
Revolutionary Communist Party of Chile

Apply Marxism-Leninism, Mao Tse-Tung's Thought, To Chile's Revolutionary practice

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INTERNATIONAL COMMUNIST MOVEMENT

Apply Marxism-Leninism, Mao Tse-tung's Thought, To Chile's Revolutionary Practice

— Call by a leader of the Chilean Revolutionary Communist Party

ONLY by applying Marxism-Leninism, Mao Tse-tung's thought, to the practice of the Chilean revolution in accordance with the concrete conditions of the country and unfolding the struggle against U.S. imperialism, the latifundists and the bourgeois monopoly groups, can the revolutionary Chilean people lead the Chilean revolution to victory, said a leader of the Chilean Revolutionary Communist Party in a recent statement.

This leader of the Chilean Revolutionary Communist Party first of all pointed out that the political power and national wealth of Chile are in the hands of U.S. imperialism, the latifundists and the bourgeois monopoly groups. This trio of big exploiters is intensifying the exploitation of the Chilean people and making them more poverty-stricken daily. To free themselves from being exploited and oppressed, the masses of the Chilean people must overthrow the rule of these parasites. To achieve this, it is indispensable for the people to seize political power and exercise it under the leadership of the proletariat.

The task of the Chilean Revolutionary Communist Party, he said, is to lead the struggle of the Chilean proletariat and people in effectively making a revolution in Chile to politically and economically overthrow the principal exploiters of the Chilean people. This is the first essential step towards completely eliminating exploitation and establishing socialism in Chile in the future.

He severely criticized and repudiated a number of erroneous viewpoints spread in Latin America. He said that some people who have exploited the prestige of the name "communism" or "socialism" are neither "communists" nor "socialists." They have deceived the people and their party members by clumsily lying that a "revolution" can be realized by changing the composition of the parliament. They have spread illusions among the people and party members about the so-called "peaceful road" or "election road" which exists only in their imagination, alleging that the reactionaries, once beaten in elections, would hand over power and cease to exploit the people. He emphasized that such a "peaceful road" or "election road" actually prevents the masses from carrying out the revolutionary struggle.

He pointed out that a basic principle in the revolutionary struggle for the seizure of power is the need to carry out a people's war and the need to have the participation of the masses of the people, especially the workers and peasants, in this war if it is to be successful. The workers and peasants are the most ruthlessly exploited, constitute the largest number in the population and feel the need for a revolution most keenly. They are the social classes which should play a decisive role in the future regime that will emerge after the overthrow of the principal exploiters. The struggle cannot be victorious and a genuine revolution cannot be made if these forces do not constitute the basic sections of fighters (not the only fighters) in the war for the seizure of power. Therefore, the workers and peasants should be the protagonists in the revolutionary armed struggle from beginning to end.

He continued: Without a Marxist-Leninist revolutionary party capable of guiding and politically educating the masses so that they themselves will develop the armed struggle for the seizure of power, it is impossible to arouse the masses to make revolution. We must dare to launch such an armed struggle against the enemy who in many respects is stronger than the revolutionary forces. The armed struggle develops gradually because the revolutionary forces are far weaker than the enemy at the beginning. Hence it must be a protracted war.

He added that the revolutionary struggle of the Chilean people is part of the revolutionary struggle of the world's people at present. No revolution by a Latin American people can develop in isolation from the struggles of the other peoples of the Americas and the world, he said. The people of all countries in the world are confronted with their ferocious enemy U.S. imperialism, the biggest exploiter of our time. Thus, the Chilean revolution is a component part of the world revolution.

In the past ten years or more, he said, owing to the betrayal by some people in the international communist movement, a new demarcation line has been drawn between the enemies and ourselves, and between the revolutionary and counter-revolutionary forces. In the Soviet Union and in some East European countries, state power has been usurped by the opportunist cliques

which represent neither the interests of their own people nor the interests and principles of the world revolution. The Soviet leading group which took the lead in betraying Marxism and communism has come to an agreement with U.S. imperialism to divide the world into their respective spheres of influence. The recent invasion of Czechoslovakia is obvious proof that the Soviet Union has gone from socialist to social-imperialist. The new situation that has emerged in the international scene is compelling us to draw a demarcation line between us and the new enemies, to reunite the revolutionary forces around Marxism-Leninism and the interests of the revolution, and to be determined to combat the open and concealed reactionaries.

At a time when a new balance of forces has appeared in the international sphere as a result of the betrayal by some revisionist leaders, the Chilean Revolutionary Communist Party, faithful to its spirit of internationalism, has united with the true revolutionaries, he said. The Party deeply appreciates the decisive part which the Chinese and Albanian revolutionaries have played in re-establishing proletarian internationalism which has been betrayed by the modern revisionists. Because it has consistently upheld the Marxist-Leninist stand, China is today the principal base of the world revolution. The struggle which both have waged and are waging to expose the betrayers of Marxism and communism is of vital importance to the development of revolution in every part of the world. Through the great proletarian cultural revolution, he continued, China has written an important new chapter in the application of Marxism-Leninism. The true per-

spective of socialist development has appeared in China and Albania.

He stressed that China has contributed to the people of all countries in the world Mao Tse-tung's thought which contains a rich development of Marxism-Leninism and universally applicable revolutionary principles that are also completely applicable to Chile. China has now become the mightiest bulwark against imperialism, modern revisionism and the reactionaries and exploiters throughout the world.

One of the fundamental principles contained in Mao Tse-tung's thought, he emphatically pointed out, is the necessity to define the specific laws inherent in the revolution of each country by applying Marxism to the concrete reality of each country and by learning from the practice of revolution. The principal task of the Chilean Revolutionary Communist Party is to lead the Chilean people in the revolutionary struggle, and this can be done only by thoroughly understanding the reality of the country. Only by proficiently applying Marxism-Leninism, Mao Tse-tung's thought — a summing-up of the revolutionary experience of different peoples — to the concrete conditions of our country, can our Party correctly lead the Chilean revolution to victory.

In conclusion, he said that the Chilean Revolutionary Communist Party is developing solidly, especially among the workers and peasants. The whole Party is solidly and consciously united around a revolutionary line. It will certainly win ever greater support from the masses and accomplish the great historic task of leading the revolution in Chile.
