

NEW LEADER

With Which
Is Combined

THE AMERICAN APPEAL

Founded by
Eugene V. Debs

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The Giant Labor Breaks Fetters As He Faces the Red Dawn of Socialism

BOUND by the pygmies of prejudice, tradition, habits and misinformation, the giant Labor is awakening. The giant has been sleeping and while slumbering he has been bound. Labor sees a red glow on the horizon and the pygmies are beginning to flee. The frail cords with which the giant is bound begin to snap as he slowly rises. The red dawn of Socialism sends its piercing rays over the world. Night is passing and the giant Labor begins to understand his power. With understanding he will begin to transform power into action.

This is what is happening in this crashing world of American capitalism. For generations the toilers of the nation have been the victims of all the powers of mental coercion in the hands of their exploiters. Millions have been taught to venerate the party of Lincoln although that party was interred with the body of the Emancipator at Springfield in 1865. Other millions have inherited their party views with their father's debts and the dead past has cast their ballots, not the living present.

Binding the Giant in Servitude

School and press, putty in the hands of our reigning monarchs of industry and finance, have played an important role in binding Labor to economic serfdom and political dependence. The school has too often given him pompous military men and empty statesmen as "heroes." The press has interpreted the ideas of those who live on his labor as the ideas that will serve him. Both school and press have cultivated the prejudices and traditions, the habits and misinformation, that have made him a sleep-walker and now an outcast in the world which he and his fellows have built.

Yea, even minister, priest and rabbi have interpreted the mysteries of his universe in terms of humility and resignation to the fate that has overtaken him. They have urged him to be submissive to plunder, pleaded for this submission from altars paid for by his despoilers. They have frightened him with penalties if he asserted his claims to power and freedom, dread penalties to be imposed when, after a weary life of toil, he has passed into the shadows.

Myths That Cloud His Mind

Out of the past have also come myths and legends that have clouded his mind. "This is the freest government in the world," reads one. "Every human being



Rise like lions after slumber in unconquerable number;
Shake your chains to earth like dew; Ye are many—they are few.—Shelley.

Again the advance couriers of Socialism call to him and this time he hears. He is rising to his feet and the cords that bind him are parting as he turns to the rising sun. The clouded mind is clearing and he is beginning to understand. The dawn beckons and the giant Labor is responding. Forward, toilers of the nation, forward to a great Socialist vote on November 8!

living under our glorious flag has a chance to become a millionaire," reads another one. "Our institutions are based upon rugged individualism and there is a prize for every person who is thrifty and willing to work," is a myth that comes to us over a century. "There are no classes, we are all equals," has also been a powerful narcotic.

So the giant Labor was tied to his tasks with myriad hopes and fears, prejudices and lies, myths and misinformation. The advance couriers of Socialism called to him but he did not hear. Into his brain again and again was poured many versions of the old ideas which had kept his fathers and his fathers' fathers also bound to their tasks.

His Despoilers Wax Fat

Meantime in every generation those who had taught him self-denial and resignation grew fat upon the fruits of his labor. He became more productive with the passing years and a richer source of plunder as machines joined him in the plants of industry. The industries developed to vast proportions and the giant with his machine ally piled up huge quantities of goods.

Then his world of myths and hopes and fears and prejudices was shattered to bits when its material structure crashed to the earth. The "chance to become a millionaire" vanished. The "freest government" became a mockery. "Rugged individualism" became a yawning abyss. The equality of equals became a hideous fraud.

Make the Madison Square Garden Meeting
NOVEMBER 3rd, at 8 p. m.

the Greatest Socialist Demonstration of Our Time

Speakers: Thomas, Maurer, Waldman, Hillquit and others

NEW LEADER

A Weekly Newspaper Devoted to the Interests of the Socialist and Labor Movement.

JAMES ONEAL, Editor
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Abraham Cahan, Joseph E. Cohen, Morris Hillquit, Jessie Wallace Hughan, Harry W. Laidler, Algonon Lee, Joseph T. Shipley, Charles Solomon, Norman Thomas, Louis Waldman.



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SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1932

"Nonpartisan" Absurdities

AFTER a quarter-century of what is called "nonpartisan" political action by American trade unions it has become a scandal and a farce. Moreover, it has sacrificed the best interests of the members and its fruit has been the distribution of some political jobs to a few leaders. It has divided the rank and file, rendered the members impotent as a political factor, and has made organized labor itself a commodity that is bartered and sold to professional politicians. This policy urged for years as intended to prevent trade unionism from being a tail to any political kite, has become many tails attached to as many kites as capitalist politicians wish to fly.

The A. F. of L. Council itself has made no endorsement of a presidential candidate. The railroad brotherhoods backed Hoover four years ago and they now sing that humorous song of the 'nineties, "Once Was Enough for Me." President Hutcherson of the Carpenters, however, is in charge of the "labor" section of the Hoover campaign. He denounces Franklin D. Roosevelt's so-called labor record as a fraud. Daniel J. Tabin of the Teamsters heads the "labor" section of the Roosevelt campaign and denounces Hoover's so-called labor record as a fraud. That is to say, each "labor" section denounces the other section as a fraud and intelligent people will be inclined to agree with both.

But this does not tell the complete story of the "nonpartisan" policy. Matthew Woll heads some twenty odd unions organized into a high tariff lobby. This special coalition of unions is singling out candidates for Congress and the Senate for support. In so doing it is giving its blessing to some of the most reactionary Senators who favor high tariff walls and are also pro-injunction as well! While the labor-tariff lobby thus supports the higher capitalist nobility in politics it comes into conflict with recommendations made by the A. F. of L. The lobby chooses one candidate and the A. F. of L. chooses another. The trade unions receive both recommendations. Thus the "nonpartisan" policy has degenerated into a howling farce. The union members can have no respect for it and neither can anybody else. As a whole it presents trade unionism as a strumpet to be purchased in the market.

The farce bears the same rotten fruit in New York City where union leaders support the Tammany candidate for Mayor, John P. O'Brien. They move into quarters adjoining the rooms occupied by the Tammany candidate's generals in the Hotel Astor and proclaim O'Brien as the "pre-eminent champion" of the workers. O'Brien was pulled out of obscurity by the Tammany nobles and no human being ever knew that he was the "champion" of anything. Any other nonentity Tammany may have selected would have received that blessing. Why? Because these leaders are themselves Tammanyites. Mayor Walker's police department clubbed the subway strikers into submission to a company union a few years ago and Walker did not lose his standing as a "champion" of labor in the view of the labor leaders now supporting O'Brien.

The only bright aspect of this situation in New York City is the repudiation of the approval of O'Brien by unions representing about 300,000 workers and their support of Morris Hillquit, the Socialist candidate for Mayor, but even more than this is needed by organized workers. The members should take up the task of getting out of the absurd conflicts in which they are involved and fight for a party of their own.

The World We Live In

A Socialist View of the Week

THE speech by Senator Norris in Philadelphia last Monday gives us the measure of the man who is regarded by many as the g-r-e-a-t "progressive." It was a speech in support of Franklin D. Roosevelt, another g-r-e-a-t "progressive." The speaker has not progressed beyond the 'nineties and as a contribution to an understanding of capitalism and its collapse there was nothing whatever.

There was much denunciation of "bossism" and "partisanship" with the assumption that the Republican national convention confirmed the spirit and practice of both while the Democratic convention staged a heroic battle with this spirit. The power of righteousness faced great odds but God was on the side of the peepul and the outcome was the nomination of Roosevelt. "When the fight was over, practically every lover of good government in the United States gave a sigh of relief. The machine had been defeated and the hopes and aspirations of the common man were revived and renewed," said Norris.

For the rest, the speech was devoted to a laudation of Terrible Teddy and a criticism of Republican politicians who opposed Hoover before 1928 and who have glorified him since. His eulogy of Terrible Teddy also gives the measure of Senator Norris. If there is one man in American political history who has represented the imperialist capitalism that emerged out of the old individualist order it was Teddy Roosevelt. It was this Roosevelt who expressed a desire to lead armed cowboys against Eugene V. Debs in the A. R. U. strike and he itched to feed bullets to the jobless workers

Senator Norris Wants a "Good" Man Who Keeps Company With Politics of Capitalist Power and Does Not Disturb Reigning Social Order

Marching in Coney's Armies. Roosevelt was President at the turn of the century when American capitalism became imperialistic and it was Teddy who seized Panama and later boasted of that robber's raid as being in accord with the "highest international morality." He was the great showman who smote the "malefactors of great wealth" and then asked Harriman, the railroad magnate, to slip in the back door and help him write a presidential message. Always mouthing "moralities," it was Tom Reed who, with cutting irony, said that Roosevelt had "discovered the Ten Commandments."

Not a single ray of light was thrown into this Egyptian darkness that has swallowed up millions of working farmers and wage laborers. Politically, the speech harked back to the days of the Mugwumps of fifty years ago. To Norris, politics is a department store where one finds "good" candidates and "bad" candidates. We select the one and discard the other. The Senator is convinced that Hoover is a "bad" candidate and that Roosevelt is a "good" candidate. It is Mugwumpery over again, although that venture into innocence died an inglorious death within a few years after its birth.

The pathetic thing about men like Senator Norris is that they are so sincerely honest in the belief that they are to some extent serving the masses. His support of an anti-injunction bill in the Senate is to his credit although it remains to be seen whether that piece of legislation will survive assaults of the Federal courts.

The position of Senator Norris does not differ from the anti-slavery men who spent some years questioning candidates of the Whig and Democratic parties and approving those that gave answers more or less satisfactory. This proved futile because the owners of slave property largely controlled the two reigning parties. A new party was necessary and it was organized to represent the views of all opposed to the further extension of slavery.

Today the two reigning parties are equally the servitors of the great owners of industrial and financial capital. The contest between the two parties is a pillow fight of two boys who know who pay for their meals. The attempt to make capitalistic parties serve the interests of the working masses is absurd and futile.

The Socialist Party with its standard bearers in Thomas and Maurer carries on the struggle for the working masses. Whether "bossism" and "partisanship" rule the two capitalist parties or not; whether they are clean or corrupt; whether they nominate "good" men or "bad" men, they represent the class that rules the republic and that exploits the laboring millions. The vote cast for Socialist Party candidates is the only vote worth while.

My Lord Ford Speaks For Our Lord Hoover

A ROAR has gone up over the posting of a bulletin at the River Rouge plant of Henry Ford stating that President Hoover "has overcome the forces that almost destroyed industry and employment. His efforts to start the country back to work are beginning to show results." This is followed by a hint that unless Hoover is returned to the White House conditions are not likely to improve. In other words, the feudal master of the Ford empire attempts to instruct his serfs how they should vote.

The Democratic howl is distinct in the roar of protest but it is interesting that about the same time that the Ford bulletin was posted, Mayor Curley of Boston, at a meeting of city employees, said that if Roosevelt is not elected they would have to accept a 10 per cent cut in wages. Curley got away with this subtle coercion but attention is centered on the obvious coercion of Ford.

It is an old practice but it generally takes the form of a quiet hint, not a posted warning, that goes down the line direct from the offices of a corporation. Many of our feudal industrial kings assume that they have a vested stake in the votes of the workers they exploit and this assumption grows out of the reality of mastery itself. The fact that any great capitalist proprietor can venture to openly hint his political preference is evidence of the feudal character of modern industry.

Economists Oppose Tariff Trade Barriers

THE 180 economists who in 1930 appealed to President Hoover not to approve the Hawley-Smoot tariff bill have returned to this theme in another petition. It is certain that events since the enactment of the bill have justified the petition of two years ago. The higher tariff walls are built here the more will there be retaliation by other nations. Last week the Commerce Department at Washington admitted an annual loss of \$75,000,000 because of recent Canadian tariff changes and these

changes are an aftermath of the Hawley-Smoot job of two years ago. Germany has also announced that she cannot pay private creditors abroad unless they accept German commodities, which means that she cannot get cash to pay unless she can sell abroad.

Commerce is like so many arteries carrying the blood stream essential to industry. Uncle Sam takes the leadership in blocking the flow to us by raising walls and opposes other nations raising such walls. The result is a competition in blocking the channels of international commerce while that commerce is essential to the life of capitalism itself. The policy shows that numskulls are in charge of the system and although they want to preserve it they help to keep it stagnant. Perhaps it is too much for us to expect that they can display intelligence in behalf of their own regime.

Death Came Sadly

(For E. V. D.)

Death
Came sadly
To his door.

With grave,
White face
And solemn shroud,
He entered
Slowly.

The grief
And anguish
Dimmed the room
With dismal
Darkness.
He paused. . . .

With sorrow
And with tenderness,
He bent down low
To lift
The weary one.

With kind paternal care,
He held him close.
He sighed—
And then
Went out.

—Douglas B. Krantzor

Sidelights on Restless Europe

MUCH of interest is happening in Europe that we cannot report because of the needs of the Socialist campaign. Arthur Henderson has resigned as leader of the British Labor Party and he is succeeded by George Lansbury. Henderson retains his office as secretary-treasurer and it is said that his lack of a seat in Parliament is the reason for his resignation.

In Spain the Catalans have won autonomy in the republic, the exiled landed aristocrats have probably forever passed from Spanish life, and the Parliament has before it measures for confiscation of church properties. Artistic wealth of centuries will thus pass into the hands of the republic.

Julius Goemboes is now Premier of Hungary and that nation has now come under the control of a reactionary officer caste which may lead to Fascism. Goemboes was identified with some of the horrible atrocities that accompanied the overthrow of the Communist regime of Bela Kun years ago.

In Austria the armed Socialists have had another clash with the Fascists and the Socialists accuse Chancellor Dollfuss with aiming at a dictatorship. Dollfuss was photographed with Fascist leaders last Sunday. The armed clash of the Socialists gives the answer to W. Z. Foster, who states in his recent book that the Austrian Socialists have disarmed the workers in favor of Fascism!

THE NEW LEADER, an official publication of the Socialist Party, supports the struggles of the organized working class. Signed contributions do not necessarily represent the policy of The New Leader. On the other hand it welcomes a variety of opinion consistent with its declared purpose. Contributors are requested not to write on both sides of the paper and not to use lead pencil or red ink. Manuscripts that cannot be used will not be returned unless return postage is enclosed.

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Our Special Subscription Offer of The New Leader will Expire November 15!

Half Rate Only to New Subscribers; Program of The New Leader for the Coming Months

THE great Socialist campaign will soon be history but the Socialist educational campaign never ends. It will continue the morning after the ballots are counted no matter what the results may be. For Socialists it will not end till capitalism is abolished.

For eight years THE NEW LEADER has held aloft the Socialist banner as the leading Socialist weekly in the United States. At one time in the post-war period of discouragement it stood almost alone. Many Socialist journals died either of neglect or of post-war persecution. THE NEW LEADER survived both, thanks to the courage and determination of comrades who never lost confidence in the Socialist philosophy.

Special Rate Will Not Be Renewed

When the possibilities of this campaign for Socialism became evident last July the Board of Management decided to cut the subscription price in half for new subscribers to November 15. This meant a heavy loss but the Board felt that it was a duty due to the campaign.

Many hundreds of new subscriptions have been received each month since this special offer was made in July and others are still coming in. The special rate will expire November 15. After that date the old rate of \$2 per year for new subscribers will be restored. The special rate positively will not be renewed.

We, therefore, advise party branches and loyal workers for THE NEW LEADER to take advantage of this special rate while it lasts. It is obvious to all that a 16-page paper cannot be continuously published at the special rate to new readers without serious financial embarrassment. The low rate has been THE NEW LEADER'S special contribution to the campaign and it will be withdrawn on November 15.

Do Not Resist That Impulse!

Thousands of new readers will see this offer in copies sold and distributed at meetings in the closing weeks of the campaign. We urge them not to wait for a NEW LEADER sub worker to solicit their subscriptions. Take advantage of the offer now. Send in your subscription without delay.

In the adjoining column we place before you the program of THE NEW LEADER for the coming year. Do not resist that impulse. Subscribe now!

Send money order or check to THE NEW LEADER. Fill out blank in the column to the right and mail without delay.

Regular and Special Features For Readers of The New Leader Outlined for the Coming Year

THE varied contents of THE NEW LEADER make it indispensable to those who would follow the thought, programs, and development of the Labor and Socialist movement of the world. The veteran Socialist, the new Socialist, and the sympathizer will find it essential. Here are some of the features presented by THE NEW LEADER:

1. The editorials, editorial articles, Socialist View of the Week, and special contributions by the Editor.
2. Contributions by leading Socialists—Morris Hillquit, Daniel W. Hoan, Algernon Lee, Charles Solomon, Louis Waldman and many others.
3. Timely Topics by Norman Thomas, weekly comment on events in this changing world of capitalism.
4. Fred Henderson, Labor member of the British Parliament, will contribute his informing article on the British movement every month.
5. Joseph T. Shipley will continue his reviews of the drama with the skill for which he is noted.
6. Sam DeWitt will resume his thrusts at the shams and hypocrisies of today, and Autolycus will umpire the discussions of Bill and Joe.
7. Books of special interest to our readers will be reviewed by competent writers, offering a guide to reading worth while.
8. We hope to present a series of articles on the fundamentals of Socialist theory and philosophy by a competent authority. Announcement later.
9. The press service of the Labor and Socialist International, the International Federation of Trade Unions and the Transport Workers International will be culled for stories of the world struggle of labor.
10. We shall, as usual, print more party news than any other Socialist publication in the United States.
11. The Forum for the discussion of party principles and problems and the Questions and Answers department will continue.
12. The Young People's Socialist League will keep us informed of youth activities.
13. Special cartoons and drawings by devoted artists who contribute their work and reproduction of similar work from Socialist publications in other countries.

Nowhere else will the Socialist and Socialist sympathizer find such a varied program.

USE THIS BLANK

THE NEW LEADER

7 East 15th Street, New York.

Please find enclosed \$1 for a new yearly subscription to The New Leader to be sent to:

Name _____

Address _____

City _____

Every New Sub Means More Power to the Socialist Movement!

NOT a week passes that THE NEW LEADER does not receive letters from readers praising it. "Getting better and better" is a message we have often received.

Bundle orders for THE NEW LEADER surpass all records of previous years. Requests have been received for reprints of the first page of some issues or of some other piece of propaganda. To the extent that we could comply with these requests we have done so.

Very often readers interested in something special have sent us lists of names and addresses with the request that that issue be mailed to them. In a number of instances we have had to substitute the current number because the issue requested had been sold out.

Our Bundle Brigadiers

Other requests show the increasing appreciation of THE NEW LEADER. Never before have we received so many requests for "mats" or the "cuts" of cartoons and drawings that have appeared. These requests come from other Socialist papers and some labor papers as well.

Then there are the "bundle brigades" that have performed yeoman service. They are more numerous than ever before. There have been occasions when the bundle brigadiers have increased their orders too late to be fulfilled and a row followed with the fair Cyanthia, who is the cushion for all such shocks.

This struggle of the bundle brigadiers for papers early in the campaign resulted in a contest to obtain back numbers of issues several weeks old. Within a week or two there was a panic in THE NEW LEADER office due to fear that the brigadiers did not leave us enough papers for our permanent files.

Mail in Your Subscription

In recent weeks an occasional brigadier turned up swearing vengeance and husky office bouncers had to be summoned to protect the staff. This has occurred when a bundle is missing and some other brigadier is suspected of having purloined what did not belong to him. It is a terrible moment in the life of a bundle brigadier when he fears that his papers will not be available for that big meeting arranged by his branch.

THE NEW LEADER is YOUR paper and we extend hearty thanks to all who have helped. Now turn to the subscription blank in the column to the left, fill it out, and mail your subs while the special offer lasts!

DANIEL W. HOAN, Socialist Mayor of Milwaukee, on his recent visit to New York, declared that "the people of this city have a great opportunity to register their vote for decent, efficient and honest city government by rallying to the support of Morris Hillquit, Socialist candidate for Mayor."

Mayor Hoan, who has been chief executive of Milwaukee since 1916, cited the record of his own city as an example of Socialist municipal administration, saying that "what we Socialists in Milwaukee have achieved can well be repeated in New York if the organized workers here, supported by all elements interested in progress, social welfare and good city government, roll up their sleeves and go to work for Morris Hillquit and all other Socialist candidates in this campaign."

"The Socialists in Milwaukee

Hoan Urges Election of Hillquit

have been able to more than balance the city budget without cutting salaries of city employees because there is no room for graft in Milwaukee," Mayor Hoan said. "By taking money from tin boxes and putting it where it belongs, in the service of the city and its people, we have shown the nation how an honest and efficient government should be operated. There is no city in the United States that can compare with our achievements in Milwaukee."

"We have been able to keep down expenses while at the same time increasing our social and welfare services. This year, for example, we will reduce our bonded debt by four million dollars at a time when the debt of every other city in the country is increasing by leaps and

bounds. We took a bankrupt city in 1916 and have placed every department on a cash basis. This year, with our budget totalling 35 million dollars, we will have to borrow only 2 million dollars from the banks. Milwaukee has a population of 600,000, and on the basis of our Socialist methods of administration, if applied to New York, your city's budget should not exceed \$400,000,000. This would mean a saving of nearly \$300,000,000 for New York City. In New York City, according to figures at my disposal, you spend eight times more out of every dollar on the police and courts than we spend in Milwaukee. This is because we have driven out gangsterism in Milwaukee, and reduced crime to a minimum. What we save we

spend on schools, public health and the social services. The United States Chamber of Commerce has given Milwaukee first place among American cities in the matter of public health and its administration.

"There are no gangsters in Milwaukee. Gangsterism cannot exist anywhere where there is no graft. And there is no graft in Milwaukee. There won't be any graft in New York, either, if Morris Hillquit is elected Mayor. The burglary insurance rate in Milwaukee is lower than in any other city."

"There has been no need of cutting salaries in Milwaukee, because the city is solvent, because the finances are administered solely with an eye to the public inter-

est, because politicians are not permitted to build up heavy tin boxes bulging with money belonging to the people. Because our financial condition is what it is we have also been able to do the utmost for the unemployed. Milwaukee has the best system of outdoor unemployment relief in the country. We have so managed our city business that we have been able to build up a fund which within 30 years will enable the city of Milwaukee to get rid of every cent of its bonded debt."

"Now, what the Socialists, supported by the organized workers and all decent elements animated by a true civic spirit, have been able to do in Milwaukee, the people of New York can do likewise. All they need do is to put in power the Socialist Party and entrust their affairs to men of the type and ability of Morris Hillquit."

By Fred Henderson

British Labor Marches Forward to Socialism

London, Oct. 10.

SINCE my last letter was written, the Labor Party in Great Britain has given the most heartening and welcome evidence of its recovery from the electoral shock of last year that has been forthcoming since MacDonald, having led it to disaster, deserted to the enemy and himself captained the attack upon the army which his own policy in leadership had already enfeebled.

During the past week, the annual conference of the party has been in session at Leicester; and it would, I think, be impossible to exaggerate the importance of its proceedings in their revelation of the present mood of the party and their bearing upon its future prospects and outlook.

To estimate rightly the importance of this conference it is necessary to realize the whole framework of circumstances in which it has been meeting. The conference, be it remembered, is the supreme authority through which the party defines and decides its policy and its action; and this was its first meeting since the General Election break-up.

During the intervening year the mind of the rank and file throughout the country has been incessantly probing into the causes of the disaster; the errors that led to it, and what had to be done to avoid their recurrence. Down to the smallest branch of the party in the remotest district, and throughout the branches of the trade union movement everywhere, this question of why the disaster overtook us, and what must be the conditions of any effective recovery and safeguard, has been under constant discussion.

A Fighting Spirit

Meanwhile the remnant of the party now in Parliament, showing a more and more fighting spirit after the early period of stunned discouragement, has given a good lead; the executive at headquarters has set about revisions of policy to submit to the conference; and an atmosphere of recovery has been created which has already begun to rally the country once more to the Labor standard, as the bye-elections have shown.

But it was the conference, and the conference only, that could draw all these threads of recovery together and formulate them into a defined new policy with a renewed fighting spirit behind it.

And this the conference has done magnificently. Within the first day of its assembly we had our answer to any lingering doubts as to whether the movement had learnt the lesson of the sinister experiences through which it has passed, and whether it was prepared to bring its policy and the methods of its leadership into line with what experience has taught it.

Three Decisions

Three decisions on policy, and one very significant personal incident, all related to the effective correction of the old errors, will show you the confident strength and the mood in which the party is tackling its task of recovery.

The outstanding error—the thing primarily responsible for our electoral disaster—was the MacDonald policy of remaining in office, wasting time on trivial things of no importance for the sake of remaining in office, to the neglect of the main Socialist work which alone makes it worth while to secure office at all. And the repudiation of that policy for the future came dramatically at the very outset of the conference, when the chairman, George Lathan, plunged into his opening address with the declaration that

Conference at Leicester Cuts Away From Cloying Past—Next Labor Victory Will

Fix Goal at Socialism, Not Mere Office-Holding—General Election Nears as "National" Government Loses Support.

laration that

There is no political justification for the existence of the Labor Party except as a Socialist body working towards a Socialist objective, and deter-

That the leaders of the next Labor Government and the Parliamentary Labor group be instructed by the National Conference that on assuming office, definite Socialist legis-

of the conference occurred. Arthur

Henderson, with something of the old instincts of leadership still in him, rose, not to oppose the resolution, but to suggest that these things were best left open instead of tying your hands down. And the

conference—which respects him and likes him, and has good reason for the respect and liking—roared him down and refused to hear it; and went on to pass the resolution without dissent. And that does not mean that it has lost its confidence in Arthur. What it means is that the Labor movement is never again prepared to leave its decisions to any leader. That lesson has been learned.

In two other resolutions the conference also struck with clear understanding at errors which contributed heavily towards making last year's disaster possible. It decided that in future no Labor Government shall be appointed on the personal responsibility of a Prime Minister; the party will choose and recommend its own servants in office. And it followed that up by resolving that members shall be subject to the decisions of the Parliamentary party, instead of being, as they were in the MacDonald Government, dictators of policy to the party.

A Long Step Forward

We have, therefore, as you see, gone a long way towards making our machinery democratic and responsive to the purposes of the party, as well as towards defining those purposes in clear, definite, and unmistakable Socialist terms. It is, in a word, a conference which has cleared the air of all that atmosphere of time-serving, office-seeking, and general timidity about grappling with our real purposes, which stultified us with the nation and with our own rank and file under the MacDonald regime. We have cut ourselves clear from the entanglement and the repute of those evil traditions. I have never seen a great gathering—representing the rank and file from every quarter of the country, and in its



Never Again!

"Ah, nurse, producing future leaders for US, I hope!"
"No leaders—MASTERS!"

mined to achieve its objective as rapidly as possible. Our duty in this conference is to tell the country that it is this great change for which we stand, and to make clear the steps we propose to take to effect it.

And the conference itself followed this up by passing without dissent this resolution:—

Tickets for the Garden Rally Soon Exhausted

Time is growing short. The great day will soon be here, and New York will join other great cities in the proud boast of having had a record-smashing Thomas and Maurer rally.

Madison Square Garden on the evening of November 3rd will mark the high point of the greatest campaign for Socialism this city has ever seen, at which Thomas and Maurer, Waldman and Hillquit and other Socialist candidates will drive home the message of Socialism.

There is much to be done in the remaining weeks. There are two lines of action to be followed:

1. The reserved seat tickets must be sold before the doors open. There are still a number available at 25 cents, and they are to be secured at 7 East 15th Street.

In addition, the free tickets must be spread all over the city. They are to be secured at all party headquarters.

2. Committees totaling 1,000 men and women must be organized to handle the meeting. Volunteers must send in their names at once to Harry Kritzer, 7 East 15th Street, or to August Claessens at the same address.

lation must be immediately promulgated; and that the party shall stand or fall in the House of Commons on the principles in which it has faith.

That is a declaration which will stand out in the history of the British movement. It marks the final disappearance from the action of the party of that false conception of the use of office for other than Socialist purposes which the MacDonald leadership imposed upon it; and sets our feet upon the highroad of advance towards our goal of Socialism, undiverted by any of the lures that office can offer to mere personal ambition.

Henderson Speaks

It was in connection with the passing of this resolution that the most significant personal incident

LOCKED-OUT MOTION PICTURE OPERATORS WIN SUPPORT FROM ENTIRE LABOR MOVEMENT

THE entire labor movement is rallying to the support of the locked-out motion picture operators in New York. Scores of unions in various trades, as well as labor fraternal bodies, are calling upon their membership to help the operators win their strike.

The operators are carrying on their fight through Motion Picture Machine Operators' Union Local 306, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, and are picketing all the theatres, from which they have been locked out, and in many instances their picket lines are re-inforced by their wives and daughters.

They were locked out because of their refusal to accept a slash of more than 50% in wages, going back to a one-shift day, which means a 12- or 14-hour day, and a seven-day week instead of six, as well as the loss of other im-

portant conditions for which they had struggled for years.

The employers have availed themselves of the services of the "Empire State Union, Inc.," which with all the characteristics of a company "union" has granted all of the employers' demands. This situation has created confusion amongst movie patrons, as all the struck theatres display signs of this "union." Labor organizations are therefore informing their members as well as the public of the real facts in the strike, and are urging them to patronize only such theatres as display signs that they employ union labor, members of Motion Picture Machine Operators' Union Local 306, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. By doing this, the operators will be helped in securing from their employers decent wages, hours, and working conditions.

very character the authentic expression of working-class life—more determined to cut itself clear from the things that have been thwarting it, or with a clearer understanding of its purpose.

And, incidentally, it has blown (Continued on Page Sixteen)

BROCKWAY CALLS FOR BIG SOCIALIST VOTE

WHAT the world needs more than anything else is a big Socialist vote for Norman Thomas, says A. Fenner Brockway, leader of the British Independent Labor Party and editor of the London New Leader, who is in this country on a Socialist speaking tour.

The capitalist system is in a state of collapse, he said, and the only thing that will save the world from absolute chaos is immediate and drastic Socialist action.

"I will put it this way," he said. "Those who vote Liberal and Conservative in my country, those who vote Democratic and Republican in yours, are casting votes for violence and bloodshed. Those who vote Socialist are voting for peaceful transition."

The Socialist movement needs new and more aggressive methods however, said Brockway. The old methods of gradual evolution toward Socialism, he said, would have been adequate ten years ago, but not today in the face of immediate breakdown.

Brockway outlined a program for the Socialist parties of the capitalist countries, including workers' control and planned industry.

He defended the breakaway of the I. L. P. from the Labor party on the ground that the machine of that party is dominated by the trade unions, and that in its present form of organization the party cannot advance.

"The heartening results of the Leicester conference," he said, "are the results of disgust with the MacDonald government and a reaction from the I. L. P. secession." The I. L. P. will run candidates against Labor party candidates in forthcoming elections, he said. "We are in a melting pot," he said, "and out of the present disunity will come greater unity in the future."

British Socialists Form New Party

The Socialists of Great Britain, principally those who refused to follow the Independent Labor Party under the leadership of A. Fenner Brockway and James Maxton out of the Labor Party, have formed a new national Socialist body that purposes to continue to work for Socialism within the Labor Party.

Fred Henderson, British correspondent of The New Leader and sole surviving member of William Morris' Socialist League of forty years ago, was the inauguration speaker at a meeting held in connection with the Leicester Conference of the Labor Party, and the chairmanship was assumed by E. F. Wise.

Among the leading British Socialists in the new Socialist League are David Kirkwood, M.P., H. N. Brailsford, the son and brother of the late J. Keir Hardie, founder of the I.L.P., and of the Labor Party, G. D. H. Cole, Sir James Sexton, P. J. Dollan, Sir Stafford Cripps, Sir Charles P. Trevelyan, William Meller, J. F. Horrabin, F. W. Pethick-Lawrence, Dr. Arthur Salter, Arthur Pugh and many others.

DEBS MEMORIAL TO BE HELD IN SAN FRANCISCO

SAN FRANCISCO.—Socialists long in the service of the party are looking forward to the memorial meeting honoring the late leader, Eugene V. Debs, to be held on Thursday evening, October 27. Old-time Socialists, among them Tom Feeley and Cameron King, will speak.

Street meetings productive of excellent results in the way of new members and freshly aroused public interest are being held twice weekly. Feeley, who is in charge, plans to have street rallies all over the city every night as part of the final pre-election drive.

Two classes in Socialism are being held weekly, one dealing with "Socialism, Utopian and Scientific" and the other with "Essentials of Marx."

Another phase of the intensive campaign for the Socialist party is the division of the city into nine districts, each in charge of an organizer, who is visiting the regular Socialists and sympathizers to solicit subscriptions for party papers and to urge them to join the local.

The party is represented by Milen Dempster, candidate for Congress, at political round table conferences conducted every Monday night before election by the Young Women's Christian Association. The Communists, Democrats and Republicans have also had representatives in the four-cornered debate.

Norman Thomas took the town by storm when he spoke here October 6. Amplifiers were necessary to carry his message to the thousands unable to get into the main auditorium, sold out well in advance of the meeting. A number of new members were taken in, and more have been coming.

The Yipsels make encouraging reports of steady growth in membership and take pride in the fact that they have contributed several speakers to the party for the street meetings besides providing a well-organized group of ushers for the Thomas meeting.

Hillquit to Face His Opponents on Budget

WHAT promises to be a gathering of unusual interest in the New York mayoralty campaign will be held in Carnegie Hall next Tuesday evening, October 25, when the candidates for Mayor of the three leading political parties will be heard on the city budget.

The symposium has been arranged by the Citizens' Budget Committee, of which Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University, is president. Morris Hillquit will represent the Socialist Party, Lewis H. Pounds will represent the Republican Party, and John P. O'Brien will represent Tammany.

The Carnegie Hall meeting will be held at 8 p. m. and it is expected that the symposium will turn into a debate on all the complex issues between the parties. There will be no reserved seats and admission is free.

There is little doubt that Carnegie Hall will be packed to the doors next Tuesday night as it is probably the only meeting during the campaign when the three candidates for Mayor will appear on the same platform. The discussion of the budget will necessarily bring out the issues at stake in the campaign and this assures a great meeting. The speeches will also be broadcast over the radio.

By James Oneal

Eugene V. Debs is Dead But His Spirit Still Lives

IF there were one outstanding characteristic of Eugene V. Debs' career as a Socialist agitator it was his fundamental confidence in the proletarian character of the Socialist movement. This aspect of his life and work stands out in everything he said and wrote. He lived and thought and worked in terms of a proletarian class which he believed had revolutionary potentialities that no other class have under the capitalist system.

The talk we hear so much of today regarding "liberalism" and "progressivism" would have not only amused him but would have aroused his wrath. In the pre-war period there was the occasional "liberal" who was also a "Socialist" too and Debs obtained some amusement by quoting that "Socialist too," but there was always an ironic wrath in his voice when he quoted the phrase.

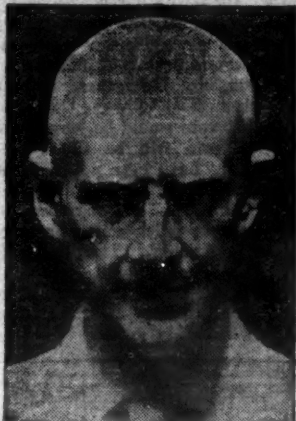
Knowing him intimately in the old days in Terre Haute, I am certain that his proletarian perspective would be especially pronounced if he were alive in these days of confused thought and over-valuation of "liberalism" and "progressivism." It was precisely because Debs so thoroughly incarnated the proletarian ideals of the Socialist movement that he incurred the respect and the fear of the capitalist enemy. That enemy knew that Debs could not be moved from his position by any prospect of office, adulation or malicious criticism.

Because of his unwavering devotion to the proletariat Debs throughout his life was the target for bitter criticism by the capitalist press, but that same press feared him—and respected him. He was the stormy petrel of revolutionary Socialist agitation and he inspired millions of workers with confidence in themselves as a class.

Was Debs a Marxist? He was. In many conversations with him he again and again paid his tribute to the work of Marx and Engels. It was from their writings that he derived his proletarian philosophy. However, he never participated in theoretical discussions of Marxism although he took a keen interest in them. He was first and foremost an agitator.

As a rule Debs did not participate in the discussion of principles and issues within the party. Oc-

IN MEMORIAM



EUGENE V. DEBS
Nov. 5, 1855—Oct. 20, 1932

asionally, however, he expressed himself forcefully after a long period of discussion when decisions were to be made.

One recalls his clear statement when the syndicalists under the leadership of William D. Hay-

wood had obtained considerable influence in the party. The issue came to a head in the national convention of the party in 1912.

Debs spoke out in no uncertain terms. He said that he was for independent political action by the working class and that if he accepted the syndicalist view he would be consistent, resign from the party and join the anarchists. Because of his long friendship with Haywood the latter's supporters had expected Debs to be either neutral or to support them; but they did not know Debs.

With a growing Socialist Party the proletarian spirit and philosophy of Eugene V. Debs is needed as never before. With a movement frankly based upon the claims and interests of the working class it can grow and expand; without that perspective in every aspect of its agitation, program, policies and philosophy it will fail to measure up to the requirements of a Socialist movement.

Eugene V. Debs has passed on but his life and work are a rich heritage. To the extent that we live up to his proletarian ideals will American Socialism merit the confidence and support of the toiling masses.

Vienna Shows the Way

Socialist Official Tells The New Leader What a Socialist City Does for the Workers, Even in Times of Depression.

DESPITE the fact that the city of Vienna never recovered from the effects of the World War and is feeling the effects of the depression more deeply than any of the great world centers, a comprehensive program of welfare work is being carried on by the Socialist administration of that city, according to Dr. Fritz Reiger, who has just arrived in New York City. Dr. Reiger, who is secre-

tary of the Institute of Labor of Vienna, is to lecture before leading educational institutions under the auspices of International Institute of Education.

For a half a generation, Vienna, a city of two million population, has been governed by a Socialist administration. Building up a powerful organization, the politically conscious workers have been able to take control of a city in which human needs and welfare have been placed above profits and property rights. There have been no setbacks in the advance made by the Socialists. They have a two-thirds majority in the city administration and have successfully withstood the attacks of the reactionary profiteers, Fascists and mongers of revolutionary phrases. Dr. Reiger, who is an authority

on unemployment insurance, immigration and related subjects, says that the program of the Vienna Socialist administration centers on what may be termed a three-point program: housing, taxation and welfare work.

A glance at the following figures will give an illuminating contrast to the demands for municipal economy waged by the powerful New York capitalists:

Vienna Budget for the Year 1931

Expenditures	550,000,000 schillings*
Revenue	500,000,000 "
Welfare tax	78,000,000 schillings
Housing tax	36,000,000 "
Entertainment tax	16,000,000 "
City share of	
State tax	137,000,000 "

*A schilling is about 14 cents.

The expenditures included 115,000,000 schillings for welfare work and 106,000,000 for housing. Four per cent of the employers' pay rolls are contributed to the welfare tax and banks are taxed six per cent for the same purpose.

The municipally-owned apartment houses of Vienna are one of the wonders of the modern world. These marvels of architecture and engineering skill house almost 70,000 families. The housing tax of these families amounts to 22%, while the 3,470 families occupying villas and luxury apartments, pay 44.5% of the tax. Even during the depression the construction of workers dwellings goes on. In the past ten years, the building rate for workers' apartments has gone forward at the rate of six to seven thousand per year. And the rents are about one-ninth of the workers' income.

The welfare work in which the city engages is known throughout the world. Not only is there vocational training for all children, recreation centers, swimming pools, hospitals, etc., but the program also extends to the care of expectant mothers. The pall of industrial depression has not been permitted to check this work. Last winter fifty-eight juvenile recreation centers were established under the joint auspices of the labor unions, the city and Catholic organizations.

Thus Vienna, once the city of song and gaiety, mecca of world tourists, carries on in the face of terrific odds-odds that would discourage action by the workers of almost any other city. Vienna, the city whose plight has been worse than any other over whom the pall of economic anarchy hangs, is a beacon to the politically enlightened toilers of other lands and an answer to the query, "What can a city administered by Socialists accomplish under capitalism?"

Said Debs to Mr. Foster . . .

July 23, 1924.

DEAR Comrade Foster:

Your favor of the 15th inst. was duly received and has been carefully read and considered. Answering I have to say that I am unable to understand why you should regard the statement of my attitude toward the recent conventions at Cleveland as an "astounding document," or why you should conclude that it "will come as a shock to thousands of workers."

I know, of course, that you have a very poor opinion of the Socialist party—quite as poor as my opinion of the Communist Party—and I can readily understand why it should have suited you far better had the Socialist Party ended its career at Cleveland and disappeared from the scene, or remained discredited to cut as sorry and discrediting a figure as the Communist Party will in the campaign this year.

That my endorsement of LaFollette under the circumstances seemed "astounding" and "shocking" to you appears not a little strange to me in the light of the fact that the St. Paul convention, dominated absolutely by the Communists, intended, according to

The following letter was sent by the late revered Eugene V. Debs to William Z. Foster as a reply to a letter chiding the great Socialist for accepting the National Chairmanship of the party and writing a statement approving of the party's position in joining the LaFollette movement in 1924. Taken together with the statement frequently made by Communists that Debs was sympathetic with their party and was out of sympathy with the leadership of his own party, this letter makes an interesting document in connection with the observance of Debs Memorial Day.

some of its chief spokesmen, including Ruthenberg and Mahoney, to do that very thing, that is to say, endorse the nomination of LaFollette for the Presidency (the nomination of Duncan McDonald being made "conditional" with that view in end), and it would no doubt have done so had not LaFollette, knowing the record of the Communists and understanding their game, publicly denounced them and positively refused their endorsement.

Mahoney has since declared, according to a press dispatch, that he had been "double-crossed" by the Communists and that the net result of their duplicity and treachery would be a split in the ranks, if not the disruption of the Farmer-Labor Party of Minnesota.

You may be right in your criticism of my position and I may be wrong, as I have been before. Having no Vatican in Moscow to guide me I must follow the light I have, and this I have done in the present instance, as I always have in the past, and I have never yet feared, nor do I now, the consequences of my acts.

The members of the Socialist Party, as far as I know, are entirely satisfied with the position I have taken and the statement I have issued relative to the Cleveland conventions, and I see no reason why I should explain or give an account of myself to the Communists, or why I should have any concern whatsoever about their opinion of my actions.

With all due courtesy to you personally, I remain

Yours fraternally,
Eugene V. Debs.

SOME SOCIALIST GAINS IN DENMARK

COPENHAGEN.—After more than three years in office, the Socialist government of Denmark had an opportunity of testing at the polls its strength with the people.

Elections held for the Upper House were held recently, and the Socialists, despite the undemocratic franchise for that Chamber, carried on a campaign with the slogan, PAINT THE UPPER HOUSE RED.

The Socialists headed the poll with 231,594 votes, with an additional 49,892 for their Radical party allies, giving the Government a majority over the reactionaries of 22,000. But because of the curious election laws, the conservative majority grew from 4 to 3. The elections for a portion of the House showed victories for 12 Socialists, two Radicals, 8 Farmer Liberals, and six Conservatives, a tie between the Government and its opponents. The result is generally believed to indicate a Socialist sweep when the next elections are held for the Lower House.

Campaign Closing in a Blaze of Glory

Thomas Greeted by Unprecedented Crowds Everywhere on an Extensive Tour of the States.

CHICAGO.—The Socialist Party has entered the final weeks of the presidential fight with its campaign machinery geared to the most intensive campaign since the war.

National headquarters announce a speaking schedule which will keep Norman Thomas before the voters in 14 states between now and November 8.

While Thomas is carrying his appeal to the 14 states, his running-mate, James H. Maurer, and Mayor Daniel W. Hoan, chairman of the national campaign committee, will talk in nine other states.

The three major national Socialist speakers will have their efforts flanked by Socialist state, congressional and local candidates in 44 states where the Socialists have an official place on the ballots. Huge mailings direct from headquarters will bring pleas for Socialist votes to the remaining four states.

To Debate Ogden Mills

Of special interest on Thomas's crowded schedule will be a three-cornered debate in Philadelphia on October 26, when the Socialist candidate will cross swords with Ogden L. Mills, Secretary of the Treasury, representing the Republicans, and former Governor James M. Cox of Ohio, who will speak for the Democratic national ticket.

One, and possibly two, broadcasts are being planned for the eve of election day. Thomas's sixth main address will be delivered in Boston on October 29th, and the seventh at Madison Square Garden in New York City on November 3.

National Secretary Senior announced that the Socialist national ticket will be on the ballot in 44 states, all but Nevada, Idaho, Louisiana and Florida. The last is the only state considered as of real importance in adding to a big total national vote. The Supreme Court of that state ruled last week that the new election laws make no provision for designation of candidates of any but the Democratic and Republican parties.

The Congressional Battle

Along with the national fight, the Socialists are waging congressional fights which may give the party representation in Washington which it has not enjoyed since 1929.

Wisconsin Socialists are working hard for the election to the House of Representatives of Walter Polakowski and Herman O. Kent with high hope of success.

New York City Socialists are placing special emphasis on the candidacies of Harry W. Laidler and B. C. Vlodeck in Brooklyn, and August Claessens, Frank Crosswaith and Reinhold Niebuhr in Manhattan.

The Berkeley, California, Socialists believe that they have a good chance of sending former Mayor J. Stitt Wilson to Washington, while across the bay in San Francisco great response is reported to the Socialist congressional candidacy of Milon C. Dempster.

Washington Socialists are also placing high hopes in the possible election to the lower national house of Leo Welch from the Spokane district, Berks County, Pa., expects to send Raymond Hofes to Congress.

Unusual efforts are being made to carry the congressional district which includes Northampton,

Mass., home of former President Coolidge, and to send Professor S. Ralph Harlowe of Smith College to Washington. The Northampton Socialists have opened the largest political headquarters in the district. It occupies the entire main floor of the building in which Mr. Coolidge has his office. On his way to and from his office each day, the former Republican president finds huge Socialist banners meeting his gaze.

Senior reported the campaign will be carried through to the counting of the ballots. Ten million last-minute reminders printed in the shape of loaves of bread, and colored like bread, will be handed out at the polls. The breads will carry the campaign slogan: "Vote Socialist. Feed the Hungry. House the Homeless. Repeal Unemployment!"

By Henry J. Rosner

The Bankers Control New York

THE bankers of New York have won their first round in their objective of establishing a higher fare on the city's rapid transit lines. Through their power to withhold credit from the city government they have blackjacked the Board of Estimate into abandoning its plan of paying for 70% of the new subways from taxes. The subway rider will now have to pay 20 million annually in additional interest and amortization charges. This cannot be done from the proceeds of a 5 cent fare. The fare will have to be raised 3 cents to meet the deficit.

The bankers have a double object in forcing a change in policy. The Chase National Bank is the banker for the B.M.T., while the National City Bank is the banker for the I.R.T. These banking institutions naturally want to see a higher fare on existing subways.

They reason, and quite logically, that an 8 cent fare on the new city subway will establish a precedent for a higher fare on the existing subways which will in turn considerably enhance the value of their holdings in the B.M.T. and the I.R.T. Secondly, as large investors in New York real estate, they would rather see the subway rider pay the full cost of constructing the new subways through a higher fare than have real estate bear any portion of the cost.

Real Estate Should Pay

Even though the value of real property is enormously increased by new subways and ought to pay part of the cost of building them from its unearned profits, the bankers have selfishly forced the city to pass this burden on to the shoulders of the workingman. With a 5 cent fare he finds it impossible to make both ends meet. It is therefore the height of injustice to add another \$30 to his annual transportation bill.

In short, the elected representatives of the people, charged by law with the making of the 1933 budget, have surrendered their budget making powers to the powerful banking interests of New York. Their power is based upon no popular mandate from the people. It is theirs by virtue of the fact that the state has given the bankers a special privilege or franchise to collect the people's money and to force policies upon the city government contrary to the best interests of the great masses of citizens.

At the Mercy of Bankers

To a considerable extent the city is today at the mercy of the

Hoan Optimistic

Mayor Daniel W. Hoan of Milwaukee, chairman of the national campaign committee, returned to Socialist headquarters after an eleven-day tour of the East during which he made 29 addresses on behalf of the party. Surveying the results of his tour, Mayor Hoan said, sufficient campaign funds would assure Thomas a vote of 8,000,000. He refused to make any predictions of what the actual Socialist vote would be, but added: "Our vote will be the biggest by far we have ever polled in our history. It will be big enough to scare the two old parties into taking some quick action on unemployment relief. The vote for Norman Thomas will decide the amount of relief the unemployed get this winter—and the speed with which they get it."

Hoan issued an appeal to all sympathizers to swell the Socialist campaign chest with "hundreds of thousands of one dollar contributions." His eleven-day tour convinced him, he said, that "a political revolt of historic proportions is in the making."

Mayor Hoan opened his tour at Detroit where 1,800 gathered to hear him. He had his biggest audience at Reading, Pa., where 18,000 men and women came to his meeting. Schenectady, Northampton, Holyoke and Springfield, Mass., also brought huge audiences, as did New Haven where 4,000 gathered to hear him on the Yale campus. The Socialist Mayor spoke before Bridgeport's largest political rally this year. Fully 3,000 crowded into the auditorium there and almost as many were on the outside listening to the

Maurer, Hoan and Other National Leaders Find Wonderful Response Among Workers.

speeches through amplifiers. Camden and Trenton, New Jersey, and two days in New York City also brought record Socialist audiences. Mayor Hoan closed his meetings with addresses in Pittsburgh, Louisville and, last night, in St. Louis.

Campaign to Encourage Party Growth

"Wherever we went, the 'standing room only' sign was hung up early in the evening." Mayor Hoan declared, "Never in my more than 30 years in the Socialist movement have I seen people so eager for our message."

"The campaign of Norman Thomas and the Socialists is making headway because we are the only political party in the nation that is offering a practical plan for the solution of our great evils."

"This campaign will not alone bring the Socialist Party its greatest vote. It will establish the Socialists as a major political influence in our nation. It will send us further along the road to progress which within five years will see city after city and state after state throughout the nation go Socialist."

its depositors had increased to 226,000 with total deposits of thirty million dollars, and in 1930 it had 312,000 depositors with total deposits of fifty-five million dollars. In the latter year it had fifty branches throughout the city. This phenomenal growth would have been impossible unless the city fathers had demonstrated their ability to manage a public bank in the interests of all of the people.

The Socialist Party for many years has advocated the creation of just such a municipal bank in New York. If our recommendations had prevailed, or, if the people had given us power, New York City would not now witness the spectacle of bankers responsible only to their Boards of Directors forcing their own selfish policies upon the administration of affairs in New York City.

The Greeks Have a Socialist Party Branch

The organization meeting of the Hellenic Branch of the Socialist Party which took place last Sunday evening at the Rand School was successful beyond expectation. More than sixty people heard William Karlin, Paul Tengeres, S. Canoutas and William Diamond, who also answered several questions. Neuton Theodosios acted as chairman. The turnout assured us of having a large and active Hellenic Branch very shortly.

The next meeting will take place on Sunday, October 30. The place will be announced next week.

City Surrenders to Pressure of Money-Lenders — Why Not a Municipal Bank, Like That in Birmingham?

bankers. To meet payrolls of its employees it must borrow in anticipation of taxes. For example, the Comptroller asked the banks to advance \$20,000,000 until February 1st, when the state government will pay the city \$24,000,000 towards the support of its educational system.

Because the state's fiscal year runs from July to June, it is not available until after the city's fiscal year is ended. To take the position that the city will not be able to pay back this loan from the proceeds of the state's contribution unless the Delaney Plan is abandoned, as the bankers have done, is palpably absurd. It is tantamount to saying that the state government is bankrupt and unable to meet its legal obligations.

If the great state of New York is bankrupt, then the banks might as well close up their doors because it means the complete and final bankruptcy of all of our fiscal institutions. I am quite certain that neither Mr. Mitchell nor Mr. Aldrich would publicly take this view or care to have any one else take this view. Their action is therefore a mere subterfuge to force the city to abandon its plan of paying for 70 per cent of the new subways from taxes.

WRECKING CREW



Cornelia Valenstein, candidate for State Senator in the 26th District, Westchester, member of the Socialist "Full Crew," wrecking the old parties in the county just north of the Bronx.

Poppycock

Their pose that they have forced economical administration upon the wasteful Tammany administration is the purest poppycock. If the Delaney Plan had been continued, interest charges computed according to simple interest on the money borrowed to pay for the new subways would have been only \$40,000,000 to the taxpayer. Under the new plan of long-term financing the interest charges will be \$565,000,000 to the great masses of people who ride in New York's subways. In the last analysis it is the people who pay the taxes through their rents.

Where is the economy in levying upon the workers of New York an extra half billion dollars in unproductive interest charges? It means more tribute to the bondholding class who live by owning and not by working. The workers of hand and brain must foot this bill of a half billion dollars.

The Tammany administration, however, cannot disclaim responsibility before the bar of public opinion by pleading that they were helpless at the hands of the bankers. If New York City had its own municipal bank today it would not be dependent upon private banking institutions for its financing. There is ample precedent for such a bank.

A City's Own Bank

In the City of Birmingham, England, there is a highly successful municipal bank which does all of the city's financing. It floats the city's securities and lends it money in anticipation of taxes.

The people of Birmingham have the utmost confidence in entrusting their savings to this bank. This is conclusively established by its statistics of growth. The bank was organized in 1919. By 1922 it had 76,000 depositors with total deposits of almost ten million dollars. By 1927 the number of

WELCOME HOME, NORMAN THOMAS!

NORMAN THOMAS, arriving in New York after his triumphant tour of the United States, will be welcomed home at the Pennsylvania station Tuesday morning, October 25th, by his fellow-candidates on the party ticket and by a large crowd of his comrades, it is announced by the party office.

Louis Waldman, state chairman and candidate for governor, and Morris Hillquit, national chairman and candidate for mayor, will head the welcomers, and all party candidates and committeemen, as well as thousands of other party members are expected to be there to form an escort of honor as Thomas returns to his home for a brief rest.

The train arrives at 9:02 A. M., and welcomers will be present with flags and banners at 8:30. All Socialists and admirers of Thomas are invited to be present to make the welcome home a historic event.

Labor Rallies to Support Socialist Ticket

AS THE campaign in nation, state and city is swinging into its final lap, it is notable that large sections of the organized labor movement are breaking away from the sterile "non-partisan" policy of many of their own class in support of the Socialist ticket.

Representatives of several hundred thousand organized workers in New York have enthusiastically endorsed the candidacy of Morris Hillquit for Mayor, and in so doing sharply rebuked the action of some of the officials of the Central Trades and Labor Council who followed out their "non-partisan" policy publicly giving "labor's" endorsement to every candidate on the Tammany ticket, no matter what his record.

Painters, jewelry workers, furrers, butchers, garment workers, neckwear workers, headgear workers, pocketbook workers, sheet metal workers and others authorized their officers to commit themselves and their organizations to the candidacy of the Socialist nominee.

In addition, the head of the Teachers' Union, speaking for himself, said that he could see no course open to teachers other than to support the Socialist Party and Hillquit.

For Thomas-Maurer-Waldman-Hillquit

The United Hebrew Trades, representing 150,000 organized workers in New York, officially and enthusiastically endorsed the entire Socialist ticket, and has campaign committees working for Thomas and Maurer, for Waldman and the rest of the state candidates, and for Hillquit and the district candidates.

The Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, with 50,000 members in New York City, likewise is supporting the entire Socialist ticket and through Louis Hollander, Manager of the Joint Board, signed a statement reading:

"The gentlemen who undertook to pledge the support of organized labor to Surrogate O'Brien were not authorized to speak in behalf of the whole body of organized workers in the city or even the major part of it.

"Hundreds of thousands of workmen and working women in our unions remember with gratitude the valiant and effective services of Morris Hillquit in their struggles for humane conditions of life and labor.

"As counsel to our unions, as our adviser, guide and spokesman he has fought our battles in the courts, before arbitration boards and in the forum of public opinion.

"He has a sounder understanding of the needs and aims of the labor masses than either Surrogate O'Brien or Mr. Pounda. His whole life has been devoted to our cause.

"Mr. Hillquit, besides, is running on a platform designed to serve the true interests of labor and is the only candidate for Mayor who stresses the need of adequate relief for the million jobless workers of the city.

"The great body of our workers will support the candidacy of Morris Hillquit not only with their votes but with their most enthusiastic, whole-hearted and active efforts in his behalf during this campaign."

Labor Committee

A committee has been formed holding membership in twenty-two important labor unions of campaign for Morris Hillquit. This committee included, Robert Otto, Electricians Union; George Dowling, Edward Cassidy, Edward P. Clark, Bernard J. Riley, Typo-

Hundreds of Thousands of Toilers Through Their Unions Rally to Support of Morris Hillquit for Mayor of New York—Many Labor Men Throw in Their Lot With Thomas-Maurer Ticket—Inspiring Solidarity of Large Sections of Organized Labor.

graphical Union, No. 6; Herman Woskow, Pressman's Union, Local 51; George McMullen, W. J. Cordiner, Carpenters Union; David Klausner, Plumbers Union; Julius Gerber, Joseph Tuvim, Sheet Metal Workers Union; William P. Menais, Otto West, Bricklayers Union; R. Rotolo, Albert C. Omunele, Barbers Union; Fred Gaa, Bruno Wagner, Max Galt, Painters Union; A. J. Emery, Operating Engineers Union; Joseph Laas, Cigar-makers Union; John Colquhoun, Plasterers Union; Lucy Oppenheim, Millinery Workers Union; Otto Mautner, American Federation of Musicians; Cliff Heckinger, Actors Equity; Eugene W. Gibson, Motion Picture Operators Union, No. 306; Alvin Albarino, Upholsterers, and Giustino Morroncelli, Plasters Union.

The following endorsement of the Socialist mayoralty candidate has been received by Hillquit from David Dubinsky, President of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union.

"Mr. Morris Hillquit, 7 East 15th Street, New York City.

"Having noticed in this morning's press that several representatives of organized labor in New York City have pledged their support to Surrogate O'Brien, I deem it my duty to express to you my assurance that this endorsement does not in the slightest degree reflect the attitude of the membership of our unions.

"The tens of thousands of workers in the various women's wear industries of this city,

whose counselor, spokesman and adviser you have been for several decades, remember with deep gratitude the invaluable and effective services you have rendered to them in their struggles for humane work standards in the shops and for industrial and social justice from the earliest days of the formation of their unions to this day.

"We are planning shortly to call meetings of our local organizations and joint boards to endorse officially your candidacy and to decide on plans for its active support. I am confident that our workers and the multitudes of their friends will rally to the support of your candidacy to the fullest extent of their moral and material means."

City for the Workers Is Hillquit's Slogan

HAMMERING home the case for Socialist municipal government, Morris Hillquit, Socialist Mayoralty candidate, is gaining new support daily in his battle to win the city for Socialism.

With the slogan, "The City for the Workers," Hillquit is speaking two and three times a day, issuing statements to the press, speaking over the radio, and in every way bringing the message of municipal Socialism to the attention of the millions of New York.

Primarily appealing to the working masses and insisting that his principal interest as Mayor will be consideration for the 1,150,000 jobless in the city, Hillquit has nevertheless won the support of many leaders of education and liberal thought as the one hope of the city for getting out of the present morass.

Cutting across the "fusion" demands for mere sterile "economy," Hillquit began his campaign by laying down a program of real economy by eliminating graft and corruption and of expenditures for important social services.

Three Conceptions

"There are three conceptions of city government," he said. "The one is The City for the Gang. The other is, The City for the bankers, and the Socialist conception is, The City for the Workers."

In a radio address opening his campaign, Hillquit analyzed the city's budget and showed that many millions can be saved annually by eliminating "honest" graft and that increasing the city's service to its people will built, not bankrupt the city.

(The speech will be printed in full in next week's issue of The New Leader.)

Hillquit and the entire Socialist ticket received valuable support when Dr. Henry R. Linville, president of the Teachers' Union, wrote:

"The Socialist Party has made an enlightened pronouncement on important educational issues that should receive the consideration of every teacher in the city. So far as I know, neither the Democratic Party nor the Republican Party has gone on record in opposition to the devastating policy of crippling the schools through unthinking retrenchment at the behest of the real estate and banking syndicates, the Citizens' Budget Commission.

"The Socialist Party appears

to understand that the schools are social institutions that are bound continually to perform their functions in all kinds of economic situations. In fact, if the schools were free from the influences that are responsible for the existing economic crisis, they would be able to work mightily in building for a new and better social order.

A New Socialist Order

"It seems to me that the Socialist Party program is headed definitely in the direction of a new social order in which education will be the natural agency in the building process from one generation to the next.

"For teachers who as workers in education are assumed to be equipped with a modicum of intelligence, I see no reasonable course but to vote as they must think. A vote for Morris Hillquit and decent working conditions in the schools for children as well as for teachers, for protection of the salary schedule, and for the elimination of bureaucratic control, will mean also that a teacher has turned his back on the ideology which accepts the 'tin box' as the symbol of success in New York life, and hence in the schools themselves."

Porter Sees Big Gains for the Party

Paul Porter, who has just completed a twelve weeks' tour of the Middle West for the party, reports that out of the big Norman Thomas vote there will come a tremendous strengthening of the Socialist Party organization.

He said, "The Socialist strength in this campaign for Norman Thomas is going to last. The thousands of new Socialist members are going to stick and the local organizations will continue to grow after Election Day, because they have vitally important work to do during the coming winter.

"The Thomas vote in the Middle West will have some element of protest in it, but it seems to me that its proportion has been exaggerated. The real emotional 'protest vote' will be cast for Roosevelt. Most of those who vote for Thomas are protesting not against personalities but against the capitalist system. We have good prospects of electing members of the legislature in Iowa, Nebraska and

Printers Take Pay Cut

LOS ANGELES (F.P.).—Publishers and members of Los Angeles Typographical Union No. 174 have signed a new agreement with a wage cut of 25% which will run until October, 1933. The papers negotiating were: Los Angeles Examiner and Los Angeles Herald-Express, Hearst sheets; Los Angeles Record, a Scripps-Canfield paper; and the Los Angeles News, which is pro-power trust. The Los Angeles Times runs open shop. The printers will work an 8-hour shift. The committee tried to get a shorter work shift, as there are hundreds of printers out of work, but the employers opposed the move.

ILLINOIS MINERS SEEKING HELP

Representatives of the Progressive Miners' Union of Illinois, one of the independent bodies that seceded from the United Mine Workers, are in New York seeking financial support for the strike of their 30,000 members in their state. The battle of the Progressive Miners has the support of many progressive elements, and the union's friends claim that the fight is not only for living conditions and union recognition and against terrorization but also for honest trade unionism.

Help should be sent to the Emergency Committee for Miners' relief, 112 East 19th Street.

Novik Assumes Post as WEVD Director

M. S. Novik has assumed the post of director of WEVD, declared that the station, in its programs, would stress its unique position in radio "as a constructive social and cultural force." WEVD, he said, will draw upon those men and women in America who have something to contribute to politics, economics, science and the arts. The station, he added, is determined to build up its own special audience which he expects will widen as its program features and attractions take hold.

Kansas, and some county officials in Missouri.

"We couldn't stop the Socialist campaign on November 8 any more than Herbert Hoover can keep the stock market from falling every time he makes a speech or a gesture to support it."

PHILADELPHIA.—Labor of this city is fast swinging behind Norman Thomas and Jim Maurer, Socialist candidates for president and vice-president.

Local trade unionists have organized the Philadelphia Labor League for Thomas and Maurer.

One of its first duties will be the organization of a sub-committee in the Northeast to further the Congressional candidacy of Franz Daniel, organizer for the party; and to aid other trade-unionists on the Socialist legislative ticket.

McKeown Is Chairman

The chairmanship of the local group has been accepted by Alexander McKeown, president of the Philadelphia Branch, American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers, numbering more than 10,000 members.

The vice-chairman will be Albert Wells, a member of the Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America.

Prominent labor leaders and active members of the rank and file of the trade unions, who will serve on the league's executive board, are Charles Sehl, business agent of the Machinists Union; Joseph Kazmark, of the Carpenters' Union; David Braginsky, chairman of the United Hebrew Trades; M. Domsky, business agent and Becky Stein, executive board member, of the Cloak and Skirt Makers Union; Abraham Bloomfield, executive board member, International Ladies' Garment Workers Union; Sophie Schindler, Bookkeepers and Stenographers Union; Joseph Brooks, business agent, Pocketbook Workers Union; and Joseph Schwartz, chairman of the Labor Institute School of Social Science.

The league will furnish speakers for trade union meetings to publicize the labor records of Thomas and Maurer.

"Labor's future lies in the success of the measures advocated in the platform of Thomas and Maurer," McKeown declared in accepting the chairmanship.

Half-Slave

"No country can continue to exist with its people half slave to unemployment and the other half doing nothing about it. The unions must back the Socialist candidates, Norman Thomas and James H. Maurer in their fight for unemployment relief, unemployment insurance, old-age pensions, a minimum wage and the shorter work-week."

The Central Labor Union at its last meeting this week endorsed a number of candidates for political office, the majority of them Socialists.

Kansas F. of L. Head for Thomas

George Blakeley, President of the Kansas Federation of Labor, and A. P. Garrison, Vice-President, have declared themselves for Norman Thomas. Garrison was chairman of the Arkansas City, Kansas, Norman Thomas meeting. The mayors of Parsons, Kansas and Burlington, Iowa, both predominantly railroad towns, have come out for Norman Thomas.

Farmers' Unions, Too

Local branches of the Farmers' Union in Nebraska and other states have bolted the official Farmers' Union endorsement of Roosevelt, and are campaigning for Norman Thomas. John M. Paul, a farmer and member of the union, is running for governor of Nebraska on the Socialist ticket.

Joe Wants to Step Forward With Progressives and Bill Observes Path Leading Away from Workers

By Autolycus

"BILL, I have about despaired of you as you discourage every step forward that is suggested in these trying times," said Joe as they met in the Rand School lobby.

"I'm sorry to hear that I'm a Gloomy Gus," said Bill, "but, as the lawyers say, I would like to have a bill of particulars. What's on your mind?"

"Well, I've noticed that when any honest person advances towards the Socialists you become critical. I think that when such people take one step forward you should welcome them."

"That's not a bad idea," Bill responded. "We should welcome any man or woman who comes in our direction, but can't you become more specific? Who do you have in mind now and what steps towards us are they taking?"

A Step Forward?

"What about Governor LaFollette and his progressives who have been defeated in Wisconsin? Then there is the progressive Senator Cutting who has been defeated in New Mexico and Senator Brookhart in Iowa who has announced his candidacy as a progressive on an independent ticket? Even 'The World Tomorrow' regards all this as encouraging and says as their bridges are burning behind them they should within a year formally abandon the Republican Party and help to create the state units of that new progressive party which is so sorely needed. Why not welcome that step forward?"

"That is being specific with a vengeance," Bill responded, "but according to your own statement and that of 'The World Tomorrow' I cannot encourage that so-called step forward. Why do you assume that stepping out of the Party is a step toward us? Your quotation from 'The World Tomorrow' candidly states that the stepping-out that it considers should be followed not by an advance toward the Socialist Party but to 'create the state units of that new progressive party which is so sorely needed.' Isn't that correct?"

"Oh, I suppose you're right," said Joe, "but at least the course suggested is one away from the Republican Party if it is not one toward the Socialist Party. Isn't that correct?"

What Is "Sorely Needed"

"That may be true," Bill replied, "but why should Socialists encourage organization of a new party and even welcome it as one 'sorely needed'? To say that is to say that the Socialist Party is not sorely needed and that it should give way to an indefinite movement led by politicians who have just been refused renomination by a capitalist party."

"You're the most aggravating person I have ever met," said Joe with disgust.

"I'm sorry that you have that opinion of me but have I misstated the facts?" Bill inquired.

"No, that's what is aggravating," Joe responded.

"In other words, you admit that stepping out of a capitalist party is not stepping towards us and in this case it is even setting up another party in competition with the Socialist Party," said Bill. "Now let us take a few more steps in our reasoning. The office-holders in the Republican Party who have been denied renomination are not Socialists and if they set up another party that would be because they do not accept the Socialist philosophy and program. Isn't that true?"

Bill Becomes Aggravating

"As aggravating as before," said Joe with a mock gesture of despair.

"Then please enumerate the steps, if any, that are being taken in our direction," said Bill.

"Go ahead, go ahead, you've got the floor," Joe replied with resignation.

"The fact is," Bill continued, "these so-called 'progressives' would still be in the Republican Party if they had been renominated and the suggestion of a new party is not due to any fundamental change of views but due to their failure to be renominated. If they found a new party it will be because they think that their nomination and election are sorely needed."

"But they are honest," aren't they?" Joe inquired.

"So is Hoover," Bill responded, "and so are the Socialists. Honesty in adhering to views is not an issue between us. It is the views that are supported that are involved. Socialists seek influence and power by converting the working masses and not by following the leadership of a few men who would still be in a capitalist party if they had been renominated for office. We want the working class to step towards us and not towards disappointed 'progressives' who do not even accept a working class program. The working class is 'sorely needed' by us and we will not get that class by urging it to support others outside of the Socialist Party."

Joe Takes a Step Forward

"Do you remember that 'progressive' movement in 1912 with its long platform of social measures and that polled more votes than Taft, the Republican candidate for President, received?" Bill continued. "Many of the present 'progressives' were part of it. Liberals said that it was a step in our direction but we fought it without compromise. The Socialist Party polled its largest vote that year and that 'progressive' movement soon faded into oblivion. The fact is that a Socialist working class movement is the one thing that is 'sorely needed' in this country," concluded Bill.

"Let's step into the class on economics," said Joe.

"That's a step forward for you," said Bill as they entered the class room.

Talking About the Bonus— How About War Profits?

Socialist Candidate Answers Menken's Question by Asking a Few Himself.

IN the World War American conscripts were encouraged to "go over the top." They did, and now many of them are at the bottom while many eminent "patriots" are at the top looking at the bottom.

Among the Swiss Guards protecting those at the top is S. Stanwood Menken, untitled supporter of the National Security League and the Navy League. Mr. Menken is one of the founders and the chairman of the National Committee Against Prepayment of the Bonus which is sending a questionnaire to candidates for Congress, asking them if they favor immediate payment of the bonus.

James Oneal, Socialist candidate for Congress in the 2nd District, was asked his opinion. Here it is:

Mr. S. Stanwood Menken, Chairman, National Committee Against Prepayment of the Bonus, 4 West 57th Street, New York City.

Dear Mr. Menken: I have your letter of October 7 in which you ask me, as the Socialist candidate for Congress in the 2nd district, whether I am opposed to immediate payment of veterans adjusted compensation certificates. My answer is yes; but this answer requires an explanation.

What Sort of Relief? The working class veterans need relief, but this form of relief which they urge is too modest. Moreover, I favor a form of relief that will not end with the payment of a single sum but one that will be continuous and that will include the whole working class, its soldier section included.

That is to say, I favor unemployment insurance for jobless workers who are unemployed because the capitalist system, of which you are a militant spokesman, is a miserable failure. Even slave owners fed their slaves in their slavery, but the bourgeois kings who rule government and industry are unable to even guarantee the satisfaction of the elemental wants of millions of working class families. I favor raising the fund for unemployment insurance by heavier taxation of these bourgeois kings and to continue this taxation until the capitalist system of industry is overthrown by an intelligent and well organized working class.

Aside from all this, permit me to say that the soldiers now in distress have applied too late for their bonus. They should have been more alert while they were fighting at the front, for it was in that period that the class for whom you have for years spoken were getting theirs.

Some Patrioteers You might turn to Senate Document No. 259, published in 1920, which shows what vast bonuses our ruling cliques were enjoying while the soldiers were in the trenches. That document is difficult to obtain. Its revelations were so amazing that only a small quantity was printed. It would have been dangerous for this document to fall into the hands of a man who had faced shells, hand grenades, lice and filth for months while at home billions of workless incomes were being made out of the war.

A few items from this report may interest you. There were some coal operators who made profits ranging as high as 7,856 per cent on their capital stock; and the meat-packers' bonus was over 4,000 per cent. Furniture manufacturers managed in some way to get along on profits of nearly 4,000 per cent. You will note that there was some variation in the size of the bonus paid to our reigning monarchs of industry. There were also the clothing and dry goods stores that were credited with 9,826 per cent. That was a splendid recognition of their "patriotic" services to their country, and I am sure that out of that bonus the proprietors could well afford to make a contribution to your National Security League and the Navy League that are maintained to prevent our being looted by anybody but our own looters.

But we have not exhausted the list of the successful collectors of bonuses in those happy days of high idealism. It is recorded in the report I mention that some steel firms collected a bonus as high as 290,000 per cent. As a cautious gentleman of the reigning regime you can understand why the information in that report was not given general circulation. Suppose the soldiers, each one of them, had been handed a copy of the document. It would have been dreadfully embarrassing, wouldn't it?

An "Unpatriotic" Act

I recall that one careless person twelve years ago did the ungracious thing to put some of the information contained in that report into a small pamphlet. This "unpatriotic" act was committed by Basil M. Manly, formerly Joint Chairman of the National War Labor Board. He had been an insider and knew when the bonuses were being paid and how much was being paid. When the report was published it only confirmed what he already knew.

Perhaps you will be interested in one conclusion of Mr. Manly's after studying the report. I will quote it for you. He said:

One Dollar a Week

Fayette County Emergency MENU FOR EACH DAY

SUNDAY

BREAKFAST: Oatmeal (1 1-2 cup to 4 cups water)
Cook 3 to 4 hours.
Bread and Coffee.
DINNER: Cooked Beans, add chopped onions. Baked potatoes, bread, and coffee.
SUPPER: Cornmeal mush (1 cup to 6 cups water)
Bread and Coffee.
The corn meal may be fried by cooking it the day before using, pour into pan, when cold, slice. This corn meal should stand over night before frying. If any corn meal or oatmeal is left from breakfast may be fried or it may be warmed by adding water and heated.

TUESDAY

BREAKFAST: Oatmeal (1 1-2 cup cooked in 3 cups salt water for 3 to 4 hours, or instant as directed.
Bread and Coffee (3 tb. to 6 cups water more.)
DINNER: 1-2 amount of macaroni given.
Cook in salt water with a little onion a salt side.
Potatoes, bread and coffee.
SUPPER: Cornmeal mush. (1 cup cornmeal to cups water. Sprinkle with sugar when eating.
Bread and Coffee (3 tb. to 6 cups water more.)

THURSDAY

BREAKFAST: Oatmeal (1 1-2 cup to 5 cups water, cook 3 to 4 hours, instant as directed.
DINNER: Potatoes, Sliced raw onions, bread.
SUPPER: 2 cups Hominy cooked in 8 cups water sprinkle with sugar and add a little milk, it may be eaten cooked in salt water.
Bread and Coffee.

SADAY

BREAKFAST: Cornmeal (1 cup to 6 cups water.
Bread and Coffee (3 tb. to 6 cups water).
DINNER: Fry a little side of couple onions. onions with a couple tablespoons, brown add water, grav Potatoes and.

Food costing one dollar a week for a family of five is not enough to be a jobless worker. Here is the menu of Fayette County, Pa., who have been applying for relief, and is applicable to workers of Charles Fayette, the Richest Valley in the World," according to the privately that "Men of family must work on the or for 54 hours, and then will be entitled to five relief get to be over \$3.50 per month." And this is enough to and savage lowering of standards of living in store they unite in their own party and stop it NOW an available

DEAR FRANKLIN

Dear F. D. R.: I see by the papers where a fellow from Connecticut wrote you a letter asking how you stand on the bonus and you replied in your usual frank manner that you are leaning over to both sides.

The fact that you replied to that letter, encourages me to write you. To begin with, I feel almost rotten enough to vote the Democratic ticket, and that's pretty rotten.

I hope you are well. I mean that from the bottom of my heart and all points south. I hope your friend Bernard Macfadden doesn't make you sick with too much physical culture.

Take care of yourself, F. D. R. I think your work is too strenuous for you. You seem to use up all your energy cussing Hoover in your speeches, and you have no eloquence left when you get to the part about planting more trees so the unemployed can have free shade. Maybe you should take cod liver oil.

If you decide to take my advice, take a tablespoonful of cod liver

oil twice a day. I don't think you don't mind. I feel that you ought to be interested in your health. I imagine you get a germ in your stomach from the immigrants and company with them. The other day a workman who was to you the radio show made sick, and I maybe with bothers you. Whatever, don't let yourself be worried. I think that says that could be worse. Don't his saying to you. He gets bitter, to blame depression in fact, I want to think he is to campaign against G. But the I referred you I don't believe you worse than it's just the

Five is Enough Food

Emergency Relief Board CHAY IN THE WEEK

MONDAY

BREAKFAST: Bread and Coffee. (3 tablespoons coffee to 6 cups water or more.)
DINNER: 1-3 of the amount of potatoes.
Bean Soup: Use 2 strips of salt side, 1 onion, 1 cup beans, Water.
SUPPER: 2 cups Hominy cooked in 8 cups water, sprinkle with sugar, and add a little milk; or the hominy may be cooked in just salt water and eaten that way, or fried.
Bread and Coffee (3 tb. Coffee to 6 cups water or more).

WEDNESDAY

BREAKFAST: Cornmeal (Cook 1 cup in 6 cups water).
Bread and Coffee.
DINNER: 2 cup cooked Beans—sprinkle with chopped onions.
Bread, Roasted potatoes.
SUPPER: Tomato Soup:
1 can tomatoes
2 quarts or more water
2 onions
1 potato
Thicken with flour
Bread and Coffee.

FRIDAY

BREAKFAST: Coffee (3 tb. to 6 cups water).
Bread and mush.
DINNER: Cabbage cooked with salt pork.
Rice (1 cup cook in 8 cups salt water).
Bread.
SUPPER: Remainder of macaroni cooked in water, add little pork and onion.
Bread and Coffee.

SATURDAY

BREAKFAST: Coffee (3 tb. to 6 cups water).
Bread and mush.
DINNER: Cabbage cooked with salt pork.
Rice (1 cup cook in 8 cups salt water).
Bread.
SUPPER: Remainder of macaroni cooked in water, add little pork and onion.
Bread and Coffee.

or a of five is enough—that is, if you are unfortunate is various menu printed for the unemployed workmen to apply for relief at the hands of the county Charley Fayette City. "The best town of its size in Indiana on the highways. One of the officials said on the or on other county labor when called upon five of relief if income from other sources does not give enough idea of the impoverishment, pauperization in store for the American working class unless NO an avalanche of Socialist votes.

FRANKLIN DELANO

he a de meals. I hope it tastes like the rail-quested. Just a shy.

may why I take all persons in you. Well, that ought to be called bybody else's I regains where in a get past all migra and keep y wisdom Se: tor. ner and a working-who wing to you on dio seon made him and I maybe what you dous.

tever, don't allow if to rated. I no-at days that you he so ha. Don't let ing to you. Hoover litter. to blame the tion in fact, I used k he to campaign t Go

the referred you. on't believe you're than it's just that

By William M. Feigenbaum

Hoover Tells Us—We're Starving Because We've Got Too Much

The Great Engineer Gives Us a Lot of Figures, and He's Right—But How About It?

PRESIDENT HOOVER speaks. . . .

Replying in his own way to Democratic arguments about this and that—which have no particular importance on their own account—he said:

"They have ignored the effect of Russia's dumping into the world the commodities taken from its necessities people in a desperate effort to secure money with which to carry on—shall I call it—a new deal.

"The Democratic leaders apparently have never heard that there has been gigantic over-production of rubber in the Indies, of sugar in Cuba, of coffee in Brazil, of cocoa in Ecuador, of copper in the Congo, of lead in Burma, over-production of zinc in Australia, over-production of oil from new discoveries in the United States, Sumatra and Venezuela; and likewise the effect of the introduction into the world of gigantic areas of new wheatlands in the Argentine and in Canada; new cotton lands in Egypt.

"In each and every case these enormous overproductions, far beyond consumption even in boom times have crashed into the immutable law of supply and demand and brought inevitable collapse in prices and with it a train of bankruptcies and destruction of buying power for American goods."

Why Starve

In other words. . . .
Don't the dopes realize that just BECAUSE there is in the world
Too much wheat
Too much oil
Too much copper
Too much cotton
Too much sugar
Too much zinc and lead
Too much coffee and cocoa

The whole structure of production and distribution has crashed?

President Hoover scored prettily over his Democratic opponents when he told them in the grim paragraphs here quoted why it is that there are headlines, why mil-

slogan?

And remember, how Attorney-General Palmer used to raid labor union headquarters and meetings? You remember alright, F. D. Palmer ain't no Forgotten Man. He's one of your chief advisors, ain't he?

And, of course, you remember how Wilson pledged the Democratic Party to the League of Nations. How do you stand on that, F. D.?

If that question embarrasses you, don't bother to answer it. But I thought maybe you would want to kill two birds with one stone by asking the League of Nations to pay the soldiers' bonus.

I'd like to write you some more, but I want to catch a subway before your Democratic friends in New York raise the fare. P. H.

P. S. Norman Thomas says you take after Herbert Hoover. No one will take after you. There is no more.

SOLOMON ON THE AIR

Charles Solomon, senatorial candidate on the Socialist ticket, will speak over Station WOR next Sunday morning, Oct. 23, at 10:30-10:45 A. M., on the following subject: "The Socialist Party Position on Education." The program is sponsored by the New York State Teachers' Association.

lions of people are living on charity, why the future is black for tens of millions, and why the Democrats don't understand what it is all about.

Hoover knows. He is the Master Engineer and he knows why people are starving.

Herbert Knows

IT IS JUST BECAUSE THERE IS TOO MUCH OF EVERYTHING THE STARVING PEOPLES OF THE WORLD NEED TO KEEP ALIVE THAT THEY ARE FINDING IT INCREASINGLY DIFFICULT TO KEEP ALIVE.

And that destroys at one blow the argument of the Hoover-smearing Democrats that it was all the fault of the sour-visaged Man in the White House.

It wasn't his fault. He didn't make the surplus—he only supports the system, as do his opponents.

But while we are on the subject, why not inquire whose fault it really is? What is the reason that the fact that there is an overabundance of everything, the people of the world need for life, comfort and happiness is, in effect, THE GREATEST CALAMITY IN HISTORY?

The Great Man of the Hair Shirt cannot answer that; but neither can Franklin Delano. For if they could answer that question honestly they would not be Republicans and Democrats. They would be Socialists.

Back to R. I.

It is the fact that we have the systems so lyrically described as Rugged Individualism.

The Works Stop

Wheat and corn, cotton and wool, zinc and copper and lead, oil and sugar, coffee and cocoa are not produced for people to eat and drink and burn and wear. They are produced—UNDER HOOVER'S RUGGED INDIVIDUALISM—to SELL, and to get profits on.

The world does not produce all these things to feed and shelter, clothe and transport human beings, but rather to MAKE A PROFIT FOR HOOVER AND HIS PALS and for Roosevelt and his class. That and nothing else.

And when there are so many goods that they can no longer be sold at a profit production ceases and workers are laid off (and are, quite naturally, paid no wages) and the world crashes into chaos. And the good Mr. Hoover talks about relief and says, Give and talks about Private Channels, for he wants individual giving.

Suppose, it might be suggested, that wheat and corn, cotton and zinc, coffee and sugar, oil and lead and all the rest of the commodities of the world, were produced FOR USE and not to sell for profit? Suppose we had planned production rather than the Rugged Individualism under which each one seeks his own profits, and thus precipitates this crash?

Ah, then, we would have Socialism, and that is alien to the American spirit. So let us reject this Alien Spirit and adhere to our Ruggedness even to individual giving; let us look upon the crash and smugly and complacently say, It isn't Our fault, but rather the fault of Overproduction.

Or would we rather have Socialism?

And if we want it, how about voting for it?

"What this Country Needs Is a Smile" (O, Yeah?)

By Walter E. Peck

Occupying the pulpit as guest preacher while Sam DeWitt, the regular pastor of the flock, is off in Queens carrying the message in Partibus Infidelium.

"WHAT This Country Needs Is a Smile" advertises the photographic department of one of our leading department stores, announcing that its "National Smile Contest" begins October 18th and ends November 12th."

The contest dates were happily chosen. On October 18th the New York Times reported that: "The Brooklyn Bureau of Charities now is spending almost twice as much money for relief of the needy as a year ago." By November 12th, the closing day of the National Smile Contest, we shall have heard from California and shall know whether Punch (less) Roosevelt or Judy (cious) Hoover will preside over the starving during the next four years.

Somehow the slogan reminds us of what a brilliant young Oxford undergraduate wrote in the London Times Literary Supplement when in 1924 on the centenary of Lord Byron's death the Dean and Chapter of Westminster Abbey again refused to allow a memorial tablet to the memory of Lord Byron to be placed within those precincts which shelter the hallowed ashes of Henry the Eighth and Bloody Mary. The Oxonian's comment was: "What we need is not a memorial tablet in Westminster Abbey to the memory of Lord Byron, but another poem by Lord Byron on a hypocritical England."

The "National Smile Contest" ought to be exceedingly popular among the striking farmers of Iowa, the Progressive Miners of Illinois, members of the "B. E. F." evicted from Washington, the convicted miners of Harlan, Ky., the Scottsboro Negroes (especially since their "adoption" by the Communists), Tom Mooney, and others of our altogether free, well-fed, well-dressed, and highly prosperous citizenry. It should wipe away all tears from the eyes of the bereaved families and friends of the sixty-eight New York and New Jersey workers who went to their death, a few weeks ago, when the condemned ferry-boat Observation blew up in the East River.

We should like to enter in the National Smile Contest:

1. For the First Prize of \$500 offered for the "best smile in the U. S. A.":

One grinning skull, preferably of a Mayan chieftain who, fortunately for himself, did not survive to see his homeland as it is in 1932.

2. For the Second Prize of \$100 offered for the "Second Best Smile in the U. S. A.":

A photograph of Douglas Volk's death mask of Abraham Lincoln.

3. For the fifth (and lowest) prize of ONE DOLLAR (admittedly a high price for this one):

One photograph (selected from hundreds of poses) of FRANKLIN ROOSEVELT imitating the celebrated dentiferous grin of his FOURTH COUSIN (once removed), the late President Theodore Roosevelt.

You say, "What this country needs is a smile!"

I agree. It has been a long, long while Since we have indulged one. But we can't grin At the open graves of our kith and kin.

"What this country needs," you chirp, "is a smile!"

I say: "Let it be, then, in Holbein's style—The 'Dance of Death' series—or 'Rake's Progress' (à la Hogarth) in this year of distress.

You say, "What this country needs is a smile!"

I say, "What we need is a Tom Carlyle—A Tom Carlyle with a Thought in his head, And Words to awaken a nation dead!

You lisp: "What this country needs is a smile!"

Have done with you all! If we drive the vile Sea-monsters from our low-heeling ship We'll need a Giddings with black-snake whip!

What was it that Theodore Roosevelt said—

"Fear God and take your own part!" The dead Cry out from their tombs: "Will you bear this scum, These pirates, this rabble, and deaf, blind, dumb

"Raise no hand and no voice?" The dead have laid

Their hands on us—so. And all unafraid, O bold pursuers, by the last wall

We turn, to reconquer, or, smiling, fa!

BOOKS IN BRIEF

What Is "Radical" Art?

By Joseph T. Shipley

William Carlos Williams, now an editor of an "advance-guard" magazine, and long a writer of "the new prose," has issued, Through To, Publishers (Box 3, Station F, N. Y.—\$1.25) what he calls "A Nevelette and Other Prose." The other prose consists of reviews that might as pleasantly have been forgotten. The "nevelette" consists of disconnected paragraphs, with so little intelligible sequence that one cannot say whether "There reated her bum" refers to an inebrate or a bottom. In this "radical" literature by an alert physician, the nearest one can find to an awareness of social conditions is the remark, "America, especially the United States—is the China of the future." One closes the book echoing one of its phrases: "Thank God that's about finished."

The same publishers (at the same price) issue Ezra Pound's "How to Read." The bulk of this book Pound asks us not to judge until the later parts are issued; the title essay rings with the fervor characteristic of this leader of the young moderns. Pound speaks of his "unorganized and fragmentary volumes"; the phrase also characterizes his ideas—and his poetry. Men with little to say dwell upon how they say it. Men with little feeling for words—unable by peaceful process to redeem words from the slavery of trite use—talk of revolutionizing the language. Pound is so logical that, after setting up four "categories" of literature, he puts these two sentences on the same page: "The point is, that if a man know the facts about the first two categories, he can evaluate almost any unfamiliar book at first sight. . . ."

The fact that six different critics will each have a different view concerning what author belongs in which of the categories here given, does not in the least invalidate the categories." The second sentence does, however, invalidate the first. Pound is sensible in his suggestions of books to read, in his discussion of the relationship between books and finance, and in his insistence on the importance to society of the sound use of words. Often he seems to be beating the air; but, on these subjects, by all means let Ezra pound.

"Riches for All"

"Riches for All" by Harrison E. Fryberger (The Advance Press), is written from the populist outlook of the nineties. The evils the author sees in the present system are mainly chain stores, stock speculation, exploitation of the South and West by the East, inadequate inheritance taxes, etc. The author seriously analyzes the Democratic and Republican platforms, approving the latter in its advocacy of a high protective tariff. The main objection to the former, is the liquor plank.

"Riches for All" is written by a lawyer, not an economist. He is disturbed by the depression and wants to do something about it. He fails to recognize the class character of government and is not particularly lucid in definitions. For example, he says, "It (capitalism) combines all the beneficent qualities found in communism, Socialism and fascism and much more besides." This idea (the tariff) "is really socialistic in its nature."

We don't know the price of "Riches for All," but whatever it is, it's worth less. B. B.

Fine's Pamphlet a Great Help in Campaign

A review by Jacob Bernstein

The Rand School has rendered the Socialist Party a valuable service in publishing Nathan Fine's pamphlet, "The Collapse of the Seabury Investigation." This booklet is sure to prove a powerful stimulant to intelligent political thought in New York.

The primary purpose of the booklet is to demonstrate the utter futility of expecting vital reforms from the Seabury investigation. This and all such previous investigations fail to go to the root of the causes of graft and corruption, which is more widespread and far-reaching in the United States than anywhere else. Such periodic investigations never go beyond bringing to light the existence of graft, corruption, incompetence and inefficiency—facts which numerous non-Socialist voters long ago realized, but in the face of which they are helpless, because they attribute these evils to personal dishonesty.

The author marshals many of

About the Bonus

(Continued from Page Eight)
Moreover, as Mr. Manly has already shown, we paid for the industries but we do not have them. We bought them with the bonuses we permitted the owners to have. So if we decide to take over the properties it will simply be a late acquirement of what we have already paid for and the jobless soldiers will be associated with us as joint owners of the great powers of production and distribution. Nothing modest about that, is there?

Hoping that this fully answers your question, I am,

Very truly yours,

JAMES ONEAL

the more outstanding specific instances of graft-revelations from the Seabury investigation, thus furnishing speakers with a wealth of pertinent facts. He points out that while incompetent and corrupt government is bound to affect adversely the lives of the workers, in the main the ills they suffer from are rooted in the capitalist system and can only be permanently removed by replacing the system by a Socialist society. The Seabury program, in so far as it has disclosed its proposed remedies, if carried out, the author demonstrates, would merely result in more economical government for the master class, that ultimately the City Manager, if such plan were adopted, would be controlled by the two old parties, financed and controlled by the capitalists, who would thus control the City Manager, who in the end would serve them, and not the masses.

The author demonstrates how the Seabury investigation failed in its scope by confining itself merely to exposing the prevalence of corruption, graft and incompetence, and ignoring entirely the really vital matters affecting the lives of the masses—the crying need for adequate relief of the upwards of a million unemployed and their dependents; disgraceful housing conditions in the many poorer sections; the lack of adequate parks, playgrounds and schools, and many other practical problems of life confronting the masses.

The pamphlet concludes with a call to the voters to rally to the support of the Socialist Party in the city, state and nation, with proof that this party alone can bring about the abolition of corruption and solve the many vital needs of the masses, in the course of its historic struggle to attain its ultimate goal—the realization of a classless society of economic equals.

THE BRAY of THE WEEK



Roosevelt Becomes Very Realistic With "Herbert" Next Year

CONFERENCES of governors of states have been held since the days when Theodore Roosevelt became President. His remote kinsman, Franklin Delano Roosevelt, made a solemn promise at Rochester on Tuesday to "start something new." Hear ye:

And when I go down to Washington I propose to start something new. I don't want to regard Governors of the forty-eight States as strange people who are carrying on some fully unconnected foreign system of government with which I as President have no relation. I am going to ask them to come to Washington and sit around the table.

Now, when I do it—won't that be realistic?—when I do it there is one thing I should like to know. I should like to know that I can call up Albany myself on the long-distance telephone, and instead of getting a strange voice on the phone—the voice of a man that I don't know, whether he is in sympathy with me or not—I would like to say on that telephone:

"Hello, Herbert. I wish you would run on down to the White House and have supper. I have got a lot of problems that are common problems to the Federal Government and the State of New York. I want you to come down and talk it over with me, and see if we can't be of mutual help to each other."

FAREWELL LUNCHEON TO COMRADES BERMAN

A fine group of Socialist Party workers met in the Rand School studio last Saturday at 1 P. M. to pay their tribute of affection to Morris Berman and Mrs. Berman who leave this week for a long term at sea. Due to recent illness, Comrade Berman will take this vacation to recuperate.

A luncheon was served and Morris Hillquit served as master of ceremonies. He recalled the forty years of service of the Bermans to the Socialist movement, saying that Morris was the "father" of the movement and Mrs. Berman the "mother."

At the conclusion of his remarks Hillquit presented Comrade Berman with a gavel with a silver band on which was inscribed the names of the various Socialist auxiliary organizations over which Comrade Berman has presided. He then declared that there had been some "whispering" about Mrs. Berman and in order to bring this out into the open he presented her with a loose leaf album and every comrade present was requested to record his sentiments of Mrs. Berman in the album.

Every party member will extend to the Bermans best wishes for an enjoyable voyage and their return in good health.

THE RED BANNER

By Leon Gilboon

The Red Flag is the symbol of discontent, revolution, solidarity and international Socialism, and whenever the Red Flag is raised, accompanied by the strains of "The International," my heart begins to beat faster and tears of joy come to my eyes. And the same is true of millions of workers and Socialists the world over.

Those who were fortunate enough to have been at the meeting in Town Hall last September at the opening of the campaign in New York will never forget the enthusiasm and the manifestations of joy when our young comrades started their march. It was a gloriously inspiring sight which will be long remembered.

For some reason or other our comrades in New York have failed to display the Red Flag at meetings, parades and demonstrations as we used to before the war.

Comrades! We are on the march, with a strong determination to build a mighty Socialist Party, so let it be colorful.

The Madison Square Garden rally on Thursday, November 3rd, when the historic campaign of 1932 will be brought to a close, must resemble an ocean of red. Branch organizers and Y.P.S.L. groups! Get busy and order your flags and banners at once.

Then raise the scarlet standard high;

Beneath its folds we'll live and die.

Though cowards flinch and traitors sneer,

We'll keep the red flag flying here.

Remember that the special rate of \$1 per year for new subscriptions to THE NEW LEADER expires Nov. 15. Subscribe now!

Matteotti's Widow Is Persecuted by Fascists

Signora Giacomo Matteotti, widow of the Italian Socialist deputy murdered eight years ago by Fascist braves under instructions of Mussolini, is being savagely persecuted by Fascist officials, who have never forgiven her for her husband's crime of unmasking Fascism and for the worldwide wave of condemnation that followed the brutal crime.

According to Sylvia Pankhurst, who is working for the Women's International Matteotti Committee, "police follow the widow wherever she goes. Few dare to visit her. Even those visiting flats in the same building are shadowed. At night, a searchlight plays upon her house so that all who come and go may be observed."

Mrs. Matteotti, it is declared, is not allowed to visit her husband's grave, and only a small part of the revenue of her husband's estate reaches her.

It is planned to send an international deputation of women to negotiate on Mrs. Matteotti's behalf, and get for her permission to leave Italy, if she desires it, with her children.

Symposium on the Illinois Miners

A symposium of "The Revolt of the Illinois Miners" will be held in the Rand School, 7 East 15th Street, Friday, Oct. 28, at 8:30. The list of speakers includes Walter E. Peck, Rand School Instructor and editor of "Rebel Art"; John Stoler, rank and file leader of the newly formed Progressive Miners' Union; Morris Cohen of the Ypsala, and Larry Cohen, chairman of the Youth Conference for the Support of the Illinois Miners. A representative of the L. I. D. will also speak. Ben Fisher of the Rand School Fellowship will preside. Admission ten cents. The entire proceeds will be forwarded to the Emergency Committee for Strikers' Relief. The meeting is under the auspices of the Eugene Victor Debs Club of the Rand School Fellowship.

A PLAN OF AGITATION

By Dr. R. G. Mathews

I have tried out many methods of propaganda and finally found one that gets results the quickest and best of any yet. It is the Socialist platform itself.

I go to the post office and get the number of rural routes and number of boxes on each. Then for each route I send a 1/2c envelope with State and National platforms to just cover the number of boxes on that route.

Thus: Box Holder, Route 1, Brookston, Ind. (I rubber stamp the address and only need change route number.)

This costs \$20 per thousand letters and I figure on reaching 3,000 voters (three to the family). I have the comrades here to each contribute \$1 to pay this expense, and have them all mailed out from Indianapolis (Mr. Ed Henry).

The comrades at New Albany have used this plan and it went over beyond their expectations.

We are mailing to three towns and their routes which just take a thousand letters to cover. I am sending this to you in the hope that you will print it so other comrades may make use of it.

In talking to farmers out here, this is what I learn. They say, "Your papers tell us all about the rottenness of capitalism, but we already know that. What we are interested in is: 1. What is Socialism? 2. How does it work?"

They also ask me, "Why don't your paper print planks from the platform with a short explanation of it? We never would have known that Socialism is any different from any other party if we had not received a platform through the mail." They don't know that I had those platforms sent.

If these ideas are any help to the cause, please pass them on. Brookston, Indiana.

Rand School Notes

The star course of lectures on "Psychology and Life" was opened on Monday night, Oct. 17, by Professor H. S. Jennings of Johns Hopkins University before an audience that filled the auditorium. The second lecture will be given on Oct. 24, at 8:30, by Professor Floyd Allport of Syracuse University. His subject will be "Recent Developments in Social Psychology."

The Debs Club, the discussion group of the Rand School Fellowship, announces a Debs Memorial meeting to be held Friday night, October 21st, at 9:00. Among the speakers will be: James Oneal, Joseph Schlossberg, Theodore Shapiro, Ben Fletcher, Eleanor Schachner and Louis Goldberg.

The Women's Committee of the Rand School has mobilized its members for an active part in the campaign. It has arranged for a mass-meeting for women at the school on Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 26, at 2:30. Morris Hillquit, Socialist candidate for Mayor, will speak on "Our Municipal Campaign."

The Student Worker has reappeared in new form and is more popular than ever. It is sold for three cents a copy, twenty cents for eight weeks. Former students who wish to keep in touch with the school are asked to send in subscriptions.

Elmer Rice, author of "Counselor-at-Law" and "Black Sheep," will lecture before the Workers' Theatre group on October 27.

Waldman Stirs Up-State Cities

LOUIS WALDMAN, the Socialist Party's fighting candidate for Governor, together with James H. Maurer, candidate for Vice-President, stirred a number of up-state cities during the week-end in a series of remarkable meetings.

Buffalo, Utica, Ithaca, Cortland and other cities were visited by Waldman, Maurer, August Claessens, Charles Solomon and other party orators, while in every city local candidates, such as Herman J. Hahn, Robert A. Hoffman and others likewise added to the enthusiasm and success of the meetings.

Waldman's success in Buffalo was so great that he was obliged to yield to insistent demands of return just before election to speak before an important civic organization, the speech to be broadcast over the air to reach half the state. The talk will be sandwiched in between Rochester and Syracuse meetings.

Maurer scored heavily for Socialism everywhere, and as always, Solomon made a profound impression and won support for his cause wherever he spoke.

In Utica Waldman concluded his speech two hours before train time, and he was escorted by a hundred or so local Socialists, singing and cheering through the streets, and before the train left an impromptu meeting was held on the steps of a sleeper, with hundreds of listeners, including scores of passengers in pajamas!

Everywhere Waldman and the others poured hot shot into capitalism and its two parties and riddled the claims of supporters that the fact that a candidate is personally an amiable and honest man should blind voters to the cause his party supports.

ANOTHER CHANCE TO REGISTER.—While registration has closed in New York City residents of the state outside the Greater City can still enroll themselves for the 1932 election. The polling places will be open all day this Saturday, or from 7:00 in the morning to 10:00 o'clock at night in villages and cities of 5,000 inhabitants and upward. Outside of such villages and cities, where personal registration is not required, the hours are from 1:00 P. M. to 10:00 P. M. Those who register should also enroll in the political party of their choice.

NEW CHARTERS GRANTED.—Charters have been granted to the following places this week: Dunkirk, Chautauque County; Oswego-Fulton, Oswego County; Watertown, Jefferson County. The several branches of the party in Nassau County, which have now organized a central committee, have been given a charter as Local Nassau County.

SUCCESSFUL MEETINGS UP-STATE.—Our candidate for Governor, Louis Waldman, who spoke upstate over the last week-end, reports very successful meetings in Buffalo and Utica.

Syracuse.—Local Syracuse is now on the map. Street meetings are being held nearly every night in different parts of the city.

The local meets every Wednesday night at 566 So. Solina St. New members are coming in at all meetings and new forces are appearing at all our indoor meetings. Claessens and Waldman addressed fine crowds in Syracuse.

The Heywood Broun dinner was a success both financially and in attendance.

Albany.—James O'Neal, editor of The New Leader, will represent the Socialist Party at a three-party symposium arranged by the Women's Club in the Institute of History, 125 Washington Ave., Tuesday, Oct. 25, at 8 p. m. Admission is free.

"Bob" Shuler Steals Socialist Nomination

"Bob" Shuler, notorious reactionary pulp demagogue of the Fundamentalist and Ku Klux variety, has stolen the Socialist nomination for United States Senator from California, according to reports from Los Angeles.

The preacher, who specializes in hatred of Catholics, Jews, the foreign born and other hates of the Ku Klux Klan, is the official candidate on the Prohibition ticket, and by entering the Republican and Democratic Party primaries he nearly won those nominations as well. His combined vote in the three non-Socialist primaries was greater than that won by either Tubbs or William G. McAdoo, official Republican and Democratic nominees.

Shuler adds violent denunciation of bankers to his creed of hate, in the true Hitlerite fashion, and he secured enough signatures among muddle-headed near-Socialists to appear on the Socialist primary ballot.

It is now announced that he has stolen the nomination from the old war-horse of Socialism, George R. Kirkpatrick, the party's nominee for United States Senator, but legal action is being taken to take his name off the ballot so that he can peddle his wares solely to those who follow the old parties.

Shuler long conducted a private radio station until the Federal authorities took away his license on the ground that he used it to peddle vituperation and slander. For a long time he has shared headlines with Aimee McPherson and J. Frank Norris, fundamentalist preachers.

If legal action to take Shuler's name off the ballot fails, the Socialists will go in the campaign to fight against a name on their own ticket.

Block Is Endorsed By Citizens' Union

S. John Block, one of the Socialist candidates for Supreme Court in the First District, as endorsed for election by the Citizens' Union in its recent sizing up of all candidates for that bench. The citation of the Citizens' Union reads, "Mr. Block' character and learning are widely recognized and commended. He has attained a high professional standing and is well fitted for the bench."

Block, who has been an active Socialist for over a quarter of a century, is counsel for a number of labor organizations and for many years was state and county chairman of the party.

Party Candidates To Face Opponents

Socialist Party candidates for Congress, the state Senate and for Assembly will face their Democratic and Republican opponents Tuesday night at the Colonial Mansion, 1933 Bath Avenue, Brooklyn, at a symposium under the direction of the West End Chamber of Commerce.

B. C. Vladeck, William M. Feigenbaum and Harry Haskel will appear for the Socialists and the old party men are expected to defend their cause. The West End Chamber of Commerce holds an annual symposium at the same place, at which the Socialist candidates are always given a warm reception. The old party candidates occasionally appear and add to the hilarity of the occasion.

Among other symposiums arranged for the forthcoming week are those of the League of Women Voters in the 2nd, 9th and 16th

A. D., Kings, at which Vladeck, Feigenbaum and Haskel and Morris Rosenbaum and Charles Kanowitz will appear for the party.

On Tuesday, also, Miss Goldine Hillson will represent the party's position in a symposium at 210 East 77th Street, as candidate in the 12th A. D.

Labor Educational Campaign

The Superintendents Local No. 32 of the Building Service Employees' International Union, with offices at 210 East 86th Street, Manhattan, is engaged in an educational drive to increase its membership. One meeting each month is devoted to some educational subject relating to the drive. James O'Neal, editor of The New Leader, spoke at the first meeting and other speakers will follow.

J. W. Knispel, organizer, Paul H. Bell, president, and Neil Barrett, recording secretary, are the officers in charge. O'Neal will return for another lecture in a month or two.

Lecture Notes

Under the auspices of the Institute for Advanced Education, Scott Nearing will lecture on "What Is Next in Germany?", Oct. 24, at 8:30 p. m., in Irving Plaza, 15th Street and Irving Place. On Oct. 25, Dr. Alfred Adler will lecture on "The Science of Living."

Timothy Patrick Murphy will speak on "The Riddle of the Universe," Sunday evening, in the Pythian Temple, 135 West 70th St., under the auspices of the Ingersoll Forum.

Heywood Broun will speak on "Wither America?" on Tuesday evening, Oct. 25, at 8:30 o'clock, under the auspices of The Group, 150 West 85th Street. The occasion will be in the nature of a non-partisan rally for Norman Thomas, and several other famous speakers and writers have been invited, among them Silas Bent.

Dr. Corliss Lamont will lecture on "The Question of Immortality," in the Steinway Building, 113 W. 57th St., Sunday at 2:30 P. M. Discussion will follow.

"Has Soviet Russia Found the Only Way Out of the Crisis?" will be the subject on which Scott Nearing and Prof. Wm. P. Montague will debate Wednesday, Oct. 26th, 8 P. M., at Irving Plaza Hall, 15 Irving Place.

There will be a symposium on What Women Think of the 18th Amendment in the Community Church Center, 550 W. 110th St., Tuesday, Oct. 25th., at 8:15 P. M. The speakers will be Miss Bertha Rembaum and Mrs. Charles H. Sabin. On Oct. 26th, Dr. John Haynes Holmes will review the book, "Magnolia Street." A lecture on Astronomy will be given by Miss Jean Cnkin, Oct. 25th, at 8 P. M.

"Allegiance—Plus" will be the topic of Rev. Leon Rosser Land's address at the Bronx Free Fellowship, Azure Masonic Temple, 1591 Boston Road, near E. 172nd Street, on Sunday evening, Oct. 23, at 8 P. M.

At the 9 o'clock Open Forum, Frank Crosswaith will speak on: "The Modern Meaning of Liberty." Mr. Crosswaith is the director of the People's Educational Forum of Harlem and a Socialist candidate for Congress. Questions, discussion and a musical program by Genevieve and Zelma Kaufman will follow.

THE PARTY REPORTS MANY NEW LOCALS

CONNECTICUT: Middletown.
ILLINOIS: Chicago (Northwest Side Jewish Women's branch).
Chicago (Norwood Park branch).
Chicago (South Chicago branch).
IOWA: Zook-Spur.
MASSACHUSETTS: Fall River and Williamstown.
MICHIGAN: Acme, Albee, Charlevoix and Dearborn.
NEW HAMPSHIRE: Claremont.
NEW JERSEY: Summit.
NEW YORK: Saratoga County.
OKLAHOMA: Bryan County, Cleveland County, Hugo, Pontotoc County.
PENNSYLVANIA: Mt. Pleasant.
RHODE ISLAND: Pawtucket.
WISCONSIN: Superior.

350 People at the 8th C. D. Dinner

MORE than 350 men and women, mostly of them Socialist Party members, turned out Sunday night at the dinner given by the 8th Congressional District to honor and advance the candidacy for Congress of B. C. Vladeck and other candidates on the Socialist ticket.

The dinner was likewise a ratification of the party's candidates in city, state and nation, and in addition to Vladeck himself, the speakers were Morris Hillquit, candidate for Mayor, Sidney Hillman, president of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, Walter E. Peck of the League for Independent Political Action, former Alderman Barnett Wolff, Abraham Cahan, and William M. Feigenbaum, candidate for State Senate, who acted as toastmaster.

It was an enthusiastic gathering and the diners sang, cheered

HILLQUIT ON THE AIR

Morris Hillquit, candidate for Mayor on the Socialist ticket, will deliver three more important addresses to the voters of New York over Station WEDV, as follows:

Thursday, October 27th, 8 P. M., Municipal Relief.

Tuesday, November 1st, 8 P. M., Transit and Municipal Ownership.

Tuesday, November 1st, 3 P. M., Housing, Health and Education.

and contributed close to \$750 to the campaign fund. Many of the heavy contributions came from unions.

Hillman's speech was a plea for political organization of the workers to back up the drive of the workers for human standards of living. Hillquit outlined the party's position in the city campaign, and Vladeck made a deeply moving plea for service in the Socialist cause.

William E. White Passes

HAMDEN, Conn.—William E. White, old-time Socialist, former state secretary of the party in Connecticut, and one of the founders of the Socialist party in the United States, died here after suffering from tuberculosis for eight years.

White was a member of the old Socialist Labor Party in the '90's, and was a delegate to the Rochester convention of 1900 at which the anti-DeLeon elements of that party nominated Job Harriman for President and laid the foundations for unity with the so-called Debs elements in the present Socialist party.

DEBATES—LECTURES—FORUMS

THE COMMUNITY FORUM

of the Community Church
Now meeting at the Free Synagogue House, 40 West 68th Street

SUNDAY, 8 P. M.—SCOTT NEARING
"THE FIRST FIFTEEN YEARS OF THE UNITED STATES OF SOVIET RUSSIA"

At Town Hall, 123 West 43rd Street
11 A. M.—John Haynes Holmes
"Is Suicide Ever Justifiable?"

DEBATE

Auspices of Friends of the Soviet Union

"Has Soviet Russia Found the Only Way Out of the Crisis?"

Yes—PROF. SCOTT NEARING
No—DR. WM. P. MONTAGUE

IRVING PLAZA, Irving Pl. & 15th St., WEDNESDAY, Oct. 26, 8 P. M.
ADMISSION 50 c Friends of the Soviet Union, 199 Broadway

Freethinkers of America

Sunday, 113 W. 87th St., Steinway Bldg.

Regular lecture, 2:30 P. M.
DR. CORLISS LAMONT
"THE QUESTION OF IMMORTALITY"
MAJOR JOSEPH WHELESS

Class in Bible Criticism, 2:30 P. M.
"SUPERSTITIONS OF JESUS"
Admission free. Questions and Discussion

INGERSOLL FORUM

Pythian Temple, 135 W. 70th Street

SUNDAYS, 8 P. M.—Admission 25 cents

October 23rd:
"THE RIDDLE OF THE UNIVERSE"
TIMOTHY PATRICK MURPHY

HEYWOOD BROUN

will speak on:

"WHITHER AMERICA?"

Tuesday evening Oct. 25th, at 8 P. M.
at The Group, 150 West 85th St.

Institute for Advanced Education

Irving Plaza Hall, 17 Irving Place

All lectures begin at 8:30 P. M.

* SCOTT NEARING

Will lecture Monday eve., Oct. 24, on

"WHAT NEXT IN GERMANY?"

Institute for Advanced Education

Irving Plaza, 17 Irving Place

Pennsylvania 6-2999

Admission 50 cents

ALFRED ADLER

Foremost Viennese Psychologist

Will lecture Tuesday eve., Oct. 25, on

"THE SCIENCE OF LIVING"

Institute for Advanced Education

Irving Plaza, 17 Irving Place

Pennsylvania 6-2999

Admission 50 cents

Samuel D. Schmalhausen

Will lecture Thursday eve., Oct. 27, on

"BOURGEOIS DEFENSE MECHANISMS AGAINST COMMUNISM"

Institute for Advanced Education

Irving Plaza, 17 Irving Place

Pennsylvania 6-2999

Admission 50 cents

Massachusetts Waits for Norman Thomas

BOSTON.—The Socialists of Massachusetts are busily at work preparing for the coming of Norman Thomas Saturday, October 29th, to make his final appearance during the presidential campaign. The big affair of October 29 will be a rally at Tremont Temple.

The meeting will also be addressed by Alfred Baker Lewis, candidate for Governor; George E. Roewer, candidate for Attorney-General, and Professor Kirtley Mather of the L. I. P. A. Joseph Bearak will preside. Socialists of Massachusetts expect to make this the largest Socialist meeting in the state for many years.

Before the Tremont Temple meeting a dinner is being arranged for Thomas at the 20th Century Club.

Thomas will also speak earlier in the day at Lowell and Lawrence. At 3 P. M. he is scheduled to speak with Albert Sprague Coolidge, candidate for Secretary at State, and Alfred Baker Lewis, at the Lowell Auditorium, Lowell. At 4:30 P. M. Thomas will speak with George E. Roewer and Joseph Messida, of Lynn, candidate for Congress in the 7th District, at the Methuen Forum Auditorium, Lawrence.

Jim Maurer, vice-presidential candidate, started a speaking tour in Massachusetts October 19.

Socialists of Massachusetts have been informed by the state secretary of Connecticut that Thomas will speak over station WICC Bridgeport, Sunday, October 30th, from 9 to 9:30 P. M. This station is part of the Yankee network of which the following Massachusetts stations are members: Boston—WNAC and WAAB; Worcester—WOCR; Springfield—WMSA; and New Bedford—WNBH, Mass.

ARKANSAS

Arkansas has a full Socialist electoral ticket in the field.

Seventeen persons joined a new local formed at Little Rock by Sandberg, state secretary. Sandberg also formed a local in Mansfield. Nine members started the ball rolling with Bill Heavener as secretary and Wilbur Ward as chairman.

Posier, Little Rock, Hartford, Jenny Lind, and Coal Hill have heard Sandberg this week.

CONNECTICUT

Prof. John Dewey and A. Fenner Brockway speak.—A. Fenner Brockway, editor of the London New Leader and chairman of the L. I. P. A., will speak Saturday, Oct. 22, for the Socialist ticket in Connecticut. A New Haven meeting has been arranged for the afternoon, and both Brockway and John Dewey will peak at an evening meeting in Wilton.

Rallies to be held in New Haven and vicinity: Hamden, Town Hall, Friday, Oct. 21—Devers Allen.

West Haven, School, Saturday, Oct. 22—Jasper McLevy.

New Haven, Yale Sprague Hall, Saturday, Oct. 22—Reinhold Niebuhr.

New Haven, street meetings every day, speakers from Yale Socialist Club, and other local men.

The Thomas Meeting

The Norman Thomas rally on October 30th will be held at 6 p. m. in the local Arena which seats 7,000 people. The local committee expects to fill the hall to its capacity. West Haven, Hamden, New Haven Thomas for President Club, Yale Socialist Branch, and Conference for Independent Political Action are all cooperating to make the meeting a success.

NEW MEXICO

New Mexico has nominated a complete state ticket and is putting on a very active campaign, especially around Clovis. Three new locals in the northwestern part of the state.

COLORADO

Carl Whitehead, Socialist candidate for U. S. Senator, is making a speaking tour of the state which will carry him over onto the western slope. He reports very enthusiastic meetings.

CALIFORNIA

San Francisco and bay districts brought Thomas new triumphs. A big parade was held, touring the city all afternoon, carrying banners to vote Socialist.

The I.W.W. joined the parade with banners to vote Socialist and appealing for funds so the general defense can continue to defend the Johnson, J. Luther Kibler, John C. Davis, Charles D. Hall, William F. Billings, L. Coleman McDowell, Murrell Edmunds, Winston F. Dawson, Julia Morgan Jones, George Louis Millirons.

VIRGINIA

Norman Thomas will speak in Fredericksburg Oct. 21, 4 p. m., at the city courthouse. Meeting in Richmond to be held in Mosque Theatre, seating 5,000. Meeting will be held Oct. 21, 8 p. m., and will be preceded by auto parade.

David George addressed large Louisa County farmers' group and organized new Local Cuckoo-Ochid. Later George and Cary White addressed big rally at Powhatan courthouse with fine results. Excellent county work among discontented farmers going over big in Louisa, Powhatan, Henrico, Chesterfield, Prince George, Halifax and several other counties.

Richmond.—Several branches making intensive literature distribution; much enthusiasm; special committees pushing divisional work, especially student committee. David George and Cary White to address college groups.

PENNSYLVANIA

With the establishment this week of a Socialist newspaper in Allentown, Pa., the People's Publishing

New Jersey Notes

It was announced in last week's New Leader that the Rev. Dr. Frank Kingdon would speak in Camden on October 20th. All those interested please note change in date. Dr. Kingdon will speak MONDAY, October 24th, 8:00 P. M., at the Sons of Italy Auditorium, 4th and Spruce Sts. All members and friends are urged to attend this meeting and help make it a great affair.

NEWARK NOTES

Campaign Manager Rosenkrantz is issuing his last call for party members to join the Thomas automobile cavalcade on the evening of Oct. 27. More than sixty have already responded to his call; he feels certain that a little more effort will double the number. The parade offers an opportunity to Essex County for the greatest display of strength and enthusiasm in the history of the local.

The parade will assemble at the dock, the foot of River St., east of the Tube station, at 7:45 P. M. A motorcycle escort and sound equipment truck will head the parade. Streamers, Thomas-Maurer posters and fireworks will be furnished to all participants.

Dr. Louis Reiss will marshal the proceedings.

The Norman Thomas meeting for which Newark members have been concentrating all their energies will be held at 8 P. M. at Central High School. An overflow crowd is anticipated. Amplifiers are being installed to accommodate those unable to gain admission to the hall. Speech will be broadcast through WAAM at 9 P. M.

State Committee meets Sunday, October 23rd, at 10 A. M., at 105 Springfield Ave., Newark.

HUDSON COUNTY STREET MEETINGS

Friday, October 21: Avenue C and 22nd Street, Bayonne. Speaker: Sam Seidman.

Jackson and Orient Aves., Jersey City. Speaker: Jean J. Coroneil.

Central Ave. and Charles St., Jersey City. Speaker: Wm. Kane Tallman.

Saturday, October 22: Washington and 5th Sts., Hoboken.

Speaker: Sam Seidman.

Bergenline Ave. and 14th Street, West New York. Speaker: Wm. Kane Tallman.

Oregon Promises To Come Back Big

PORTLAND, Ore.—Socialists had a splendid meeting here for Norman Thomas. The high school auditorium was packed and at least a thousand persons were unable to get into the building. The collection far exceeded the expectations of the committee in charge.

Portland is the center of the Oregon Socialist movement and the county cast as high as 14,000 votes for legislative candidates of the party in the last election. The party is working class and has had to fight all sorts of liberal and "progressive" movements in recent years.

The Socialist party in Oregon again has legal standing, lost during the war. This year the party has nearly a full state ticket in the field and has a complete ticket in Multnomah County. There is also a full congressional ticket in the field.

Oregon will resume its place as one of the strongly organized states in the coming years.

Co. of Reading is now printing seven party papers. Plans are now under way to establish Socialist papers in Johnston and Easton, Pa.

James O'Neal, editor of The New Leader, will speak in Allentown, Saturday, Oct. 22.

INDIANA

Charters were issued to the following locals in the last two weeks: Shelbyville, Greensburg, Coalmont, New Albany, Odon, Libertyville, Summitville, Logansport and Huntington. We are making splendid progress, all locals very much alive, holding meetings, asking for speakers and literature, and a general hum of activity.

Additional locals organized in Indiana since Oct. 3rd: Jeffersonville, Elwood, Montpelier, Hartford City, Hope, Crothersville, Anderson, Richmond and Linton.

South Bend reports splendid activity, hope to elect their ticket. Lake County is also holding meetings nightly and making a fight to win. Kokomo, Marion, Muncie are on the firing line, and have the old party politicians worried. Indianapolis is doing splendid work. The state office flooded with requests for platforms and information from persons not heretofore connected with the party in any way. Have distributed 25,000 state platforms and have printed another 5,000.

New York City

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN MEETING

A committee of one thousand is being organized to handle the huge crowd at the Madison Square Garden meeting on November 3rd, and also the meetings in the Bronx and Brooklyn on the days following. All party members and Yipsels who want to serve should send their names and addresses at once to the party office, 7 East 15th St.

Tickets are also on hand for distribution. Seats in the reserved section are being sold for 25 cents and are on sale in the city office, 7 East 15th St.; Jewish Daily Forward, 175 East Broadway; Rand Book Store, 7 East 15th St., and all Socialist Party headquarters.

Tickets for the Brooklyn Academy of Music meeting, reserved section 25 cents, are on sale at all Brooklyn party branches as well as the above mentioned agencies.

Admission tickets for the Bronx Coliseum meeting on Sunday, Nov. 5, are 10 cents and are on sale at all Bronx County headquarters.

WATCHERS.—The training class for watchers will meet every evening in this city office, 7 E. 15th Street, at 8:30 P. M. Every branch and district should have at least one member present at these classes so that he or she may receive instructions and be able to instruct others. A large army of watchers is needed for Election Day.

SOCIALIST PERIOD ON WEVD.—Station WEVD set aside a period for Socialist talks every day in the week except Sunday from 4:45 to 5 P. M. At these 15-minute periods prominent Socialist speakers will explain various phases of the campaign and the Socialist platform and issues. The list of speakers and dates includes: Oct. 22, Louis Waldman; Oct. 23, Louis Waldman; Oct. 24, A. N. Weinberg; Oct. 25, William Karlin; Oct. 26, Theresa B. Wiley; Oct. 27, Louis Sadoff; Oct. 28, Julius Umansky; Oct. 29, Jacob Panken; Oct. 31, Samuel A. DeWitt.

Oct. 24, A. N. Weinberg; Oct. 25, William Karlin; Oct. 26, Theresa B. Wiley; Oct. 27, Louis Sadoff; Oct. 28, Julius Umansky; Oct. 29, Jacob Panken; Oct. 31, Samuel A. DeWitt.

MANHATTAN

CHELSEA.—Last meeting before Election, October 27, at headquarters, 11 Barrow Street. There is much work to be done. A Halloween party with buffet supper and dancing will be held in the headquarters, Sunday evening, Oct. 30. For reservations phone Mrs. Margaret Gillen, Walker 5-8374.

BRONX

5th A. D.—Halloween dance to be held Saturday night, Oct. 29, at headquarters, Bellamy Club, 904 Prospect Ave., to raise funds for the campaign. Music. Tickets may be obtained at the Bellamy Club and from branch members.

7th A. D.—A meeting of the branch will be held on Tuesday, Oct. 25, at Workmen's Circle School, 789 Elmore Pl., promptly at 8:00 P. M. Every member should be present to be designated

as a watcher at the polls.

8th A. D.—The branch will hold a special meeting on Friday evening, Oct. 21, at new headquarters, 8443 Jerome Ave., near 208th Street, to elect important committees to carry on all campaign work. Prominent speakers. An enrolled Socialist voters' meeting will be held at same address on Monday, Oct. 24.

BROOKLYN

BRIGHTON BEACH.—A card party and entertainment will be held on Saturday, October 22, at N. & H. Inn, 411 Brighton Beach, under the auspices of the Brighton Beach Branch. Regular meetings 1st and 3rd Mondays.

MIDWOOD.—35,000 pieces of literature are being distributed every 10 days. Watchers are needed and are requested to report to 1637 East 17th Street. On Saturday, Oct. 29, at the club-rooms, a bridge party and get-together will be held. A special meeting of all members will be held on Tuesday, Oct. 25. Reports of election district captains and canvassers will be given.

Where Your Union Meets

BONNAZ, SINGER EMBROIDERERS' UNION, Local 66, L.L.G.W.U., 7 East 15th St. Phone Algonquin 4-3657-3658. Executive Board Meets Every Tuesday Night in the Office of the Union, Z. L. Freedman, President; Leon Hattai, Manager; Morris Fishman, Secretary-Treasurer.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION, Local 9 Office and headquarters, Brooklyn Labor Lyceum, 949 Wiloughby Ave. Phone Stagg 3-4621. Office open daily except Saturday from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Regular meetings every Tuesday evening. Charles Pfann, Fin. Sec'y; Frank F. Lutz, Treasurer; Andrew Streit, Bus. Agent; William Weingart, President; Al Bayler, Vice-President; Milton Rowcroft, Rec., Corresponding Sec'y.

CLOTHING WORKERS OF AMERICA, New York Joint Board, 31 West 15th St., New York, N. Y. Phone Tompkins Square 6-5408. Hyman Blumberg, Sidney Resau, Managers; Abraham Miller, Secretary-Treasurer.

CLOTHING WORKERS OF AMERICA, Amalgamated Bank Bldg., 11-15 Union Square, 3rd floor, Phone, Algonquin 4-6500-1-2-3-4-5. Sidney Hillman, Gen. President; Joseph Schlossberg, Gen. Sec'y-Treas.

N. Y. JOINT COUNCIL CAPMAKERS—Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers International Union, Office, 133 Second Ave.; Phone Orchard 4-9360-1-2. The council meets every 1st and 3rd Wednesday. S. Herszkowitz, Sec'y-Treas. Operators.

Local 1—Regular meetings every 1st and 3rd Saturday. Executive Board meets every Monday. All meetings are held at 133 Second Avenue, New York City.

INTERNATIONAL FUR WORKERS' UNION OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA. Affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, 9 Jackson Ave., Long Island City, N. Y. Tel. IRonsides 4-8306. Morris Kaufman, Gen. Pres. and Sec.

FURRIERS' JOINT COUNCIL OF N. Y. Local 101, 105, 110 and 115 of the INTERNATIONAL FUR WORKERS OF U. S. and C., 28 West 31st Street. Phone Penn. 6-7932. Meets every Tuesday at 8:00 P. M. B. Merkin, Manager.

FUR DRESSERS' UNION, Local 2, International Fur Workers Union, Office and headquarters, 949 Wiloughby Ave., Brooklyn; Stagg 2-9798. Reg. meeting, 1st and 3rd Mondays. President, Morris Reiss; Vice Pres., Joseph Karrass; Business Agent, B. Kalmikoff; Secretary, Samuel Mindel; Treasurer, Albert Held.

UNITED HEBREW TRADES, 175 East Broadway; Phone Drydock 4-8610. Meets 1st and 3rd Monday, 8 P. M. Executive Board same day, 5:30 P. M. M. Tigel, Chairman; M. Brown, Vice-Chairman; M. Feinstein, Secretary-Treasurer.

LADIES' GARMENT CUTTERS' UNION, Local No. 10, I. L. G. W. U. Office, 109 W. 38th St.; Phone Wis. 7-3011. Executive Board meets every Thursday at the office of the Union. Maurice W. Jacobs, Pres.; Samuel Perlmutter, Mgr. Sec.; Morris W. Jacobs, Chairman of Exec. Board; Philip Oretsky, Asst. Mgr.

THE INTERNATIONAL LADIES' GARMENT WORKERS' UNION, 3 West 16th Street, New York City. Phone Chelsea 3-3148. David Dubinsky, President.

AMALGAMATED LITHOGRAPHERS OF AMERICA, New York Local No. 1. Offices, Amalfithone Bldg., 205 West 14th St.; Phone Watkins 9-7764. Regular meetings every second and fourth Tuesday at Arlington Hall, 19 St. Mark's Place. Albert E. Castro, President; Patrick J. Haulon, Vice-President; Frank Sekol, Fin. Secretary; Emil Thenen, Rec. Secretary; Joseph J. O'Connor, Treasurer.

MILLINERY WORKERS' UNION, Local 24, Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' International Union. Downtown office, 640 Broadway, phone Spring 7-4548; uptown office, 39 W. 37th St., phone Wisconsin 7-1278. Executive

Board meets every Tuesday evening, 8 P. M. Manager, N. Spector; Sec'y-Treas., Alex. Roas; Organizers, I. H. Goldberg, A. Mendelowitz, M. Goodman, Lucy Oppenheim; Chairman of Executive Board, Morris Rosenblatt; Secretary of Executive Board, Saul Hodos.

MILK WAGON DRIVERS' UNION, Local 534, I. U. of T. Office: 259 W. 14th St., City. Local 534 meets on 3rd Thursday of the month at Beethoven Hall, 210 East Fifth St. Executive Board meets on the 2nd and 4th Thursdays at Beethoven Hall, 210 E. Fifth St. Chas. Hofer, President and Business Agent; Max Liebler, Secretary-Treasurer.

NECKWEAR CUTTERS' UNION, Local 6369, A. F. of L., 1123 Broadway. Chelsea 3-7249. Regular meetings first Monday of every month at Irving Place, Irving Place and 15th St. Gus Levine, President; A. Weltner, Vice-President; E. Meyer, Recording Secretary; A. L. Berger, Fin. Secretary and Treasurer; William R. Chisling, Manager.

NECKWEAR MAKERS' UNION, Local 11016, A. F. of L., 7 East 15th St. Phone Algonquin 4-7082. Joint Executive Board meets every Tuesday night at 7:30. Board meets every Tuesday night at 8:00 in the office. Ed Gottsman, Secretary-Treasurer.

PAINTERS UNION, Local 261 Office, 62 East 106th Street. Tel. Lehigh 4-3141. Exec. Board meets every Tuesday at the office. Regular meeting every Friday at 210 E. 104th St. M. Gaff, Fin. Sec'y-Treas.; M. Greeninger, Recording Secretary.

PANTS MAKERS' TRADE BOARD of Greater New York. Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, Office, 31 West 15th St.; Tompkins Sq. 6-5400. Board meets every Tuesday evening at the office. All locals meet every Wednesday, Morris Blumentreich, Manager; Hyman Novodorf, Sec'y-Treas.

JOINT EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE INTERNATIONAL POCKETBOOK WORKERS' UNION. New York Joint Board, Affiliated with the Amer. Federation of Labor. General office, 53 W. 21st St., New York. Phone Gramercy 5-1023. Charles Kleinman, Chairman; Charles I. Goldman, Sec'y-Treas.; Philip Lubliner, Manager.

NEW YORK TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION No. 6. Office and headquarters, 24 West 16th St., N. Y. Meets every 3rd Sunday of every month at Stuyvesant High School, 15th St., East of 2nd Ave. Phone Tompkins Sq. 6-7476. Austin Hewson, President; Daniel McCauley, Vice-President; James J. McGrath, Secretary-Treasurer; J. J. Fahey, J. J. Bambrick, John Sullivan, Organizers.

WAITERS & WAITRESSES UNION, Local 1, 11 East 28th St.; Tel. Ashland 4-5197. Julius Berg, Pres.; Wm. Lehmann, Sec'y-Treas. Regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursdays at Beethoven Hall, 210 East 5th Street.

WATERPROOF GARMENT WORKERS' UNION, Local 30, I. L. G. W. U., 3 West 16th St. Phone, Chelsea 3-3677. Executive Board meets every Monday at 7 P. M. Benny Weisberg, Manager; Jos. Kealer, Secretary-Treasurer.

WHITE GOODS WORKERS' UNION, Local 68 of I. L. G. W. U., 3 West 16th St., New York City. Phone, Chelsea 3-5754-5757. A. Snyder, Manager. S. SHORE, Executive Supervisor.

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23rd A. D.—Open-air meetings are being held nightly. Our candidates are not only covering this section, but the entire 10th Congressional District. The audiences are very attentive. The meeting with Hillquit will be held on Sunday evening, Oct. 25, at the Brownsville Labor Lyceum. Tickets for the Rolland Theatre, arranged by the campaign committee, for November 4th, are being sold satisfactorily.

A dinner was given to the candidates of the Sixth Congressional District, Wednesday, October 12, at 844 Utica Avenue, the campaign headquarters. The speakers were Louis Waldman, Charles Solomon, B. C. Vladeck, Dr. Harry W. Laidler, E. Michael White, Henry Rosner, Roger Cornell, and Joseph Viola. Mrs. M. E. Rutes gave a special program of songs. Dr. Henry Neumann acted as toastmaster. More than 200 attended, and a collection of \$275 was raised.

A Theatre Party will be held Tuesday, Nov. 1, at the Yiddish Art Theatre at Second Avenue and 12th Street, Manhattan.

The Workmen's Circle, Branch 686, will hold a special meeting at 844 Utica Ave., Friday, Oct. 28, in honor of the local candidates. Speakers: Waldman, Shipplacoff, Chanin, Laidler, and Axelrod.

Norman Thomas and Morris Hillquit will speak at Erasmus Hall High School, Saturday evening, Nov. 5.

HALL MEETINGS

Friday, October 21

8:00 p. m.—Polish Hall, Eckford St. and Driggs Ave., Brooklyn: James O'Neal, G. Valenti, A. Belsky, Ed. P. Gottlieb.

8:30 p. m.—High School of Commerce, 155 W. 65th St., Manhattan: Louis Waldman, Charles Solomon, Alexander Kahn, others.

8:30 p. m.—Workmen's Circle, Branch 210, Broadway Central Hotel, 673 Broadway, Manhattan: Charles Solomon.

8:30 p. m.—P. S. No. 174, DuMont and Alabama Aves., Brooklyn: Louis Waldman, B. C. Vladeck, Wm. M. Feigenbaum, Morris Rosenbaum.

8:40 p. m.—P. S. No. 50, South 3rd and Driggs Ave., Brooklyn: Jacob Panken, A. I. Shipplacoff, others.

8:30 p. m.—University Towers, 2685 University Ave., Bronx: Samuel Orr, P. J. Murphy, George Steinhardt.

8:30 p. m.—Ambassador Hall, 2875 Third Ave., Bronx: Matthew M. Levy, Samuel Orr, Louis Hendin, A. I. Shipplacoff, A. Levenstein, N. Chanin, H. Saltzman.

8:30 p. m.—Verband Housing Corp., 2925 Matthews Ave., Bronx: Matthew M. Levy, Solomon Perrin, Esther Friedman, P. J. Murphy, Louis Weil.

Saturday, October 22

8:30 p. m.—Hall, 4046 Broadway, Manhattan: Morris Hillquit, Louis Waldman, Charles Solomon, Jacob Panken, William Karlin.

Sunday, October 23

8:00 p. m.—Hall, 1581 Washington Ave., Bronx: Matthew M. Levy, Esther Friedman, Louis Hendin, A. Levenstein, Samuel Orr.

8:00 p. m.—Greenwich House, 25 Barrow St., Manhattan: Symposium—Jessie W. Hughan.

3:00 p. m.—National Students League Symposium, New York Ethical Culture School, 64th St. and Central Park West, Manhattan: August Tyler.

2:00 p. m.—Bryn Mawr Alumnae Assn., 302 E. 35th St., Manhattan: Symposium—Jack Altman.

8:30 p. m.—Brownsville Labor Lyceum, 219 Sackman St., Brooklyn: Morris Hillquit, Louis Waldman, Charles Solomon, Louis Sadoff, Louis P. Goldberg, Jack Altman, Samuel H. Friedman.

10:30 a. m.—Amalgamated Coop. Houses, Bronx: Louis Waldman.

10:30 a. m.—Station WOR: Charles Solomon.

3:00 p. m.—Bellamy Club, 904 Prospect Ave., Bronx: Algernon Lee.

4:00 p. m.—Bethel African M. E. Church, 52 W. 132nd St., Manhattan: Charles Solomon, Frank Crosswaith.

2:30 p. m.—315 E. 10th St., Manhattan, Russian Br. S. P.: David Kaplan, Dr. Ingberman, J. Vilaitzer, Brailow, Alexieff.

Monday, October 24

8:30 p. m.—Odd Fellows Temple, 106th St. and Park Ave., Manhattan: Young Petroff S. and B. Society—Nathan Fine.

8:00 p. m.—Hall, 3443 Jerome Ave., Bronx: Samuel Orr, P. J. Murphy, George Steinhardt.

2:45 p. m.—Hotel Astor, Manhattan: Foster Mothers Assn.: Symposium—Louis Waldman.

8:30 p. m.—Paradise Manor, Jerome and Mt. Eden Aves.: Symposium—Aaron Levenstein.

Tuesday, October 25

8:30 p. m.—Paradise Manor, Mt. Eden and Jerome Aves., Bronx: Louis Waldman, Jacob Panken, B. C. Vladeck, William Karlin, Samuel Orr, Matthew M. Levy, A. Mollin, E. Schlesinger.

8:30 p. m.—Pelpark Palace, Lydig Ave. and White Plains Road, Bronx: Louis Waldman, Jacob Panken, William Karlin, Esther Friedman, Solomon Perrin, Henry Fruchter.

8:30 p. m.—Ethical Society meeting place, 2 West 64th Street, Manhattan, symposium: Louis Waldman.

8:00 p. m.—National Council of Jewish Women, 235 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn, symposium: Charles Solomon.

8:30 p. m.—8th Ave. Temple, Garfield Place and 8th Ave., Brooklyn, symposium: Charles Solomon.

3:00 p. m.—Hotel Astor, Manhattan, Society for Political Studies: Jacob Panken.

10:30 p. m.—Beethoven Hall, 210 East 5th Street, Manhattan, Jewish Workers' National Alliance: Louis Waldman.

Wednesday, October 26

8:30 p. m.—DeWitt Clinton High School, Moshulu Parkway and Sedgewick Ave., Bronx: Louis Waldman, Morris Hillquit, Heywood Brown, Charles Solomon, Jacob Panken, Samuel Orr, P. J. Murphy, George Steinhardt.

8:30 p. m.—P. S. No. 114, Remsen St. and Ave. F, Brooklyn: B. C. Vladeck, Wm. M. Feigenbaum, Bradford Young, Morris Rosenbaum.

1:25 p. m.—Child Education Foundation, 535 East 84th St., Manhattan: Charles Solomon.

1:00 p. m.—New York University, Washington Square, Manhattan, symposium: Louis Waldman.

8:30 p. m.—Empire Manor, 70 Thatford Ave., Brooklyn: East N.Y. Tax Payers' Ass'n: Louis Waldman, A. I. Shipplacoff.

8:30 p. m.—East Midwood Jewish Centre, 1625 Ocean Ave., Brooklyn, symposium: Charles Solomon.

7:00 p. m.—Society for Ethical Culture, 64th St. and Central Park West, Manhattan, symposium: Jack Altman.

Thursday, October 27

8:30 p. m.—Flushing High School, Whitestone Ave., Flushing, L. I.: Morris Hillquit, James O'Neal, Samuel DeWitt.

8:30 p. m.—Labor Temple, 247 East 84th St., Manhattan, United Brotherhood of Carpenters, Local 2090, symposium: Nathan Fine.

8:30 p. m.—James Madison High School, Bedford Ave. and Quentin Rd., Brooklyn, symposium, Mansfield Terrace Civic Ass'n: William Karlin.

8:30 p. m.—Y.M.C.A., 215 23rd St., Brooklyn, Symposium: Harry W. Laidler.

8:00 p. m.—Hebrew Ass'n for the Deaf, Y.M.H.A., Lexington Ave. and 92nd St., Manhattan: Paul Porter.

Friday, October 28

8:30 p. m.—Auditorium, 808 Adea Ave., Bronx: William Karlin, Hy. Fruchter, L. Siegel, Dr. Applebaum, Meyerowitz.

8:30 p. m.—Franklin Manor, Franklin Ave. and Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn: Morris Hillquit, Paul Blanshard, David Breslow, Charles Solomon.

8:30 p. m.—Casa De Amore, 31st St. and Mermaid Ave., Brooklyn: Jacob Panken, Charles Solomon, Wm. M. Feigenbaum, B. C. Vladeck, H. Haskel.

12 Noon.—N. Y. University, University Heights: Morris Hillquit.

8:30 p. m.—P. S. No. 19, Keap and South 3rd St., Brooklyn: Chas. Solomon, Alexander Kahn, David Cory, H. Schachner, A. Belsky.

9:00 p. m.—Auditorium, 808 Adea Ave., Bronx. Poale Zion Conference: William Karlin.

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8:30 p. m.—Auditorium, Verband Housing Cooperative, 2925 Matthews Ave., Bronx: Matthew M. Levy.

8:30 p. m.—New Era Club, 274 East Broadway, Manhattan: G. August Gerber.

8:30 p. m.—Polish Hall, Eckford St. and Driggs Ave., Brooklyn: S. E. Beardsley, Samuel A. DeWitt, James O'Neal, Ed. P. Gottlieb.

8:30 p. m.—844 Utica Ave., Brooklyn: A. I. Shipplacoff, Nathan Chanin.

8:30 p. m.—Amalgamated Temple, 11 Arion Place, Brooklyn: Morris Hillquit, others.

Saturday, October 29

8:30 p. m.—11 Barrow St., Manhattan: Morris Hillquit, Charles Solomon, Jessie W. Hughan, Evelyn Hughan.

8:30 p. m.—P. S. No. 101, Lexington Ave. and 111th St., Manhattan: Louis Waldman, Jacob Panken, S. John Block, G. Valenti, F. Poree, J. J. Coronel, Edward F. Cassidy.

8:30 p. m.—P. S. No. 101, Lexington Ave. and 111th St., Manhattan: Louis Waldman, Jacob Panken, S. John Block, G. Valenti, F. Poree, J. J. Coronel, Edward F. Cassidy.

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"Mourning Becomes Electra" Makes B'klyn Bow at Majestic

Eugene O'Neill's Famous Trilogy Acted by Strong Theatre Guild Cast

Unquestionably one of the most important theatrical offerings in a long while is that which comes to the Majestic Theatre, Brooklyn, for a week's engagement beginning Monday, October 24, when the Theatre Guild will present Eugene O'Neill's "Mourning Becomes Electra." And you must know by this time that it is a marathon drama that begins at 5:30 in the afternoon, and continues with the exception of a dinner intermission from 7 to 8 o'clock until after eleven.

"Mourning Becomes Electra" takes its title and theme from the classic Greek legend long since given immortality in the dramatic versions of Aeschylus, Sophocles and Euripides. It is the same tragedy transplanted to the unyielding soil of New England which is revealed in this play.

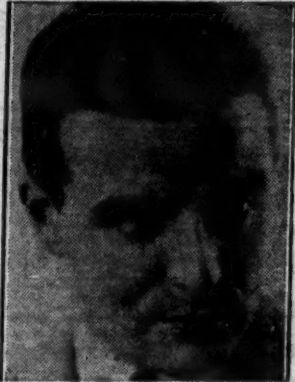
The author has merely dismissed the pagan gods and substituted modern humans, who are just as powerless against fate as when the of vengeance, it preserves all its gods ruled in mystery.

As O'Neill has handled this story awesome fascination and has been heralded as one of the truly great masterpieces of modern playwrighting.

The distinguished cast includes Elisabeth Risdon (Leona Hogarth), Lee Baker, Charles Brokaw, Bernice Elliott, Robert Strange, Brandon Evans, Eric Kalkhurst and others.

The play has been staged by

Fine Character Actor in New Play



Frank Conroy, who is well remembered for his impressive work in "Hedda Gabler" and "The Man Who Changed His Name," will open at the Bijou Theatre Monday evening in "The Anatomist," a play by James Bridie.

ROXY'S CHEERFUL OUTLOOK

The list of pictures that will be shown at the Roxy Theatre is interesting and gives promise of a series of unusual screen entertainment at this playhouse. Starting today, "Six Hours to Live" with Warner Baxter will be presented. Following this will be "Once in a Lifetime," the Pulitzer Prize winning story that is well remembered on the stage.

Philip Moeller, and the settings designed by Robert Edmond Jones.

Perrin, Marcus. Thursday, Oct. 27, Burke and Holland—Rosenblatt, Wisotsky. Friday, Oct. 28, Ward and Westchester—Wisotsky, Steinhardt, Perrin.

7th A. D.—Monday, Oct. 24, 180th St. and Daly—Woskow, Barshop, Diamond; Tremont and Marmon—Breslau, Weil Kleinman. Wednesday, Oct. 26, Tremont and Prospect—Woskow, Barshop, Diamond; Tremont and Vyse—Breslau, Kleinman, Weil. Friday, Oct. 28, Tremont and Washington—Woskow, Weil, Barshop; Tremont and Clinton—Breslau, Kleinman, Diamond.

8th A. D.—Tuesday and Saturday, various corners. Speakers (report at 20 E. Kingsbridge Rd.) Steinhardt, Kleiger, Fenyvesi, Belkin, Polstein, Murphy.

4th A. D.—Meetings Monday, Wednesday, Saturday, various corners. Speakers (report at 1681 Washington Ave.), Levenstein, Hertzberg, Saltzman.

BROOKLYN

1st A. D.—Monday, Flatbush and Hanson; Friday, Clark and Henry Sts.; Young, Cory, Knebel, Perlmutter, Safranoff, Glass.

3rd A. D.—Monday, 4th Ave. and 46th St.; Wednesday, 2nd Avenue and 48th St.; Friday, 4th Ave. and 52nd St.; Saturday, Summit and Columbia—Mannino, Glass, Perlmutter, Cory (Wed.).

4th and 14th A. D.—Meetings every night, various corners. Speakers (report at 250 South 4th St.), Schachner, Sussman, Belsky, others.

5th and 6th A. D.—Meetings every evening, various corners. Speakers (report at 167 Tompkins Ave.), Sadoff, Friedman, Helfgott, Kritzer, Smith, others.

8th Congressional District: 2nd, 9th, 16th A. D.—Monday. Speakers (report at 6731 Bay Parkway), Manus, Meyers, Haskel, C. Haskel, Rosenbaum, Tuvim, Feigenbaum, Nemser, Epstein, L. P. Goldberg.

Tuesday. Speakers (report at 1637 E. 17th St.), Manus, Meyers, Haskel, Rosenbaum, Tuvim, Feigenbaum, Nemser, Epstein. Wednesday. Speakers (report at 411 Brighton Beach Ave.), Meyers, Nemser, Haskel. Wednesday. Speakers (report at Boro Park

Labor Lyceum), Bobrick, Epstein, Feigenbaum, Rosenbaum, L. P. Goldberg. Thursday. Speakers (report at 2202 Mermaid Ave.), Rosenbaum, Feigenbaum, Tuvim, Manus, Meyers, Haskel, Epstein, L. P. Goldberg. Friday. Speakers (report at 1637 E. 17th St.), Rosenbaum, Feigenbaum, Tuvim, Manus, Meyers, Haskel, Epstein, Bobrick. Saturday. Speakers (report at 6731 Bay Parkway), Meyers, Manus, Epstein, Tuvim, Haskel, Rosenbaum, Bobrick, Feigenbaum, L. P. Goldberg.

11th A. D.—Tuesday, Franklin and Eastern Parkway; Thursday, Nostrand and Eastern Parkway—Frankle, Boulton, Afros, Breslow.

15th A. D. (Greenpoint).—Every evening except Sunday, Manhattan and Meserole Ave.—E. P. Gottlieb, others.

6th Congressional District: 17th, 18th, 21st A. D.—Meetings every night, various corners. Speakers (report at 844 Utica Ave.), Laidler, Axelrad, Viola, Cornell, Rosner, Yavner, Krubliit, Goldstein, Sunarsky, Parker, Saranson, Margolies, Rivkin, Cohen, Gross.

22nd A. D.—Meetings every night, various corners. Speakers (report at 218 Van Sicklen Ave.), Shapiro, Block, Shiplacoff, Schoushan.

23rd A. D.—Meetings every night, various corners. Speakers (report at 219 Sackman St.), Sadoff, Friedman, Altman, others.

QUEENS

1st A. D. Astoria.—Tuesday, Ditmars and 2nd Aves.; Thursday, Jamaica and Steinway; Saturday, B'way and 36th St.; Grand Ave. and 34th St.

2nd A. D. Sunnyside.—Monday, 69th St. and Woodside; Saturday, 47th St. and Greenpoint Ave.—Fine, Oneal, Matthews, Rogin.

3rd A. D. Elmhurst-Corona.—Wednesday and Saturday. Speakers: Rogin, others.

4th A. D. Flushing.—Various corners in Flushing and College Pt.—Speakers: DeWitt, Sackman, Fine, others.

4th A. D. Jamaica.—Saturday, Oct. 22, Front of Town Hall.

5th A. D. Far Rockaway.—Station Plaza, Monday, Oct. 24.

6th A. D. Ridgewood.—Forest and Myrtle Aves., Saturday, Oct. 22, Garfinkel.

"WASHINGTON MERRY-GO-ROUND," TIMELY AND STIRRING, BEGINS INDEFINITE RUN AT MAYFAIR

For some time moving pictures have tended to be timely and touch on problems in the immediate attention of the general public. Interspersed among the conventional comedies and romances, like raisins in a cake, have been a number of films which dramatize and attack economic and social conditions. What might be said to be the height of the endeavor to make the moving picture an active ingredient in the American social and political life, at least as far as timeliness is concerned, has been reached in "Washington Merry-Go-Round," the Columbia picture featuring Lee Tracy and Constance Cummings which opens its engagement today at the Mayfair Theatre. The picture, as may be surmised from its title, is a revelation of national politics, and is being released throughout the country just prior to election when its influence is greatest on the voting public.

This is not the first of the timely pictures. There have been many of them. Only a short time ago there was released a picture which dealt with the financial situation. It is not even the first of the political pictures, but nevertheless "Washington Merry-Go-Round" hopes to herald a new type of picture. Since its political story has not been made an excuse for a romantic interlude. The intensity, the value to the American development, and the advance this picture hopes to make as an influence in the political arena may be somewhat judged by considering that it contains as a vital element in its plot the political event of the Bonus Expeditionary Army which, no matter how the incident may be viewed, is the bold introduction of a political influence which is surpassing its timeliness and of great significance in indicating the role the moving picture may play in our political as well as our social life.

Maxwell Anderson wrote the story for "Washington Merry-Go-

Round" and Eugene Thackeray, a political writer of years of experience and of standing in the profession, supervised the political incidents in the picture.

Adolphe Menjou's Latest at Fox Brooklyn. Trixie Friganza in Person.

Starting today, Adolphe Menjou, admittedly one of the best light comedians on the screen, comes to the Fox Brooklyn Theatre in his latest film, "Blame the Woman," with Benita Hume, Claude Allister and a supporting cast which includes Kenneth Cove, Desmond Jeans, G. D. Mannetta, Roland Gillette, Toni Bruce, Shayle Gard-

Maxine Elliott's Theatre

39th ST., EAST OF BROADWAY
Eves. 8:30; Mats. Wed. and Sat. 12:30

THE GROUP THEATRE

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SUCCESS STORY

A New Play by

JOHN HOWARD LAWSON

ARTHUR J. BECKHARD

presents

ANOTHER LANGUAGE

A Play by ROSE FRANKEN

with

A Distinguished Cast, Led by

GLENN ANDERS

DOROTHY STICKNEY

MARGARET WYCHERLY

JOHN DEAL

BOOTH THEA.—45th W. of B'way
Evs. 8:30—Mats. Wed. & Sat.

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Fulton St. & Rockwell Pl.

DAILY AT 5:30 P.M.—NO MATINEES

Dinner Intermission 7 to 8

ONLY ENGAGEMENT IN NEW YORK

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"Mourning Becomes Electra"

Eugene O'Neill's Masterpiece

POWERFUL! DYNAMIC!

COMPELLING!

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IN HIS ORIGINAL ROLE

With a Distinguished Cast

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JEANNE AUBERT

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Bob Hope, Vera Marshe, Gloria Gilbert

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ner, Stanley Vilden and Phillip Strange.

On the stage will be Trixie Friganza, in person, and her Discoveries, including Moro and Yacconelli, Stadler Rose Trio, Ina Ray, Victor Griffin, Paul Howard, Bunny Bronson, Tomorrow's Pavlova, Mark Pepper, Keene Twins, Ken Syner, Flashing Feet, Sam Jack Kaufman and his Joy Band, Bob Hamilton and Rosa Rio at the organ.

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Dramatized by OWEN DAVIS and DONALD DAVIS from the Pulitzer prize novel by PEARL S. BUCK.

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Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Eve., Oct. 27, at 8:00

Friday Afternoon, Oct. 28, at 2:00

Metropolitan Opera House

Sunday Afternoon, Oct. 29, at 2:00

MEINDELSON—BUBONI—STRAUSS

Thrills Mark the Run of "Criminal at Large"

The Week on the Stage

By Joseph T. Shipley

THE FRIGHTENED LADY
"CRIMINAL AT LARGE." By the late Edgar Wallace. At the Belasco.

Folks who have watched Wallace shed tears and shivered till their spines had a permanent wave, will enjoy his posthumous play, now gaily at the Belasco. In its novel version, the story is called "The Case of the Frightened Lady," but the frightened lady was not only on the stage, she was in the audience all around me.

Scotland Yard comes more than gallantly to the rescue, with William Harrigan ably assisted by Walter Kingsford—excellent comic—and Geoffrey Wardwell, a triumvirate that can hound any criminal to bay. With so sweet a person as Katherine Wilson playing the frightened lady, who can withhold sympathy Alexandra Carlisle and the genial Emlyn Williams are the last of the Lebanons—"thousand-year-old name"—from whom the terror flows. Suave and swift acting keep unflagged the tense interest roused by "Criminal At Large." And in the outcome the cedars of Lebanon, felled, make a hope-chest for Isla.

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"Goona-Goono," the Armand Denis and Andre Roosevelt dramatic story of Bali, continues for a sixth week at the Cameo, breaking all holdover records at this theatre established during the past nine years.

Not since 1923 has the Cameo held a picture for more than five weeks. This surpasses the records made by "Road to Life," "Africa Speaks," Ernst Lubitsch's "So This Is Paris," Harold Lloyd's "Hot Water," "Csar Ivan the Terrible," "Frankenstein" and "Bring 'Em Back Alive."



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A scene from "41" which will have its first American showing today at the 5th Avenue Theatre, Broadway and 28th Street.

**"THE FORTY-FIRST,"
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"The Forty-First," a new Soviet film produced by Mezrapom and released in this country by Garrison Films, Inc., has its American premiere today at the Fifth Avenue Theatre, Broadway and 28th St.

"The Forty-First" is the work of the Soviet director Protazanov, an exponent of what has been called the dramatic school in Russian cinema. Unlike Eisenstein and Pudovkin, instead of expanding, he telescopes the broad field of action into brilliant focus on an individual story.

In "The Forty-First" the clash of forces that made the Russian revolution is embodied in the story of a Red Guard unit battling its way across the Kara-Kum desert.

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**THEATRE
PARTIES**

Party Branches and sympathetic organizations are requested when planning theatre parties to do so through the Theatrical Department of THE NEW LEADER. Phone Algonquin 4-4622 or write to Bernard Feinman, Manager New Leader Theatrical Department, 7 East 15th Street, New York.

25c
FOX B'KLYN

ADOLPHE MENUOU

in **"BLAME THE WOMAN"**

On Stage—TRIXIE FRIGANZA in Person

and 5 All-Star Acts

By Norman Thomas

TIMELY TOPICS

Every week the presidential candidate pauses in his campaign to hammer out pithy comment on the anvil of Socialist philosophy and ripe experience.

Debs Will Never Be Forgotten

SOCIALISTS will not need to be reminded that October 20th is the anniversary of the death of our beloved leader, that great American, Eugene V. Debs. His place in history and in our affairs was unique. Champion of the workers, fearless prophet of justice and peace, he was a lover of men such as the world has rarely seen. He has no successor. None can replace him in our hearts. For six years his voice on earth has been stilled, yet he ever lives in our memories. And now, when the times have proved in the misery of this hour how right he was in prophecies of the doom of capitalism, now, when our earth is green again from the seeds of Socialist hope which he sowed with lavish and unrelenting hand, we honor him most by our service to the cause to which he gave the full measure of devotion.

His soul goes marching on. In this hour of challenge and opportunity we honor him most by no monument of bronze or stone, but by the living memorial of a mighty movement of workers with hand and brain who together seek the cooperative commonwealth in which by anticipation his spirit lived even when men kept his body behind prison bars.



Norman Thomas

Thomas Discusses Capital Levy

THE tragic weakness of the politicians is an expression of the breakdown of the system which owns them, a system long since deprived of moral or intellectual justification, a system of legalized racketeering which has now lost the justification that it works even tolerably well in the jungle we call civilization. There is one way out and only one way; planned production for use, not profit. It requires the transfer of our natural resources, our public utilities, our banking system, our monopolies and near-monopolies from private to public ownership and control.

There is an aspect of the problem both of relieving present misery and advancing in orderly fashion the peaceful revolution which Socialism seeks, the capital levy on wealth for the purpose of lightening the load of debt which like a millstone about a runner's neck makes it impossible for us to win the race against economic disaster.

In the financial section of the New York Times on August 21st, Mr. Howard Scott, directing head of an engineering research group known as Technocracy, estimates our total burden of debt, public and private, as around 200 billion dollars with a service charge for interest and amortization of more than 20 billion. This is not much less than half of the total national income for 1931 and may well be more than half for 1932. Some of this debt capitalist economists will call "productive" but much of it, including the 16 billion of war debts and most of the 12 billion of farm indebtedness incurred prior to 1928 even they will admit is non-productive.

We paid for the world war in men and materials as we went. War debts, internal and external, are only a book-keeping transaction whereby a favored section of the population drains out a great share of wealth created by labor of hand and brain.

It must be remembered that debts as represented by bonds and mortgages cannot be easily cut like wages or even dividends. When the farmer can't pay interest on his mortgage he loses his farm.

When governments default, the whole credit structure rocks. A bankrupt city like Fall River, Mass., which the Governor of Massachusetts put in virtual receivership, cuts all wages and social expenditures to the bone, but still it pays on its bonds.

Other Proposals Inadequate

WHAT is to be done. Let us examine the possible answers:

1. "Let things drift. Time is on our side and future productivity as in the past will care for debts." But that is precisely what is not happening and cannot happen under a dying capitalism.
2. "Let us economize in governmental expenditure." By all means let us prevent waste, but a saving in total expenditure is impossible without crippling social service.
3. "Let us set up sinking funds and increase income and inheritance taxes to pay off debts through these funds." I formerly thought this would suffice. I know now that the process will be slow, cumbersome and ineffective. In government finance no large debt has ever been paid off by a sinking fund.
4. "Let us have forcible reduction in the rate of interest on public debt." This may become necessary if there is no capital levy, but it will fall unfairly on one particular group of property owners, and that the group dependent through insurance policies and savings bank deposits on the soundness of government bonds.
5. "Let us wipe out the debt by inflation." Well, Germany did that to her internal debt at immense cost to her wage workers, to all holders of insurance and savings bank deposits, and general confusion bordering on complete anarchy.

Against this the scientific liquidation or reduction of funded debts by a capital levy is both just and practicable. It is just because it would fall equitably on all members of the owning class as piecemeal confiscation or debt repudiation would not. It is the owning class as a whole, not one section of it, which has profited at the expense of the workers by war debts and indeed by the whole debt policy of capitalism. Let it now pay in proportion to its wealth—a wealth derived not from toil or constructive service to men but from speculation, manipulation, and control of credit and natural resources.

Such a tax would be practicable. The exact rate, heavily graduated, could be determined by careful study of needs. The tax would be levied only once, on individuals, not corporate bodies, and on total net wealth, not capitalized income. Exemptions could be put high enough to avoid the administrative difficulties of collecting on all small fortunes.

Payment could be by cash, government bonds, or approved securities. A Board of Referees might permit instalment payments. Bonds paid in could be cancelled; cash would be used to purchase and retire bonds.

Plan Is Not Final in Details

A CAPITAL levy cannot displace income and inheritance taxes. It can be a surgical operation to cut out a cancer of debt that threatens us with destruction. Nay, more. It can be one orderly way of hastening the transfer of natural resources, public utilities, and great monopolies to social ownership. It should be collected by the federal government which alone can do it equitably over all 48 states; and the power to levy it, if in doubt, is clearly included in the 24th amendment which Socialists propose to give Congress power to do what is necessary for the economic and social well-being of the nation. If Congress has not and cannot be given the power, our hope of avoiding violent revolution or attempts at revolution is desperately small. For in the present system is neither justice nor practical hope of progress in the war against poverty and economic insecurity.

We can end it—but only if you join with us that together we may have power. You cannot end this misery by throwing away your votes on two old parties without an essential difference, both of which belong to the owning class which finances them.

British Labor Party Is Marching Forward

(Continued from Page Four)

nothing but a common dread of the growing working-class power in British politics ever brought its all-assorted company together. Its one common point of agreement is its recognition of the need for cutting down costs by cutting wages and reducing the public services through which the worker gets many of the annuities of life which his wages would not enable him to get adequately for himself.

On to Socialism

In the meantime, while the forces of British Labor are thus consolidating themselves for the fight for Socialism; the capitalist consolidation in the National Government is going to pieces rather badly. The resignation of Philip Snowden is a bad blow to it; for Philip, far more than MacDonald, was responsible for such working-class votes as deserted us a year ago. And he has now seen through the sham which he himself was one of the main influences in setting up; and retires from it in disgust at its undisguised development into an instrument of class power against the workers.



Lord Snowden

MacDonald himself still, of course, hangs on; it is doubtful whether any conceivable development of Tory policy could persuade him to forego the satisfaction of holding office. And this disintegration of the Government within itself is a true index to the disintegration of the public support which carried it into office. Its members still talk on the assumption that they have the years of a normal period of office still before them. But I doubt

Snowden Quits

The Government has a queer combination to begin with; and

The Government has no common view with regard to constructive national policy. The result is that since the effect of its economy policy is necessarily to slow down still further the movement of trade and the employment of men, it is setting public opinion against it in many directions other than the definite Socialist direction. Its support in the country gets less and less; nobody has a good word to say of it. And once that sort of disintegration of the support for a coalition Government gets going, it is likely to develop very rapidly; and there are many signs that our next fight for power against it may come upon us much earlier than would seem likely if you looked only at the unregnable majority it has in Parliament.

Industrial trouble developments and the growing acuteness of the unemployment problem might even bring things to a head before the coming winter is over. The reorganization of the fighting strength of the Labor Party is not a matter we can treat in a leisurely way, as if we had years before us for its achievement before it is put to the test of actual battle. That test, in my judgment, is much nearer than we have been assuming; and the evidence which the conference has given us of renewed vitality and fighting purpose throughout the movement is most welcome. In any case, we can say very definitely that, with the holding of the conference, our troubles are now behind us and mastered; and we are in full march ahead once more.

NEW YORK YIPSELS

Victory Dance.—Thomas, Waldman and Solomon have already indicated that they will attend the dance and celebration in the Debs Auditorium on Election night, November 8. A good band has been secured and arrangements are completed for complete election returns. Ticket sales must be pushed and comrades are urged to sell the 40c admission cardboards to friends, fellow-workers, schoolmates and others who will wish to join in a dance, secure rapid returns on the votes, and celebrate our victories.

Bronx Jr. Organization.—The Bronx Borough Council is organizing Junior circles at the following headquarters: 9 West 170th Street, 20 East Kingsbridge Road and 1581 Washington Avenue. High school students who are interested should communicate with YPSL, 9 West 170th Street.

Circle 9 St. Kings.—A reorganization meeting will be held Sunday, Oct. 23, at 2:30 p. m., at 55 Snyder Ave.

Far Rockaway.—Jack Karro will speak on "Capitalist Justice" at the regular meeting on Friday, Oct. 21, at 8:30 p. m., at 158 Beach 85th Street.

Greenwich Village.—Jack Herling will speak on "The Challenge of Socialism" on Sunday, Oct. 27, at 7 p. m., at 9 Barrow St. A social will follow.

Circle 2 St. Queens.—Irving Cohen and Olive Oneal will speak at the meeting of the Richmond Hill-Jamaica group on Friday, Oct. 21, at 8:30 p. m., at 109-12 Jamaica Ave.

Circle 9 Jr. Bronx.—Louis Becker will speak on "The Life of Gene Debs" on Friday, Oct. 21, at 8:30 p. m., at 789 Elmore Place.

Mandolin Group.—Comrades interested in single and joint activities along this line are urged to get in touch with Louis Becker, 1450 Longfellow Ave. Bronx.

Dearborn Teachers Told Not to Hear Socialists

DEARBORN, Mich.—Teachers in the schools of this town were instructed by printed notices not to attend an outdoor meeting sponsored here last week by the Socialist Party. Henry Ford is a member of the local school board.

The same evening a free show was given by the management of a local theatre.

At a meeting a fortnight earlier, a large crowd was in attendance; such was not the case the second time.

The incident recalls the situation in Lincoln Park where, according to representatives of the Socialist Party, the townspeople are afraid to stop to listen to Socialist street speeches for fear of being photographed by Ford secret police.

"I like the other Socialist papers, but I can judge the progress of the campaign best through the columns of The New Leader."—F. J. Erbert, Ontario.

Not an unlucky number is the list of 13 new subs sent in by the Finnish Socialist paper Raivaja, of Fitchburg, Mass.

LOCALS AND BRANCHES WHICH HAVE MASS MEETINGS SCHEDULED SHOULD RUSH THEIR BUNDLE ORDERS FOR THE NEW LEADER. THE SALE OF THE NEW LEADER AT ALL MEETINGS ALWAYS RESULTS IN ADDING NEW SUBSCRIBERS TO OUR CIRCULATION LISTS. SEND IN YOUR ORDER TODAY.

Crosswaith Ends Successful Tour

FRANK CROSSWAITH has concluded a tour of eleven cities in Pennsylvania, Michigan, Illinois, Missouri and Indiana and reports great interest in the Socialist Party. An encouraging aspect of his meetings was the presence of young colored men and women. In every city he found Negro workers affiliated with the party.

In St. Louis Crosswaith represented the Socialist Party in a debate with two opponents, Dr. Marshall Clagman, and Robert

L. Witherspoon, attorney and "Democratic Ace." The Lane Tabernacle was jammed with thousands of colored people who roared their support of the Socialist program.

Crosswaith's opponents took refuge in the Bible to justify support of Roosevelt and Hoover. Crosswaith also took a text from that book, "In the Sweat of Thy Brow Shalt Thou Eat Bread," and built his argument upon it. When the meeting was over he was the center of congratulations and was

kept busy shaking hands with members of the audience.

St. Louis has a well informed group of colored Socialists and at a banquet in the evening several more Negro members of the party were obtained. There is little doubt that all over the country Negro masses are more and more becoming interested in the Socialist Party.

"The New Leader has a new fire, a new punch, a new zeal. Socialist fervor is truly present in it. The cause moves on."—L. C. J. Albany, N. Y.