attacks by the Communist union upon the A. F. of L. union and its representatives and in some cases by the attempts of the "left" leaders to turn the meetings into forums for political discussions. In at least one case in Paterson, according to the general strike committee, the Communists "packed" a strike mass meeting by sending in hundreds of their

retary of the union, who died recently.

President William Green of the A. F. of L. will preside over the merger convention and install the new international officers, probably Saturday or Monday. The place and exact time have not yet been decided.

RESOLUTION ON MORRIS HILLQUIT

WHEREAS, Morris Hillquit dedicated his entire life to the service of the Labor movement of this country and to the Socialist movement of the world, and

WHEREAS in the death of Morris Hillquit the trade union movement of the United States and the Socialist movement of the world has lost a great leader, a brilliant advisor and a most faithful worker; and

WHEREAS in the passing of Morris Hillquit the Labor movement and the Socialist movement have suffered irreparable loss; be it that

RESOLVED that the 18th Convention of the Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' International Union deeply mourns the death of Morris Hillquit, and be it further

RESOLVED that a copy of this resolution be sent to Mrs. Vera Hillquit as an expression of our sympathy.

sympathizers, often having no connection with the silk industry, to prevent discussion and a decision.

In order to help the strikers at present—by opening relief kitchens and supplying food and clothing and money—and in the future by helping build a strong permanent and nation-wide silk workers' union, a new committee has been formed, called the Joint Silk Strikers' Relief Campaign. Norman Thomas is chairman, Joseph Schlossberg secretary, Joseph Baskin treasurer, and Samuel H. Friedman executive secretary of the relief organization. All who want to help should send in funds in small or large amounts to the committee at 112 East 19th St., New York City, Room 1101.

Bus Workers Organize

A. F. Whitney, president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, announced in Cleveland that the organization had recruited 50,000 men among the country's "highway drivers" within three months.

He disclosed that the drive to bring bus and truck drivers into the Brotherhood began quietly three months ago, when more than 100 Brotherhood workers were placed in the field for the purpose.

A UNION VICTORY

The Simplex Shoe Manufacturing Company in Milwaukee has been enjoined from interfering with unionization of its workers, and labor leaders hailed the court order a preliminary victory in the interpretation of labor's rights under the NRA.

Circuit Judge John J. Gregory held that the company had violated the labor provision of the NRA, by refusing to deal with C. J. McMorrow of Boston, vice president of the International Boot and Shoe Workers Union.

Tour of August Claessens for The New Leader Begins December 1st

THE August Claessens tour of the states for The New Leader is being rapidly completed and the first section of dates can now be announced. He will cover leading cities up-state in New York beginning December 1, going as far north as Minneapolis and west to Omaha. The announcement of dates gives the locals ample time to make the most thorough arrangements ever made for a Socialist agitator.

We urge comrades to take full advantage of the services of one of the most competent Socialist speakers in the movement. Comrade Claessens is also a hard worker and will not object to making full use of his time while he is with them. Here is the full list of dates.

August Claessens' Tour

Albany, December 1-2-3; Schenectady, 3-4; Syracuse, 5-6-7; Utica, 8-9; Rochester, 10-11-12; Buffalo, 13-14-15; Erie, 16-17; Cleveland, 18-19-20-21; Akron, 22-23; Toledo, 24-25-26; Detroit, 27-28-29-30-31, Jan. 1.

Lansing, January 2-3; Flint, 4-5; Grand Rapids, 6-7; Milwaukee, 8-9-10; Madison, 11-12; Minneapolis, 13-14-15; St. Paul, 16-17; Sioux City, 18-19; Omaha, 21-22-23; Lincoln, 24-25; Kansas City, 26-27-28; Jef-

erson City, 29-30; St. Louis, 31, February 1-2-3-4-5. Springfield, February 6-7; Chicago, 8-9-10-11-12; South Bend, 13-14; Indianapolis, 15-16-17; Cincinnati, 18-19-20; Dayton, 21-22-23; Columbus, 24-25; Pittsburgh, 26-27-28.

There are eleven lectures from which locals may select. The New Leader will also provide a press story for insertion in local papers of the time and place of the meetings. The lectures are as follows.

Lecture Topics

1. "The Socialist Analysis of the NRA"; 2. "Our Economic Chaos, an Analysis of the Depression"; 3. "Unemployment, Its Causes and Remedies"; 4. "What Is Socialism? Why, How, When?"; 5. "The Essentials of Socialism"; 6. "The Love of Money and the Struggle for Existence"; 7. "Selfishness, a Study of Human Nature"; 8. "Social Psychology and Social Problems"; 9. "Social Attitudes in Race Conflicts"; 10. "Social Attitudes Towards War and Peace"; 11. "Nature and Nurture—Hereditry and Environment."

Everything will be done to make this tour help the local comrades to increase their membership and to strengthen their organization. Out of his extensive experience in organization work Comrade Claessens will be glad to consult with local members and advise them in problems of party building. He will speak at union and strike meetings also if they can be arranged.



August Claessens

GATHERING 29 YEARS AGO



notable gathering of Socialists, many of whom were in the stormy years since then. In the front row: Cypriani of Italy; P. J. Hyndman of Great Britain; E. Belfort-Bax, England; Plechanoff; Knudsen, Denmark; Maor...

at extreme right of picture, Enrico Ferri; Italy. Between Hillquit and Naoroji is Cambier of France and to his right is Jean Longuet, also of France.

Back row: H. H. Van Kol, Holland, President of the International; Manuel Ugarte, Argentina; Nemec, Austria (now Czechoslovakia); Eduard Vaillant, France; Dr. Franticep Soukup, Austria (now Czechoslovakia); Rosa Luxemburg, Germany; Dr. Victor Adler, Austria (Father of Friedrich Adler, now Secretary of the International); Karl Kautsky, Germany; Walecki, Poland, and Emile Vandervelde, Belgium.

the Orgy of Savagery in Hitler's Paradise

By James O'Neal

some of it of Nazi sources, the eyes and eye-witness documents. Hitler came into power in a contradictory evidence of mass

want "nothing more than bread and circuses." They have been getting plenty of circuses and little bread. Readers will find the three chapters devoted to the Reichstag fire of extraordinary interest and especially the secret memorandum of

Dr. Oberfohren, former chairman of the German Nationalist fraction in the Reichstag. Before the fire he set down what he knew of the preparations of the Nazi chiefs for burning the Reichstag.

Late in April of this year the Manchester Guardian, in a series of articles on the fire, made reference to the memorandum—and within less than two weeks thereafter Oberfohren was found dead in his apartment. Erik Hanussen, a clairvoyant at whose home some of the leading Nazi intellectuals occasionally gathered, published in his personal weekly a statement that he had known in advance of the fire—and his dead body was found by the side of a road. A Dr. Bell, former Nazi, knew van der Lubbe well, and a few days after the fire told a People's Party politician the real story of the fire. The politician

wrote letters to some friends giving this information, one falling into the hands of the chief of the secret police. Bell fled to Austria where Nazi assassins followed him, and there he was murdered in the village of Kufstein. "Dead men tell no tales."

The government-inspired press (Continued on Page Seven)

From One Who Worked Day By Day with Morris Hillquit

By Ludwig Hillquit Gerber

AS a child, if any one were to ask me who was the greatest man in the world, I would reply "Morris Hillquit." This was not remarkable, considering my antecedents, environment and the almost theistic attitude in which my father held the Socialist Party and his friend Morris Hillquit, its leader.

My childhood idealization of Morris Hillquit resembled the incantations and prayers of many of the devoutly religious who, praying, know little about the substance of their prayers. With the arrival of maturity and ability to look about for myself; to seek out whys and wherefores and thereby to make my own conclusions built upon fact, my love of Morris Hillquit, the theorist, the economist and the leader, did not lose any of its fervor but rather deepened in its reverence and respect.

Those who leave their footsteps in the sands of time writing episodes in historic progress, often leave an impression of greatness and glory built on the memory of the man as a factor in the making of history rather than the memory of the man himself, though often the memory of the man is the more beautiful. So it is that those who came in contact with Morris Hillquit, the man, feel his loss more poignantly than those thousands who mourn the loss of their leader.

I was one of the privileged who had the opportunity to know Morris Hillquit, the man, over a long period of time. With my entry into law school and the study of the law of which Morris Hillquit was one of the greatest exponents, I entered his office as a law clerk. Thus I spent four years in almost daily contact with him.

Some of our greatest men are great because of the fiction which

has arisen about them, because of the outward show of grandeur all of which fading by close contact to reveal a sorry figure beneath the movement "respectable". (Continued on Page Seven)

THE BRAY of THE WEEK



The Good Gray Mayor Looks Around Him And Speaks His Lessons

J. Patrick ("A-Kiddie-in-every-Home") O'Brien is speaking. He is speaking on the platform of Tammany Hall. He is speaking his piece, with Teacher, in the shape of John F. Curry, behind him. He says:

"Fellow-Democrats, if there ever was a time appropriate for our gathering here in this temple of Democracy, Tammany Hall, it is tonight. We are entering into a campaign fraught with important issues, and more than that, with questions, that go to the very essence of our party and this great citadel of Democracy."

(Submitted by Victor Riesel, who wins this week's prize.)

When Adam Delved

The Madman Would Turn Back The Clock, but Mankind Cannot Forget

THE amiable Joseph Paul Goebbels, who earns his living as Minister of Propaganda and Popular Enlightenment (God forbid!) in Hitleria, has some remarks to make about the rights of men to be free.

Having decreed that no one is fit to be connected with a newspaper who is a Jew or who has a Jewish wife, he explains that what is generally known as "freedom" is just so much Wurst, and that one who has an opinion of his own had better duck to cover, for there is nothing but the Will of the Führer. All else is treason, and in his tender love for his people the Führer decrees death for anyone who has an opinion on any subject whatsoever other than his.

One rubs the eyes and wonders if it is Henry VIII who has broken out on the front pages; Henry, who sent counsellors and wives to the block for the offense of displeasing him. One wonders if it is Ivan the Terrible we are reading about. Is this 1933 or are we all crazy?

Five Centuries Ago

ONCE there was a land in which dwelt masters and men, barons and lords, knights and serfs, villeins and coerls. Thence had come men from many stocks, from many lands: Angles and Saxons, Vikings and Frenchmen, Britons and Danes, Romans and Jews—all, all had been tossed and fused into a great nation.

In that land some feasted and fought and others toiled. And those that toiled had no legal rights but to toil and suffer. After many years of wars and bloodshed, after the land had been decimated by slaughter, there came a terrible pestilence of the Black Death, and millions more died, and the bonds that tied men to the soil were loosened, severed, although the laws that sought to bind them were not. And thereafter there was great suffering and protest, but the masses were leaderless and did not know what to do.

And there arose in the land a simple man of God named John Ball, who was called the Mad Priest of Kent, for none had ever heard doctrines preached such as he preached.

"Good people," he cried, "things will never go well in England so long as there be villains and gentlemen. By what right are they whom we call lords greater folk than we? On what grounds have they deserved it? Why do they hold us in serfage? If we all came of the same father and mother, of Adam and Eve, how can they say or prove that they are better than we, if it be not that they make us gain for them by our toil what they spend in their pride?"

"They are clothed in velvet and wear in their furs and their ermines, while we are covered with rags. They have wine and spices and fair bread; and we eat oat-cake and straw, and water to drink. They have leisure and fine houses; we have pain and labor, the rain and the wind in the fields. And yet it is of us and our toil that these men hold their state."

Who Was the Gentleman?

AND his whole message was summed up in the crude rhyme that carries within itself dynamite to blast out of existence all human inequalities: "When Adam delved and Eve span, who was then the gentleman?"

The words of flame passed from the lips of one to another, and soon a mighty host under the leadership of a simple laborer, Wat the Tyler, was marching on London, the first great proletarian revolt. . . .

There was victory and then treachery, and Wat was slain; and the revolt was crushed. But the words of the Mad Priest of Kent were cherished and men remembered their great message, the message of human equality.

That was the year 1381; and in 1449 came the great revolt led by Jack Cade, another worker, and again it was crushed. And then under Henry VIII came the revolt of Roger Aske that was again crushed. . . .

But the great ideal lived on, and if John Ball had not preached much would have been lacking in the heroism of Hampden and Pym and the other heroes of 1642, and in the heroes of battles for liberty to this day.

Men and women of Kent and of England, of France and of America and of the whole world dreamed that some day the inherent dignity of merely being a human being would prevail and human inequalities would die. For that dream alone makes life on this sad, mad, glad globe endurable.

Now come they who would turn back the clock of time, who would have mankind forget that there ever had been a John Ball and a Wat Tyler, a Cade and an Aske, a Danton and a St. Just, a Paine and a Lassalle, a Marx and a Debs. "Truth forever on the scaffold, wrong forever on the throne, yet that scaffold sways the future"

STORIES of the NRA

Do you know of any cases of nibbling at the NRA in a code industry? We recently asked our readers to report cases of violations. Do not rely on gossip and do not exaggerate. We want the facts. Here are a few reports from the NRA front.

By E. C. Barney

ONE sometimes wonders what local, perishable, technical and such terms mean under the NRA.

For a cannery to agree to employ 95 per cent local workers ought to mean that they would employ the workers living in the city and adjacent farm community in which their plant is located. But "local" here seems to take in the whole state.

When the C.P.C. (California Packing Corporation, canners of the famous Del Monte Brand of fruits and vegetables (opened here this fall for a short run, it was agreed that, because this city had reduced taxes on the local plant, they would employ 95 per cent local help.

But immediately the cannery opened workers from all over the state were put on, with a handful of local people. Whole families from other cities were put on while many local families were destitute. "Technical" covered the truckers, cutters, canners, sweepers, watchman—unskilled labor as well as the legitimate technical.

An investigation followed. The local NRA head came back from the cannery and reported that all was o.k., that the C.P.C. had put on 75 per cent local help. This brought a chorus of hoots from the whole town. Local men and women standing at the C.P.C. gate for days saw outsiders hired right over their heads—outsiders who had worked for the C.P.C. in other plants and were no doubt used to slavery and were checked as "safe."

Desultory investigations follow because of local protests, but the C.P.C. only chuckled. One foreman said within my hearing: "Who the hell can tell us who to employ!"

The local papers came out, after the NRA head had made his first investigation, and declared that "75 per cent were local workers at the C.P.C." Citizens protesting this, the papers changed to "a majority of local help employed." Then "local help employed."

The C.P.C. is a powerful corporation. Workers do not want to be blacklisted, so little protest to any purpose is made. If one doesn't get on this year, maybe next year he will. Newspapers get advertising, hence their subservience to a state-wide corporation.

Now that the C.P.C. is closed here for the season, or virtually so, a majority of the workers are leaving or have already left the city. Little money was left here.

Under the NRA, canneries are allowed to work truckers, canners, and so on, as many hours as they want. The C.P.C., instead of putting on two crews, worked men unloading cars, trucking canned fruit, and so on, from 10 and 12 to 14 hours because canned fruit is perishable! Or that's the interpretation. They could have and should have been made to work everybody not more than eight hours. There is no job one cannot learn in a few minutes at the C.P.C.

Under such conditions and management of the NRA it will soon become a burlesque under "local" — "technical" — "perishable" — "salesmen without pay," and so on.

Hanford, California.

CLEVELAND MOURNS MORRIS HILLQUIT

By Hy Fish

THE first Hillquit Memorial meeting arranged in the country was reported from Cleveland where several hundred Socialists and trade unionists filled one of the halls of the Public Auditorium, Saturday, October 14th, to mourn the loss and do honor to our great leader.

Among the speakers were Max S. Hayes, editor of the Cleveland Citizen, Abraham W. Katovsky, manager of the I.L.G.W.U., Paul Jones of Antioch College, Noah Mandelkorn, secretary of the Ohio Association for Unemployment Insurance, Sidney Yellen, secretary of the Socialist Party of Ohio, and Arthur G. McDowell, national chairman of the Young People's Socialist League. Mrs. Carrie Strauss played the Workers' Funeral March and the International on the piano.

Other organizations besides the above who participated were the Poale-Zion Alliance, the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, the Workmen's Circle and the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks. Messages were received from prominent Clevelanders, among them Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver.

Comrade Hillquit is vividly remembered in Cleveland particularly for his brilliant work in the 1924 convention of the Conference for Progressive Political Action where LaFollette was nominated for president.

MESSAGES OF GRIEF CONTINUE TO COME

THERE is no cessation of the flood of messages that have come to The New Leader, the Socialist Party and the Hillquit family on the death of the incomparable leader of American Socialism.

A drawer of a desk in The New Leader office is crammed to overflowing with messages, and it is impossible even to begin to list them. They come from every part of the world, and from every walk of life. Conservative lawyers who knew Morris Hillquit's superb legal ability as well as the sweetness and beauty of his character join Socialists of all countries and labor organizations in every part of the country in expressions of sincere and profound grief.

James H. Maurer, Hillquit's long-time friend and party associate, wrote that he was unable to attend the funeral because of illness, and adds: "I can assure you that if my physical condition had permitted I surely would have been there. Nearly a month ago I was stricken with a serious heart attack which left my right side in a paralyzed condition. For the past week I have been slowly recovering, getting back the use of my limbs, which, however, are very weak and unsteady, and hope in the next few weeks to have fully recovered. This explains why Jim Maurer was not present to say a few words about our dear comrade and to our dear comrade during the last few hours of his stay on earth which he tried so hard to make a better and happier world."

Emma Henry, State Secretary of Indiana, sent a resolution reading in part: "A man of great talent, he gave himself without stint to the Cause of the workers in this and other lands. We ask that we may help in suitable ways to keep alive his memory and present to posterity the worthy example of his life dedicated fully to Labor."

J. A. C. Meng of Youngstown, Ohio, wrote in part: "He was a man, take him for all in all, I shall not look upon him like again. Hillquit had the patience of Job, the sweetness of Debs, and the stability of Stonewall Jackson."

Fred Sander of Syracuse wrote: "It is with deep regret that I learn of the death of our Comrade

Successful Socialist Education

By William E. Bohn

THE Rand School correspondence classes have now been in operation for one year. Forty-two groups have studied the fifteen lessons in Socialism. They have reached from Massachusetts to California and from Alberta to Florida. They have carried on in great industrial cities, lumber camps, mining towns, textile towns, and places where there were no towns at all. A number of groups met at farm houses. The year's experiences, then, have covered a wide enough territory and a sufficiently varied set-up of conditions to justify some conclusions about the correspondence method of education.

The record of adult education in general has been a record of failure. Most adult classes are lectured at. Most of them go to sleep. Most of them dwindle away before any worthwhile results have been achieved.

Against this background the achievement of our forty-two Socialist classes has been a brilliant success. Our records show that in nearly all of the classes the attendance was near 100 per cent. In fact, in many cases it was well over 100 per cent, for if there were fifteen or twenty students in a class there, might be that many more listening in.

The records show, too, that stu-

dents prepared their lessons, did outside reading, and entered earnestly into discussions. Practically every class added to the books sent by the Rand School and thus provided for itself a working library. At least two classes had cases of books for their use reserved in the Public Libraries and clearly marked, for publicity purposes, "Rand School Class," or "Socialist Study Class." More than one student made special investigations of labor conditions or of the history of some particular country or party and reported his findings to his group.

Such success was not achieved without intelligent and devoted effort. The leaders of these forty-two classes deserve distinguished service medals. The students were of the greatest variety. In one class were some members who could not read or write; in many were college professors, high school teachers, librarians and physicians sitting beside workmen and working women. The leaders, too, were alike only in their responsibilities with great misgivings; some were teachers in high schools, colleges and universities to whom this was an exiting adventure in education.

Sitting here in the Rand School receiving the reports of the classes has been an exciting and rewarding experience.

Last year's success is leading, naturally to an expansion of the Correspondence work. As I write three classes are already in operation, and three more are ready to begin. The new Bulletin of the Correspondence Department announces two courses. The one given last year, "An Introduction to Scientific Socialism," will of course, be continued. It was written by Algernon Lee, and comrades everywhere have agreed that it is the best course of the sort which we have ever had. The new course in "The Elements of Economics" is by Haim Kantorovitch, one of the best thinkers of the Socialist movement and among the most popular teachers at the Rand School.

Comrades are asked to write to the Rand School, 7 East 15th St., New York City, for details. Classes are to consist of ten or more students. All signs point to a substantial expansion during the coming year.

WEVD NEW LEADER SPEAKER

Ben Blumenberg, of The New Leader staff, will be the speaker of The New Leader period of Station WEVD on Friday, Oct. 27th, from 4:30 to 4:45 p. m. James O'Neal, editor of The New Leader, speaks on Friday, Oct. 20th, at the same time.

HILLQUIT MEMORIAL MEETINGS

THE number of meetings to commemorate the life and work of Morris Hillquit, late National Chairman of the Socialist Party, is rapidly increasing. As soon as word came of the death of the great leader of American Socialism, party organization in every part of the country began to organize memorial meetings.

Pittsburgh will hold a meeting Sunday at 2.30 at the Young Men's Hebrew Association on Bellefield Avenue; speakers: William F. Adams, Jane Tait and Louis Waldman.

Cleveland will hold a meeting Saturday, with Joseph W. Sharts and Jos. Martinek as speakers.

Los Angeles will hold a meeting Friday, October 27th, at the Labor Temple. The meeting is arranged by the Socialist party, the Workmen's Circle and a number of unions.

Chicago held a memorial meeting last Monday, with Clarence Senior, John M. Collins, William A. Cunnea, Dr. Lorber and Morris Siskind as speakers.

Philadelphia held a memorial meeting last Sunday with Algernon Lee.

Richmond, Va., held a memorial meeting October 11th, with Herman R. Ansell and David George.

Boston held a memorial meeting Friday night, October 13th, at the Twentieth Century Club, with Michael Flaherty, George E. Roewer, Joseph Bearak, Alfred Baker Lewis, and Abraham Kalish, chairman.

WEVD held memorial exercises Wednesday, with Algernon Lee and David Dubinsky as speakers.

British Labor For Victory And Power

THE British Labor Party, at its recent Conference at Hastings, voted unanimously to raise a fund of £50,000 for a "Victory and Power" campaign.

The action was taken at a private meeting before the open sessions began, at which detailed plans for the "Victory and Power" campaign were made.

The objective is 13,000,000 votes, 400 M.P.'s, and a Socialist majority in the House of Commons. With Labor's new spirit and new policy and program, a Labor Party majority will be interpreted as a mandate to inaugurate and carry out a thoroughgoing Socialist program.

Immediately after the private session adjourned, Arthur Henderson, M.P., announced details of the plan. There is to be a systematic distribution of Socialist literature into every home in the country. The brain power of the Labor Party is to be mobilized at once to state the party's case in the most effective way. The trade unions are to be called upon to cooperate with the party organization in the distribution of literature. The slogan adopted is: "Brain power—Money power—Man power."

As a starter, the Labor Party is contesting five bye-elections that will be decided shortly. All but one have been Tory seats for the past three elections; the fifth was a Labor seat, but the incumbent was returned in 1931 as a MacDonaldite. Hopes for capturing all five are running high.

No French Split

Emile Vandervelde, in an interview recently published in the *Peuple of Brussels*, expresses his confident hope that the divergences of opinion within the French Socialist Party will not lead to a schism. "What Blum, Deat, Faure, and Renaudel have in common," he says, "far outweighs the questions upon which they differ."

Jean Lonquet, in a letter received by Algernon Lee last week, is equally hopeful. He thinks that the situation has improved since August.

SOCIALIST DEPUTY MURDERED

BUENOS AYRES.—Jose Guervara, a Socialist deputy in the Argentine Chamber, was shot dead in a riot at Cordoba city. Comrade Guervara was taking part in an anti-Fascist demonstration. Twelve other demonstrators were wounded.

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 7 East 15th St. Phone ALgonquin 4-3657-3658. Executive Board meets Every Tuesday Night in the Office of the Union. L. Freedman, President; Leon Hattab, Manager; Joe Goff, Secretary-Treasurer.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION, Local 9
 Office and headquarters, Brooklyn Labor Lyceum 949 Willoughby Ave. Phone STagg 2-4621. Office open daily except Saturday from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Regular meetings every Tuesday evening. Fred Pfaffman, Pres.; Al. Bayler, Vice-Pres.; Charles Pfaffman, Fin. Sec'y; Milton Rowcroft, Rec. Cor. Sec'y; Frank F. Lutz, Treasurer; Andrew Streit, Business Agent.

CLOTHING WORKERS OF AMERICA
 New York Joint Board, 31 West 15th St., New York, N. Y. Phone Tompkins Square 6-5400. L. Hollender, J. Catalanotti, Managers; Abraham Miller, Secretary-Treasurer.

CAP MAKERS UNION, Local No. 1
 Tel. Orchard 4-9860.—Regular meetings every 1st and 3rd Saturday. Executive Board meets every Monday. All meetings are held at 133 Second Avenue, New York City.

FUR DRESSERS' UNION, Local 3, International Fur Workers Union. Office and headquarters, 949 Willoughby Ave., Brooklyn; STagg 2-0794. Reg. meetings 1st and 3rd Mondays. President, Robert Glass; Vice Pres., Stephen Toback; Business Agent, Morris Reiss; Secretary, Samuel Mindel; Treasurer, Albert Helb.

THE AMALGAMATED LADIES' GARMENT CUTTERS' UNION. Local No. 10, I. L. G. W. U. Office, 109 W. 38th St.; Phone WI 7-8011. Executive Board meets every Thursday at the office of the Union. Maurice W. Jacobs, Pres.; Samuel Perlmutter, Mgr.; Sec'y: Morris W. Jacobs, Chairman of Exec. Board; Louis Stalberg, Asst. Mgr.

THE INTERNATIONAL LADIES' GARMENT WORKERS' UNION. 3 West 16th Street, New York City. Phone Chelsea 3-2148 David Dubinsky, President.

AMALGAMATED LITHOGRAPHERS OF AMERICA, New York Local No. 1. Offices, Amalfithone Bldg., 255 West 14th St.; Phone Wat-

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kings 9-7764. Regular meetings every second and fourth Tuesday at Arlington Hall, 19 St. Mark's Place. Albert E. Castro, President; Patrick J. Hanlon, Vice-President; Frank Sekol, Fin. Secretary; Emil Thenen, Rec. Secretary; Joseph J. O'Connor, Treasurer.

MILLINERY WORKERS' UNION
 Local 24. Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' International Union
 Downtown office, 640 Broadway, phone Spring 7-4548; uptown office, 30 W. 37th St., phone WI 7-1270. Executive Board meets every Tuesday evening, 8 P. M. Manager, N. Spector; Sec'y-Treas. Alex. Rose; Organizers, L. H. Goldberg, A. Mendelowitz, M. Goodman, Lucy Oppenheim; Chairman of Executive Board, Morris Rosenblatt; Secretary of Executive Board, Saul Hodas.

MILK WAGON DRIVERS' UNION
 Local 584, I. U. of T. Office: 259 W. 14th St., City. Local 534 meets on 3rd Thursday of the month at Beethoven Hall, 210 East Fifth St. Executive Board meets on the 2nd and 4th Thursdays at Beethoven Hall, 210 E. Fifth St. Chas. Hofer, President and Business Agent; Max Liebler, Secretary-Treasurer.

SEE THAT YOUR MILK MAN WEARS OUR EMBLEM.

NECKWEAR MAKERS' UNION, UNITED
 11016, A. F. of L., 7 East 15th St. Phone ALgonquin 4-7054. Joint Executive Board meets every Tuesday night at 7:30. Board meets every Tuesday night at 8:00 in the office. Ed Gottesman, Secretary-Treasurer.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION No. 6. Office and headquarters, 24 West 16th St., N. Y. Meets every 3rd Sunday of every month at Stuyvesant High School 15th St., East of 2nd Ave. Phone Tompkins Sq. 6-7470. Austin Hewson, President; Daniel McCauley, Vice-President; James J. McGrath, Secretary-Treasurer; J. J. Fahey, J. J. Bambrick, John Sullivan, Organizers.

WHITE GOODS WORKERS' UNION
 Local 82 of I. L. G. W. U. 3 West 16th St., New York City. Phone Chelsea 3-7554-5757. A. Snyder, Manager S. SHORE, Executive Supervisor.

Deft Turnings In "Double Door"

MURKY MILLIONAIRES.
"DOUBLE DOOR." By Elizabeth McFadden. At the Ritz.

Denying that it deals with the Wendel sisters, the author of "Double Door" attaches her vivid melodrama to a pair of millionaire spinsters who park their dog in a mansion on lower Fifth Avenue. Avoiding therefore the added interest of the personal, we still behold a powerful picture of a grim older sister, dominating her younger sister and bridegroom brother, fighting to keep the family name and blood pure. Mary Morris gives a performance that chills the marrow as she stalks about, and the "mystery room" has uses that compel gasps and suppressed shrieks from the tense crowd that nightly fills the theatre, as Victoria Van Bret insists upon having her way. The gloomy atmosphere of that household is one more argument in favor of the abolishment of millionaires; and the gradually gathering resolution of the subjected Van Brets, for their final overthrow of the dumb-founded, then driving, Victoria, makes us symbolically hopeful. At any rate, "Double Door" is deservedly one of the season's first hits.

Jennie Goldstein in "The Naylor" Due Soon on B'dway
 Jennie Goldstein, star of "The Naylor," which closed Sunday night at the Prospect Theatre in the Bronx, is negotiating to reopen the play in a Broadway theatre in a fortnight. This, the Jewish tragedian claims, will enable her numerous followers of the East Side and Brooklyn to see her in her current offering without the inconvenience of traveling to the Bronx.

(Continued from page 2 B)
 to aid Automobile Parade to advertise Madison Square Garden meeting.
 Rand School Dance—Party branches, Ypsel Circles and Young Circle Leagues This Sunday, Oct. 22, 9 p.m., Frank Crosswath.

ASTORIA.—Mass meeting, Monday, Oct. 23, 8:30, P.S. 5, Grand Ave. and Academy St.—Solomon, Laidler, Crosswath, Onal, Weinfeld, Sayers.
WOODSIDE.—Branch in stage of organization for several weeks, became official unit of Queens County Oct. 5 when James Oneal presented its charter. Officers elected: Organizer, Ralph Steffens; Fin. Sec'y, Harriet Diehl; Literature Agent, Andre Eucyer; Delegate City Central Committee, Jack Schuller; Delegate to Queens County Committee, Ralph Steffens. Social party Saturday, Oct. 21, at rooms of the Jackson Heights Women's Democratic Club 82nd St., a half block from elevated station.

RICHMOND
 Mass meeting, Saturday, Oct. 21, 8:30, P. S. 20, Heberton Ave., Port Richmond, S. I.—Solomon, Bohn, Dearing.

Y.P.S.L. NOTES

THE Annual Dance of the Y.P.S.L. is fast approaching. The entire strength of the Y.P.S.L. must be put behind it. Tickets ready this week. Call for your Circle's quota at the office. Every member is taxed with at least two tickets. Get after those personal greetings and ads. Get after your party branch.

DEFERRED RED VIENNA meeting on Saturday, October 23, at 1 p. m.
 at Columbus Circle. Circles must be out with banners, uniforms, armbands and other insignia.

Central Committee, Saturday, Oct. 28, 8:30, at 241 So. 4th St., Brooklyn.
 Similar dance planned by Ridgewood District Council on the same night at 27 Arion Place.

Debs Memorial Meeting at Brighton Beach, Friday, Oct. 27, 8:30, at 1113 Brighton Beach Ave. Speakers include Gus Tyler, Henry Margulies, Ethel Schachner and local comrades.

Circle 11 Jr., Bronx, will discuss the First International Oct. 29th at 1422 Wilkins Ave. Will Chasen will lead the discussion.

Low Horowitz speaks at Jersey City Circle Friday, 8:30.
 Mass meeting in Borough Park, Friday evening at 8, 13th Ave. and 44th St. Speakers: Joe Glass, Bradford Young, David M. Cory. Abe Weiss, chairman.

RUSSIA

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Ludwig Satz



Famous Yiddish Actor, Who Is Currently Appearing in "Longing for Home" at the Public Theatre.

"The Wandering Jew" with Ben-Ami Opens at the Cameo

Jacob Ben-Ami, star of many Theatre Guild and Civic Repertory successes, makes his screen debut in "The Wandering Jew," which opens at the Cameo Theatre today. The film is the first of a scheduled series in which Jacob Ben-Ami is to be starred.

Adopted from a story by Jacob Mastel, "The Wandering Jew" is said to be based upon current problems of Jewish life in Germany. While the dialogue is in Yiddish, a knowledge of the language is said to be not necessary for a complete understanding of the picture, in that explanatory titles have been added.

STREET MEETINGS

(All meetings are scheduled to begin at 8:30 p. m. unless otherwise indicated.)

MANHATTAN
 4th A. D., meetings every night. Speakers report at 126 Delancey St.—Nussbaum, Ulanoff, Isaacs, and others.
 6th A. D., meetings every night. Speakers report at 48 Ave. C—Claessens, Kaplan, Weingart, and others.
 8th A. D., meetings every night. Speakers report at 144 Second Ave.—Kaplan, Claessens, Fine, and others.
 7th-9th A. D. Monday Oct. 23, 72nd St. and Broadway—Weed, Bye, Gisel, Kuhn, Koppel, 97th St. and Broadway—Linson, Gisel, Fenwick, Kuhn.
 Tuesday, Oct. 24, 95th St. and Broadway—Linson, Moses, Regaldi, Karlin, Coroneil.
 Wednesday, Oct. 25, 86th St. and Broadway—Linson, Moses, Kuhn, Kaplan, 72nd St. and Broadway—Kaplan, Weed, Lewins, Kuhn.
 Thursday, Oct. 26, 95th St. and Broadway—Lipshitz, Bye, Fenwick.
 Friday Oct. 27, 72nd St. and Broadway—Linson, Turkel, Peck, Kuhn, Koppel, 97th St. and Broadway—Weed, Kuhn, Koppel, Fenwick, Peck.
 Saturday, Oct. 28, 86th St. and Broadway—Weed, Moses, Kuhn, Fenwick, Peck, 79th St. and Broadway—Linson, Turkel, Peck, Kuhn.
 13th A. D., Friday, Oct. 27, St. Nicholas Ave. and 125th St.—Duval, Goldbloom, Gott, Findley.
 17th-18th A. D., Tuesday, Oct. 24, 100th St. and 2nd Ave.; Thursday, Oct. 26, 106th St. and Madison Ave.; Friday, Oct. 27, 106th St. and 2nd Ave. Speakers: Youngstein, Shur, Rosenberg.
 19th-21st A. D. Meetings, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Saturdays. Speakers report at 2005 7th Ave.—Lorand, Walters, Gaspar, Ford.
 22nd-23rd A. D. Meetings every night. Speakers report at 4046 Broadway—Delson, Koppel, Most, and others.

BRONX
 Monday, October 23
 163rd and Tiffany Sts.—Rosenberg, Wilson, Umansky.
 174th St. and Hoe Ave.—Perrin, Stern, Becker, Heltzer, Marcus.
 Tremont and Clinton Aves.—Woskow, Bob Tyler, Steinsaltz.
 170th St. and Walton Ave.—Doerfler, Minkoff, Sam Orr.
 174th St. and Bathgate Ave.—Bertman, M. Levenstein, A. Levenstein, Saltzman, Fordham Road and Valentine Ave.—Pat Murphy, Max Rosenberg, Feenyvesi.
 Tuesday, October 24
 Burke and Holland Aves.—Knobloch, Wisotsky, Al Breslow.
 163rd St. and Prospect Ave.—Meyer and Aaron Levenstein.
 Wilkins and Intervale Aves.—Samia, Becker, Heltzer, Marcus, Claessens.
 Wednesday, October 25
 Ave. St. John and Beck St.—Ellentuck, Wilson, Dave Kaplan, A. Kaufman, Aldus St. and Hoe Ave.—Perrin, Stern, Samia, Becker, Marcus.
 166th St. and Prospect Ave.—Meyer and Aaron Levenstein, Hendin.
 167th St. and Gerard Ave.—Doerfler, Klein.
 Ward and Westchester Aves.—Saltzman, Wisotsky, Breslow, Knobloch.

Talent From All Corners of the World in Official Opening of International Music Hall

The official opening of the International Music Hall, at Freeman St. and Southern Boulevard, Bronx, took place Thursday, October 19th. Starring Boris Thomashefsky, veteran actor, the Music Hall presents a cosmopolitan bill and will be typical of the continental cafes popular abroad, with dining, dancing and three revues nightly. The floor show, staged by Milton Roberts, will be given at 9, 11 and 1 o'clock.

In addition to Thomashefsky, artists from every European country, Harlem and Broadway will also be on the bill. There will be specialty numbers by Madame Regina Zuckerberg, Kola and Dunya, Margaret Heller and Louis Hege, I. Kounawskaya and P. Lapouhin, formerly of the Chauve Souris, Florence Klug, A. Feodorowna, Judy Ravis, Tino Valenti, and the Mogiloff Orchestra.

Film Celebrities Attend Pollard Studio Opening

Chamberlain Brown and Johnny Walker will head an array of film stars, directors and producers who will be present at the formal opening reception, dinner and dance of the new "Bud" Pollard Studios at Grantwood, N. J., on Saturday afternoon and evening, Oct. 21st.

The Studios, located near Fort Lee, were recently taken over by "Bud" Pollard Productions as the eastern production headquarters for both Mr. Pollard's own products and those of other independent producers.

Burnside and Walton Aves.—Steinhardt, Rosenberg, Murphy.
 Thursday, October 26
 149th St. and Tinton Ave.—Ornstein, Wilson, Umansky.
 165th and Tiffany Sts.—Becker, Stern, Heltzer, Marcus.
 172nd St. and Bathgate Ave.—Aaron and Meyer Levenstein.
 Jessup Ave. and Featherbed Lane—Doerfler, Fruchter, Coleman.
 Lydig and Cruger Aves.—Wisotsky, Breslow.
 Tremont and Honeywell Aves.—Woskow, Steinsaltz, Saltzman.
 Friday, October 27
 141 St. and Cypress Ave.—M. Levenstein, Gross, Hertzberg, Auerbach, Gollub.
 Prospect at Longwood Aves.—Rosenberg, Wilson, Umansky.
 174th St. and Hoe Ave.—Becker, Samia, Perrin, Heltzer, Marcus.
 169th St. and Boston Road—A. Levenstein, Esther Friedman.
 Allerton and Cruger Aves.—Breslow, Wisotsky, Saltzman.
 187th St. and Crescent Ave.—Woskow, Atkins, Hamerli.
 Saturday, October 28
 Tremont and Prospect Aves.—Woskow, Atkins, Wilson.
 Townsend and Mt. Eden Aves.—Coleman, Doerfler, Hendin.
 Claremont Parkway and Washington Ave.—Saltzman, Shulman, M. Levenstein.
 163rd St. and Southern Boulevard—Samia, Perrin, Heltzer, Marcus, Crosswath.
 Hunts Point and Garrison Aves.—Sam Orr, Umansky, Dave Tulchin.
 Fordham Road and Walton Ave.—A. Levenstein, Kaufman, Rosenberg.
 Burnside and Walton Aves.—Steinhardt, Murphy, Tyler.

BROOKLYN
 1st A. D. Monday, Court and Pacific Sts.—Cory, Young, Glass.
 Midwood, 2nd A. D., Friday, Oct. 27, 14th St. and Kings Highway—Wm. M. Feigenbaum, Epstein, Coroneil, Tuesday, Oct. 24, Ave. J and East 13th St.
 Brownsville 2nd A. D. Monday and Wednesday, Alabama and Sutter Aves.—Feigenbaum, Epstein.
 6th A. D., Tuesday, Sumner Ave. and Hart St.—Belsky, Yagoda, Horowitz.
 Thursday, Reed and Kosciuszko Sts.—Retzkin, Finkelstein, Belsky, Friday, Tompkins and Pulaski Sts.—Walter Peck, Belsky, Yagoda, Saturday, Tompkins and Floyd Sts.—Horowitz, Benson, Stern, Yagoda, Belsky, Finkelstein.
 13th-19th-20th A. D. Meetings various night. Speakers report at 25 Arion Pl.
 16th A. D. Monday, Oct. 23, 86th St. and 21st Ave. Wednesday, Oct. 25, 68th St. and Bay Parkway, Friday, Oct. 27, 65th St. and 18th Ave. Saturday, Oct. 28, 65th St. and 18th Ave.—Speakers: Harold Siegel, and others.
 18th A. D. Meetings every night. Speakers report at 1686 resident St.—Sado, Shapiro, Goldstein, Sumarsky, Levick, Sarasohn, Wyle.
 22nd A. D. Meetings every night. Speakers report at 839 Belmont Ave.
 23rd A. D. Meetings every night. Speakers report at 219 Sackman St.
QUEENS
 Ridgewood, Wednesday, Onderdonk and Myrtle Ave. Saturday, Forest and Myrtle Aves.

Fleet Youth and Lasting Gaiety With The Guild

THE ROMANTIC AGONY.
"AH, WILDERNESS!" By Eugene O'Neill. With George M. Cohan. At the Guild.

Persons have been referring to "Ah, Wilderness!" as a comedy, and speaking of "O'Neill in a new vein"; save for the syrupy ending, however, this picture of calf love and the moods of its frustration points rather to such plays as Wedekind's "Awakening of Spring." O'Neill has made his boy a member of a New England family, and he affords us a series of effective studies of that family, instead of concentrating on the single problem of the lad and his early love. With consummate skill the direction of Philip Moeller keeps true the atmosphere; the Puritanical yet loving mother (in those pre-sophisticated days of 1906) is ex-

cellently portrayed by Majorie Marquis, and the tolerant father, genial, trying to grasp the nature of the boy's feelings yet hold him to virtue's way, is a masterpiece by George M. Cohan. Elisha Cook, Jr., is, convincingly, the sensitive yet half-baked moon-calf boy.

The tenderness of the parents toward Dick in his looming disasters, does not, unfortunately, extend to the author's portrait of the lad himself. I think of the difference between Mark Twain's boys and Tarkington's: the former shown in their own right, as normal specimens of their age, needing no excuse for living; the latter seen by an adult who watches tolerantly yet with condescension: What fools these youngsters be! It is the second sort of picture O'Neill gives, and emphasizes both

by the ninny he shows as Dick's sweetheart and by the trite remarks and closing consolations of the parents, who see that their son is saved for virtue, after all. The scene in the disreputable hotel isn't a patch to the bar-room scene in O'Neill's earlier "Anna Christie," is indeed inferior to several by lesser names of recent years. Detach this play from the smooth direction and glamorous performance it receives, and there remains one of the feeble products of our first playwright — redeemed and made good theatre by a production of the first rank.

J. T. S.

"Ever in My Heart" Opens at Brooklyn Strand

A romance of strength and interest is said to mark the plot of Barbara Stanwyck's latest picture, "Ever in My Heart," which is current at the Brooklyn Warner Strand Theatre.

Otto Kruger, noted stage star, has the leading masculine role opposite Miss Stanwyck, while the other members of the cast include Ralph Bellamy, Ruth Donnelly, Laura Hope Crews, Frank Alperston, Donald Meek, Clara Blandick and Harry Beresford.

Surrounding the feature film is a Vitaphone short which features Hugh Herbert, Allen Jenkins and Patricia Ellis in a two-act musical novelty, "Tis Spring," filmed entirely in Technicolor; Charles Ju-

dels and George Givot, a new comedy team, in "How D'ya Like That," and "Top of the World," an E. M. Newman world adventure.

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Successor to
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Let 'Em Eat Cake

A Sequel to "Of Thee I Sing"
 by GEO. S. KAUFMAN & MORRIS RYSKIND, GEORGE GERSHWIN & IRA GERSHWIN
WILLIAM GAXTON
LOIS MORAN
VICTOR MOORE

IMPERIAL THEA., W. 45th St.
 Mats. Wed. & Sat.

"A smart and bawdy satire... A WOLF in SHEEP'S CLOTHING"
 —Percy Hammond, Herald Trib.

The Latest, Greatest of Hits!
The PURSUIT of HAPPINESS

"To the lengthening list of bright evenings in the theatre another item should be added, 'The Pursuit of Happiness'." —Atkinson in N. Y. Times

"A merry mixture of folklore and farce." —Brown in Eve. Post
AVON THEATRE, 45th St. W. of B'way. Tel. CH 4-7860
 Evs. 8:45, \$1 to \$2.50
 aMts. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30, 75c to \$1.50

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B'way & 54th St.—Evenings 8:30

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HOLD YOUR HORSES

A Musical Runaway in 24 Scenes
HARRIET HOCTOR & 100 OTHERS
 Evs. (except Sat.) \$1.00 to \$3.50
 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. \$2.00 to \$2.50

BIG 11 UNIT SHOW

"The Private Life of Henry VIII"
 with **CHARLES LAUGHTON**

ON THE STAGE
 100 People in
"SONGS of the SOUTH"
 plus REO Vaudeville

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MUSIC

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 (in German)
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 Mmes. Ryan, Aves; Mrs. Dornay,
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An Extraordinary Repertoire
 Sun., 8:15. **BARBER of SEVILLE**
 Dorothy Chapman; Mrs. Barsotti, Frigerio,
 Testamano, Guidi. Cond. Baccolini
 Monday Eve. FAUST
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 Wednesday MADAME BUTTERFLY
 Prices: 25c, 35c, 55c, 83c, \$1.10

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WALTER, Conductor
 AT CARNEGIE HALL
 This Afternoon at 2:00
 Soloist: **MISHEL PIASTRO**
HAYDN—GLAZOUNOFF—BRAHMS
 Thursday Eve., 8:45; Friday Aft., 2:30
MOZART—BRUCKNER Program
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 Soloist: **ALFRED WALLENSTEIN**
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 in "EVER IN MY HEART"

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 in "EVER IN MY HEART"

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 in "My Bridge Experiences"
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FOX FILM with
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 ★★ And on the Stage ★★
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2 EXTRA ATTRACTIONS
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 Dazzling-Dazzling bombshell of Hollywood
JEAN HARLOW

and
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"BOMBSHELL"

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

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Presents
 MOLIERE'S COMEDY WITH MUSIC

THE SCHOOL FOR HUSBANDS

Adapted in rhyme by
 ARTHUR GUITERMAN and LAWRENCE LANGNER
 Music by EDMOND W. RICKETT

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 Evs., 8:30. Mats. Thurs. and Sat. 2:30

THE THEATRE GUILD presents
 EUGENE O'NEILL'S Comedy

AH, WILDERNESS!

with **GEORGE M. COHAN**

GUILD THEA., 52nd St. West of B'way. Evs., 8:20
 Mats. Thurs. and Sat., 2:20

Forty-fifth Street **MUSIC BOX THEATRE** West of B'way

SAM HARRIS presents

Marilyn MILLER **Clifton WEBB** **Helen BRODERICK**

in a new musical revue

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by **IRVING BERLIN** and **MOSS HART**
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Do you want to see THE ROMANCE of a YOUNG RABBI?
Ludwig SATZ **LONGING for HOME**
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 9 MONTHS ON BROADWAY

"The Play I've Enjoyed Most This Year."—O. O. McIntyre

"The Kind of a Play I Like."—George M. Cohan

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SEATS NOW FOR ELECTION AND THANKSGIVING DAY MATINEES

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8 BIG ACTS! Mary McCormic BERT FROHMAN

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25c 10:50 P.M. 10 DAYS

Socialist Party Progress

N.E.C. to Honor Debs and Hillquit

Chicago.—A double commemoration service, honoring Morris Hillquit as well as Eugene V. Debs, will be held in Chicago Sunday evening, October 29, with members of the national executive committee as speakers. The meeting had originally been scheduled in memory of Debs only, and Hillquit had been announced as one of the principal speakers.

The executive committee at its quarterly session Oct. 29 and 30 will choose a new chairman to succeed Hillquit until the party's convention next spring can elect a permanent chairman.

To all Branches and Locals

Collection lists should be returned immediately to the League Against Fascism, 7 East 15th St., New York City, together with all funds collected on them. Every branch and local received a set of these lists and all of them must be accounted for.

California

Stitt Wilson States His Position

At the United Conference for Progressive Political Action held in Chicago, J. Stitt Wilson of Berkeley, Cal., Socialist leader, state convener and now chairman of the California Congress of Workers and Farmers was named as one of the Committee of Action of the U. C. for P. P. A. Wilson was not present at the conference but received the notification of the above action by mail and immediately forwarded his refusal to accept the appointment.

Washington

H. Garrison has been elected secretary at Walla Walla.

Kirkpatrick Lectures Taking Shape.—Walla Walla, Spokane, Tacoma, Longview, Bellingham and Seattle are all for it. Spokane's Trent Branch will hire a large auditorium, Lewis and Clark High School, if possible. Riverside branch will use their own hall. Seattle will use him three days during the Puget Sound Congress of Workers and Farmers.

Colorado

Denver.—Norman Thomas will break the jump from Los Angeles to Chicago with but one address at Denver on Friday, Oct. 27, in the Denver Auditorium Theatre. Thomas' subject will be "New Deal or New Day."

Wisconsin

Milwaukee.—The party will hold a Debs memorial meeting on Thursday. Speakers, Andrew J. Blemiller, Fred Heath, and others.

Illinois

Chicago.—The Sixth Congressional branch has arranged a series of open forum lectures, to take place every Friday night at headquarters, 3223 West Roosevelt Road. Oct. 20, Ralph Chaplin, poet and Y.W.W. leader, speaks on "The Working Class as Reflected in Present Day American Literature."

Also, this branch will hold a reception for Comrades Maynard Krueger and Clarence Senior, delegates to the last International Socialist Congress, Oct. 21 at 8:30.

Labor Youth to Hold Debs Memorial

Maynard Krueger and Winnie Branstetter were the principal speakers of a Debs memorial meeting at the Workmen's Circle Lyceum Friday. The meeting was arranged by the E. V. Debs Club of the Young Circle League.

Michigan

Detroit.—The vote in the municipal primary was encouraging. Comrade Kozlowski polled the most votes, coming within 1500 votes of being nominated. The party reestablished itself as a force to be reckoned with in the future.

Dan Hoan spoke at Northern High School Friday and Fred Henderson at the same place Sunday, the 22nd.

In the interest of the Rand School a dinner is being arranged by Meta Riesen. Following the dinner, Bertha H. Mailly will speak.

Pennsylvania

Philadelphia.—A Debs memorial is to be held Saturday at the Labor Institute. Speakers, Emil Reive, Darlington Hoopes and McAlister Coleman.

Massachusetts

Boston.—"Socialist in Action" will be the subject of a two-day conference under the auspices of the Boston City Central Committee and the Eastern Federation of Socialists Locals at the Elizabeth Peabody House, 357 Charles St., October 28 and 29. The conference will open at 3:30 with a mass meeting after which conferences on seven different phases of Socialist activity will be conducted. Supper will be served at 6:30 p. m., followed by music and dancing. Sunday afternoon mass meeting. A small charge will be made for registration in order to cover expenses and the supper will be served for a small charge.

It is urged that as many as possible who are planning to attend the conference should send their names to the conference committee, 3 Joy St., so that adequate plans can be made.

Norman Thomas will speak at the Old South Meeting House November 11. The course given by Louis Marcus on the economic and historical basis of Socialism is given every Friday at 1 Stuart St. The next lectures are Dictatorship or Democracy. Function and Basis of Political Parties.

Virginia

Virginia comrades are urged to advertise the Socialist ticket in the election, Nov. 7, headed by this slate: U. S. Senate, Mrs. Elizabeth Lewis Oley; Governor, George Cary White; Lieutenant Governor, J. Luther Kibler; Attorney General, Herman B. Ansell.

House of Delegates, Richmond City: Emma L. Ansell, Thomas C. Bottoms, G. Pauline Conley, F. H. Greene, Angie M. Norris and A. J. Rival; Norfolk City: George Rohlsen and Carl P. Spaeth;

New Jersey

Newark.—Open Air University Wednesday night, Broad St. side of Monument, Military Park. Henry Green, James Kilmore and special guest speaker from New York.

Fairview.—Monday night, Oct. 23, Eldorado Hall, 207 Anderson Ave., Rev. Dr. Frank Kingdon and Geo. H. Goebel on "The NRA and You." Leader readers in adjacent Bergen and Hudson County towns asked to attend.

Trenton.—Sunday night, October 22, August Claessens and Geo. H. Goebel on "The NRA to Socialism or Fascism?" W. C. Labor Lyceum, 159 Mercer St.

Passaic.—Branch One continues campaign activities with street meeting on Saturday at 8:45 at Main and Passaic Aves. Guest speaker Nathan Fine.

Comrades are taking active part in obtaining relief for Paterson strikers. Class in Socialism under the leadership of Andrew P. Wittel Friday, Oct. 20, at 8 at the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Hall, 585 Main Ave.

Newark.—Essex County candidates for assembly and freeholder conducting active campaign with street meetings almost every night. Friday John Martin, candidate for county supervisor, and Henry Green, freeholder candidate, will speak before Branch 256 Workmen's Circle, 190 Belmont Ave. Outdoor meeting scheduled from 1 to 11 p. m. Saturday in Military Park, with all sixteen local candidates. George Pfau, campaign manager, announces 20,000 platforms will soon be ready for distribution.

New county local officers, Simon Smith, secretary; Harry Lichtman, treasurer; Edwin H. Kneipf, organizer. County executive committee, John Martin, M. Hart Walker, George Pfau, George Trager, Milo Jones and Andrew P. Wittel.

Rand School extension class Tuesday evenings, and Brookwood College extension class Wednesday evenings at 1085 Broad St.

Women's Auxiliary continuing successful Saturday evening supper and socials; planning costume Halloween party at headquarters, Tuesday, Oct. 31.

Rhode Island

Fred Henderson lecture had to be cancelled because ship on which our British comrade arrived was delayed two days.

New York

Update Registration.—This Saturday is the last day at which citizens outside New York City can register for voting. Hours are from 7 a. m. until 10 p. m. Enroll when you register.

Duffy Tour.—General Organizer William E. Duffy has been working at Oswego, Fulton and Watertown this week. Duffy has developed a plan of organizational activity which all locals which he visits are asked to follow. Most places visited have agreed to take the Rand School Study Course this winter.

Cortland.—Local Cortland had a well-attended meeting Columbus Day. Organizer Duffy present. Local elected committee to secure regular meeting place and voted to take on the Rand School course in Socialism. Election of officers resulted in the choice of Rev. Walter B. McNinch organizer and corresponding secretary, and Maurice E. Blanchard, financial secretary-treasurer.

Schenectady.—Herbert M. Merrill, candidate for mayor, and Charles W. Noonan are scheduled to speak at Crescent Park Saturday evening. James Folan, candidate for Assemblyman in the 1st District, represented the Socialist Mayoralty candidate in the symposium of the Taxpayers' Association at Mont Pleasant High School last Wednesday evening.

Rockland County.—Debate, A. Batten, Socialist, vs. L. Hamilton, Rep., in the American Legion Hall, S. Madison Ave., Spring Valley, Friday, Oct. 20, at 8. Street meeting: Suffern, at Parking Lot, Tuesday, Oct. 24, and Haverstraw, at Broad St. and Broadway, Thursday, Oct. 26, at 8 p. m., A. Batten and T. Davis, speakers.

Progress in Florida

By M. E. Edson

State Secretary

I am glad to be back home again and to take up the work for Socialism. Comrade Porter has done splendidly in carrying on the work of the state office in my absence and it is good to see that two new locals have been organized. Local Kent near Jacksonville was organized by Comrade Porter and Local Holly Hill near Daytona Beach by Comrade H. L. Woelcher, an indefatigable worker.

In these critical and unsettled times it is of the greatest importance that the Socialist Party should push its work of education and organization with the utmost vigor. We must be ready to take the leadership and pilot suffering humanity out of its wilderness of woe.

One thing, that we should push at every opportunity is the effort to get the election laws amended to provide for printing the names of our candidates on the ballots. The locals should arrange to have committees call on the candidates for the Legislature and get their support for our bill making the desired amendment.

August Claessens is planning to make a trip to Florida this winter and he will make a speaking tour of the state for us. He is one of the best speakers we have. We should build up our organization in order to take full advantage of Comrade Claessens' projected tour through Florida.

Comrade Morris Hillquit, our national chairman, is dead. I wish to express my appreciation of his long years of able and unflinching service as well as generous contributions of his means and talents to the cause of Socialism and to the Socialist Party. Next to Eugene Debs he was our greatest leader, guiding our party through many treacherous situations with his wise counsel. Long live his memory.

The Nazi Orgy

(Continued from Page Five)

stories of the fire in the months following the tragedy were revised and the revisions revised in the effort to attain something that would be fairly consistent with the original version that the Communists were responsible, and the trial at Leipzig shows a terribly weak case. Van der Lubbe undoubtedly participated in the firing of the Reichstag. He also knows too much and is certainly doomed. On the other hand there is little doubt that this half-wit Dutch boy, in company with certain Nazi chiefs, entered the Reichstag through a tunnel leading to the residence of Hermann Göring, President of the Reichstag and Premier of Prussia.

A few brief sentences tell the story of the plot. "Dr. Goebbels: concocted the plot for setting fire to the Reichstag, also the fanatical lies and provocation. Captain Göring: a drug fiend, directed operations. Edmund Heines: a murderer, was entrusted with the leadership of the incendiary group. Marinus van der Lubbe: the tool."

Who is Göring? He was an inmate of an insane asylum in Stockholm in 1926 and for a time was in a ward for serious cases. His wife was an epileptic and he a morphine addict, both being declared unfit to have charge of her son by her first marriage. A court would not give Göring the guardianship of a boy, but the Nazis have given him the guardianship of 60 million Germans! There is no dispute about Göring's mental condition, as a photo of the record of his incarceration for insanity is reproduced in this volume. Certain orgies charged against some Nazi leaders complete the picture of what has come to the land that once boasted of Goethe, Wagner, Heine, Marx, Lassalle and other great Germans. The brutal beatings of Socialists, Communists, Jews and other opponents of the Nazis, especially in the concentration camps, are shocking and they brand Hitler's agents cowards who may be paired with the drunken bully who kicks a woman in the face.

Excellent as the book is there is one aspect of it that is repellent and deserves condemnation. The author of the chapters leading up to the beginning of the terror is evidently a Communist and his hand is revealed in some other sections of the book. Here the old familiar thesis of Communists as saints and Socialists as sinners is presented. There isn't a hint of the Communist theory which placed Fascists and Socialists into the same sack, the theory that even if the Socialists were destroyed and Hitler came to power that Communism would then dispose of Hitler. There is no mention of Communist cooperation with the Nazis in Prussia and Saxony last year in referendums to recall governments under which both Communists and Socialists could carry on their agitation. No mention of Communist help in June, 1932, in electing a Fascist president of the Prussian Diet; of Communist support of a Fascist motion to remove the Socialist Chief of Police of Berlin on the ground that this official had dispersed a Fascist festival celebrating a naval battle; of Communist-Fascist support of a resolution to confiscate properties of East European Jews living in Germany since 1914; of the secret circular sent to their members in June regarding united action with Socialists which declared that for Communists it was intended to direct "our principal attack against the S. P. D."

Even in January of this year at a big Socialist demonstration in Berlin Franz Kunstler, Socialist, appealed for united action and repeated this appeal a short time after in Cologne, and still the Communists persisted in their suicidal policy. In the following month the Socialist daily, Vorwärts, was the first to feel the heavy hand of

Debs Still Lives

(Continued from Page Four)

In five elections he was the presidential candidate of the Socialist Party, the last time—in 1920—when he was a prisoner in the Federal penitentiary at Atlanta. In the first four elections, 1900-1912, Debs was always assigned for his final speech to Terre Haute. We who received him, who arranged those meetings, knew how much "Gene Debs gave of his life to the movement."

He began these tours stocked with physical energy; when he reached the end he was guant and haggard, although as mentally alert and as spiritually alive as when he started. He lost weight and months would pass before he would recover from the ordeal. He could not resist the attentions of the audience at the end of a meeting or of friends in a hotel. For that reason one comrade was always assigned to him whose main

He Worked With Hillquit

(Continued from Page Five)

the pomp and glory. It is only the truly great who can withstand the close scrutiny of daily contact over a period of years. At one time I blindly idealized Morris Hillquit. Having had an opportunity to know the man, far from finding him wanting, I, thinking him great, found him greater. The world never knew the real Morris Hillquit who, though being a great leader, was such in spite of himself; though naturally of a retiring disposition, fame, glory and leadership thrust themselves upon him. He never sought high places—they sought him. He was a man whose genius could not be hidden much though he hid it.

Great though he was, he never was too busy for a friendly word to those of us in his office. The atmosphere was never that of employer and employee but rather of people working in collaboration in a common cause. He was one of those rare individuals who actually practiced what he preached. Even in the midst of his illness and pain he was not beyond thought of those in his employ. One of the last visits of Comrade Hillquit to the office was for the sole purpose of accompanying me to the office of the Chairman of the Character Committee, to whom an introduction was a prerequisite for admission to the Bar. It was a bad day to have chosen, he was quite ill but, having made the appointment, he smilingly went through with it.

We, in the office, who could watch the precision and brilliancy of the mind of Morris Hillquit at work, reading his sparkling articles, hearing his peerless legalistic arguments and, above all, seeing him as a human being, saw a man whose personality was imbued with modesty and simplicity. We, who knew Morris Hillquit, the man, grew to love him.

And so now, when reasoning and logic rule my viewpoint, I still say Morris Hillquit was one of the greatest men of our time. The place he held for me will never be filled.

Hitler and then the Communist daily, Rote Fahne, felt it. Then came the fire—and the mad dogs were turned loose.

In the perspective of events it is obvious that Socialists share in responsibility for what happened, but throughout the history of the German working class struggle the Communists played the role of scabs by their frequent support of the Nazis, and the Communist International as director of German Communism shares in this role.

Should another Brown Book appear its sponsors should eliminate any such material as it has no place in such a volume. The only issue in Germany now is social revolution; and preparations are being made for it by workers who have learned by their mistakes, Socialists and Communists alike.

duty it was to drag him away from these attentions so as to conserve his energy.

The campaign of 1908 was the most severe ordeal of these campaign struggles. That was the year in which the party hired the "Red Special" train and financed it largely from collections taken at meetings. How Debs survived that fearful drain on his vitality is a mystery. When he arrived in Terre Haute, he was happy but near exhaustion, and yet that final speech of the campaign measured up to his best.

Oratory was not a gift with "Gene. He enjoyed telling the story of his first attempt before a club of which he was a member. He spent weeks in careful preparation, determined to carry the audience by storm, but when he faced his friends he wilted. So did the prepared address!

However, he became one of the greatest speakers of his time. Wendell Phillips and Robert G. Ingersoll, the latter a personal friend, both masters of platform oratory, had the greatest influence upon "Gene's" style, although he did not imitate either.

Here it may be said that the Canton speech he delivered against the war was deliberately planned with full knowledge of the consequences. The writer stopped in Terre Haute a few weeks before the Canton meeting and was told by "Gene" what he intended to do. The war mania was high. He contended that some one must squarely challenge the Espionage Act and that it was his duty to do it. His arrest, trial, conviction and his defiant speech in court are now a part of Socialist history.

Seven years ago he hurt us by passing on, and every anniversary of his death leaves us still keenly conscious of our measureless loss. "Gene Debs, soul of the proletariat, courageous fighter for the class for whom you lived and died, we dip our red banner in salute to your memory!

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Morris Hillquit

By GERTRUDE WEIL KLEIN

TO some time gives long years

Of idle whistling down an empty street,
For him the days were crowded and too fleet—
To let us note their passing. Our fears,
Our battlements of suffering and defeat
Were his life's burden; and our tears
A charge his shining talents rose to meet.

TO some time gives bright playthings

For their pleasure,
Wealth, glory, power and the leisure
To fascinate the worldly with their blaze;
For him one single, simple element to measure
The value of his days.
Those beaten men, whose failures and whose errors
Looked from their baffled eyes
Were his own cross, at once a searing challenge
And a call to battle in a high emprise.

HE might have walked with kings accredited.
Enshrined, he lies among us, even dead.

Hoan Vetoes Bill to Prosecute Anti-Nazi Demonstrators; Party Protests Luther Visit to City

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Mayor Daniel W. Hoan vetoed a resolution passed by the Common Council to appoint a special prosecutor to represent the city in sixteen cases against persons arrested in an anti-Nazi demonstration held under Communist auspices nearly one month ago. The City Attorney's office had previously refused on three different occasions to prosecute. Max Raskin, City Attorney, and William F. Quick, First Assistant City Attorney, are Socialists.

Non-partisan aldermen put the resolution through the Council by a 14-13 vote, the twelve Socialists being joined by one non-partisan. During the discussion Raskin and Quick were given the floor and engaged in a verbal conflict with Assistant Inspector Joseph Drewniak of the police department. The widely divergent attitude of the Socialist city officials and the Milwaukee police became quite evident.

Quick established the point that he had refused to issue warrants for the arrested men and women. The police got the warrants from the City Clerk, who is not a Socialist.

When Emil Seidel was elected first Socialist Mayor of Milwaukee in 1910 the manufacturers here immediately rushed to the state legislature and had a bill passed stripping the Mayor's office of all power over the police department. As a result Mayor Hoan has no direct control over the police department.

A special party committee consisting of Herman O. Kent, county secretary; Andrew J. Biemiller, educational director, and Carl Hampel, appointed to investigate the affair and issue a statement, this week released the following:

"It is not surprising that the appearance of a representative of the infamous Hitler regime in Milwaukee provoked a demonstration on the part of the workers. American workers are opposed to dictatorship and particularly to a dictatorship which is wreaking cruel punishments upon working class leaders and destroying the workers' organization.

"Workers have a right to show their disapproval of the Hitler government by a demonstration. The Socialist Party will defend the rights of any workers' group, regardless of race, creed or political views, to exercise its constitutional rights of freedom of speech and freedom of assembly.

"Ambassador Luther was being

entertained in Milwaukee by a group of wealthy bankers and industrialists. They were not anxious to have the Hitler emissary see a demonstration against Fascism. They were not sorry to see the demonstration broken up by police. "From our preliminary investigation, it appears that the police acted with uncalled for violence in breaking up a peaceful demonstration. We are emphatically opposed to the use of police clubs on workers at any time.

"We applaud the action of the City Attorney's office in refusing to prosecute the cases under its jurisdiction. Workers exercising their constitutional rights are not guilty of disorderly conduct.

"But the real blame for this deplorable incident rests clearly on the shoulders of those who insisted on flaunting a representative of the Fascist government of Germany before the working class of Milwaukee. Hitler's representatives are not welcome here."

FIXING THE BLAME

A JEW who was heard shouting in the Berlin streets, "It's all the fault of the Führer," according to a veracious story in the London Herald, was warned by a friend because Führer, which means "Leader," is the name they use for Hitler. "I don't mean Hitler," replied the Jew. "I mean Moses. If he had not led us out of Egypt, we should now all have British passports."

Our Opportunity in Montana

By W. R. Snow

THE time for building a strong worthwhile Socialist Party organization in Montana was never more opportune than now. The writer toured Montana for seven weeks in 1931, again for almost three months in 1932 and has now been in the state one month. Sentiment has changed remarkably in the past two years.

The fight put up by James D. Graham, President of the State Federation of Labor, in revising the wage scale upward of more than 4,000 State Highway workers has already borne fruit in publicity through newspapers and the radio, and has put a fighting spirit into thousands of workers.

Graham forced the hands of the

bosses for better wages and conditions in so many instances that Montana is rapidly forging to the front as a state where the workers are learning the necessity not only of trade union solidarity, but are understanding the importance of legislation for workers and farmers.

Montana is one of the most promising of the western states for Socialist education and activity. No other state in the West is so thoroughly corporation-ridden and in no state are the masses so aware of who controls it. The A. C. M. (Andacoda Copper Mining Co.) three transcontinental railroads, the Montana Light and Power Co., the Mountain States Light and Power Co. and the Mountain States Bell Telephone

Co. have long controlled political policies and made the laws of the state.

One still finds much of the spirit of the old West in Montana. This is a state of magnificent distances, its 535,000 population scattered over 146,000 square miles of territory.

The Socialist Party should not only have the support of every comrade in Montana, but also of the National Executive Committee. A change in the state election laws imposes a heavy filing fee on all candidates. This constitutes a big handicap for the party. It can be overcome, but it means extra work of organization. Montana has many hard-working and loyal old-time comrades, but the sparsely settled population raises serious obstacles. Some counties are larger than the State of Connecticut. This means extra expense and effort in organizing.

The writer recently drove from Great Falls to Whitefish by way of the Glacier Park Country, a distance of 250 miles, without a stop and comrades think nothing of driving 30 to 50 miles or more to attend a Socialist meeting. Montana can be put on the political map for the Socialist Party in 1934.

A Western Organizing Committee has been formed with O. A. Kennedy, state secretary of Utah, as chairman. Other members are H. H. Freedheim, Idaho; H. O. Fuhrberg and J. M. Glenn, Washington; James F. Graham, Montana. The National Office has sent out a circular to Socialist and sympathizers in all states, asking financial assistance to these western states.

Contributions should be sent to the Western Organizing Fund, Socialist Party, 549 Randolph St., Chicago, Ill.

By Norman Thomas

TIMELY TOPICS

Crossing Nevada, Sunday, October 15.

No Region Is Remote

ONE feels strangely far away from what happens in Geneva or in Germany while crossing this wilderness. Yet there is no region so remote or so sparsely settled that it may not feel the hot breath of war upon it as a consequence of what Hitler has done. My own comment on it will be a week old before the earliest of my readers will see it, but whatever happens, certain principles stand sure. No fresh crusade for democracy by means of war can undo the evil which in large part was due to the crusade of the first World War.

Does any sane American believe that Hitler would have captured Germany if it had not been for the war and the peace of Versailles? If even as late as the closing years of the last decade the United States had tried to take an initiative in handling war debts and reparations in such fashion as would lessen Germany's resentment, would the world now be in the terror that grips it? Some of the most tragic chapters in history have been written under the heading: "Too Late!" It is too late to do now what might have been done only a few years ago. It is not too late to keep the United States out of war.



Norman Thomas

Too Late!

THE worst of the European tragedy is that logically Hitler is right when he says Europe ought to disarm down to the German level or else permit Germany to arm. Even the Peace Treaty can be quoted to support this contention. The trouble is that Europe cannot trust Hitler with Germany rearmored or Europe disarmed. Yet that Hitler is in power at all is the direct consequence of the Allied policy toward Germany.

Lessons for All

ALL of us can learn something from this crisis: the militarists that there is no military security for peace by disarming a great nation; the pacifists that there is no easy price of peace by limitation of arms or any other panacea. Only in the Federated Commonwealths of mankind will peace be secure. Meanwhile the slogan we must make the slogan of America is: *Cooperation with the world for peace; no cooperation with any nation or group of nations for war.* With redoubled energy we must seek to build a political and industrial organization of the workers who will take the stand adopted by the British Labor Party on motion of the Socialist League headed by Sir Stafford Cripps. That motion pledged the Party to refuse support to any British government attempting to make war and to try to stop war, if necessary by a general strike.

The A. F. of L.

IT is with profound disappointment that all Socialists, all foes of Fascism, all lovers of labor's cause, must view the record of the A. F. of L. convention. That convention itself was somewhat aware of the crisis it faced. It heard not without disquietude General Johnson's declaration that labor unions should be regulated by government, that each labor union should have a government representa-

tive in its control and that strikes were henceforth unnecessary. It is only a comparatively short step beyond this to the labor set-up in Hitler's "totalitarian" state. And this speech, remember, came from a man who is one of the most important members in an administration which is often cursed because it is too friendly to labor!

It is useless to make the Administration the principal culprit in this situation. General Johnson's speech was a warning of what is bound to happen save as labor by its own power and wisdom averts it. But what did the A. F. of L. do? It listened to some sound speeches on the evils and dangers of NRA. It decided to join the boycott on German goods. It adopted some resolutions. It finally granted a charter to the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, which I hope will prove a good thing. It warned of the dangers of uncontrolled inflation.

But it did not exert itself to have a clause inserted in the code that wages should automatically rise with the cost of living. It did not clear the way for industrial unionism, but instead voted to split up in crafts the Brewery Workers' Union, a precedent that will do untold harm. It did not take adequate steps to democratize unions or end racial discrimination. It did not set up more efficient machinery of organization, strike relief and labor defense. It did not recognize the necessity for independent political action to capture political power before it is too late.

Unless the Executive Council can repair these omissions very rapidly, in many places and in many industries workers will be faced with the bitter choice: no union, a company union, or one of several inefficient and sometimes mutually hostile craft unions. Who can blame them if under these circumstances they seek to form independent industrial unions of their own, whatever the risks involved?

MY regret at the lost opportunities of the A. F. of L. is intensified by what I saw and heard in Chicago and Detroit. In Chicago the attempt of the Carpenters' Union to collect in full back dues from unemployed members has resulted, naturally, in a secession from it, of which Communists have taken advantage. In Detroit A. F. of L. organization of automobile workers goes very slowly. Many tool and die makers say they formed their own independent union to conduct their own strike because of experiences in A. F. of L. unions! What they have done is for the present merely to give us one more craft union. I still believe there is enough statesmanship in the American labor movement to end this serious situation.

Socialist Gains

EVERY Socialist will want to congratulate the Arizona comrades who put their candidate, Dilworth Sumpter, second in the Congressional race for Congressman at Large, something like two thousand votes ahead of the Republican. The Detroit comrades waged a first class Socialist campaign with the right emphasis on Socialist fundamentals and their application to city conditions. There was a gain in the Socialist vote and Walter Bergman came in sixth in a field of twelve candidates for Mayor in a so-called non-partisan primary election.

A Monument to Hillquit

OUR celebration of the seventh anniversary of the death of Gene Debs acquires a special significance coming so soon after the death of Morris Hillquit. Debs, Berger, Hillquit—the three men most responsible for the present Socialist Party. The great memorial to them will be the vigor with which we meet the circumstances of our day in the light of Socialist principles.